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CITY OF QUEBEC, 1690.

THE EXPEDITION TO CANADA IN 1690 UNDER SIR WILLIAM PHIPS.

By Walter K. Watkins.

INTRODUCTORY.

Having made some notes in the past on this early expedition of Massachusetts against the French, I was requested by my fellow-members of the Publication Committee to present it to the Massachusetts Society in its Year Book for 1898.

Thinking it might assist members in obtaining data, I have consented, and offer it, not as a complete work, but as, perhaps, the most complete collection of material, showing who participated in this celebrated though unsuccessful attempt of the colonists, yet gathered.

Owing to the non-existence of the most of the company rolls one is forced to have recourse to the list of grantees of the townships, received as a recompense by a portion of the participants or their heirs.

Unfortunately these lists are not all in existence, or there may be examples still in private hands and unknown to the writer.

If the results obtained by their publication, in supplying data, equal those obtained from the publication in the 1897 Year Book of the accounts of the 1710 and 1711 expeditions, the compiler will feel repaid for his labor.

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An interesting presentation of the French accounts of the Expedition is given in "Sir William Phips devant Québec," by Ernest Myrand, published in Quebec in 1893. An attempt to present a list of those participating among the English troops is very faulty, from a lack of knowledge of the formation of the militia in Massachusetts, and of the service also performed by them at Port Royal early in 1690; and also from the lack of knowledge that a detail of a portion of the Massachusetts troops was made against the Indians in New England in 1690. The names of the English soldiers are in many cases wrongly transcribed.

SIR WILLIAM PHIPS'S ACCOUNT OF THE EXPEDITION INTO ACCADY, AND THAT UPON QUEBECK IN CANADA.

The present governors together with the inhabitants of New England, out of a true sence of their gratitude, did think they could do no better, or more manifestly express their loyalty to Their Majesties than by venturing their lives and estates toward the enlarging of Their Majesties Dominions in America, and particularly for the reducing of Canada unto Their obedience. According to that Resolution they did raise about seaven hundred men, and fitted out seaven saile of ships at their own expense and did give the command thereof to me.

With these ships and men I set saile from New England in March, 1689–90, and reduced that part of it called Accady, and then I returned to New England.

And for the more effectual prosecution of the main undertaking concerning Canada, the said governors, with severall of the chief inhabitants of the colony, resolved to be at the further charge of so many more men and ships as might be sufficient to take Quebeck (being assured by ye conquering of that city all the other parts of Canada must submit) and accordingly two thousand and three hundred men were raised, and about thirty saile of ships fitted out, and the command of them was also given to me. With these forces I departed from New England on the

tenth day of August, 1690. But, by bad weather and contrary winds, I did not reach Quebeck till October, that the frost was already fallen in, and so sharp that it made two inches ice in a night.

This notwithstanding, I summoned the Comte De Frontenack, the governor, to surrender the town, and after a reviling answer (that I and those with me were traitors, for having taken up with an Usurper and have seized upon our governor that good christian Sir Edmund Andros, who, if he had continued in his government, the French an English had been all one) I brought my ships up within musquett shott of their cannon and fired upon the towne with that success, that I dismounted severall of their best cannon, and within less than twenty-four hours beat the French from their works.

At the same time fourteen hundred men that I had landed defeated a great part of the enemy, and by the account of the prisoners, the city in all probability must have been taken in two or three daies, but the small-pox and the feavour increased so fast among the men that it delayed the pushing on the siege till the weather grew so extream cold that no further progress could be made therein. So I returned to New England. At my going off from before Quebeck I received several messuages from French merchants of ye best note and reputation to let me know how uneasie they were under the ffrench administration, and to assure me of their great willingness to submit to Their Majesties government.

In this expedition, the enemy suffered great damage and had a great number of their men killed, and many taken Prisoners, yet the loss on the English side (notwithstanding what the French have falsely given out of severall hundreds) was not more than thirty men.

The above written is a true account. Witness my hand.

WILLIAM PHIPS.

SIR WILLIAM PHIPS.

We are indebted to Rev. Cotton Mather, a contemporary of Phips, for many facts in the life of the leader of the expedition.

He published his "History of Sir William Phips" in London in 1697, dedicating it to his successor, Earl Bellomont.

The matter was reprinted in a folio volume of 788 pages, in 1702, entitled "Magnalia Christi Americana."

Phips was born 2 Feb., 1650, "at a despicable plantation on the river of Kennebeck, and almost the furthest village of the eastern settlement of New England." His father was a gunsmith, one James Phips, formerly of Bristol, England, and the mother, who survived her distinguished son, had no less than twenty-six children, of which twenty-one were sons.

The father dying, the son dwelt with the mother until he reached eighteen, when he became apprenticed to a ship-carpenter for four years.

His next advance in life was his removal to Boston, where he espoused the widow of a merchant of the town, John Hull, who was the daughter of Capt. Roger Spencer.

He first ventured in building a ship at Sheepscot River to load with lumber, but the latter undertaking was prevented by an Indian uprising which embarrassed him financially. He then took to the sea, and attempted to recover treasure from a Spanish wreck at the Bahamas, but unsuccessfully.

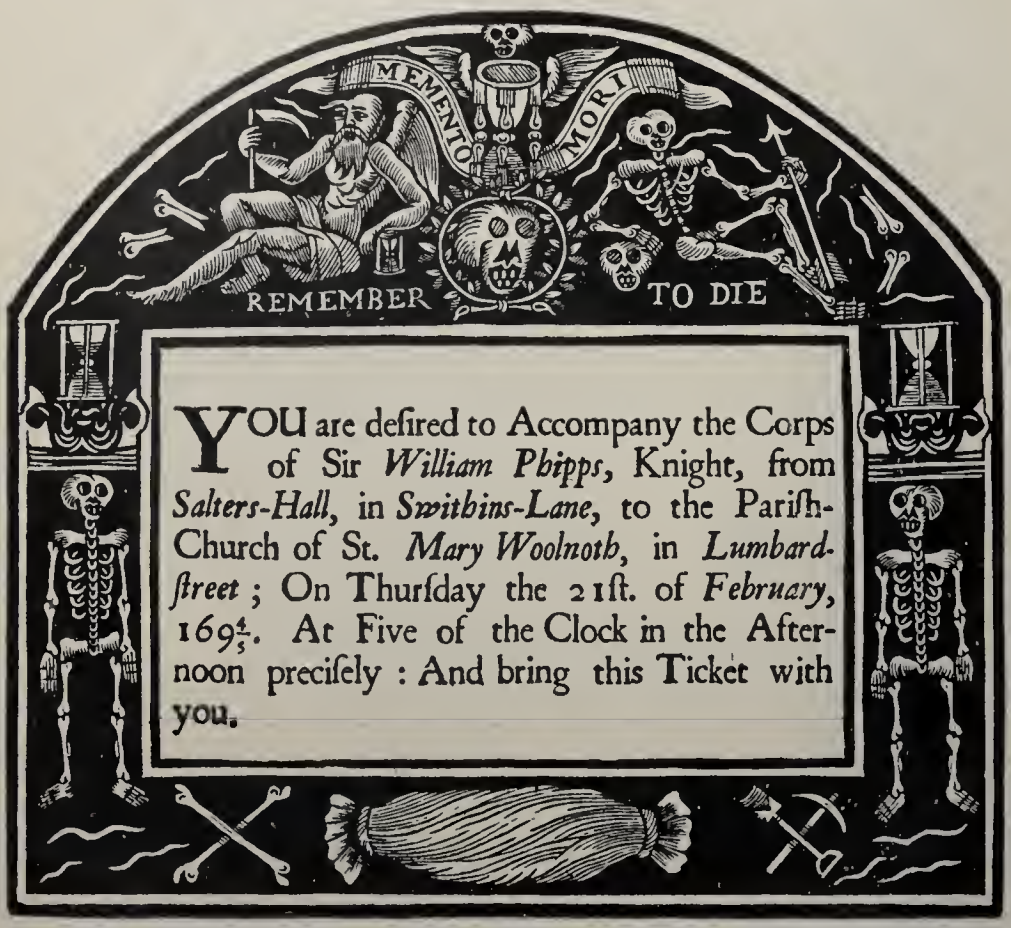
In 1683 he became captain of a king's ship, and arrived in New England commander of the "Algier Rose," a frigate of eighteen guns and ninety-five men, with which he sailed for the West Indies in search of lost treasures, to return unsuccessful and after experiencing an attempt of his crew to mutiny.

His next venture in search of treasure was through the financial aid of the Duke of Albemarle and others, and resulted in unloading a Spanish wreck of £300,000 of treasure, the tenth of which going to the king well paid him for the grant of knighthood to the fortunate searcher.

Returning to Boston in 1688, Phips built on Green lane, which he afterward called Charter street, in memory of the charter which he was instrumental in obtaining a few years later.

Phips returned to England again in 1688, and came again to Boston in the spring of 1689.

At this period he was captain of the "Six Friends," of forty guns, which became his flagship in the Quebec expedition.



INVITATION TO FUNERAL OF SIR WILLIAM PHIPS.

He sailed on 28 Apr., 1690, for Port Royal, N.S., with seven hundred men in eight small vessels, which surrendered to him.

8 Aug., 1690, he sailed on the disastrous Quebec expedition, and a few weeks after his return sailed for England, in the depth of winter, to interest William and Mary in another attempt. During 1691 he, with Mather and Ashurst, labored for a new charter, and Phips returned to Boston 14 May, 1692, in the "Nonesuch" frigate, with the coveted document and commissioned as governor.

During his term occurred the notorious witchcraft excitement and its sad results.

Trouble was experienced by him with Jahleel Brenton, the royal commissioner of customs, and Joseph Dudley, which resulted in his recall to England, sailing 17 Nov., 1694, from Boston. Shortly after his arrival in England he contracted a cold which developed "a malignant fever," and he died on the 18th Feb., 1694–5, and was buried in the church of St. Mary Woolnoth, in a vault under the organ gallery of the church then standing, which was altered and rebuilt 1716–1719.

The "New View of London," 1708, has the following, Vol. IV., p. 290: "At the east end of the church of St. Mary's Woolnoth, near the north-east angle, is a pretty white marble monument, adorned with an urn between two cupids, the figure of a ship, and also a boat at sea with persons in the water; these beheld by a winged eye, all done in basso relievo; also seven medals, as that of King William and Queen Mary; some with Spanish impressions, as the castle cross-potent, etc., and likewise the figures of a sea-quadrant, cross-staff, etc., and this inscription: 'Near this place is interred the body of Sir William Phips, Knight, who in the year 1687, by his great industry discovered among the rocks near the banks of Bahama, on the north side of Hispaniola, a Spanish plate-ship, which had been under water fourty-four years, out of which he took in gold and silver to the value of £300,000 sterling; and with a fidelity equal to his conduct, brought it all to London, where it was divided between himself and the rest of the adventurers. For which great service he was knighted by his then majesty, King James the 2d; and afterward by the command of his present majesty, and at the request of the principal inhabitants of New England, he accepted the government of the Massachusetts, in which he continued to the time of his death, and discharged his trust with that zeal for the interest of his country, and with so little regard to his own private advantage, that he gained the good esteem and affections of the greatest and best part fo

inhabitants of the colony. He died on the 18th of February, 1694, and his lady, to perpetuate his memory, hath caused this monument to be erected.'

"His arms were *sable*, a trefoil slipt, within an orle of eight Mullets, *argent*."

ABSTRACT OF SIR WILLIAM PHIPS'S WILL.

Sir William Phips, Knight, of Boston, in the county of Suffolk, Province of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, 18 December, 1693, sworn to by Dame Mary Phips, 10 September, 1696; proved 29 January, 1696. To brother James Phips or his heirs, the sum of five shillings. To my dear and entirely beloved consort Mary Phips, and to her heirs forever, all my estate, real and personal, &c., &c., with power to alienate by deed of gift, will or codicil. If she should die without having, by will, disposed of my estate, &c., it shall all descend and fall to my adopted son, Spencer Phips als Bennett and the heirs of his body. If he should die without issue surviving, what is left shall be equally divided and shared, one half thereof by my sisters Mary, Margaret, and the heirs of my sister Anne deceased, or their heirs forever, and the other half in like manner, to the relations of my beloved consort, reserving only out of the whole estate one hundred pounds current money of New England, which my said relations, and the relations of my said wife, shall cause to be paid unto John Phipps, son to my brother John Phipps deceased, or to his heirs, if this clause be not repealed by my wife aforesaid. If my dear consort should die before my said son is come to age or is married, then I do nominate and appoint my friends Capt. John Foster, Esq., and Capt. Andrew Belcher of Boston, merchants, to be trustees of my estate and guardians to my said son, until he shall be of full age or married.

The witnesses were John Phillips, John White, John Hiskett, Josiah Stone, and John Greenough. Pyne, 15.[1]

MAJOR WALLEY'S JOURNAL IN THE EXPEDITION AGAINST CANADA IN 1692. A NARRATIVE OF THE PROCEEDINGS TO CANADA, SOE FAR AS CONCERNED THE LAND ARMY.

Having passed the isle of Percey, and being put back by a contrary wind, it was designed there to have landed our souldiers, to have settled our companys, to have called a council of warr, to have made and declared such orders as was necessary for regulating our forces, but by several of our ships and vessels being drove out of the harbour by a storm, they came not in again seasonably, and soe what was intended was prevented.

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[1] This will was recorded in England and also in Suffolk County, Mass. Probate Files No. 2245.

Upon the 23d of Sept. wee came to an anchor at Tarrasack, a council of warr was called, such orders and ordinances made as was judged necessary, and ordered to be published in every vessel, and at the head of each company, which orders are upon record and may be seen.

ORDERS: 1. That the laws and ordinances of war passed by the General Court of the Massachusetts, for the better regulating their forces; together with all such additional laws and orders as shall now be made and ordained by this Council at their present session; be forthwith read and published at the head of each regiment or company of souldiers, and on board each and every ship and vessel in their Majesties Service for this present expedition to *Canada*, etc. And that the same be put in execution according to the true intend and meaning thereof.

2. That each and every of the aforesaid laws and ordinances of war, and all such other as shall from time to time be made and ordain'd by the Council of War, shall be declared and published by beat of drum or sound of trumpet, or otherwise at discretion, at the head of each regiment or company of souldiers, and on board each and every ship and vessel in their Majesties fleet; and that they be so read and published once a fortnight, or oftener, that so none may pretend to be ignorant thereof.

3. That whatsoever person that is engaged in this present service, shall by words or otherwise, reproach, slight, or show disrespect to any of his Superior officers, shall be punished as the Council of War shall see cause; respect being had unto the circumstances of place, office, person injuring, and injured; as also the evil tendency thereof.

4. That no commander or other person, presume to send or suffer any boat whatsoever to be sent to the shoar, or any ship or vessel to land any men after the first anchoring of the fleet, otherwise than as they shall receive orders from the General or council of war.

5. That whensoever any men shall be sent on shoar, suitable officers shall be sent with them, to command and order them, which officers are to be accountable for their actions and behaviours; and also are required, to attend the commands and directions of their superior officers.

6. That it shall and may be lawful for any officer to shoot any person that shall first run away from under his command in time of actual service, if he cannot be otherwise brought to attend his duty.

7. That if any regiment, company of souldiers, or other person under command, shall refuse to advance forward to charge the enemy, or such other service as shall be orderly and reasonably required of him or them, especially if through fear or cowardise, they shall refuse or stay behind, he or they shall loose their pay, and whole share of plunder, and be otherwise disgraced, and the principal punished according as a council of war shall determine.

8. That no person whatsoever shall give intelligence, or hold any correspondence with the enemy on pain of death.

9. That whosoever shall causelesly make an alarm, or needlesly, or wilfully fire a gun in the night, shall be put to death, or suffer such grievous punishment as a council of war shall inflict.

10. That no man force himself upon a sentinel, being called unto three times to stand, upon the peril of his life.

11. That if any souldier or other person, be found drunk on duty, or in time of actual service, he shall suffer death, or such other grievous punishment as the council of war shall determine ; consideration being had unto the ill consequences that hath or might have been by reason thereof.

12. That all officers of what degree soever, take special care, that no souldiers or other person under his command, drink any *brandy*, *wine*, or other *strong-liquour*, at any time to excess, especially in time of service, and whilst we are in danger from the enemy: they are also duly authorized to seize and secure in order to try all such as shall offend.

13. That present quarter be given to those of the enemy that shall ask it, according to the laws of arms and nations, if it can be done without hazard.

14. That all persons whatsoever carry themselves as men and christians towards all prisoners, especially such as have been men of place, aged persons, women and children ; and that they presume not to offer any rudeness or uncivility to any woman or other person, on pain of such punishment as the council of war shall order, according to the circumstances thereof.

15. That whatsoever souldiers or others, that shall fight or quarrel one with the other in time of service, shall loose a month's pay, and be otherwise punished at the discretion of the Council of war ; and whosever shall so fight or quarrel at other times, shall be punished at the discretion of the commission-officers of that company.

16. That no man shall pawn or exchange his arms, either in field or elsewhere without leave of his captain, or dispose of any arms of others, or any *ammunition*, *hatchets*, spades, *shovels*, or other stores or instruments of war, on such penalties and punishments as a council war shall order.

17. That whosoever, without consent as aforesaid, shall buy, receive, exchange, or take to pawn, any arms, ammunition, or instruments of war, shall return such arms, ammunition, and instruments without satisfaction, or forfeit twice the value thereof, and suffer such other punishment as a council of war shall appoint.

18. That no man, without consent as aforesaid, being under command presume to fire his gun without order, on pain of such punishment as the captain or commission-officers of that company shall appoint ; and that no man presume at any time needlesly to fire his gun without order, on penalty of two-shilling six pence, to be deducted out of his wages or plunder.

19. That whosoever shall at any time seize or take any plunder, of what kind or nature, soever from the enemy, shall forthwith give notice thereof at the General, Lieutenant-General, or chief-officer present, with an account thereof, that the same may be disposed and secured according to further order. And whosoever shall refuse or neglect so to do, shall forfeit his share

of plunder, and make restitution of what they shall so conceal, withhold, or imbezil, and also suffer such further punishment as a council of war shall determine.

20. That no person whatsoever presume to rifle any ship, boat, or any other vessel, or to break open, unlock, unty, or otherwise undoe, or make loose any chest, trunck, box, bale, bundle, or any other vessel wherein plunder of the enemy may be, whether on board, or on shore, in any house or otherwise, but shall secure the same whole and undivided, as the same shall be found, and bring the same to the chief-officer then and there present, who is to take such further order therein, as shall be necessary upon pain of forfeiting his whole share of plunder, and suffering such further punishment as a council of war shall inflict.

21. That no person whatsoever presume to set fire unto, burn, waste, deface, or otherwise spoile any *fort*, *church*, *colledge*, *house*, *barn*, *ship*, *vessel* or any other *goods*, *provisions*, *wares*, *merchandizes*, or *estates* whatsoever, or kill or destroy any *hogs*, *cattle*, or any other tame creature belonging to the enemy, without order from their captain. Which captains are required not to give order for so doing without necessity require, (which necessity is to appear such to the council of war if questioned.) But as they shall from time to time receive directions from the General, Lieutenant-General, major of the regiment, or Council of war.

22. That no souldier, seaman, or other person under command in this present expedition, presume to plunder the enemy in time of fight nor whilst we are in any danger from the enemy; nor whilst they chase or pursue the enemy, nor before they have secured themselves from the enemy, nor until they have orders from the chief-officers in that present expedition, or at any other time or place then ordered, or contrary to articles made with the enemy, and declared on pain of death, or such other penalties and punishment as a council of war shall inflict.

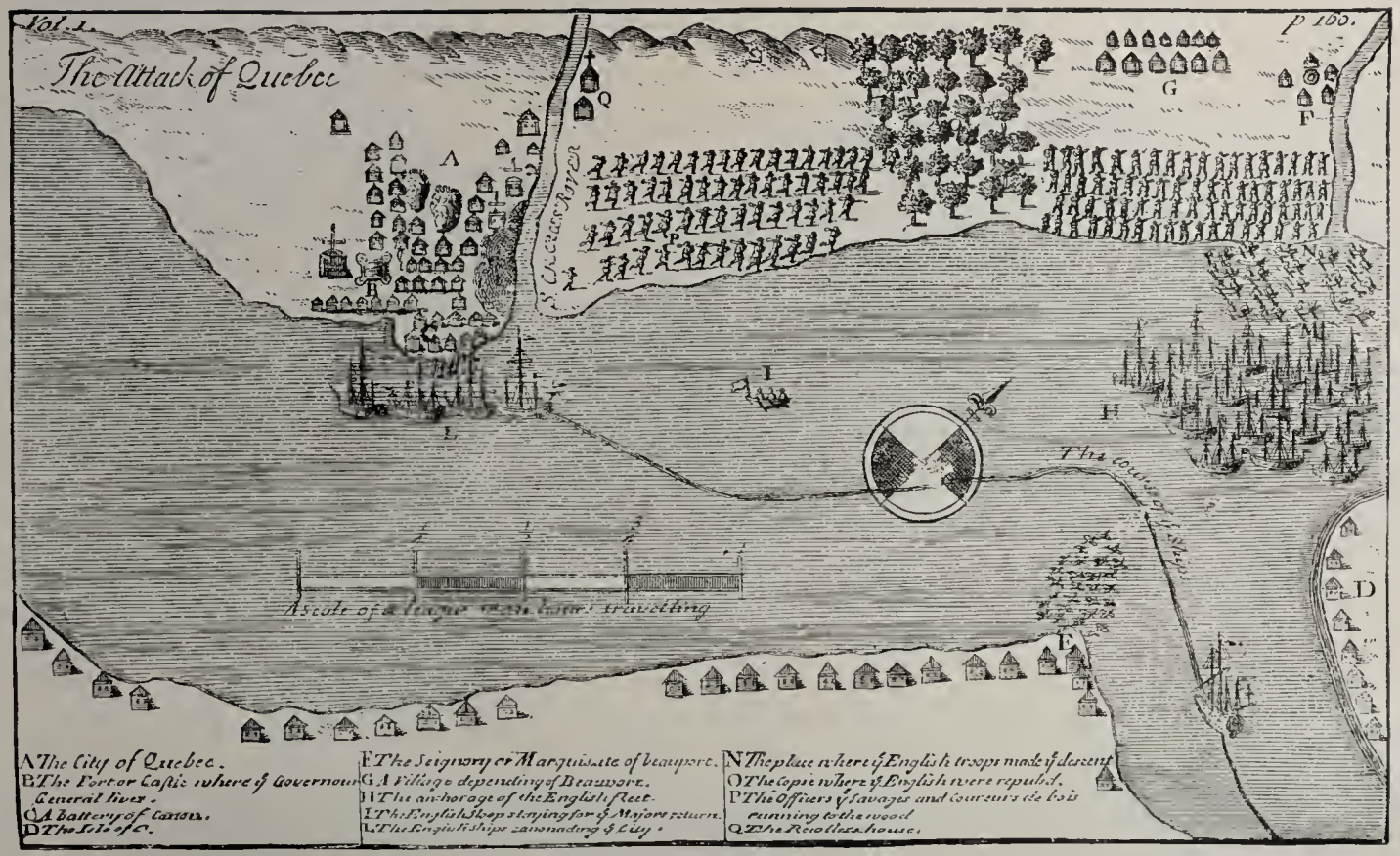
23. That the commission-officers of each company, do punish all persons within their several companies respectively, which after publication hereof, shall be found guilty of drunkenness, swearing, cursing, and neglect of the worship of God, petty-thefts, quarreling when not in service, unnecessary firing when under command without order, not doing duty, doing duty negligently.

Upon the 27th of Sept. being about 25 leagues from Cabeck, I went aboard each vessel in the fleet, that had souldiers, to take care that they might be all ready and fixt for the service, not knowing how soon there might be occasion; and whereas there had been complaints, that, aboard several of the vessels, the souldiers and others had near a third part of their allowance taken off without order, I then gave orders that their full allowance might be given them.

Upon the 5th Oct. wee came up with the Isle of Orleans, the whole fleet together, and having promised our men that they should with the first convenience be landed to refresh themselves, and not having opportunity before, thought it might doe well to doe it then, proposing to the council that wee might then settle the companys, that wee might then secure the island, gaine intelligence, and upon our informations to draw up such conclusions as were necessary, and not to have appeared in sight of the town until wee were fully ready to fall upon them; but it was over-ruled by the council, and agreed we should take the advantage of the tide and be in sight of the town by day light, which was accordingly done.

Upon the 6th Oct. it was concluded that a summons should be sent ashore, and, while the answer was coming, to put ourselves in the best posture wee could for landing, but by that time the messenger was returned wee found the tides did not sute, and that it would be too late to land that night. It was alsoe then agreed upon, that the army should land at the north shore, at the place wee after landed at; that the small vessels, that had guns, should take in the ammunition, provision, field pieces, spades and other necessarys for the souldiers (that tide or the next they were to come up to Charles river, that lyes by the town) that the ships boat should come into the river to be helpfull to carry the souldiers over, and the souldiers to be ready by the river when they came, that so they might be helpful each to other, as there had been occasion; that the field pieces should come in those vessels to be landed on the other side of the river; it was alsoe agreed that, when we were over the river, the men of warr were to sail up with the town, and when they perceived we were upon the hill, especially if we then fired a house, they were then to land 200 men under their guns, and were to make a brisk and resolute charge to enter the town; alsoe agreed that Shute and others of the larger vessels that were not men of warr, were to go beyond the town, that the enemy might think we had another army to land there; alsoe agreed that we should have two ministers and three chirurgeons ashore.

These things being thus agreed on, on the next morning being the 7th Oct. wee attempted to land our men, but by a



ATTACK ON QUEBEC, 1690.

storm were prevented, few of the boats being able to row a head, and found it would endanger our men and wett our armes, at which time the vessel Capt. Savage was in went ashore, the tide fell, left they dry, the enemy came upon them, they manfully defended themselves. I went aboard several vessels, and, though with some difficulty caused some small vessels that had guns to weigh, and sent some boats that endeavoured to help them, or if in no other way to bring off the men, but the weather and shoals were such they could doe them no good; the enemy were awed by some guns from Sir William, that the shott flew among the thickest of them, alsoe by some guns from Capt. Eldridge. At the tides coming in they floated and all got off safe. That night, aboard Sir William's ship, the Frech prisoners informed us of a place about two miles beyond the town, that would be more commodious for landing the army, which I then thought might be best (but Capt. Davis saith since, wee should not amended ourselves) but it was said the council of warr had determined the place, and wee had not time to call them together then, and it would be safest to attend order.

The next day, being the 8th of Oct. as soon as the bad weather was over, and the tides suited, wee landed our men, which considering how farr many of our vessels were from the shoar, and the helps wee had, never more men were landed in less time; but the flats lay off soe we were forced to go into the water, some up to the knees, and some near as high as their wasts upon the flatts. I drew up the whole army, which consisted of between 12 and 1,300 men, caused four companys to be drawn out as forlorns, though the ground would not admitt the forlorn and main battle to be far the one one from the other; this being done, I ordered the forlorns to advance and to march, at their open order, towards the upland, and by this time the tide was upon the ground we stood on: The forlorn were no sooner advanced a few rods, before there was firing from both sides; upon one wing some of our men saw the enemy in the bushes and fired first, but upon the other wing, and in most places, the enemy had the first shot at us; and from a village over a creek on our right wing, there was a party gauled us considerably; upon the charge our officers and soul-

diers shewed courage and resolution enough, yet some having given an order to fire and fall off, but judging under the present circumstances, ordered the whole body to shoot and run up at once, which they did with one consent, that it was hard to say which company went up first or fastest; upon which the enemy having generally made a second shott, they gave way at once, and by the convenience of swamps and bushes, they had an opportunity to run away and secure themselves, but yet in partys out of every corner of a swamp or thicket they kept firing upon us; wee continued our chase and march towards the town, and killed some of the enemy as wee went. Being informed that the enemy had fired at our men out of a barn, and judging there were some in it, I ordered it to be fired; we come up with a house where was a hogshead of claret sett at the door, and seeing our souldiers gather about it, least it were poisoned, or might otherwise harm our men or hinder our march, I ordered the head to be knocked out; drawing nearer the town and finding the army too much featured, and not knowing but wee might be met withall by a force from the town, I drew up a good part of our forces and marcht on; wee continued our march until it was dark, two-thirds of the army took up their stand by a creek, where was a house and some other shelts; with the other part I advanced about a quarter of a mile, that we might the better secure the shoar and to see our vessels that were to come into the river; there we took up our quarters, placed our guards and sentinals, and did what was necessary for securing ourselves and taking notice of the motion of the enemy; wee then took the advantage of the house, barn, hay and straw, that those that were not upon duty might keep themselves as warm as they could. Making inquiry what damage wee had received from the enemy, or done to them, found wee had not above 4 killed outright at our landing, nor less than 60 officers and souldiers wounded, and it was judged wee had killed 20, some say 30 of the enemy, and since, have been informed their hospital is full of wounded men, and it is said they had not less than 7 or 800 men that lay undiscovered to take the advantage at our landing; all things considered, it was a great mercy wee had no more damage done to us. The same

evening, having information of a Frenchman that had surrendered himself, and was with the other part of the army, I sent for him and strictly examined him, severely threatened him if I caught him in a lye, told him wee had taken other French prisoners, and if he told us anything that was false, wee should soon find it. He told us wee should cut him in pieces if he told us anything but what was truth; he informed that there were about 600 men that were in the swamp at our coming ashore, that there was a Captain and other officers killed, besides others that he saw, that the French had 900 men from the town more, upon their march towards us, that they were over the river, but seeing wee had landed our men soe suddainly, and beaten the French off the ground, and were marching towards the town, that they retreated, marcht back to the town, or at least to the other side of the river: He said the Earl of Frontenack was come down, the governor of Mount Royal and the intendant; that a great many souldiers came into Cabeck on the Thursday before, a great many with the governor upon Fryday, and more with the governor of Mount Royal on Saturday, and many since: he alsoe said he was a souldier of Mount Royal that had run away, and that they were seeking after him (which we after found true). He alsoe said he came by the information by a Mount Royal souldier, that he had mett withall, which acquainted him they had left but 50 souldiers at Mount Royal, and added that he had heard some French officers, at the next house to that wee then were at, say that they had not less than 3,000 men in the town: he alsoe said, that at the most convenient place of the souldiers goeing over they had planted 8 guns. All which afterwards we had confirmed. That others might not be discouraged, wee told him he was sent by the enemy to tell us a parcel of lies, but he said he told us nothing but what we should find true.

After this, I sent for the rest of the forces to come over, that wee might not be too much scattered, and sent for the majors and captains, and such as belonged to the council of warr, to consider and conclude what was farther to be done; after some discourse, it was concluded by the whole, that, for as much as the vessels were not come up the river with our supplyes of pro-

vision, ammunition, and other necessaries, neither the boats for transporting our men, that, as matters were thus circumstanced, wee were not in a capacity to advance, but hoped the vessels would be in with the tide, that was before day, and that if they came, wee would be ready to be helpfull to defend them, as we expected help from them; but the winds prevented their coming, as the masters after said. Before day, contrary to order, and without my knowledge, they landed the six field pieces, at the point near which the army lay, which greatly clogg'd us, and would a made our passidge over the river very difficult. In the evening, wee see Capt. Gilbert weigh anchor, and the ships of warr sail up to the town, and the several ships plying their guns upon the town, and the town upon them, with utmost diligence; but the reason of their going before the land army were over the river, wee understood not till afterwards. The cold of the night, and our souldiers not having opportunity to dry themselves until the next day, proved very prejuditiall to them. Upon the 9th of October, Sir William's ship returned from the town being, as wee were informed, very much disinabled, having been very smartly engaged with the town; alsoe were informed, that the men of warr had not powder enough left for two rounds apiece; but, however, supposing they had secured and would supply us with what was promised, and reckning it was aboard the small vessels that were to come into the river, we still expected their coming in, and that day advanced nearer the town, where wee had better shelter for the men, and a better place for our defence, where we placed out our guards, and put ourselves in the best posture we could to defend ourselves and offend our enemies, if they had come upon us; sent out partys to gain intelligence and make discovery, and what provision came within our reach was killed for the use of the army: our provisions being so much in the masters of the vessels power, and not in the commissary-generals order and dispose, proved a great damidge, for, by reason hereof, some souldiers were provided for and others wanted, and all the rum that could be procured, to refresh the souldiers, was only about 60 gallons, which was spared from Sir William's ship, the rest either had it not, or would not own they had.

Our souldiers dried themselves, gott what refreshment they could, and hoped the vessels might come in the evening tide, wee seeing more and more need of them, being more and more sensible of the enemies strength, and our own men, many, growing sick and unfitt for service. But the vessels not coming, we stood upon our guard that night, but found it exceedingly cold, it freezing that night soe that the next morning the ice would bear a man. That night I called a council, demanded their opinion what was to be done, for it would be to no purpose to lye there; one in behalf of sundries others said, they had been together considering thereof, and that for as much as we had not suitable supplys of provisions ashore, little or no ammunition to recruit if there should be occasion, that our men were, many, sick and wearied, that they had the difficultys of the river to deal with, neither boats nor vessels to help us in our going over, that we had 8 great guns and 1000 men at the river side that were ready for us, after that, a steep bank and narrow passage to win, up or through which wee should not a been able to have carried our great guns, neither could wee have carried them over, where wee might have had them for use, without the help of our boats or vessels, after all this, a well fortified town with three times our number of men within to encounter with, having but one chirurgeon ashore, though three were ordered, the increasing cold weather, the enemy being capable and had a fair opportunity, had we gone over, by reason of their men on our backs and guns by Charles river, to cut off all supplys and preventing our sending off soe much as a wounded man; after some discourse on these matters it was concluded, as I understood, by the whole, that I should goe on board that morning to Sir William, and acquaint him with our difficultys and disappointments, and that it was their agreement, if he were willing, that the army should get aboard that night or before day, and that they should rest and refresh themselves a day or two, and if they found they had ammunition suitable, they were ready to land at any other place, or under the guns at the town, if the counsel should soe conclude; there was that day two men to each gun sent ashore, a barrel of powder for the great guns, and half a barrel besides, and 100 wt. of bullets or something more.

The 10th, before noon, I went aboard to Sir William, acquainted him how matters went ashore, and of the desire and conclusion of the officers; he said he could a been glad we had been capable to have proceeded, but consented to their coming aboard, and said the boats should be sent ashore before day; after I had been aboard a while, wee heard guns goe off ashore and perceived our out guards were charged by the enemy; I was going off, but, perceiving it was soon over, staid a while, and in the afternoon went ashore again, found our guards and some scouts had been engaged by the enemy; Major Savage sent reliefs as was necessary, but being informed that the enemy might be 1000 men over the river, he sent Capt. Corwin with orders that the souldiers should make an orderly retreat, for if the enemy were numerous it were better to prepare to meet them in the plain fields than among the swamps; wee had 4 men wounded, one died of his wounds, and, through hast in the retreat, a small drummer left his drum behind him; they did considerable damage to the enemy, but could not give a certain and particular account thereof, they fired several houses and barns and returned, but the enemy see no cause to follow them. That night wee kept a very strong and strict watch, I acquainted the souldiers of their coming aboard; after midnight several of the commanders desired we might remove our army nearer to the place where we were to goe off, accordingly wee silently marched off the ground, carryed back our guns; when I had taken care that wee had left none behind, I went to the place where they were ordered to march, found our souldiers too many of them upon the beach ready to goe off if there had been an opportunity; I caused them to be drawn up upon the upland adjoining, and put them in a posture for service if they had been attacked by the enemy, for wee were within sight and hearing of the town. Before day the boats began to row ashore, but soe many of our men drew off without orders, that they might be ready to get in with the first, I foreseeing the confusion that was like to be, and perceiving there would not be time before it was light to get all off, I sent the boats all away and would not let any goe off at that time.

The 11th day, being soe near as to heare them calling one to

another at the town, their drumming and ringing before day, and other noises in the woods, that wee had reason to thinke they intended that day to come out against us with their whole strength; in the morning they fired several great guns at us but did us no harm, our men all that day standing to their arms, drums beating, coulors flying, fair in sight of the town; we saw several of the enemy not far from us, and many on the other side of the river, besides what was in the town; it is said that Capt. Davis reckoned, what they had in the town and that alarmed us and guarded their shoars, they were more than 4000 men; they sent out 7 or 800 fresh men dayly to alarm us and to watch our motions. Designing to goe off that night, and there being like to be a good opportunity, I called several of the officers and acquainted them that I was designed to send three parties of souldiers to beat up the swamps that were round us, and beat off these spies that we had reason to judge lay near us, accordingly ordered three 16 files to be detached out of the several companies, and sent them out commanded by Capt. Barnet, and Capt. Minot, and that party that was sent out upon our right wing were soon engaged; sent Capt. March forthwith, who had a good company, and they then soon made the enemy give back, but they continued firing briskly at each other; I sent out several companys to relieve them; in the mean time not knowing but this party might have been sent to occasion the drawing off a great part of our forces, and they might have a greater strength near us, wherefore I sent out to make discovery, and stood ready with the rest of the army to fight them if they had come up with us. The souldiers were ordered to keep firing at the enemy, in and about the swamps near us, and where they saw the enemy, until it was dark; which accordingly they did.

It then growing near night, I ordered the sick men to be carried aboard, which might be done by daylight, because two or three boats might goe off well enough unsuspected. That day, Alexander Smart came ashore with a commission to be master gunner, and had 52 seamen under his command for to attend the guns. A little before night, I called him and acquainted him that the army was to goe off that night, and gave him a

charge about the guns, in particular ordered that three guns should goe off before any men went, or with the first, the other should be let alone to the last and kept for to defend the soldiers if there had been occasion, and to be put aboard the last boats, which might be soon done; he made me answer that, though he was the last man aboard, he would see all the guns off; I parted with him then and never see him afterwards that I knew of; I then acquainted Major Savage and other officers, that we should draw off half each regiment at a time, and he should draw off half his regiment first, and ordered that those that went in the first boats should be helpful to draw down those three guns that were to goe first aboard, which they did, and concluded they were gone aboard. It growing very dark, notwithstanding I had ordered the officers to keep the souldiers to their arms, many precipitately and disorderly drew down to the beach, four times more than had leave, and a very great noise was made, which I was much troubled at, and was willing to go down to see if I could still them; I called to Major Ward, ordered him he should do what he could to keep the souldiers to their arms, and not to move without order, which he soon found too hard for him to doe; I ordered some souldiers to keep the rest from crowding down until those were gone off that were upon the flats; I called to them to be silent, but either of these were little regarded, for the croud and the noise both increased; the seamen calling out for such souldiers as belonged to their vessels, and the souldiers for such boats as came from the vessels they belonged to, hundreds in the water up to the knees and higher, pressing into boats, the seamen and they contending, by reason whereof I see boats were like to be five times longer a loading than they needed; I saw a necessity of my going off to the boats, went aboard a small boat belonging to Mr. Winser, commanded silence, ordered the boats to take the men in, as they came, and to carry them to the first vessel they came at, which was not minded by many, but as I was forced to goe from boat to boat and see it done, for otherways some of the seamen would throw the souldiers overboard if they did not belong to them, or the souldiers would have pressed into boats to have sunk them. After my being at the point not less

than three hours, the men were most off, and everything still quiet; the boats were all gone, I began to think because I see none a coming they thought the men were all off. I questioned how many men were upon the point, some said 150, wee judged about 100 or 120, I told them I would see if any boats were coming, rowed off and heard several boats rowing, went to them and ordered them to hasten to the shoar; and though I thought there might be enough to take off all the men, yet they should rather have too many than want, I told them I would go to the next vessels that had boats aboard and send them away, which I did with all speed. Being now well satisfied our men were safe off, I went on board Sir William's ship, I acquainted how matters were, told him I hoped the guns were off, for did not see them when I came away; he made answer he questioned, for the master gunner had been aboard long before, and could not give account they were off, immediately came one of the gunners aboard, with a gun, and said that the guns were all off. I then being satisfied that both men and guns were all off, I went to my cabbin, to take my rest, having had but little for 3 days and nights before. Soon after, Mr. Dearing came aboard, who came off in the last parcel of boats, and acquainted some of the officers and divers others, that there was 5 of the guns ashore; that they had been under water, but appeared when he came away, they did not acquaint Sir William nor myself of it, until the next morning, for wee had come off undiscovered, and there was 4 or 5 hours time that they might been easily and safely fetcht, but that was neglected; they sent in the morning, but then it was too late.

The 12th day a council was called, several, but not all the commanders aboard, they discoursed of landing at the town, or at Orleance, many of the officers declared that many of their men were sick and unfitt for service; however, it was agreed that the men should have a day or two's time to refresh themselves, and to inquire what capacity wee were in for a further attempt, and some time should be spent on Monday in prayer, to seek God's direction, but the weather prevented our meeting, and wee necessitated to weigh and fall down to Orleance, many vessels drove from their anchors, and were in danger of being

drove on upon the town; wee then sent ashore about our captives, but winds and weather after proved such, as wee had never opportunity to come together, but the whole fleet were scattered, and such exceeding hard cold and windy weather set in for 3 weeks or a month together, as I never was in so much together.

This narrative given into the honourable council of the Massachusetts, this 27th Nov. 1690.

℘. JOHN WALLEY.

The land army's failing, the enemy's too timely intelligence, lyeing 3 weeks within three days sail of the place, by reason whereof they had opportunity to bring in the whole strength of their country, the shortness of our ammunition, our late setting out, our long passidge, and many sick in the army, these may be reckned as some of the reasons of our disappointment.

Some question our courage, that wee proceeded no further; as things were circumstanced, others would a questioned our prudence, if wee had; were it a fault, it was the act of a council of warr; wee must undergoe the censures of many: In the mean time, our consciences doe not accuse us, neither are we most, yea allmost all, of us, afraid or ashamed to answer our actions, before any that can or shall call us to an account for the same, nor unwilling to give any farther satisfaction to any reasonable men that shall desire it.

JOHN WALLEY.

BOSTON, the 27th Nov. 1690.

MAJOR JOHN WALLEY.

Major John Walley, born in England, was the son of the Rev. Thomas Walley, of St Mary, Whitechapel, London.

He became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1671, and a freeman in 1673; first sergeant, Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, 1676; a lieutenant in 1678; a captain in 1679, 1699, and 1707, and major of the Boston Regiment in 1699. An incorporator of Bristol, R.I., for which he was an assistant of the governor of Plymouth Colony, 1683–1686, and named as councillor under Andros. He was commissioned

MAJOR JOHN WALLEY.

captain of the Bristol military company to June, 1684, and became a member of the Council of War of Plymouth Colony, and was appointed to the command of the land forces in the 1690 expedition.

Under the second charter a councillor in 1693–4, and from 1696 to 1706. A commissioner for war 1693–4, and appointed a judge of the Superior Court of Judicature and with the military title of major-general in his later years. He died 11 Jan., 1711–12, in Boston, and was buried on the 17th in the tomb of the Walley family in the Granary Burying Ground.

AN ACCOUNT OF THE LATE ACTION OF THE NEW ENGLANDERS UNDER THE COMMAND OF SIR WILLIAM PHIPS AGAINST THE FRENCH AT CANADA — SENT IN A LETTER FROM MAJOR THOMAS SAVAGE OF BOSTON IN NEW ENGLAND, (WHO WAS PRESENT AT THE ACTION) TO HIS BROTHER MR PEREZ SAVAGE IN LONDON.[1]

BOSTON, Feb. 2, 1690–81.

LOVING BROTHER,

As for news, here is very little, only about our defeatment at Canada ; and least some ill tongue should abuse any with you, this will give you a brief narrative of it. We went from Boston, thirty-two ships and other vessels with about 2,000 men, with four months provision and ammunition, little enough, but had not one man for a pilot. When we came to the river, (which we had a hundred leagues to go up, before we came into the river, which was the occasion of our having a long passage, but at length we got up to it ;) a council was call'd, to think what was best to be done. It was agreed, that the soldiers should be put ashore upon a beach about two miles from the town, and to get as near the town as we could, and to encamp that night, for there was a river between us and the town, that was knee deep at low water, which we were to go over to the town ; and in the night they were to send in some small vessels that had guns, with ammunition and provision for us, and to bring our field-pieces ashore with them, to secure our passage over the river ; and when we were over the river, then the four great ships should fall upon the town to batter it. Accordingly we landed, I being the first field-officer ashore. We landed about 1,209 men, and as soon as we came ashore, at the side of the beach, was a swamp, a bog overgrown with wood, where lay an ambuscade of about 600 French who gall'd us at our

[1] The title of this work published in England the next year shows the author to have been Maj. Thomas Savage, and not Ephraim Savage his brother, as stated by Mr. Justin Winsor, in the "Memorial History of Boston," Vol. II., p. 99.

landing, but our men, running very briskly on them, beat up their ambuscade, and followed them a great was ; all our men in their landing waded some up to their middle, none less than their knees. By that we had rallied the sun was near set ; so we mached about half a mile from the river, and so encamped. Our men had spent the greatest part of our ammunition in this skirmish, having taken ashore with them about three quarters of a pound of powder a man, and about fifteen or eightcen shots, and but two biskets a man ; and the reason why they carried no more was because the small vessels were to carry it into the river that night. We had in this skirmish about five men killed outright, and about twenty men wounded. About midnight they sent us ashore six field-pieces, about 800 pounds a piece, which we could not tell what to do with, it being a marshy place, and several small gullies to go over. We sent aboard for ammunition and provisions, but they sent us half a barrel of powder which what that was you may judge amongst near 1,200 men, and sent no provision. We were no sooncr ingaged at our coming ashore, but contrary to orders, those four ships of war, as they called them wayed their anchors, and fell to battering the town at random, and then spent the greatest part of their ammunition by that time they got back ; the admiral being, as they say, forced to leave their best cable and anchor behind him and get back again. We met with several skirmishes from the enemy while we were ashore, but we received little hurt. We had some that we took informed us that if we had come but four days sooner they had not above 600 men in town, but being so long in the river before we got up, they had notice of us, and had sent for all their strength thither, so that there was now in the town 3,000 men, and eight hundred that were near us in swamps and woods, to keep us continually alarmed. But sending aboard often to see to get some victuals, for we could meet with little ashore, the enemy having drove their cattle into the woods, they at length sent us word that they had no more ammunition to spare, but sent us a bisket cake a man, and ordered that we should come aboard again, (for they understood that was not a good place to set upon the town, being a very strong place, walled all round, and a battery of guns at our coming over the river,) and did send fifty seamen to look after the six field-pieces. At night we began to go on board, and I, with my regiment, was to go aboard first, by the Lieutenant-General's order, because we werc ashore first. We did so, and got well aboard, and by twelve of the clock were all aboard. But how it came to pass I know not, but some say it was the Lieutenant-General's fault, but I rather think the seamen's, that was to look after the guns, but there was five of the field-pieces left on shore. And then when all was on board, because provisions was scearce, we thought good to make the best of our own way back again. So that we are all well arrived, only two vesscls cast away, nine of the men lost, one ship burnt but savcd all the men and four vessels not yet come in, whom we believe are beat of the coast.

You will without doubt hear many reflections upon Lieutenant-General Walley ; but he is not guilty of what thcy charge him with ; but there are

BOSTON HARBOR, 1694.

VIEW OF BOSTON, 1744.

some who to make themselves faultless lay the fault upon him, which might be easily evinced to a national man. We killed of the French at our coming ashore above thirty, as some, who have made a computation of what they saw in several places lay dead, say. We lay not far from the shore, and the General sent his boat ashore with an old french woman to treat about change of prisoners, which we did, and changed 17 we had taken, for 17 english prisoners that had been with them a pretty while. Our prisoners informed us of the truth of the quality of men in the town, as is above; and that if we had gone over the river, we had certainly been distroyed; so that I looked there was a Providence of God in it; yet if they had send ammunition and provision we had certainly been with them.

THOMAS SAVAGE.

MAJOR THOMAS SAVAGE.

Major Thomas Savage was born and baptized in Boston, 17 May, 1640, a son of Major Thomas and Faith (Hutchinson) Savage, a grandson of the famous Ann Hutchinson. He married about 1664 Elizabeth, daughter of Joshua Scottow. He became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1665; first sergeant in 1674, and ensign in 1681. A leader in the 1690 expedition. He held the rank of lieutenant-colonel of the Boston Regiment in 1702. He was a member of the Old South Church, and died 2 July, 1705, and was buried on the 5th at about seven in the evening, escorted by the military through the principal street of the town, thronged with the people.

EXTRACTS FROM CHIEF JUSTICE SAMUEL SEWALL'S DIARY.

Friday, March 21, 16$\frac{88}{89}$. This day Capt. Townsend is appointed Comander in Chief.

Satterday, March 22. Sir William Phips offers himself to go in person; the Governour sends for me, and tells me of it, I tell the Court; they send for Sir William who accepts to goe, and is appointed to Comand the Forces; Major Townsend relinquishes with Thanks. Sir William had been sent to at first; but some feared he would not goe; others thought his lady could not consent. Court makes Sir William free, and Swear him Major Generall, and several others. Adjourn to Boston, Wednesday 14 night one aclock.

March 24, 16$\frac{89}{90}$. Eight Companies and Troops Train. I goe into the field, pray with the South Company, Exercise them in a few Distances, Facings, Doublings; before which Thanked them for their Respect in mentioning me when in England, warning the Company in my Name; and told

them the place I was in required more Time and Strength than I had, so took leave of them.

July 25. Major Nath'l Saltonstall, and Major Tho. Henchman āply themselves to the Council, shewing that if so many be press'd for Canada as the Order mentions, the fronteers will draw in, and they themselves profess they will do so. Major Saltonstall comes no farther than Charlestown, because of the Small Pocks. Major Generall, Mr. Addington, and self goe over and give him a list.

Tuesday, July 29, 1690. This is a day of much Thunder and plenteous Rain which prevents the Souldiers for Canada their mustering as was intended. Cous. Quinsey as I sat with him bid me shut the door, and ask'd if I had done that, meaning his Will. Mr. Moodey visited him this day. He is very low.

Monday, Augt. 4. Cousin Quinsey signs, seals and publishes his Will, Capt. Jacob Eliot, Theophilus Frary and my self Witnesses. Then went with Major Walley to Dorchester to meet Govr. Hinkley, Comissioner for Plimouth, but Conecticut and Rhode-Island failing, nothing could be done to purpose: but urgd Govr. Hinckley to furnish us with a hundred Men: hope he will send fifty. Din'd with Mr. Stoughton. Went and saw Capt. Withington's Company, 16 files, 4 deep, drawn up by the Meetinghouse, gave them a French Crown to drink. Took Mrs. Mills's Acknowledgment of a Deed as she lay abed. Mrs. Pierce buried near the Tomb of her Grandfather Cotton.

Friday, Augt. 8, 1690. Dept. Governour, Major Generall, Major Richards, Mr. Russell, Major Hutchinson, Major Phillips, Mr. Addington and self went to Nantasket to see the Lieut. Generall Muster his Souldiers on Georges Island; went on board the Six Friends; urgd that might sail by the first ōportunity; came up to Town. And about 11 or 12 at night Major Hutchinson, Mr. Addington and S.S. with Mr. Eyre went down again carrying Carriages for field-pieces. Anchor'd at Nantasket about 3. When day, Augt. 9th, was come, went on board; the Generall pursuaded Him to make Signs of Sailing; then with the Lieut. Generall visited the Ships of War and other Vessels, directed as to the number of Souldiers each vessel was to have and order'd to make Signs of Sailing. Wind comes fresh from Sea; Go and dine at Hull with Sir William [Phips] and his lady and Mr. Hale: Come on board, order is given to unmore, to be in a readiness if the wind should spring up. About 6 wind veer'd and the Fleet came to sail, Four Ships of War, and 28 other. Brought up my Lady from Hull. Got up to Town about 9 at night; call'd at Cous. Quinsey's whom I found very ill.

Sept. 25. A printed sheet entituled publick Occurences comes out, which gives much distaste because not Licensed; and because of the passage referring to the French King and the Maquas.

Fri. Nov. 7, 1690. — News of Canada came from Salem. Shute comes into Boston that night or next morning, hath thrown over aboard more than Sixty persons since his going hence, most Indians of Plimouth. Town much fill'd with the discourse, and some cast blame on Major Walley; were nine weeks getting thether and landed not before the 7th or 8th of October.

Nov. 21. I accompanied Capt. Hill to the Funeral of Joseph Asgood, or Asbud, of Almsbury, a souldier of about 18 years old who died at Fort-hill of the Small-Pocks. Mr. Laurence, Capt. Davis's Son-in-Law, is buried this day; so that Five own Sisters are now Widows. 'Twas Tuesday, the 18th of November, that I heard of the death of Capt. Stephen Greenleaf, Lieut. James Smith and Ensign Wm. Longfellow, Sergt. Increase Pilsbury, who with Will Mitchell, Jabez Musgro, and four more were drown'd at Cape Britoon on Friday night the last of October."

SEAL OF SIR WM. PHIPS.

ROSTER.

Commander-in-Chief.

SIR WILLIAM PHIPS.

Major JOHN WALLEY . . . . . Barnstable.
Major THOMAS SAVAGE . . . . . Boston.
Major NATHANIEL WADE[1] . . . . . Medford.
General's Clerk, NATHANIEL BARNES,[2] Boston.

Chaplains.

Rev. JOHN HALE[3] . . . . . Beverly.
Rev. JOHN WISE[4] . . . . . Ipswich.
Rev. GRINDAL RAWSON[5] . . . . . Mendon.
Rev. JOHN EMERSON[6] . . . . . Charlestown.

Surgeons.

Dr. JOHN BARTON[7] . . . . . Salem.
Dr. DAVID BENNETT[8] . . . . . Rowley.
Dr. JAMES HOLGATE.
Dr. GEORGE JACKSON . . . . . Marblehead.

COMMISSIONED OFFICERS

OF THE

Essex Regiment.

Major SAMUEL WARD (d. 1690), Ipswich.
Capt. WILLIAM RAYMOND . . . . . Beverly.
Capt. NATHANIEL NORDEN . . . . . Marblehead.
Ensign SAMUEL BALCH . . . . . Beverly.
Capt. WILLIAM WORMALL (WORMWOOD?) . . . Lynn.
Capt. GEORGE CORWIN . . . . . Salem.
Capt. STEPHEN GREENLEAF[9] (d. Oct., 1690) . Newbury.
Capt. JOHN MARCH . . . . . Newbury.
Lieut. JONATHAN ALLEN . . . . . Salisbury.
Lieut. STEPHEN JOHNSON . . . . . Andover.
Lieut. JAMES SMITH (d. Oct., 1690) . . Newbury.
Ensign WILLIAM LONGFELLOW (d. Oct., 1690), Newbury.
Ensign LAWRENCE HART . . . . . Newbury.

Capt. Philip Nelson	Rowley.
Lieut. Abel Platts	Rowley.
Capt. Daniel King	Salem.
Ensign John King	Salem.

Middlesex Regiment.

Major Nathaniel Wade, Medford.

Capt. Ephraim Savage	Reading.
Lieut. Jonathan Poole	Reading.
Lieut. Nathaniel Goodwin	Reading.
Capt. John Call [9]	Charlestown.
Capt. Joseph Wilson [9]	Malden.
Capt. Ebenezer Prout	Concord.
Lieut. Nathaniel Barsham	Watertown.
Ensign Joseph Winn	Woburn.
Capt. Jonathan Danforth	Billerica.

Suffolk Regiment.

Major Thomas Savage, Boston.

Capt. John Wing	Boston.
Capt. Andrew Gardner	Muddy River.
Capt. Edward Willey	Boston.
Capt. Thomas Barnard	Boston.
Lieut. Ephraim Sale (d. 2 Dec., 1690)	Boston.
Capt. Ephraim Hunt	Weymouth.
Capt. Thomas Vose	Milton.
Capt. John Withington	Dorchester.
Capt. George Minot [9] (d. 1690)	Dorchester.
Lieut. Benjamin Willard	Lancaster.
Ensign Samuel Sumner.	
Capt. Thomas Andrews (d. 25 Nov., 1690)	Hingham.
Lieut. John Chubbuck (d. 26 Nov., 1690)	Hingham.
Ensign Joseph Joy	Hingham.

Plymouth Regiment.

Capt. Joseph Sylvester (d. 1690)	Scituate.
Lieut. John Witherell (d. 1690)	Scituate.
Ensign John Stetson (d. 1690)	Scituate.
Ensign Samuel Lucas	Plymouth.

Capt. JOHN GORHAM	Barnstable.
Lieut. JABEZ SNOW (d. 27 Dec., 1690) .	Eastham.
Ensign JAMES CLAGHORN	Barnstable.
Capt. SAMUEL GALLUP	Bristol.
Lieut. PRESERVED ABEL	Rehoboth.
Ensign SOLOMON SMITH	Rehoboth.

Indian Company.

Lieut. THOMAS SWIFT	Sandwich.

[1] Maj. Nathaniel Wade, born about 1648, was a son of Jonathan and Susannah Wade, of Ipswich. He married, 31 Oct., 1672, Mercy, youngest daughter of Gov. Simon Bradstreet. He was a freeman in 1685 and representative in 1692 from Medford, where he resided and where he died 28 Nov., 1707.

[2] Nathaniel Barnes was of Boston as early as 1675, and in 1679 was chosen clerk of the writs. He occupied about this time a small room in the town house at the west end, which was afterward occupied by another scrivener of note, John Hayward, the Notary Public.

[3] Rev. John Hale was the eldest child of Robert Hale, of Charlestown, and born there 3 June, 1636. A graduate of Harvard College in 1657, he married (1) Rebecca Byley, (2) Sarah Noyes, (3) Elizabeth Clark, and was settled at Beverly as minister. He died 15 May, 1700.

[4] Rev. John Wise was the son of Joseph and Mary (Thompson) Wise, of Roxbury, and born there 15 Aug., 1652. A graduate of Harvard College in 1673, he married Abigail Gardner, of Roxbury. First settled at Branford, Conn., as a chaplain under Major Treat, of Connecticut, he participated in King Philip's war, after which he was a few years at Hatfield. He was ordained at Ipswich, in Chebacco Parish (Essex), and suffered imprisonment with Appleton at the hands of Andros, and was also fined. He died 8 April, 1725.

[5] Rev. Grindal Rawson was the son of Edward and Rachel (Pirne) Rawson, of Newbury and Boston. He was born in Newbury 23 Jan., 1659, and named after Grindal, Archbishop of Canterbury. His father was the Secretary of the Massachusetts Colony, 1650–1686.

Grindal was graduated at Harvard in 1678, and was the second minister at Mendon, ordained 7 April, 1684. A freeman in 1683, he married Susanna, daughter of Rev. John White, of Medfield, and died 6 Feb., 1715.

[6] Rev. John Emerson was nephew of Rev. John Emerson, of Gloucester, and graduated at Harvard College in 1678. He was a teacher at Newbury, Gloucester, and Charlestown, and was chaplain of the forces under Capt. Jeremiah Swayne at Berwick in 1689.

He was made freeman in 1691. In 1699 he was appointed a teacher at Salem, where he taught till his death 10 March, 1712.

[7] Dr. John Barton, son of John, of Huntingdonshire, England, came to New England in 1672. He was originally an apothecary, but afterwards a physician, and as such was employed as an expert to examine the persons accused of witchcraft in 1692. He died at Barbadoes in December, 1694, as tradition states, of yellow fever.

[8] Dr. David Bennett, of Rowley, was the husband of Rebecca, daughter of Capt. Roger Spencer and sister of the wife of Sir William Phips. His son Spencer, born 6 June, 1685, was adopted by Phips and became Spencer Phips, Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts in 1733. Dr. Bennett died 4 Feb., 1719, and is said to have been 103 years old, which, however, is doubtful.

[9] Rank in the militia, a lieutenant.

QUEBEC MEDALS ISSUED BY FRANCE TO COMMEMORATE THE EXPEDITION.

Soldiers were detailed from the Massachusetts Regiments as stated below:

Regiments.	Men
Major Quincy	390
" Phillips	384
" Hutchinson	320
" Henchman	308
" Appleton	308
" Gedney	308
" Saltonstall	282
Total	2,300

SOME VESSELS OF THE FLEET AND THEIR COMMANDERS.

Six Friends, 44 guns, 200 men, Capt. Gregory Sugars. (The Admiral, Sir William Phips's vessel.)

John and Thomas, 26 guns, 80 men, Capt. Thomas Carter. (The Vice Admiral's vessel.)

The Swan, Capt. Thomas Gilbert. (Rear Admiral's vessel.)

The America Merchant, Capt. Joseph Eldridge.

A Frigate, 24 guns, 150 men.
A Brigantine, 8 guns, 70 men.
Sloop, Mary, 4 guns, 50 men, Capt. Nathaniel Hatch.
} N.Y.

The Adventure (brigantine), Capt. William Bradlow.

A Brigantine of Capt. Ebenezer Prout.

The Mary (a brigantine belonging to John Bonner), 67 men, Capt. John Rainsford of Winsor.

A Sloop of Thomas Brooks.

The Snow America, Capt. Joseph Parsons.

Sloop, Mary, Capt. Benjamin Gallop.

Ketch, Fraternity.

The Ketch, Hannah and Mary, Capt. Thomas Parker.

The Ketch, Mary Ann, Capt. Gregory Sugars, jr.

A vessel, Capt. Andrew Belcher.

Blessed William of New York, Capt. William Masson.

Brigantine, John & Catherine of New York, Capt. Francis Goderis.

Sloop, Edward, Capt John Swinton.

MASSACHUSETTS TOWNS IN 1690 AND DATE OF INCORPORATION.

Amesbury	1668	Marlborough	1660
Andover	1646	Marshfield	1640
Barnstable	1639	Medfield	1651
Beverly	1668	Medford	1631
Billerica	1655	Mendon	1667
Boston	1630	Middleborough	1669
Boxford	1685	Milton	1662
Bradford	1675	Nantucket	1687
Braintree	1640	Newbury	1635
Bridgewater	1656	Newton	1688
Cambridge	1633	Northampton	1654
Charlestown	1629	Plymouth	1620
Chelmsford	1655	Reading	1644
Concord	1635	Rehoboth	1645
Dartmouth	1664	Rochester	1686
Dedham	1636	Rowley	1639
Deerfield	1682	Roxbury	1630
Dorchester	1630	Salem	1629
Dunstable	1673	Salisbury	1640
Duxbury	1637	Sandwich	1639
Eastham	1646	Scituate	1636
Edgartown	1671	Sherborn	1674
Falmouth	1686	Springfield	1636
Freetown	1688	Stow	1683
Gloucester	1639	Sudbury	1639
Groton	1655	Swanzey	1667
Hadley	1661	Taunton	1639
Hatfield	1670	Tisbury	1671
Haverhill	1645	Topsfield	1650
Hingham	1635	Watertown	1630
Hull	1644	Wenham	1643
Ipswich	1634	Westfield	1669
Lancaster	1653	Weymouth	1635
Lynn	1637	Woburn	1642
Malden	1649	Worcester	1684
Manchester	1645	Wrentham	1673
Marblehead	1649	Yarmouth	1639

LIST OF WOUNDED.

John Shattuck (Groton?) wounded in the arm.
Thomas Kelton, wounded in the foot.

Nicholas Badcock, sick.
John Stone, Charlestown, wounded.
Samuel Shatock (Shattuck), Watertown, amputation of toes.
Jno. Scoterbey, feet frozen.
Nathaniel Hastings, wounded.
Jno. Darbyshire, Lancaster, wounded.
Jonas Bond, Watertown, wounded.
Daniel Merrow, Reading, wounded.
John Prentice, New Cambridge, wounded in both arms.
Daniel Maccone, Cambridge Village.
Joseph Bush, Cambridge Village, wounded in the foot.
Samuel Andrews, Weymouth, wounded.
John Paige, Groton, wounded.
Thomas Extall, Sudbury, wounded.
Obadiah Ward, Sudbury, wounded.
Jos. Deane, Concord, feet frozen and toes amputated.
Samuel Fox, Concord, froze.
Jacob Adams, Charlestown, wounded.
John Morse, Newbury, wounded (servant to Mr. Noyes).
James Bridges, Andover, feet froze.
Richard Bridges, Ipswich (servant of Nehemiah Abbott), feet froze.
Joseph Bredeen, wounded in the foot.
Daniel Knight, foot froze, amputation 5 joints.
William Dennis, wounded in leg.
John Anderson, Ipswich, foot wounded.
Thomas Hovey, Ipswich, foot froze on return expedition.
John Raymond, wounded in both legs.
George Trow, wounded by a ball in the back.
Sergt. John Lane, feet frozen.
Benjamin Plummer, wound in the shoulder.
John Fairfield, feet froze on return of expedition.
Michael Coombs, wounded.

CANADA TOWNSHIPS.

EXTRACTS FROM MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES.

[*Mass. House Journal, June 26, 1735.*]

Robert Hale, Esq; from the Committee appointed last night on the Grants to the *Canada* Officers and Soldiers, &c. *Anno* 1690, made report, which was read accepted, and thereupon the following Vote passed, viz. *Whereas it has been ordered by this Court that the several Committees appointed to lay out the Towns granted in answer to the Petitions of the* Canada *Soldiers in their*

Expedition Anno 1690, *shall take Bonds of the Grantees for the performance of the Conditions of their respective Grants; and whereas by reason of the Death of most of the said soldiers, and minority or inability of many of their Heirs and Descendants, the intention of the Court in rewarding their Service, and for settling the Lands may be defeated without the special direction of this Court:*

Ordered, That the said Committees and all others that may hereafter be appointed by this Court for that Service on Petitions for *Canada* Soldiers in that Expedition, shall take Bond of One, personally the Heir Descendant or Representative of one Soldier (preference to be given to the eldest Male if such there be, otherwise the eldest Female, who shall appear at such time and place as the Committee shall appoint and give publick notice of) and the Grant shall belong to such Obligor his heirs and assigns for ever (provided the Conditions of the Bond be performed) such Obligor paying to the other Descendants or Heirs such proportionable part of *Ten Pounds* as such Descendants or Heirs would be intitled to in the Land, if said Land descended according to the Law of this Province for the Settlement of Intestate Estates, and also what charge any of said Descendants may have been at to prove or bring forward said Claims. Sent up for Concurrence.

[*Mass. Court Records, Jan. 16, 1735-6.*]

The Deputy Secretary was Sent down to the House with the following Message from the Board vizt —

The Board tak^{g} into Consideration, as well the Several Grants made by the House Upon petitions for Townships of the Canada Officers and Soldiers that have pass'd the whole Court, as those Depending at the Board, & finding the form & the direction of the Descent of the Estate to be Essentially differing; which the Board Apprehend is only inconsistant, but also Unequal and Unjust as to the Different form of the Grants, pass'd thro' the whole Court; the Board observe that on the four first petitions vizt Gallop, Newell, Tileston, & Tiltons, there Seems to be an Inconsistancy, the Grantees therein being obliged to give

Bond to the Com^{tees} Appointed to lay out the same and Yet the said Com^{tees} are to Transmit into the Secretarys office, Lists of the Grantees names and places of Abode to be Regulated by an after Com^{tee} which Necessarily Implys giving Bonds before Admission In the order; on two Several petitions of Shubal Goreham & Samuel King the Board observed no Bonds Ordered to be Given or lists to be Transmitted as above; In the Order on the three Several petitions of Ebenezer Hunt of William Raymond & Joseph Silvester, no list is Ordered to be taken or transmitted for future Regulation; The Board therefore propose to the Honble House that a Com^{tee} of this Court be Appointed to take a List of the names and places of Abode of said Officers and Soldiers and of the Descendants of such as are deceased, in Order to a Regulation by a Com^{tee} of this Court, and so Sixty of them may be Admitted Grantees and Settlers in each Township of Six Miles Square, to be laid out pursuant to such forementioned Regulation; And as to the Descent of the Estate Granted to the said Officers and Soldiers, the Board observe that in all those made by the whole Court, they all Agree Except that made to Capt Silvester & his men; which last mentioned is not to the Descendants of those that are dec'ed as the others are; Which General Method of Descent the Board are of Opinion is not only most practicable, but also most Reasonable and just, and will be Attended with much less Expence to the province and Greatly conduce to the Speedy fulfillment of the Conditions of the Grant; Therefore move that the said Silvester Grant may be Reduced to the said General Rule as well as the Rest of the Canada Grants. —

In the House of Represent^{a} Read & Referred to the next Sitting of the Court for Consideration —

[*Mass. Court Records, March 23, 1735–6.*]

On the Message from the Board to the House Referring to the late Grants of Townships as Entred the 16 Jan'ry 1735 —

In the House of Represent^{a} ORDERED That John Chandler Robert Hale and Daniel Epes Esq^{rs} with such as the Honble Board shall appoint be a Committee to take this Message under

Consideration and Report what may be proper in their Opinion for the Court to do for the More Effectual bringing forward the Settlement of the Canada Towns so Called lately granted by this Court

In Council Read and Concurr'd & Edmund Quincey William Dudley and Samuel Welles Esq^{rs} are Joined in the Affair —

[The same vote is entered again, March 26, 1736.]

[*Mass. Court Records, March 27, 1736.*]

The following Report of the Com^{tee} on the Affair of the Canada Towns was Read and Accepted by both Houses vizt

The Committee appointed to Consider and Report their Opinion what may be proper to be done on the Message from the Board of Jan'ry 16 last Relating to the more Effectual bringing forward the Settlement of the Canada Towns so Called, are of Opinion, That the Grants Respectivly of the four Townships vizt Gallop, Newell, Tileston, & Tiltons, so Called, which were made to the officers Soldiers in the Canada Expedition Anno 1690, and the Descendants of such as are Since Deceased, are well Explained by the Order of this Court of the 26 of June last; and the Several Com^{tees} Appointed to lay out and bring forward the Settlement of the Said Four Townships and all other Com^{tees} thereafter to be Appointed for the like Service, are by the same Order fully Impowred and Directed, as to the Admission of the Grantees &c, and shall be obliged to proceed Accordingly; And instead of their Transmitting into the Secretarys office Lists of the Respective Grantees &c they shall be and hereby are Obliged to take the best Care they can in Examining & Regulating the Claims of all persons that shall appear as heirs descendants or Represent^{a}, and shall make and keep fair lists of the names and places of Residence of the Respective Grantees or Settlers of the said Towns, in order to prevent Mistakes in Settling and Regulating the Claims and admission of the Grantees; And further the Com^{tee} are of Opinion, that the Grantees Admitted or that may be Admitted into the two Townships, Granted to Shubal Goreham & Samuel

King & others In which Grants, thro' Some omission, no Bonds are Ordered to be Given, there be the Same Bonds Given to the Treasurer of the Province and in the Same manner as has been ordered in and by the other Grants, that have been made to the Canada Soldiers That in as much as the Grants made to the Canada officers & Soldiers are to be laid out & the Settlers to be Admitted at the Expence of the province which Expence is not to be Reimbursed by the Grantees as is provided in the Grants of the line of Towns so Called the said Expence and Charge shall be Allowed & Advanced out of the publick Treasury to the Amount of Fifty pounds for each Township and no more and if it exceeds that sum it shall be paid by the Grantees before they draw their Lotts —

Consented to J. BELCHER

BEVERLY CANADA, HALESTOWN, WEARE, N.H.

(ITS EQUIVALENT RAYMOND, ME.)

[*Mass. House Journal, April 11, 1735.*]

A Petition of *Robert Hale* of *Beverly*, Esq; in behalf of the *Canada* Soldiers under the more immediate command of Capt. *William Rayment* of *Beverly*, and also of such other Soldiers, Inhabitants of said Town, who were in the *Canada* Expedition at the same time, *viz. Anno* 1690, praying that in consideration of the great hardships and fatigues they then underwent in and for the Service of their Country, they may obtain a Grant of six miles square of Land under such restrictions and limitations as to the Court may seem meet. Read and *Ordered*, That *John Chandler*, *Samuel Welles*, and *Daniel Epes*, Esqrs; and Mr. *Webb*, are desired to prepare a proper Vote for bringing forward the Settlement of the premises, and make report thereon.

[*Mass. Court Records, June 19, and House Journal, June 10, 1735.*]

A Petition of Robert Hale, Esqr in behalf of the officers & Soldiers that were in the Expedition Against Canada in the Year 1690 Under the Command of Capt William Raymond, most of whom belonged to the Town of Beverly, which Town has had

no Grant of land from the Province excepting, some few Narragansett Soldiers, and the heirs of the Pet^{rs} Grandfather, that the said Soldiers in the Canada Expedition endured Great hardship; And therefore praying for a Grant of land of Six miles Square for a Township for the said Soldiers & their Represent^{a} —

In the House of Represent^{a} Read & in Answer to this petition —

Voted That a tract of the Unappropriated Lands of the Province of the Contents of Six Miles Square be & hereby is Granted to the pet^{rs} their heirs and assigns Respectivly for a Township, to lye in some Suitable place so as not to Spoil or incommode the Settlement of another Town, and that the Grantees be & hereby are obliged to bring forward the Settlement of the said Township in as Regular and Defensible a manner as the Situation & Circumstances of the place will Admit of, in the following manner, vizt that each Grantee or his heirs or assignes build an house on his Respective Lot or share of Eighteen feet Square and Seven feet Stud at the Least, and plow and bring to English Grass & fit for mowing, Six Acres of Land; and that they Settle a Learned Orthodox Minister and Build a Convenient Meeting house for the Publick Worship of God, That one Sixty third part of the Township be and hereby is Granted to the first Settled Minister, the like quantity for the use of the Ministry, and the like quantity also for the use of the School; in all the divisions of the said Township; That the said Grantees be and hereby are obliged to comply with all the conditions within five Years; and that Robert Hale and John Wainwright Esq^{rs} with such as shall be Appointed by the Honble Board, be a Com^{tee} to lay out the said Township, at the Charge of the Province; and the committee is directed to take Bond of each Grantee of Twenty pounds for the fulfillment of the conditions aforesaid, the bonds to be made to the Province Treasurer and in Case any of the Grantees fail of the performance of his Grant, such person shall forfeit all Right Title or pretence thereto to the Province to be disposed of as this Court shall think proper; The Com^{tee} to Return a Plat of the said Township to this Court within twelve months for Confirmation —

In Council Read & Concurr'd and Ebenezer Burrill Esqr is Joined wth the Com^{tee} of the House for the above Affairs. —

[*Mass. House Journal, June 19, 1735.*]

John Jeffries, Esqr; brought down the Petition of *Robert Hale,* Esq; in behalf of sundry *Canada* Soldiers and Officers of *Beverly, Anno* 1690, with the Vote of the House of the 10th. currant thereon, Pass'd in Council *viz.* In Council June 19th. 1735. Read and concur'd with the Amendment, *viz.* dele the words — *with the first Division or Home-Lots — and insert — at the Charge of the Province, and the Committee is directed to take Bond of each Grantee of* Twenty Pounds *for the fulfilment of the Conditions aforesaid, the Bonds to be made to the Treasurer of the Province and in case any of the Grantees shall fail of the performance of his Grant, such Person shall forfeit all his Right Title and Pretence thereto to the Province, to be disposed of as this Court shall think proper; and that* Ebenezer Burrell, *Esq: be joined with* the Committee of the House on the affair.

Sent down for concurrence.

Read and concur'd.

[*Mass. Maps and Plans, Vol. 9, p. 14.*]

This plan is the Draught of a track of Land laid out Laiying on the Wast sid of Mereymak River adjoining the South sid to a Township Latly Surveyed by Jerahmeel Cummings and laid out to satesfy a grant made by the General Courtt to Capt William Rayment and others at there sessions in May 1735, and Contains 24682 acres being of Contants of six miles square with the adition of 1642 acars allowed for Swag of Chaine and Bad Land.

Sorveyed by me WILLIAM GREGG — Sorveyor

Londondery febrwary 17th 1735.

BEVERLY CANADA.

BEVELY, January 9th, 1734–5.

These are to desire all the Officers & Soldiers that were under Capt. William Raymont in the year 1690, or any other of our Neighbors that were on that Expedition to Canada, against the French & Indian Enemy, are desired to assemble & meet together at the House of Mr. William Trow of Bevely on thirsday the 23d Day of this instant, at nine of the Clock in the forenoon; then and there to choose a Moderator & a Clerk & to do any other thing or things that shall be thought needful to be done on said day.

JOSEPH HERRICK,
NATHANIEL RAYMOND,
NATHANIEL PORTHER.

BEVELY, January 23d, 1734–5.

At a Meeting of the Canada Soldiers that were under the Command of Capt. William Raymont & others of their Neighbours that were in that Expedition to Canada, 1690.

Mr. Joseph Herrick was chosen Moderator.

Nathaniel Porter was chosen Clerk & Treasurer of s^d^ Society. Robert Hale, Esq., was chosen to put in a Petition to the Great & General Court in Behalf of s^d^ Society.

Robert Hale, Esq., M^r^. Joseph Herrick & M^r^. Nath'l Porter, are chosen a Committee to draw up a new List & Strike out those who don't pay their part of the Expenses & put in other in their Room.

Voted, that the Committee last chosen are impowerd to call meetings from Time to time as often as there shall be Occasion.

Voted, that the P. Committee are also impowerd to draw Money out of the Treasury as often as there shall be Occasion, and then the Meeting was disolved.

Note. All such as entered their Names at this Meeting paid each his 5/^s^ to the Treasurer to carry on the cost of Petitioning & after this Meeting, the afores^d^ Com^tee^ called another & at that compleated their List to the number of Sixty, all which paid as aforesd 5/^s^ each, which amounted to £15.

Hereafter follows the List of such of the Canada Soldiers as belong to the afors[d] Society, together with the Names of such as have appeared & paid the charge of Petitioning, viz[t].

List of Soldiers and their Representatives : —

For	Cap[t]. Wil[m]. Rayment,	appeared	Josiah Batchelder
"	Ens. Samuel Balch,	"	Samuel Balch
"	Serj. Richard Woodberry,	"	Rich[d]. Woodberry
"	Serj. Hazadiah Smith,	"	Samuel Smith
"	Corp. Roger Hill,	"	Lebulon Hill
"	Corp. Samuel Barton,	"	Samuel Barton
"	Corp. Joseph Woodberry,	"	Joseph Woodberry
"	Corp. John Grover,	"	Robert Hale
"	Clerk Joshua Wallis,	"	Caleb Wallis
"	John Rayment,	"	Nath'l Rayment
"	Nath'l Rayment,	"	himself
"	Tobias Trow,	"	Benjamin Trow
"	George Trow,	"	himself
"	Jonathan Herrick,	"	Capt. Henry Herrick
"	William Wood,	"	Anthony Wood
"	Anthony Wood,	"	Deacon Israel Wood
"	William Trask,	"	Samuel Trask
"	William Carr,	"	Benjamin Trask
"	John Craige,	"	Benjamin Trow
"	Lawrence } Dennis,	"	Thomas Pitman
"	James } Dennis,		
"	William } Dennis,		
"	John Bill,	"	Edward Trask
"	Robert Colborn,	"	Robert Baker
"	George Harris,	"	Samuel Harris
"	Thomas Patch,	"	being still living appeared by themselves.
"	William Curtis,		
"	Joseph Herrick,		
"	Nathaniel Porter,		
"	Isaac Goodale,		
"	Gabriel Whood,		
"	Moses Gage,		
"	Joseph Morgan,		
"	John Liah, }	"	Robert Hale
"	Joseph Fenton, }		
"	John Dodge,	"	John Dodge
"	Benjamin Daland,	"	George Daland
"	Thomas Lee,	"	John Lee Jun.
"	John Wheeler,	"	Thomas Hill
"	George Wyatt,	"	George Wyatt

For	James Meads,	appeared	Henry Hale
"	Edmund Severry,	"	Thomas Porter
"	William Somerby,	"	Joseph Herrick Jun.
"	Eleazer Putnam,	"	Sam^{el} Putnam
"	Charles Stearns,	"	Samuel Stearns
"	John Poole,	"	Jonath^{n} Poole
"	Adam Page,	"	Moses Gage
"	Samuel Morgan,	"	John Morgan
"	Thomas Blashfield,	"	Henry Blashford
"	David Ellinwood,	"	Ebenezer Ellinwood
"	Jonathan Stone,	"	Samuel Stone
"	Humphrey French,	"	Nathaniel Gold
"	John Mitchel,	"	Robert Warner
"	Samuel Hibberd,	"	Jonathan Hibberd
"	George Gray,	"	George Gray
"	John Morgan,	"	John Morgan
"	Lieut. Exercise Conant,	"	Nathaniel Porter
"	Robert Warren,	"	himself
"	Joseph Trumble,	"	William Trow
"	John Allen,	"	Henry Hale

Bevely, April 7, 1735.

The aforegoing is a Copy of the List taken out of clerk Porter's Book & stands there signed by Robert Hale.

NATH^{EL} PORTER, } Com^{ee}.
JOSEPH HERRICK, }

Raymond, Me., granted in 1767 as an equivalent grant and named after Capt. William Raymond.

DORCHESTER CANADA.

A list of the names of the soldiers under the command of Capt. John Withington, Oct. 3, 1690:

Capt. Joh. Withington,	Sargt. Ammiel Weeks,	Corp. John Pope,
Left. George Minott,	Sargt. Richard Butt,	Corp. Joseph Curtis,
Insine Samuel Sumner,	Sargt. Samuel Sumner,	Corp. George Holmes,
	Sargt. Increase Modsley,	

Joseph Weeks Clarke, Joseph Trescott, Drummer.

Ebenezer Sumner,[1]
Henry Lyon,[1]
Eliab Lyon,[1]
Unight Modsley,
William Chency,
Peter Calley,
Ebenezer Poope,
William Sumner,[1]
Eleazer Walles,
William Cooke,
Joseph Long,
Thomas Weeks,
Thomas Andrews,
William Sumner,
Samuel Sandras,[3]
Edward Waitte,
Benieman Hewens,
James Swift,[1]
Hopstill Sandras,[3]
Solomon Clarke,
John Lord,
Consider Atherton,
Jezeniah Sumner,[1] [4]

Adam Barr,
James Robinson,
Cornelius Tileston,
Richard Euins,
Samuel Hicks,
John Tolman,
John Jones,
Ebenezer Crane,[1]
Samuel Chandler,
William Fowst,
William Belshar,
David Stevenson,
Henry Jackson,
Thomas Bird,
Augusten Clements,
William Swift,[1]
Moses Chaplain,
Joshua Shoot,
John Anderson,
John Leeds,
Isaac Caps,
John Crowhore,[1]

These on bord Capt. B—y,

Corp. Daniell Hensha,[2]
William Blake,[1]
John Gulliver,[1]
William George,
Joseph Atherton,
Samuel Triscott,[1]
Thomas Kelton,
John Morrill,
James Morey,
Edward Clapp,[1]
Jehosephat Crabtree,
John Briant,
Robert Hersay,
Charles Readman,[1]
William Baker,
Matthew Mapley,
John Jones,
Elias Moonke.

This list was found among the papers left by Ebenezer Clap, son of Nathaniel, who was one of the active citizens of the town about the time the company was raised. It is presumed that the fate of many of those who never returned was for a long time doubtful; as, twenty years after the expedition left Dorchester, Ezra Clap, of Milton, made provision in his will for his son Edward if he ever returned. June 19, 1735, the General Court of Massachusetts granted to the survivors of that expedition, and to the heirs of those who were lost, a township of land in the northern part of Worcester County, which was called Dorchester Canada. This was incorporated into a town in 1765, and called Ashburnham. The rights to these lands were sold from time to time. Hezekia Barbour, of Dorchester, purchased a number of them; also Thomas Tilestone.

The following list of names is given in the Mass. Archives, Vol. XXXVI., p. 153, and credited to Dorchester in Capt. John Whittington's Company:

---

[1] Milton men. [2] Henshaw. [3] Sanders. [4] Jaziniah.

Amiel Weekes,
Thomas Bird,
Joseph Curtis,
Peter Calley, jun.,
Isaac Cops (Indian),
Moses Chaplin,
William Cheney,
Samuel Hicks,
Henry Lyon,
Eliab Lyon,
Joseph Long,
Unite Moseley,
Ebenezer Pope,
William Robeson (Indian),
Ebenezer Sumner,
William Sumner,
William Sumner,
Joseph Trescott,
Caesar Willys.

Autographs of some of the following appear:

Thomas Bird,
Moses Chaplin,
William Cheney,
Solomon Clarke,
William Cocke,
Isaac Cups,
Joseph Curtis,
Augustine Clements,
Henry Jackson,
Peter Kelly,
Henry Lyon,
Eliab Lyon,
Joseph Long,
Unite Moseley,
John Pope,
Ebenezer Pope,
Ebenezer Sumner,
William Sumner,
Samuel Sumner,
Jeremiah Sumner,
Joshua Shute,
William Sumner,
Joseph Trescott.

Vol. XXXVI., p. 154.

The following are credited to Dedham:

George Blackman,
Benjamin Fairbanks,
Benjamin Freeman,
Hezekiah Gay,
James Grant,
Samuel Metcalf,
Daniel Mackerwethy,
Jacob Noues (Newell?),
Daniel Pond, jun.,
Joseph Sever, (?)
Samuel Stearns,
James Thorp,
John Thorp,
Jonathan Whiting.

Vol. XXXVI., p. 153.

The following are credited to Milton:

Daniel Henshaw, junr.,
Ens. Samuel Sumner,
Zachariah (Jazaniah?) Sumner.

Vol. XXXVI., p. 153.

Samuel and William Sumner were lost on the expedition.

MEDFIELD.

Medfield was ordered to furnish its quota of soldiers. For some reason the court abated to Medfield ten soldiers; the rest were ordered to appear at Braintree, August 4, at twelve o'clock. One man at least, John Smith, Jr., is known to have gone from this town, and perished in that undertaking.

In Vol. XXXVI., p. 152, the following are given as from Medfield; if so, there were some from neighboring towns.

James Alin,
Benjamin Bugby,
Robert Cosh,
Samuel Danel,
Robert Danel,
Jonathan Fisher,
James Frizel,
John George,
Israel Harsse,
Jeremiah Parker,
Samuel Perry,
William Willis.

BRAINTREE RECORDS.

"Upon the 9th day of August ther went out a fleet Souldiers to Canadee in the year 1690, and the small pox was abord and they died, sixe of it; four thrown overbord at Cap an, Corporall John Parmtr,[1] Isaak Thayr, Ephraim Copeland and Ebenezer Owin, Thes and Samuel Bas, and John Cheny was thrown overbord at Nantaskett.

"Serjant Thomas Faxon died of the small pox and was buried at Waymoth.

"John Harber, son of the widow harber who received a wound by a bulet in an ingagement at the estward lay lame several weeks of his wound afterwards took the smal pox and died the 4th of February 1690, at Brantree.

"Joseph Peniman son of Joseph Paniman sickened and died of a fever soon after he came from Canadee he being one of the souldiers: upon 22 of January 16$\frac{90}{91}$."

Corporal William Forrest, of Capt. John Withington's Company, was from Braintree.

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[1] Parmenter.

DORCHESTER CANADA, ASHBURNHAM, MASS.

The sixty rights in the township were assigned as follows :

1 — Thomas Wilder of Lancaster in Right of His wife Susannah eldest Daughter to John Pope.

2 — John Swift Junr of Framingham in the Right of His Father Mr John Swift eldest Brother to William Swift.

3 — Joseph Warren of Roxbury in the Right of Elias Monk of Stoughton.

4 — Benjamin Cheney of Dorchester in the Right of his Brother William Cheney.

5 — Joseph Triscott of Dorchester in the Right of His Father Joseph Triscott.

6 — Humphrey Atherton of Stoughton in the Right of His Father Consider Atherton.

7 — Jonathan Chandler of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Samuel Chandler.

8 — Matathias Evens of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Richard Evens at the Desire of his Eldest Brother Thomas Evens.

9 — John Toalman Junr in the Right of His Father John Toalman of Dorchester and at His Desire.

10 — Seth Sumner of Milton in the Right of His Uncle Josianiah Sumner at the Desire of His uncle William Sumner.

11 — John Robinson Junr of Dorchester in Behalf of his Father John Robinson eldest Brother to James Robinson.

12 — Ebenezer Crane of Braintree in the Right of Ebenezer Crane.

13 — William Blake of Milton in the Right of James Morey in Behalf of his Mother Martha Blake eldest Daughter to said James Morey.

14 — John Andrews of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Thomas Andrews.

15 — Joseph Leads of Dorchester in Behalf of His Wife Mary eldest Sister to Joseph Weeks.

16 — Thomas Lyon Junr of Dorchester in Behalf of His Father Thomas Lyon Eldest Brother to Henry Lyon.

17 — Richard Withington of Dorchester in the Right of His Father Capt John Withington.

18 — Joseph Weeks of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Thomas Weeks.

19 — Mr William Cooper of Boston in the Right of Benjamin Hewins, at the Desire of Joseph Hewins eldest Brother of said Benjamin Hewins.

20 — Obadiah Swift of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother James Swift.

21 — Hezekiah Barber of Dorchester in the Right of Yonnite Modsley at the Desire of His Brother Thomas Modsley.

22 — Ralph Pope of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Ebenezer Pope.
23 — Samuel Butt of Dorchester in the Right of His Uncle Richard But.
24 — David Joans of Wrentham in the Right of His Uncle John Joans.
25 — Samuel Sumner of Taunton in the Right of His Father Samuel Sumner.
26 — Josiah Baker of Boston in the Right of His Uncle William Baker.
27 — Mr William Cooper of Boston in the Right of His Uncle George Menott.
28 — Edward Kelton of Dorchester in the Right of His Father Thomas Kelton.
29 — Robert Redman of Stoughton in the Right of His Father Charles Redman.
30 — Samuel Kneeland of Boston in the Right of Ammiel Weeks at the Desire of His son George Weeks.
31 — Neamiah Clap of Milton in the Right of His Brother Edward Clap.
32 — Timothy Tilestone of Dorchester in the Right of His Brother Cornelius Tilestone.
33 — Samuel Hinshua of Milten in the Right of Daniel Hinshua His Uncles son.
34 — Edward Sumner of Roxbury in the Right of His Uncle Samuel Sumner.
35 — Benjamin Sumner of Milten in the Right of His Brother William Sumner.
36 — Robert Cook of Needham in the Right of His Brother William Cook.
37 — Batholame Gold of Boston in the Right of His Uncle Ebenezer Sumner.
38 — John Charhore of Milten in the Right of His Uncle John Charhore.
39 — Benjamin Bird Junr of Dorchester in the Right of His Uncle Thomas Bird.
40 — Samuel Blake of Taunton in the Right of His uncle William Blake.
41 — Thomas Tilestone Esqr of Dorchester in the Right of Capt. John Galliver at the desire of Jonathan Galliver who was admitted a Settler.
42 — Timothy Mossman of Sudbury in the Right of His wive's Brother Samuel Hix.
43 — Joshua George of Attleborough in the Right of His Brother William George.
44 — James Atherton of Harvard in the Right of His Uncle Joseph Atherton.
45 — William Sumner of Milton in the Right of William Sumner His Uncle Increase Sumners Son.
46 — Elizabeth Trescott of Milton in the Right of Her Brother Samuel Trescott.
47 — Joseph Chaplin of Roxbury in the Right of His Brother Moses Chaplin.

48 — Hezekiah Barber of Dorchester in the Right of Eliab Lyen at the Deseir of Zachariah Lyon Son of Nathaniel Lyon Eldest Brother to said Eliab Lyon.

49 — Waitestill Lyon of Dorchester in the Right of Her Uncle Edward Wiat.

50 — Benjamin Mansfield of Dorchester in the Right of His Neffue Peter Kelley.

51 — Samuel Burch of Dorchester in the Right of His Uncle Eliazer Wales.

52 — Isaac How of Dorchester in the Right of His Cussen Joseph Curtice.

53 — Thomas Tilestone Esqr of Dorchester in the Right of Hopestill Sanders in Behalf of John Sanders.

54 — William Royal of Stoughton in the Right of Samuel Sanders in Behalf of John Sanders.

55 — John Sheperd of Stoughton in the Right of His Uncle John Sheperd — Maj^r Wade.

56 — Philip Gooding of Stoughton who sarved under Maj^r Wade.

[1] 57 — Joseph Wilder Esqr of Lancaster in the Right of His Uncle Samuel Wheeler who sarved in the Expedition to Canada under Maj^r Nathaniel Wade.

58 — Nathan Heywood of Lunenburg in the Right of John Willis His Wives Father who sarved under Capt Savage.

[1] 59 — Oliver Wilder of Lancaster in the Right of Jonathan Fairbank who sarved under Capt Champney.

[1] 60 — Joseph Wheelock of Lancaster in the Right of His Uncle Timothy Wheelock who sarved under Capt Anderson.

SALEM CANADA.

[*Annals of Salem.*]

1690, June 10. Capt. Brown's troop are to draft 14 of their number

June 20 John Curwin and July 4 Daniel King are chosen captains for the Canada expedition.

July 29. There are 308 soldiers and seamen from Gedney's Regt. at Salem ready to embark for Canada.

Oct 13 To the family of each man in public service 2 / are to be paid every week.

Nov 25 Sick and wounded lately brought hither, Many of them strangers. These were part of the forces which had made an unsuccessful attack on Canada.

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[1] Lancaster men.

SALEM CANADA, LYNDEBORO, N.H.

[*Mass. Court Records, June 19, 1735.*]

A Petition of Samuel King & others, who were in the Expedition to Canada in the Year 1690 and the Descendants of such of them as are dead, praying for a Grant of Land for a Township in Consideration of their or their Ancestors Sufferings in the said Expedition —

In the House of Represent^a Read & *Voted* that the prayer of the petition be Granted and that M^r. Samuel Chandler & M^r. John Hobson, together with such as shall be Joined by the Honble Board, be a Com^tee at the Charge of the Government to lay out a Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square and West of the Narragansett Town Called Number three and that they Return a Plat thereof to this Court within twelve Months for Confirmation; and for the more Effectual bringing forward the Settlement of the said New town, *Ordered* that the said Town be laid out into Sixty three Equal Shares, One of which to be for the first Settled Minister, One for the Ministry, and one for the School, and that on each of the other Sixty Shares the Petitioners do within three Years from the Confirmation of the Plan have Settled One Good family who shall have a house built on his Home lott of Eighteen feet Square and Seven feet Stud at the least, and finished, that each Right or Grant have Six Acres of Land brought to and plowed or brought to English Grass and fitted for mowing; That they Settle a learned orthodox Minister and build & finish a Convenient meeting house for the publick worship of God; provided that in Case any of the Lotts or Rights are not duly Settled in all Regards as aforesaid, then such Lott with the Rights thereof to Revert to and be at the Disposition of the Province

In Council Read & Concurr'd and Samuel Welles Esqr. is Joined in the Affair

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Layd out In May 1736 a Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square or 23040 acres and 1018 acres allowed for water &c which was Lay'd out To Sam^ll King and others Canada Soldiers In the year 1690 Lying on the west of Salem Naragansett Town

No 3 on the North Side of the Souheeg River Bounded as folows Begining at a Spruse Tree and Runs North By the Needle 2191 Perch on Province Land To a hemlock Tree marked then Runs East 1558 Pearch on Province Land To a Township adjoining To and Lying North of Salem Naragansett Town No 3 then Runs South on Said Township 640 perch to Township, granted to John Simpson & Others Then Runs East on s^d^ Town ship 402 perch To a stake & Stones then Runs South 1467 Perch on Said Salem Narragansett Town then Runs west 480 Perch on Duxbury School Farm to a stake and heap of Stones then Runs South 13 Perch on Said Farm To a popler Tree Marked then Runs west 1460 perch To the Spruse Tree First Named on Provence Land all which May appear By the plan above Layd Down by a Scale of 216 Pearch To an Inch the Swagg of Chain In this Town ship in 3 perch In one Hundred: by order of the Honourable Sam^ll^ Welles Esqr and Mr Sam^ll^ Chandler

℘ Stephen Hosmer Junr Surveyor

[*Mass. Court Records, and House Journal, Dec. 17, 1736.*]

In the House of Represent^a^ *Ordered* that Daniel Epes Esqr: be and hereby is Authorized & Impowred to assemble & Convene as soon as may be in Some Convenient place in the Town of Salem the proprietors or Grantees of the Township granted by this Court in June 1735, in Answer to the petition of Samuel King & others, who were in the Canada Expedition Anno 1690, to Chuse A Moderator & proprietors Clerk, & to pass such Votes & Orders &c as may be Agreeable to the bringing forward the Settlement of the Township, According to the Conditions of the Grant, as well as the Interest of the propriety; and to Agree upon a method how to Call future proprietors Meetings, as well as to Admit the Grantees to a Draught of their Home lots —

In Council Read & Concurr'd

Consented to J Belcher

These are to notify the proprietors of Salem Canada Township That they assemble together at Mrs. Pratts house in Salem on the 10th day of Decr next at ten o'clock in the forenoon to pass upon the accounts of Raising the Meetinghouse and other accounts that may then be laid before them.

Also to appoint a Committee to finish the Meetinghouse Also to consider and act what may be proper in regard to having the word of God preached to the Inhabitants living on the township — Also to see if the proprietors will do anything further in clearing roads, and whereas Mr John Cram was one of the first settlers in the Township and met with Great losses in his creatures, to consider of making him some allowances to him on s^{d} accounts — And whereas as many of the proprietors have neglected to pay in their tax already Voted & published whereby the settlement of the town is greatly retarded and other proprietors much damaged, these are to give notice that on the 10th day of Decr next in the afternoon there will be a public Vendue at Mrs Pratts house in Salem the following houselots with their after divisions viz 1, 3, 4, 7, 9, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20, 21, 24, 27, 28, 29, 35, 39, 40, 43, 45, 47, 48, 49, 60, 61, 62.

DAN^{L} EPES JR Proprietors Clerk.

Salem Octo 28 1741

A List of the persons admitted into ye Township Granted by the General Court to Capt Samuel King and others on ye first and Second Days of Septemb^{r}: Anno 1736.

Capt: Samuel King	on y^{e}	Right of	Ensign John King
Capt: Saml King	"	"	John King's Servant
Joseph Blany, Esqr:	"	"	Jos. Blany
M^{r}: Joseph Sweet	"	"	Jos. Sweat
M^{r}: Roger Derby	"	"	Wm. Derby
M^{r}: Daniel Epes, Jr.	"	"	
M^{r}: William King	"	"	Capt: Daniel King
M^{r}: Peter Martin	"	"	John Martin
M^{r}: William Hine	"	"	Benj^{a}: Norman
M^{r}: Daniel Epes, Junr:	"	"	Edward Britton
M^{r}: Thomas Cloutman	"	"	William Potes
M^{r}: William Webb	"	"	John Smith
M^{r}: Benj. Codner	"	"	Christ^{o}: Codner

Mr: Joseph Halett	on ye	Right of	Thomas White
Mr: Daniel Epes, Junr:	"	"	John Legroe
Mr: David Foster	"	"	Jonathan Foster
Mr: Bartholemew Jackson	"	"	George Jackson
Mr: John Dodd	"	"	John Dod
Mr: Samuel Osgood	"	"	John Walk
Mr: Joseph Hilliard	"	"	David Hilliard
Mr: Joseph Hilliard	"	"	Joseph Hilliard
Mr: Abell Robinson	"	"	William Robinson
Mr: Cornelius Tarball	"	"	Nicholas Ford
Daniel Epes, Esqr:	"	"	John Boen
Daniel Epes, Esqr:	"	"	Richard Blanch
Mr: John Gyles, Junr:	"	"	John Andrews
Mr: Jonathan Peal	"	"	George Peal
Mr: Ephraim Ingalls	"	"	Saml: Elsey
Mr: John Gardner	"	"	michael Coomes
Mr: Isaac Williams	"	"	Jona: Williams
Mr: Robert Swan	"	"	Joel Hunt
Mr: Daniel Epes, Junr:	"	"	John Pickworth
Mr: Edward Trask	"	"	William Trask
Mr: Isaac Knap	"	"	Isaac Knap
Mr: Simon Orn	"	"	William Norman
Mr: Simon Orn	"	"	Archeball Furgason
Mr: Stephen Daniel, Jun.	"	"	Stephen Daniel
Mr: John Bartell	"	"	Thomas Sortin
Mr: John Bartell	"	"	Robert Bartell
Mr: Benj. Goodhue	"	"	Thomas Searl
Mr: Isaac Knap	"	"	Jams: Knap
Mr: Joseph English	"	"	Thomas Beadle
Mr: Samuel Swacy	"	"	Stephen Swasey
Mr: Joseph Hilliard	"	"	Edward Hilliard
Mr: Jonathan Very	"	"	John Verry
Mr: Jonathan Very	"	"	John Archer
Mr: John Proctor	"	"	Benja: Procter
Mr: Phillip English	"	"	Joshua Hollingsworth
Benjamin Lynde, Jun. Esqr.	"	"	Peter Collier
Capt. Joseph Bowditch	"	"	William Bowditch
Mr: Joseph Killiard	"	"	Richard Petors
Mr: William Tapley	"	"	Robert Tapley
Mr: William Tapley	"	"	John Tapley
Mr: William Dixey	"	"	Samuel Dixey
Samuel Wells, Esqr:	"	"	John Beal
Mr: Joseph Clough	"	"	Thomas Hendley
Mr: Joseph Lambert	"	"	Samuel Lambert
Mr: Thomas Trott	"	"	Hilliard Williams
Joseph Blany, Esqr:	"	"	Nicholas Merrett

The above is an Exact List of all ye pro^s^ names who are admitted Grantees into ye Township Lying West of the Narragansett Township No. 3. Samue^ll^. Wells

in behalf of ye Com^t^: chosen by ye Generall Court for y^t^ purpose.

IPSWICH CANADA.

[*Ipswich Records.*]

14 May 1690 the town is to raise its part of twenty men in Essex Middle, to strengthen Albany and pursue the French and Indians.

4 June 1690 its part of thirty one more in the same regiment, and of four hundred in the Province.

19 June Nathaniel Rust is appointed Quarter-master for the Canada expedition.

17 July Ipswich is to raise its quota of fifteen, and 30 July of four hundred and eight recruits from Essex Middle Regiment, which are to be under Maj Samuel Appleton

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IPSWICH CANADA, WINCHENDON, MASS.

Essex, ss. At a Meeting of the Committee appointed by the General Court for the Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, to lay out a Township of the contents of six miles square, in answer to a petition of Abraham Tilton and others, officers and soldiers in the expedition to Canada, Anno 1690, the following persons were admitted as Grantees of said Township, and gave bonds to fulfil the Court's Order thereon.

Ipswich, April 13th, 1736.

Right entered on.	*Name.*	*Abode.*
Father	Thomas Berry, Esq.	Ipswich.
Own	Jonathan Wade, "	"
"	John Harris,	"
"	Thomas Hovey,	"
"	Abraham Perkins,	"
Husband and Father	Widow Rachel Rust,	"
Own	Abraham Tilton,	"
"	Benjamin White,	"
"	Samuel Poland,	"

Right entered on.	*Name.*	*Abode.*
Brother John	Thomas Lufkin,	Ipswich.
Brother Jacob	Thomas Lufkin is next friend to Mary Lufkin	"
Uncle Benedictus	Ebenezer Pulcepher,	Gloucester.
Father Moses	Jabez Sweet,	Ipswich.
Father's	Solomon Giddinge,	"
Brother William	Joseph Goodhue,	"
Father's	William Haskell,	Gloucester.
Brother Thomas	John Ring,	"
Uncle Joseph	Benjamin Chadwell,	Ipswich.
Brother John	Edward Nealand,	"
Uncle D. Denison	Nath. Rogers as Guardian to Jno. Jenison	"
Wife's Father Durgee	John Martin,	"
Father Servant	Isaac Knowlton,	"
Father's	John Thompson,	"
Uncle Joseph,	John Wood in the room of and by the consent of his father	"
Father's	John Downing by Ed. Eveleth his Attorney.	Boston.
Own	Thomas Perrin,	Rowley.
"	David Low,	Ipswich.
Uncle Moses Pierce,	Moses Wells,	"
Brother Thomas,	George Hart,	"
Father's	William Cogswell,	"
Brother Elisha,	Thomas Tredwell,	"
Brother Benjamin,	Jonathan Jewett, Jun.,	Rowley.
Father's,	Robert Cross,	Ipswich.
Own,	Adam Cogswell,	"
Uncle,	Benjamin Chadwell,	"
Father Whipple,	The Hon. Simonds Epes,	"
Uncle Freeman,	Nathaniel Clark,	"
Brother George,	Nathaniel Clark,	"
Dil. Caldwell,	Capt. Edward Eveleth by and at the request of Dilingham Caldwell	Ipswich.
Brother William,	Nathaniel Caldwell,	"
Father,	Henry Wise,	"
John Ayres,	Thomas Norton, Jun., at the request of Samuel Ayres, a Petitioner,	"
Own,	John Ross,	"
Father's,	Isaac Giddinge,	"

Right entered on.	*Name.*	*Abode.*
Thomas Metcalf,	Edward Eveleth at the request of Jos. Metcalf a Petitioner,	Ipswich.
Father's,	Moses Davis,	"
Grandfather,	Ephraim Fitts,	"
Pearce,	Thomas Boardman,	"
———	Edward Chapman,	"
———	John Goodhue,	"
Uncle Isaac,	Abraham Foster, Jun.,	"
Major Ward,	Doct. Nicholas Noyes,	Andover.
Father's,	John Pindar,	Ipswich.
Uncle Samuel,	Nathaniel Lord,	"
Uncle Edmond,	Samuel Ingalls,	"
Brother Aaron,	Moses Kimball,'	"
Uncle Cheney,	John Leighton,	"
Rob't Nelson,	Joseph Annable,	Beverly.
Math. Hooker,	Widow Mary Hooker,	Ipswich.
Uncle Saund,	Thomas Lord, Jun., at his Father, Jno. Lord's request,	"

ROWLEY CANADA.

In the expedition against Quebec, Rowley furnished one captain, one lieutenant, and thirty non-commissioned officers and privates. All their names cannot now be given, but the records, under date of May 6, 1691, show that the town paid the following-named persons, in bills of credit, the sums set against their respective names, for military services in Canada, viz.:

[*Extracts from Town Records.*]

	£	s.	d.
To Samuel Platts, for Lieut. Platts,	13	1	2
" Joseph Scott, " Sam'l Brown,	4	17	7
" Capt. Fisk, " Robert Claflin,	4	12	7
" Deacon Jewett, for his son Ezekiel Jewett,	5	0	3
" Thomas Nelson, Jr., for Samuel French,	4	15	11
" Goody Swan, for her husband, Richard Swan,	4	15	17
" Widow Wood, " " son, Ebenezer Wood,	10	1	2
" Margaret Wood, " " husband, Samuel Wood,	4	12	9
" Mrs. Hammond and Nath'l Crosby, for Jona. Crosby,	5	5	7
" Goody Bradstreet, for her husband, Nath'l Bradstreet,	3	14	3

		£	s.	d.
To Sergt. Jewett,	for his son, William Jewett,	4	14	1
" Grace Harris,	" William Searles,	6	2	0
" Sergt. Nelson,	" his son, Jona. Nelson,	4	15	5
" Nathan Wheeler,	" Benjamin Wheeler,	2	10	0
" Corp. John Pickard,	for Jeremiah Chadwell,	4	11	2
" John Platts,	for his brother, James Platts,	5	2	7
" Caleb Boynton,	for his son, Wm. Boynton,	4	15	3
" Goody Todd,	" her " Timothy Todd,	4	12	3
" Goody Todd,	" " " Samuel Todd,	1	3	2
" Goody Todd,	for her son, Timothy Todd, to Quochicha,		18	0
" Widow Wood	for Solomon Wood, "		18	0
" Nathaniel Crosby,	for his brother, Jona. Crosby. "	1	12	6

John Bailey died November 19, and Moses Wood, Nov. 25, 1690, on their way from Canada. What others died we know not.

Capt. Philip Nelson commanded the company from Rowley, and, by the petition of Joseph Jewett, Jr., to the Governor and Council, under date of April 22, 1691, it appears that Captain Nelson, with a part of his men at least, on board of Mr. Burrington's brigantine, Mr. Bradlow, commander, were driven off to Barbadoes, where Mr. Jewett's man (William Lyncoln) was left, and perhaps others with him.

In Mass. Archives, Vol. 37, p. 49, an account of guns, etc., used by the following Rowley men are mentioned:

Dr. David Bennett,	William Lincoln,
William Brown,	Edward Ranee,
John Hidens,	Sergeant Spofford,
Timothy Holms,	Samuel Smith,
William Jewets,	Capt. Philip Nelson.

ROWLEY CANADA, RINDGE, N.H.

(ITS EQUIVALENT, BRIDGTON, ME.)

[*Mass. House Journal, June 2, 1736.*]

A Petition of *Joseph Pike* for himself and sundry others, Officers and Soldiers in the *Canada* Expedition *Anno* 1690, shewing that they have formerly petitioned this Court for a Township, which has never yet had the favor of passing thro' the whole Court, praying they may now obtain the Grant of a Township in some suitable place in consideration of their services and sufferings in that Expedition, for the reasons mentioned. Read and *Ordered*, That this Petition be taken under consideration to morrow morning.

[*Mass. House Journal, June 4, 1736.*]

The Petition of *Joseph Pike* for himself and others, *Canada* Officers and Soldiers, as also the Petition of *John Platts* and

John Stewart, Canada Officers and Soldiers *Anno* 1690, praying for Lands, as entred the second currant. Read again, and *Ordered*, That Capt. *Hobson* and Capt. *Rolfe*, be desired to prepare proper Votes in favour of the Petitions, subjecting the Settlement of the Lands to the Usual Conditions of Settlement.

[*Mass. House Journal, Dec. 9, 1736.*]

A Petition of *John Tyler* and *Joseph Pike* and other *Canada* Soldiers *Anno* 1690, as entred the 27*th.* of *June* 1735 was read, and the House came into the Grant of a Township of the contents of six miles square, in some suitable place, on the same Conditions of Settlement with the former, and Capt. *Hobson*, and Major *Charles Pierce*, with such as the honourable Board shall join be the Committee.

Sent up for concurrence.

[*Mass. House Journal, Jan. 20, 1738-9.*]

A Plat containing six Miles square of Land, with an Allowance of ten thousand Acres for ten large Ponds and a large shrub Swamp about four Miles in length, surveyed and laid out by *Nathanael Haywood*, Surveyor, and two Chain-Men on Oath, to satisfy a Grant of this Court made to *John Tyler*, *Joseph Pike*, and others, that were either Officers or Soldiers in the *Canada* Expedition *Anno* 1690, bounded as follows, *viz.* Beginning at a Maple Tree the northerly Corner of *Dorchester Canada* Township, from thence running North 32 gr. East two Miles and 100 Poles to a heap of Stones, Thence North 22 gr. East four Miles thence North one Mile till it meets with the said Township granted to *Samuel Heywood* &c., thence West four Miles by the said Township to a southwesterly Corner thereof, thence North by said Township three Miles and 220 Poles, thence West 30 gr. South five Miles and 180 Perch to a wild Cherry Tree on the Southward of the great Monadnuck aforesaid, thence South 180 Perch, thence East 41 gr. South 2500 Perch to a heap of Stones, then North 12 gr. East one Mile to the northwardly Corner of

Dorchester Canada Township, being the Maple Tree first mentioned. Read and *Ordered*, That the Plat be accepted, and the Lands therein delineated and described, be and hereby are confirmed to the Grantees, their Heirs and Assigns respectively forever, they effectually complying with the Conditions of the Grant, provided the Plat exceeds not the contents of six Miles square, with the Allowance of ten thousand Acres for ten large Ponds and a large shrub Swamp included therein, and does not interfere with any former Grant.

Sent up for Concurrence.

PETITION OF PROPRIETORS OF RINDGE, 1760.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 117, p. 611.*]

To His Excellency Francis Bernard Esqr Governour & Commander in Chief of His Majesties Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England &c —

To the Honble His Majesties Council & House of Representatives in General Court Assembled the Seventeenth Day of Decr A.D. 1760 —

The PETITION of Benjamin Mullickin Thomas Perly & Moody Bridges Agents for the Proprietors of a Township Called & known by the Name of Rowly Cannada — Humbly Sheweth —

That the great & General Court of the Province Afores^{d} Made a Grant of a Tract of Land of the Contents of Six Miles Square to John Tyler Joseph Pike & others officers & Soldiers in the Cannada Expedition AD 1690 As a Gratuity for their Service in s^{d} Expedition

THAT on the 23^{d} Day of January AD 1739 a Plot of s^{d} Township was Return'd to the Court by the Com^{tee} Appointed to Lay out the Same, which was made Large On Account of Sundry Ponds & a Large Shrub Swamp Contain'd in the Bounds thereof Which was Accepted with this Restriction that Five Thousand Acres Only Should be Allow'd for ponds &c & the Com^{tee} were Directed to Conform the Plot Accordingly, Which Business of s^{d} Com^{tee} in Correcting s^{d} Plot was postpon'd 'till A.D. 1741 When the Dividing Line between s^{d} Province & the Province of New Hampshire

was Run which took the Greatest Part of s^{d} Township into s^{d} province of New Hapshire Therefore s^{d} Com^{tee} Never Conformed s^{d} Plot According to Court order —

But may it Please Your Excellency & Hon^{rs} The Proprietors of s^{d} Township Look'd upon themselves as Haveing Good Right to a Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square within the Limmits of s^{d} Plot Nothwithstanding the Neglect of s^{d} Com^{tee} in Conforming s^{d} Plot to the order of Court & Nothwithstanding the greatest part of it Fell into the Government of New Hampshire by the Settlement of s^{d} Line For Haveing had Recourse to the Commission of His Majesty For Marking out the Dividing Line of s^{d} Provinces they were Inform'd that His Majesty was Graciously Pleased to make a Declaration Against private Property being Affected thereby And they were Secure that Nothing would Impeach or Affect their Right to that part of s^{d} Township that Remain'd in the province of the Massachusetts Bay —

Wherefore the better to Extend His Majesties Dominions & to promote their own Interest the s^{d} prop^{rs} took Courage & began to make Improvements AD 1742 And by great Labour & Expence in Clearing Roads Building of Mills & Provideing Materials for a Meeting House for the Publick Worship of God the Charges of the prop^{rs} were greatly Augmented But the Commencement of a War with the Savages greatly Retarded the Settlement of s^{d} Township But as Soon as the war was over they Return'd to their Possessions & made good progress in Bringing Forward Settlements till A.D. 1749 When the Honble Joseph Blanchard Esqr of Dunstable Signified to s^{d} prop^{rs} that s^{d} Township was Claim'd by Certain Gentlemen in New Hampshire Afores^{d} by Virtue of an Ancient Patent Called Masons Patent which Moved s^{d} prop^{rs} to Send a Com^{tee} to Treat with the s^{d} Joseph Blanchard Esqr (Who Represented s^{d} Gentlemen) In order For an Accommodation Whom when they had Treated upon the premises were in Suspense whither s^{d} Township was Included in s^{d} patent and So they let the Matter Subside till they Could Measure from the Sea Sixty Miles west to find the Extent of it which Accordingly was Done at the Expence of s^{d} prop^{rs} and they found that a Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square Might be made within the Limmits of s^{d} plot which s^{d}

patent Could Not Affect and Accordingly Return was made to Col° Blanchard that s^d Sixty Mile Line took so Inconsiderable a part of What was Included in s^d Plot that they tho't it Not Convenient to Ask for it Seeing they Had Enough for a Township without it

And Now may it Please your Excellency & Hon^rs Notwithstanding the Caution of s^d Prop^rs in Labouring to Secure to themselves if possible the Benefit of their Labour Said Township was Granted by the proprietors of s^d Patent to a Number of Men who were not of the Prop^rs of Rowly — Cannada Afores^d Nor had s^d Proprietors Ever after s^d Treaty with Col° Blanchard An offer of s^d Township But were Utterly Excluded by the Afores^d Grant and on the 5th Day of Septr AD 1751 An Action was Commenced Against One Joseph Plats of the proprietors Holding Under the Massach^ts Government by One Sam^ll Johnson Holding under the Proprietors of s^d patent which after Several Years Continuance from Term to Term Judgment was Finally made up in the Superior Court in Favour of s^d Johnson & Execution Issued in the Imprisonment of s^d Plats & Terminated in great Cost & Expence to s^d prop^rs & in the Loss of s^d Township For Notwithstanding s^d proprietors Prov'd their Right to s^d Township as Granted by the province of the Massachusetts Bay & that it Laye without s^d Patent & prov'd their Right to the Soil by Virtue of the Deed of the Massachusetts province from the Council of Plymouth & his Majesties Direction Against private Property being affected by the Settlement of the Line as Afores^d Yet it was Alledged & strongly Urg'd that the Massachusetts Government was None other than a Corporation and that therefore they had No Right in Fee to the Soil of their own Province Much less to Rowly Cannada which Lay in New hampshire So that the proprietors wer Discouraged from Makeing any Further Trial in the Courts of New hampshire And were Obliged to Evacuate their Settlements And the prop^rs Holding Under the Lords of s^d Patent Have taken Possession of the Houses & Lands of the prop^rs of s^d Rowly Cannada Nor have they been Able to Obtain Any Redress Haveing Apply'd to the Prop^rs of s^d Patent & to the prop^rs Holding Under them but all to No purpose The Prop^rs Also as Individuals have Apply'd to those

who Enjoy their Houses & the Benefit of their Labour But there is Not a Single Instance wherein any one of them have Rec^{d} Any Consideration —

THAT the Great & General Court of the province of the Massachusetts Bay Through Some Miss Information (as Your Petitioners Conceive) Did in the Year 1752 make Sale of Several Thousand Acres of Land Included in the afores^{d} Plot which Lay in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay Afores^{d} & was Not taken off by the Dividing Line of s^{d} Provinces So that the prop^{rs} Have Now No Dependance but upon the Interposition of the great & General Court afores^{d} for Relief in their Unfortunate & Distressing Circumstances —

THEREFORE Your Petitioners in Behalf of the prop^{rs} of Rowly Cannada Afores^{d} Humbly Intreat Your Excellency & Hon^{rs} to Take the premises into your Wise Consideration and in Your great Wisdom & Justice Grant them the Relief which they Humbly Crave (viz) That the Charges S^{d} prop^{rs} have been at in Bringing forward the Settlement of s^{d} Township may be Reimbursted to them By An Act of the Great & General Court Afores^{d} To Enable them to Raise the Sum of Twelve Hundred & Eighty two pounds Six Shillings & Nine pence by a Lottery which they have Expended in the Concerns of s^{d} Township (viz) Six Hundred & Eighty two pounds Six Shillings & Nine pence thereof in Taxes which Have been Levied upon s^{d} proprietors & Six Hundred thereof (at the Lowest Computation) which hath been Expended in Buildings & Bringing forward Settlements Also That the Court would be Graciously pleased to Make them a Grant of 2745 Acres of Land to be taken up in the Unappropriated Lands of the Government in Lieu of So much Land Included in the Afores^{d} Plot Lying in s^{d} Massachusetts Province Sold by the Court as Afores^{d} or Some other way Relieve s^{d} proprietors as to your Excellency & Hon^{rs} Shall Seem Meet And Your Memorialists as in Duty Bound Shall Ever Pray —

BENJ^{A} MULLICKEN
THOMAS PERLEY
MOODY BRIDGES
} Agents for the Prop^{rs} of Rowly Cannada

Sworne to by Benjn Mulliken Esqr Moody Bridges Esqr about

2700 Acres Lying on this Side the Line Sold by this Province to Royalchier

---

AMOUNTS EXPENDED BY RINDGE PROPRIETORS.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 117, p. 615.*]

Att a Meeting of the Grantees of a Township Granted to John Tyler Joseph Pike & others officers & Soldiers in the Expedition to Canada anno 1690 — at Rowley the fourteenth Day of Feb^{r} 1738 —

Voted £3 = 18 = 6 to be Paid on Each Right to Defray the Charg of Runing the Line Round the Township & marking the Same and Viewing for the first Division Lots &c

at a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} January 26 : 1742/3 Voted £1 = 00 old Tenor to be Paid on Each Right to him that Shall Build a Sawmill in s^{d} Township —

att a meeting of s^{d} Proprietors on the 22 Day of June 1743 Voted that £3 = 00 old Tenor Be Paid on Each Right to Defray the Charge of Building a meeting House In Said Township —

at a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} Novr 7 : 1749 Voted £4/ old Tenor to be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

At a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} March 28 : 1750 Voted one Pound old Tenor to be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

At a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} Decr 25 : 1750 Voted £1 = 4^{s}/ Lawful money to be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

At a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} october y^{e} 22 : 1751 Voted £4 = 0 = 8 to be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

At a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} on y^{e} 11 Day of June 1754 Voted that £4/ be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

At a meeting of s^{d} Prop^{rs} on y^{e} 16 Day of Decr 1758 Voted that Six Shillings be Paid on Each Right to Defray Charges —

Attest Thos Perley Prop : Clerk

The Several Sums Voted as abovs^{d} amounts to £11 = 5 = 2 on Each Right There being 61 Rights in s^{d} Township the Sum total is 686 = 15 = 2 Lawful mony

STATEMENT OF ABEL LAWRENCE.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 117, p. 619.*]

In Compliance with your Desire that I would Committ to wrighting the Princaple Facts I recollect relating to Abel Platts Joseph Platts, and Josiah Ingalls, Sufferings and losses on account of their lands in Rowley Cannada being Taken from them by the Propriators claiming under Jn° Tufton Mason Esqr in the Province of New Hampshire — I have to Inform you that I am Knowing that Abel Platts, Joseph Platts & Josiah Ingalls, with their famileys were Some of, if not ye very first Settlers in that Township under the Grant of this Province that Each of them have made Considerable Improvements and have Considerable Buildings on ye Same — That Since the Claimers from ye Side of New Hampshire Entered on the Township and Possessed themselves of the Greatest Part of it Abel & Joseph Platts kept the Possession of their Farms for Sundry Years, after and Even untill the Titles of those lands were Settled by a Judgment of the Superiour Court of the Said Province of New Hampshire, against the Said Joseph Platts, and he was Ejected out of the Possession of Said lands and not being able to pay the Charges was Imprisoned in Portsmouth Goal, if I mistake not more than Six months when he was releived by the help of his friends — That aboute this time I Purchased a Right in Said Township, from those who held under Mr Mason which happned to be a part of the Same lands which Mr Ingalls, had Improved by virtue of the Grant of this Government — which lands I have Since Sold s^d Ingalls — now being a Propriator under Mason was Chosen Clerk for ye Propriators of Said Township & Served for them Several Years — and am Certain that nither Abel Platts, Joseph Platts, nor Josiah Ingalls, nor Either of them were Ever favoured or ever had in that township : (I never heard they had in any other) any allowance or Consideration for their losses either from New Hampshire or this Province, I also am knowing to the Platt's Living on those Lands when Fitchs Garrison fifteen miles on this side was Taken Two Soldiers kill^d & Fitch & family Captivatied I have heard the Petitions red think the facts are true & that they are noways Exag-

gerated & that the Petitioners are amoung the greatest Sufferres occation by the running of the line &c &c &c — I am Gentlemen your most obedient Humble Servant —

ABEL LAWRENCE

The following are the names of the original grantees:

Capt. John Tyler,	Joseph Hidden,	Amos Pilsbury,
Benjamin Millikin,	Moses Burnam,	Stephen Peabody,
James Bridges,	John Platts,	Ezekiel Mighel,
Nathan Symonds,	Nathaniel Jewett,	Jeremiah Jewett,
James Chandler,	John Jewett, Jr.,	Thomas Poor,
James Stuart,	Benjamin Bellows,	Samuel Austin,
Samuel Goodridge,	Capt. Joshua Swan,	Abraham Brown,
Thomas Wood,	Joseph Hale,	John Page,
John Abbot,	Stephen Person,	Joseph Coffin,
Josiah Ingalls,	William Martin,	Thomas Plumer,
Joshua Jackson,	Richard Perl,	Thomas Webster,
Samuel Dickinson,	Jonathan Gosbe,	Aaron Dresser,
William Bennett,	Jonathan Jewett,	Ephraim Wetherby,
Joseph Nelson,	Nathaniel Fellows,	Elisha Davis,
John Martin,	John Brocklebank,	Daniel Potter,
John Holmes,	James Platts, Jr.,	Moses Platts,
William Knowlton,	Thomas Carleton,	John Penny,
James Bayley,	Benjamin Duch,	Ephraim Nelson,
David Kimball,	Anthony Dike,	Michael Hopkinson.

BRIDGTON, MAINE. Incorporated 7 Feb., 1794.

NEWBURY CANADA. BAKERSTOWN, SALISBURY, N.H.

1690. August 7th. "These are in his majesty's name to require all the soldiers belonging to this towne to bring their arms and ammunition to ye meeting house evary saboth day and at all other publick meetings, and also they ar required to carry their arms and amunition with them into meadows and places, where they worke, and if any man doe refuse or neglect his dewty as above expressed he shal pay five shillings for every such neglect.

"Daniel Pierce, captain. Jona Moores, lieutenant

"Thomas Noyes, captain. Jacob Toppan, ensign.

"Steph. Greenleaf, captain. Henry somerby."

July 15th. "John March is appointed a captain of one of the companies for the Canada expedition, and ordered to enlist a company under him."

(*Newbury Records.*)

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 36, p. 155.*]

CAPT. MARCH'S COMPANY OF THE ESSEX NORTH REG'T.

Capt. John March, Newbury
Lt. Stephen Johnson, Andover
Enseigne Lawrence Hart

John Vie (Ivie?)	Thomas Barnard
John Browne.	Ralph Blagdon
John Davis.	John Poor
Edward Bele. (Bailey?)	John Huse
Edward Goodwin.	Benjamin Poor
Benjamin Goodrige.	Samuel George
Henry Dowe.	John Wallingford
John Badger.	John Taylor
Thomas Heirs (Ayer?)	George Everson
Percival Chubb.	Samuel Smith.
Samuel Austin	Henry Lunt
Richard Kent	John Sweat
Benjamin Kimbal.	Thomas Cotton
Joseph Gold.	Joseph Andrews
Ephraim Hoit	Nathaniel Crosbey
John Prowse	John Ring

[*Mass. House Journal, Dec. 3, 1734.*]

A Petition of *John Tyler* and *Joseph Pike*, for themselves and sundry others; who enlisted themselves into the publick Service *Anno* 1690, in the Expedition against *Canada*, under the command of the late SIR WILLIAM PHIPPS, Knt. deceased, praying that in consideration of their services and difficulties they then underwent, they may obtain a Grant of Land of the contents of six miles square of the ungranted Lands of the Province on the east side of *Merrimack River*, southerly on *Rumford* Township, and to extend three miles east from the River, or some other suitable place for a Township for the reasons mentioned. Read and *Ordered*, That Col. *Chandler*, Col. *Kent*, Mr *Hale*

Capt. *Hobson* Col. Wainwright, Col. *Church*, and Capt. *Wells* be a, Committee to take this Petition, and the other Petitions for Lands now before the Court under consideration, and report their opinion what may be proper to be done in aswer thereto.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 114, p. 179.*]

ord for Col° Thos Berry to Call a meeting of Grantees of the Township Laid out Westerly of Merrimack River and Northerly of and adjoyning to Contoocook January 10, 1739 —

In the House of Representatives January 9th 1739 — Ordered that Thomas Berry Esqr be and hereby is impowered to assemble the Grantees of the Township Lying on Merrimack River Granted to the Officers & Soldiers in the Expedition to Canada Anno: 1690 — under the Command of Capt John March Capt Stephen Greenleaf and Capt Philip Nelson in Such Place and at Such time as he Shall think fit then to Chuse a Moderator and Proprietors Clark to agree uppon Rules Methods & orders for the Division and Disposall of Said Propriety in the most proper methods for the Speedy fullfillments of the Conditions of there Grant and to agree uppon methods for the Calling future meetings —

Sent up for Concurrence

EBENEZER PUMROY Spkr Pro tempore

In Councill January 10th 1739

Read and Concurred — SIMON FROST Dept Secy

Consented to — JONATHAN BELCHER —

A true Copy Examined by — SIMON FROST Dept Secy

Essex ss — IPSWICH January 26th 1739

In obedience to the foregoing ordr I have Caused notifications to be Posted in the towns of Newbury Almsbury and Haverhill appointing the meeting to be February 12th 1739 at the House of mr Tristram Greenleaf in Newbury at ten of the Clock before noon.

THOMAS BERRY

February 14th 1765 The aforegoing Copys when Compared with the Original Book of the Proprietors Records & Agreed there with

by JOHN WINSLOW one of the Committee

SAMUEL GERRISH Sworne

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 114, p. 178.*]

A list of the Propriators of the Township Granted to Pike and other officers and Soldiers in the expedition to Canada Anno 1690 under the Command of Capt John March Capt Stephen Greenleaf and Capt Philip Nelson and was laid Westerly of merrimack River and Northerly of and adjoyning to Contoocook by Richard Hazzen Surveyor at the Direction of the Honourable Thomas Berry Esqr Charles Peirce & John Hobson Esqrs October 23d 1739 who were allowed and approved of by the Honourable Thomas Berry Esqr Charles Peirce & John Hobson Esqr Novr 30, 1739 and are as followeth Vizt —

Capt. Stephen Greenleaf	Deacon Joshua Moody	Joseph Gould
Joseph Sage Jur	Elisha Sweat	John Kent
Caleb Moody	Nathll Clerk	John Thurlo
Joseph osgood	Samuel George	Hannah Bolton
Capt John Sargeant	Benja Hoeg	John Badger
Saml Smith Jur	Jonathan Marsh	Joseph Ilsley
Gideon Lowel	Stephen Chase	Joseph Short
Thomas Huse	John Lunt	Abraham Titcomb
Joseph Pike	James Brown	Stephen Longfellow
Stephen Longfellow	Samuel Bartlet 3d	Nathaniel Bernard
Capt Thomas Hale	Jeremiah Gutteridge	Capt Thos Wallingford
John March	Revd William Johnson	Wm Huse
Joseph Davis	Henry Dow	Saml Sargeant
Saml Silver	Robert Savory	Tristram Greenleaf
Eleazer Hudson	Dr Joseph Hills	Thomas Challis
Jonathan Blaisdall	James Toppon	Danll Bradley
David Bartlet	Peter Ayers	Eleazer Johnson
Lazarus Goodwin	James Anderton	John Littlehale
Edward Emerson	Zachariah Beal	Capt John Sergeant
Percival Clark	Ebenezer Stuart	Joseph Holland

Its equivalent township was Poland, Maine.

SUDBURY CANADA, BETHEL, MAINE.

I Josiah Richardson, of lawful age, do testify and say that ever since the year 1737 I have acted as an agent for a number of Petitioners whose Ancestors were in the Expedition to Canada in the year 1690, and in the year 1737 I in behalf of myself and my associates preferred a Petition to the Honorable Great and General Court praying for a grant of land to be made to us on account of our said Ancestors being in the said Expedition, (as many others had) for their great suffering and Service in the said Expedition, and that by a great number of Memorials I have renewed the said Petition from time to time and now I do testify and declare that to my certain knowledge there never as yet has been any grant of land made to them on account of their Ancestors being in the said expedition.

Witness my hand this 23d day of May, 1768.

(Signed)

JOSIAH RICHARDSON.

A PETITION TO THE MASS. BAY GOVERNMENT 27 MAY 1767

Josiah Richardson of Sudbury, in the County of Middlesex, Esq. and Agent for a number of Petitioners whose Ancestors were in the Expedition to Canada in the year 1690.

Humbly remind your Excellency and Honors, that in the year 1737, a number of men whose names are hereunto annexed, Preferred a Petition to this Honorable Court for to have a Grant of Land for a Township, to be Layed out in the unappropriated land within the said Province, as many others for the same merit before had township Granted to them; and this Honorable did then sustain the Petition and then ordered the said Petitioners to make out and prove their claims that their Ancestors were in the said Expedition and come and they should be heard with which order of Court the said Petitioners fully complied, and at a great cost proved their claims. Since which by a number of Memorials to this Honorable Court the said Petition has been revived, but the said Petitioners have not as yet had any Grant of Land made to them on that account and by reason of the Wars and of the Town house being burned the same Petition

has not of late been moved to this Honorable Court, but since this Honorable Court in their great wisdom and justice was pleased on the 24th day of June, 1764, to make a Grant of a Township of land to Captain William Raymond and Company for the same merit which your Memorial is now plead; and now your Memorialist, in behalf of himself and Company Humbly pray that your Excellency and Honors would take the premises under your wise and just consideration and make us a Grant of Land for a Township as you was pleased to do to the said William Raymond and Company, and your Memorialist, in behalf of himself and Company shall ever pray.

(Signed) JOSIAH RICHARDSON,
Agent for the said Petitioners.

A list of the names of the original petitioners is also on record in the handwriting of Josiah Richardson, in the Massachusetts Archives, but the original petition bearing their names cannot be found. This list of names is here given:

James Taylor on his own right.
John Osland on his own right.
John Mixer on his own right.
John Jones on his own right.
John Green on the right of William Green.
John Green on the right of John Green.
Ephraim Twitchell on the right of Joseph Twitchell.
Isaac Sheffield on the right of William Sheffield.
Palmer Golding on the right of Edward Clap.
James Moor on the right of George Walker, Jr.
Ebenezer Flagg on the right of Richard Flagg.
Daniel Moor on the right of Jacob Moor.
Joshua Kibby on the right of Lodwick Dowse.
James Taylor on the right of Nicholas Fox.
Nathaniel Morse on the right of same.
Charles Richardson on the right of Samuel Ring.
Thomas Macke (Macoy) on the right of Timothy S. (illegible).
Richard Ward on the right of Obadiah Ward.
Daniel Brewer on the right of same.
Samuel Green " " Joseph Green.
Samuel Stone " " same.
Joseph Stone " " Samuel Parkhurst.

Mich Stone	on the right of		Daniel Stone.
John Wesson	"	"	Samuel Wesson.
Ebenezer Twitchell	"	"	Edward Twitchell.
Richerd Burt	"	"	Thomas Burt.
Daniel Mackdafillin	"	"	Robert Mackdafillin.
Joseph Meriam	"	"	Robert Meriam.
Peter Grout	"	"	John Cotter.
Samuel Graves	"	"	same.
Joseph Trumbull	"	"	Joseph Trumbull.
Ebenezer Rice	"	"	Ebenezer Rice.
John Cogin	"	"	John Cogin.
Caleb Bridges	"	"	John Bridges.
Abner Newton	"	"	John Fay claimed by Palmer Golding.

John Fay on his own right claimed by Palmer Golding.
Samuel Lyscom on the right of his father.
Nathaniel Dike on his own right claimed by Palmer Golding.
Daniel Walker on his own right.
John Woodward on the right of Joseph Moor.

Daniel Walker	"	"	Thomas Axdill.
Ebenezer Corey	"	"	Thomas Corey.
James Patterson	"	"	Andrew Patterson
Amos Hide	"	"	Daniel Hide.
Norman Clark	"	"	Daniel Mackey.
Ebenezer Corey	"	"	Samuel Page.
Peter Bent	"	"	Hopestill Bent.
Edward Ward	"	"	same.
James Patterson	"	"	Andrew Patterson.
Noah Parker	"	"	Eleazer Hide.
Joseph Bartlett	"	"	same.
John Clark	"	"	John Clark.
Samuel Harris			
Jonathan Parker	"	"	same.
Ezra Holbrook	"	"	John Holbrook.

A true copy examined by me,

JOSIAH RICHARDSON,
Clerk of the Petitioners.

ADDITIONAL PETITIONERS.

Nathaniel Eames	on the right of		Nathaniel Eames.
Nathaniel Eames	"	"	John Jaquith.
Isaac Baldwin	"	"	Abraham Bryant.
Joseph Harrington	"	"	his father Joseph Harrington.

David Woods	on the right of	uncle ——	Woods.
Isaac Rice	"	"	" Joseph Rice.
Moses Bellows	"	"	"
Samuel Whitney	"	"	Joseph Beach.
James Fowle	"	"	James Fowle.
Jonas Bond	"	"	Jonas Bond.
Josiah Fuller	"	"	Joseph Win— (illegible).
Thomas Harrington	"	"	Daniel Harrington.
Joshua Fuller	"	"	Joseph Winter.
John Temple	"	"	his father Richard Temple.
Joseph Noyes	"	"	Moses Noyes.
Nathaniel Sparhawk	"	"	Nathaniel Sparhawk.
David Coney	"	"	Richard Coney.
Samuel Fuller	"	"	Richard Park.
Joshua Fuller	"	"	Nathaniel Morse.
Joseph Morse	"	"	Joseph Morse.

The following Framingham names are found on the rolls of the Canada Expedition of 1690:

John Jones,	Joseph Trumbull,	Daniel Stone, jun.
Francis Moquet,	Caleb Bridges,	Samuel Wesson,
Daniel Mack Clafelin,	Daniel Mixter,	Jacob Gibbs.

The claimants for land in Sudbury, Canada, held meetings in Moquet's Tavern, Framingham.

SEPTEMBER ye 14th 1741

	£.	s.	d.
The Reconing at Mr Mokets			
was in the hole	2.	12.	0.
ondly yet due to sd Moket		3.	6

The meeting is adjorned to Monday ye 26th day of October next at Twelve oth clock noon sd day

The adjornement is to the first Tuesday of October next at Twelve of ye clock noon sd day

1. 15. 0

FRAMINGHAM, Octr 26, 1741

Rec^d of Mr. Noah Parker the sum of three pounds four shillings & four pence being the expence of the Canada Petitioners &c.

Pr FRANCIS MOQUET

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 36, p. 155.*]

HINGHAM CANADA. ANDREWSTOWN, NEW HINGHAM, CHESTERFIELD, MASS.

Hingham soldiers, 1690.

Capt. Thomas Andrews,
John Beals,
Jonathan Bur,
Caleb Beals,
Sergent Humphrey,
Joseph Joy, sen.
Henry Greene,
Edmund Grosse,
Enoch Hobart,
Jonathan Mays,
Preserved Hall,
Ebenezer Humphrey,
Nathaniel Johnson,
John Lincoln, a drummer
Josiah Loring,
Nathaniel Lobden,
Philip Nicuaman
William Ness,
Peter Ripley,
Thomas Robbards, (Roberts)
Capt. John Smith.

At least one of the Hingham men was killed in the attack upon Quebec, while another, Isaac Lasell, died a few days after, probably of wounds, while Paul Gilford, Samuel Judkins, Jonathan Burr, Daniel Tower and Jonathan Mays, and "two more of the town" were carried off by the small-pox, which broke out in the fleet and added its misfortunes to the disasters of the expedition.

On the 25th of the month Captain Andrews succumbed to the dreaded disease; the succeeding day Lieutenant Chubbuck died.

ANDREWSTOWN.

A copy of Records of the township Granted by the Court to Capt. Andrews Company Laying West of Hatfield & Adjoyning thereto — — —

March 28, 1739 at at meeting of ye Proprietors of ye Township of Capt. Andrews Company at Capt. Adam Cushing at Weymouth at said Meeting Chose Coln. Thaxter Moderator Chose Thomas Andrews Clerk & Sworn then said Meeting was Adjorned to ye 23 day of May Ensuing to meet at the Same house and place by Vote of the Said Proprietors — — —

May 23, 1739 the Afore s^d^. Propri^rs^. Meet & Voted y^t^. the committe Appointed by ye Genl. Court; Viz Coln. Thaxter Coln Cushing and Capt. Adam Cushing be Desired in behalf of

the Prop^{rs}. to Defend them Against ye Pertetion of Narraganset Soulders now Pending at the Genl. Court about their Chouseing their proportion of s^{d}. township or any Other thing that may Advance Against ye Interest of Said Prop^{r}. be y^{e}. next meeting and the said Proprietors by Vote Adjorned s^{d} meeting to teuesday 26 Day of June next at ten Clock fore Noon at ye place Afore s^{d}. — — —

June 26, 1739 the Prop^{r} meet and Adjorned their meeting by Vote the third Day of Septem^{r}. next at ten Clock at this house & place by vote of y^{e}. Prop^{r}. Afor s^{d}.

Septm^{r}. 3, 1739 the Above S^{d}. Propr^{s}. meet at Capt. Adam Cushing In Plymouth & Adjorn^{d}. ye Meeting to Wednesday the 25 day of this mounth at ten Clock in ye fore noone to his house and place by Vote of s^{d}. Prop^{rs}.

Septem^{r}. 25, 1739 the S^{d} Prop^{r}. meet at Capt. Adam Cushing^{s} and Voted y^{t}. Capt. Adam Cushing Capt. William Collens of Lyn to be a Commety to Call meeting Also Voted to Desolve y^{e}. meeting

Augu^{t}. 28, 1740 the Prop^{r}. meet at Capt Adam Cushing In Plymouth, Capt Cushing & Capt tory in nomination for a Moderator Capt Cushing Chose at the s^{d} meeting Chose Thomas Andrews Treasurer Chose Capt. William Collens Capt Caleb tory Peter Riply j^{r}. a Commety to Lay Out of House Lots afo^{d}. Prop^{r} Voted to alow the s^{d}. Commety twenty Shillings a Day and they find them Selves in that busness. Voted to Leave to the Comm^{te}. ye Number of acers for the house Lots — Voted to Raise three pounds on a Right for Defraying the charge for Laying Out y^{e}. Lots and other charges Orrising for setling ye s^{d}. township — — —

Voted that the Comme^{te}. to Call meetings Draw the Money out of the Treasurey — — —

Voted that the Prop^{r}. Carry in their Money Into the Treas^{ry}. by 15 Day of September next.

Decemb^{r} .11, 1740 at a Legal meeting of y^{e}. Prop^{r}. at Capt. Adam Cushing in Plymouth — Voted Capt Cushing Modera^{tr} — Voted Notwithstanding their is not Land left in the first Division for y^{e}. Rodes & Ways for y^{e}. Prop^{rs}. Use it is to be Understood that there shall be a Reserve & Nessesary Rods & Ways for y^{e}.

s^d^. Prop^rs^. throw any of their Lots the Oners of s^d^. Lots through which s^d^. Way or Ways may be Needfull being Alowed a Equivelent in after Divisions for s^d^. Way or Ways, & also for a Sutable Place for a meeting house

Voted to Except of Capt. Lilloogs Accompt for Laying Out the Lots in the Prop^rs^. Township West of Hatfield Called Andrews Town Capt. Lilloogs Occom^t^. for Laying Out y^e^. Lots Ninety two pounds Nineteen Shillings & Sixpence 92–19–6 pen

The Lots that Ware Drawn for

The ministree	39 & 44
ye minister	23 & 18
ye school	74 & 73

The Lots that Ware Drawn by y^e^. Prop^rs^. Capt. Andrews Company

John Porter^s^.	72 & 71	Capt. Thomas And^rs^.	4 & 51
Jona^n^ Tarbox	16 & 17	Lieut. John Chubbuck	80 & 79
Jos^h^. Bredeu	27 & 48	Ens^n^. Jos^h^. Joy.	36 & 47
John Delleway	24 & 62	Preserved Hall	29 & 55
Daniel Jonson	31 & 57	Jonat^h^. Mays	84 & 83
Sam^ll^. Newhall	12 & 15	Hump^ry^. Jonson	85 & 86
William Wormwod	10 & 11	Netha^l^. Jonson	8 & 9
Zakry Marsh	19 & 61	John Beal	26 & 64
John Driver	6 & 7	Caleb Beal	32 & 33
Henry Trivet	76 & 75	Jonat^n^. Burr	1 & 54
John Page	40 & 43	Edmon Greer	30 & 56
Bartho^my^.	38 & 45	Peter Riply	20 & 49
Jos^h^. Collens	35 & 28	Sam^ll^. Judkings	37 & 46
John Newhall	22 & 21	Paul Gilfird	5 & 50
		Josiah Loring	59 & 58
		John Lincoln	2 & 53
		Thomas Robards	82 & 81
		Eben^r^. Humphey	13 & 14
		John Ward	66 & 65
		Willi^m^. Stowel	25 & 63
		Daniel tower	60 & 34
		Benj^a^. Stutton	68 & 67
		Natha^n^. Lobdel	41 & 42
		John Simmons	.
		Coln. thaxter	70 & 69
		Theoph^s^. Cushing	78 & 77
		Peter Jacob	3 & 52

ROXBURY OR GARDNER'S CANADA, WARWICK, MASS.

Warwick was petitioned for by Samuel Newall and others, and it was first called the Plantation of "*Roxbury*, or *Gardner's, Canada.*"

In June, 1736, Samuel Newall and the officers and soldiers in the company under the command of Capt. Andrew Gardner in the Canada expedition were authorized by the General Court to call their first meeting of the Proprietors.

Said meeting was held at the house of James Jarvis in Roxbury, Sept. 22, 1736. Capt. Robert Sharp was chosen moderator, and William Dudley, Esq., chosen Proprietors' clerk.

At this meeting a committee consisting of Capt. Robert Sharp, Ensign Samuel Davis, and Mr. Gershom Davis were chosen to procure a surveyor and lay out the "home lots," each lot to contain not less than fifty acres, nor more than sixty acres; and each Proprietor was taxed twenty-three shillings to defray the expense of laying out said lots, and paying the costs incurred in petitioning the Court. It is not now known at what time these home lots were laid out, but by the Proprietors' records, on the twenty-fourth of October, 1737, the sixty Proprietors, by name, drew for their respective lots, and paid twenty shillings each to defray the expense.

A List of Such of the Descendants of the Officers & Soldiers, under the Commands of Capt. Andrew Gardner, in the Canada Expedition in the year 1690, as were admitted (by the Committee of the General Court) Grantees of a Tract of Land of the Contents of Six Mile Square Adjoining to Northfield in the County of Hampshier as Followeth

Samuel Newel	Samuel Davis
Thomas Gardner	Samuel Thorp
Nathaniel Craft	Samuel Thorp
Ebenezer Craft	Benjamin White
Robert Harris	Gershom Davis
Benjamin Bugbee	Timothy Morseman
Timothy Whitney	Edward Morrise
Samuel perry	Edward Morrise

Eleazer Hammond	Robert Daniel
Eleazer Hammond	John Curtis
Samuel Griffin	Samuel Clark
Benjamin Willson	Samuel Sterns
John Seaver	Samuel Weld
John Seaver	Samuel Tucker
Joseph Gardner	Joseph Daniel
Joseph Stevens	William Heath
Caleb Stedman	Shubaal Seaver
John Ruggles	Israel Hersey
John parker	John Shephard
John parker	Edward White
Daniel Lawrence	peter Aspinwall
Josiah Cheney	Ebenezer Case
James Trissell	Huldah Lamb
Samuel Wite	Huldah Lamb
John Allen	Huldah Lamb
Thomas Taft	Thomas Hartshorne
Thomas Taft	William Sharp
Ebenezer Smith	John Gay
John Maccantosh	John Marscraft
Robert Sharp	Samuel peacock

And the Said Grantees, Notwithstanding the Grant proved to be Mountainous and very Rockey, were at great Expence laying out all their first and Second Division Lots; in order to a Settlement; and had built several Houses thereon, but the war coming on Soon after, they were Discouraged in Making any further progress at that time and as Soon as the Late peace Commenced, they renewed their resolution of Settling their Lots, and Soon found that the time of the War, and the frequent burning of those woods had so defaced the Lines of their Lots, that they were obliged to run and mark them out a new, which they did the Last Summer, in order to Settle them as soon as possible & are now going upon them — and have Likewise given great Incouragement in the public prints, to any (that are not Grantees) that will Settle with them ye year Currant. As the said Capt. Gardners Company was principally raised in Roxbury, and Brookline; and all Lost, saving ye above named Samuel Newel, and as the Said Grant (tho. it may be made a Settlement with great Charge & Industry) has the name of a very poor Township of Land, the Grantees can have no tempta-

tion to Delay Settling with Designs to Sell out, and thereby make advantage to them selves; as may have been the Case of Some other Grantees — they therefore Humbly rely on the favourable Indulgance of the Honble Court,

Roxbury March 31 : 1751

By order of ye said Grantees } Joseph Heath proprietory Clerk

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WEYMOUTH CANADA, HUNTSTOWN, ASHFIELD, MASS.

Captain Ephraim Hunt (afterward Major, then Colonel in 1706) led the Weymouth men in the expedition.

In 1736 his heirs and others received a grant of land which was called Huntstown.

21 June, 1765, it was incorporated and called Ashfield — Mass.

ASHFIELD PROPRIETORS. 1739.

John Hunt,	Josiah Owen
Thomas White	Sam'l Thayer
Nathaniel Wales	Ephraim Copeland
Benjn Ludden	James Hayward
Gideon Turrel	Sam'l Gay
Richard Foxon	Ebenezer Staples
William Crane	Sam'l Staples
Ebenezer Hunt.	John King
Rev Joseph Belcher	Sam'l Niles jr
Jonathan Webb	James Mears
Seth Chapen	Moses Penniman
John Phillips	Joshua Phillips
John Herrick	Wm Linfield
Zechariah Briggs	Ebenezer Owen
Ebenezer Hunt	Sam'l Darby
Job Otis	Jonathan Webb
Jonathan Dawse	John Bass
Heb^{r} Prat	Keith
Richd Davenport	J. French
Ezra Whitman	Atmos Stutson
Solomon Leonard	Joseph Drake
James Meares	Thomas Wells
Joseph Good	Sam'l Andrews

Thomas Bolter
Ephraim Emerson
Benj Beal
Barnabas Daily
John Miller
John White
Benj Stuart
Joseph Vickery
Joseph Lobdle
Joseph Milton
John Bartlett

PLYMOUTH COLONY.

PLYMOUTH RECORDS.

1690, May 20.

Ordered by this Court and the authority thereof, that there be sixty men forthwith raysed in the colony to be sent by water to Albany or elsewhere to joyne with the forces of New Yorke, Massachusetts or Conecticot, &c., for the defence of s^d places or other service of their ma^ties against the comon enemy; the men to be raysed in each town according to the proportions hereafter set down, viz.:

Plimouth,	5	Barnstable,	5	Bristol,	3
Duxburough,	3	Sandwich,	4	Taunton,	5
Scituate,	6	Yarmouth,	4	Rehoboth,	4
Marshfield,	3	Eastham,	4	Dartmouth,	3
Bridgwater,	3	Rochester,	1	Swansey,	3
Middleborough,	1	Monamoy,	1	Little Compton,	2
		Succoneasset,	1	Freetowne,	1

1690, June 5.

Ordered, that for the present expidition for Canady or places adjacent, that the souldiers already impressed be made up, the proportions for each town as is hereafter set down:

Armes.		Men.	Armes.		Men.
4	viz. Plimouth,	13	4	Barnstable,	12
2	Duxborough,	7	3	Sandwich,	10
2	Marshfield,	7	3	Yarmouth,	10
5	Scituate,	16	2	Eastham,	10
2	Bridgwater,	8	1	Succonessett,	2
1	Middleborough,	3	1	Manamoy,	2
			1	Rochester,	2
—		—	—		—
16		54	15		48

Armes.		Men.
2	Bristoll,	6
3	Swansey,	7
2	Little Compton,	4
3	Dartmouth,	8
4	Taunton,	14
3	Rehoboth,	10
1	Freetown,	2
18		51

Ordered, by this Court, that in this present expedition there be raysed fifty Indians, 22 in the county of Barnstable, 22 in the county of Bristoll and six in the county of Plimouth. If such do not present as are to the sattisfaction of one or more of the magistrates of the county, or the comander of the company, that then by warrant from a magistrate such be impressed as are most fitt. And that Plimouth county take care to provide armes and other necessaries for eighteene men, Barnstable county for fifteene men and Bristoll county for seventeene men.

The officers and souldiers now to be raysed to march at such time and rendevouse at such places as they shall receive orders from one or both of the comisioners of the colony, one or both of which are hereby impowered to grant warrants to impress vessels, men, armes, amunition or any other thing needed, and can be procured within the colony for this present expedition.

Ordered, that if the officers now appointed for this expedition either do not accept or are prevented by the hand of God, or any should otherwise be wanting, that the Govern^r with the consent of two magistrates appoint and comissionate others, as there may be need.

Capt. Joseph Silvester, Mr. John Goram, chosen for captains for the present expedition.

Jabiz Snow, Saml Gallop, leiftenants; Preserved Abel or John Butterworth, Saml Lucos, ensignes.

Samuel Gallop, appointed to be a lieutenant, was promoted to and served as a captain in the expedition of 1690.

Capt. Nathaniel Thomas, Lieut. Isaac Little, are appointed a comittee to take & adjust the accounts of what the colony is indebted to particular (persons) for money lent or other debts of the colony — to ye making a rate for the speedy — the same.

Resolved and agreed on by the Generall Court, that 1350 pounds be forthwith raised p^{r} rate upon all the rateable inhabitants of the colony for the payments of all known debts of the colony relating to the present war, and otherways excepting the charges about armes for ye expedition to Canada.

The one half of s^{d} sum to be paid in money, the other half in wheat at 4 s. p^{r} bushel, barley at 2 s., rye at 2 s. 9 d., Indian corne at 2 s. 6 d. p^{r} bushell, porke at 45 shillings p^{r} barrell, biefe at 28 shillings p^{r} barrell, butter in firkin or pott at 6 d. p^{r} pound, in less quantity by pound, 5 d.; all s^{d} grain & provisions to be good & merchantable.

The Court allow to Leiv^{t} Little for his trouble & charge in receiving and delivering the loan money for Canada expedition, &c., the sum of 40 shillings to be paid out of this rate.

This Court order that the Goven^{r}, Assistants, Secretary, and Chief Marshall shall have one third part of what is allowed and due to each of them paid in money.

Barnabas Lothrop Esqr, Mr. Stephen Skeff and Capt. William Bassett:

Are appointed a comittee for the county of Barnstable.

John Cushing Esqr, Leivt. Isaac Little and Saml Sprague:

Are appointed a comittee for the county of Plimouth.

Daniel Smith Esqr, Capt. Thomas Leonard and Saml Gardiner:

Are appointed a comittee for the county of Bristol.

The s^{d} comittees of each county are appointed to meet at their severall county towns upon the third Tuesday of this instant November, then and there to receive and prepare the accounts of the severall persons to whome the colony is indebted; which being performed the whole comittees, viz., all the persons above named, are to meet at Plimouth on the first Tuesday of December next, who are hereby impowered to adjust and allow all such accounts of souldiers and others as to them shall seeme just and reasonable, and to order bills to the severall county Treasurers for payment of ye same to such as ye colony is indebted unto.

And the said county Treasurers are hereby impowered to require & receive the said severall sums that shall be levyed & raysed upon the towns in their respective counties, of the sev-

erall constables who shall colect and gather the same, and upon receipt thereof to give acquittances & other discharges to s^{d} constables.

The Court allow to each of s^{d} comittee 3 s. p^{r} day, for what time they shall necessarily be imployed in the colonies concerns as aboves^{d}.

The Court allow 4 d. p^{r} meal to those that billetted souldiers.

The proportion of each town & village in the colony towards the afores^{d} sum of 1350 pounds is as followeth :

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Plimouth,	84	15	00	Barnstable,	112	10	00
Scituate,	163	10	00	Yarmouth,	104	02	09
Marshfield,	67	13	00	Sandwich,	93	15	00
Duxbury,	56	05	00	Eastham,	93	19	06
Bridgewater,	57	07	06	Rochester,	13	15	00
Middleborough,	21	16	06	Monamoy,	18	18	09
	—	—	—	Succonessett,	15	03	09
	451	07	00		—	—	—
					452	04	09

	£	s.	d.
Bristoll,	39	06	09
Taunton,	100	16	09
Rehoboth,	79	07	09
Dartmouth,	82	10	00
Swansey,	56	05	00
Little Compton,	75	00	00
Freetowne,	13	01	00
	446	08	00

By the councill of war at Plimouth Octob^{r} ye 9th, 1690, Thomas Tomson of Middleborough, being p^{r} order of the major part of the town councill of s^{d} Middleborough impressed for the service of their ma^{ties} at Canada, and refusing to attend that service is sentenced to pay a fine of four pounds in money to the said town councill for the use of s^{d} town or be imprisoned till the same be paid with fees, &c.

James Soul of Middleborough, for the same, is sentenced as abovesaid.

By the councill of war at Plimouth, Novemb^{r} ye 6th, 1690, Joseph Halley, Junr of Sandwich, being p^{r} order of the town councill of s^{d} Sandwich, impressed for the service of their

ma^ties^ against ye Indian enemy eastward, & in regard of his ill deportment after pressed, & not appearing at the time & place appointed, is sentenced to pay a fine of 4 pound money. But in regard it appears to this councill that he was not well when the souldiers were to march, the councill remit half s^d^ fine, ordering that he pay to the town councill for ye use of said town ye sum of 40s. in money, & fees, &c.

DEATHS.

The Probate Records of Plymouth County give the following men who died in the Expedition:

Benjamin Wood alias Atwood of Middleboro
Moses Simmons of Scituate
Sergt. Samuel Bryant. of Scituate
Samuel Dwelley of Scituate
Thomas Hyland of Scituate
Arthur Low of Marshfield.
Matthew Stitson of Scituate.
Nathaniel Parker of Scituate
Lazarus Turner of Scituate
Capt Joseph Sylvester of Scituate
Ensign John Stetson of Scituate
Robert Finney of Plymouth.
William Eaton of Plymouth.
Joseph Knap of Plymouth.
Zachariah Soule of Duxbury.
Joseph Pryor of Duxbury.
mark Lothrop of Bridgewater.
Benjamin Washburn of Bridgewater.
James Howard of Bridgewater.
Lt. John Wetherell of Scituate
James Glass of Duxbury
James Snow of Bridgewater.

The following is a roll of Capt. Samuel Gallup's company in the Expedition:

Commissioned Officers.

Samuel Gallop, Captain. Preserved Abel, Lieutenant.
Solomon Smith, Ensign.

Non-Commissioned Officers.

Samuel Sabin and William Hack, Sergeants.
John Querk and Nicholas Peck, Corporals.

Private Soldiers.

Ichabod Peck	Nicholas Hall	Philip Allen [1]
William Robinson	John Smith	William Ellis [1]
Daniel Carpenter	John Bagley	John Cupowo
Jacob Carpenter	Joseph Jones	John Thomas

Daniel Sheperson	Daniel Fisher	Sam. Turusk
Noah Sabin	John Eddy	Dickens ——
John Ormsby	Samuel Holloway	Simon Tom
John Wall	Daniel Phillips	Joshua Thomas
Samuel Butterworth	Miles Garden	James Trask
Henry Thomas	John Haskins	James Pumshot
John Daviss	William Ripley	Obed Wickum
Samuel Luther	Thomas Traintor	Obediah ——
Morris Ronam	Carlo Caree	Benjamin Jacob
Ungass Callee	Philip Brazeel	Abel Wasunks
Zachariah Curtis	John Price	Sam Hunter
Richard Tuells,	William Hillyerd	Joseph Jeckewot
Thomas Tuells	Jonah Meredith	Sam Umpatune
Thomas Crossman	Thomas Hart	Job ——
John Bright	William Newland [1]	Jeremiah Jones

[1] Dartmouth men.

Commissioned, 3; Non-Commissioned, 4; Private Soldiers, 57; Total, 64.

Quite a number of private soldiers above enumerated were Indians, as will be seen by the list of grantees.

Daniel Carpenter, a soldier in this company, in a letter directed to his father, William Carpenter, of Rehoboth, said that the company remained at Plymouth eight days waiting for the vessels that were to convey the soldiers, and upon the 27th (probably of June), 1690, sailed out of Plymouth in five shallops about noon, and arrived at Nantasket before night, where they expected to remain until the 30th instant.

The soldiers Traintor and Caree were from Freetown.

The foregoing list of Gallup's Company was written on the back of this letter.

1 Dec 1736

That Daniel Carpenter authorized to call a meeting of the grantees of Gallup Canada

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GALLUP'S CANADA, GUILFORD, VT.; ITS EQUIVALENT, SAVOY, MASS.

[*Letter of Henry W. Taft, Esq., Lenox, Mass., in 1859.*]

There came recently into my hands the Proprietors' Records of "Bullock's Grant," now mostly embraced within the limits of the town of Savoy in this county. This territory appears

to have been granted, in June, 1771, by the Legislature to the heirs and grantees of Capt. Samuel Gallup and others, "who served in the expedition ag^t Canada in 1690," and in compensation for a former grant which was "lost by running the line of the State of New Hampshire." The names of Capt. Gallup's company are given in this record, and I send the list, though I am not sure that it is not otherwise accessible. I think they were all from the Old Colony, and engaged in the land expedition by way of Albany, &c., and not under command of Sir William Phipps.

List of Capt. Saml Gallup's Comp^y, 1690.

Capt. Samuel Gallup	John Eddy	James Baggley
Lt. Preserved Abell	Nicholas Peck	Samuel Thorne
Ens. Solomon Smith	Daniel Fisher	George Studman
Mr Danl Carpenter	Richard Tuells	Adam Disdale
Samuel Sabin	Thomas Tuells	Samuel Johnson
Danuel Philips	Saml Buterworth	William Sutton
Joseph Jones	William Hoch (or Hack)	John Barrows
Samuel Luther	Benjamin Wilson	Nathl Whiting
Noah Sabin	Francis Willson	John Twogood
William Robinson	Josiah Wheeler	John Twogood Jr.
John Ormsbee	Philip Squire	John Pierce
Ichabod Peck	Elisha Tupper	Benj^a Marrion
Nicholas Hall	William Ripley	William Hillyeard
Daniel Shepardson	John Thurber	Samuel Halloway
John Baggley	Thomas Hart	Philip Allen
Thomas Crossman	Richard Bullock	Thomas Richardson
John Haskins	Alexander Maxcy	Samuel Warkman
Jacob Carpenter	Joseph Glover	Samuel Satter (or Salter)
William Ellis	Benjamin Freeman	Philip Tillinghast
John Smith	Robert Calley	Robert Kilton (60)

The following memorandum of Dartmouth soldiers appears on the back of an order to Capt. Thomas Leonard "to press a men & a Drum for Canada":

WILLIAM NEWLAND	THOMAS HART
WILLIAM ELLIS	PHILLIP ALLEN
	(Order)

TAUNTON MILITARY RECORDS.

Impress Warrant, June 24th, 1690:

To John Thresher of Taunton in Bristol County or his deputy,

These are in their Majesties' names to require you to impress for their Majesties' serviss against the common enemy,

John Bagley,	Thomas Richmond,	Peter Pits, jr,	Miles Jurden
Eleazer Walker,	John Smith, jr,	John Staples,	William Brigs, the son
John Edy, jr,	William Ripley,	Samuel Waldron,	Richard Brigs
Thomas Eliot,			

and for each of them a sufficient gun, and powder horn, or cartouch box, & a hatchet, all to be ready to March by the third of July next.

Given under our hands in Taunton, June 21, 1690.

Begin to presse on Sabbath day evening next.	George Macey,	Thomas Leonard,
	William Harvey,	John Richmond,
	James Walker,	Henry Hodges,

The Town Council.

Return, — I, John Thrasher, do hereby make Daniel Phillips my deputy by virtue of the within written, to presse any of the men within appointed by the Town Council to be pressed, and also to press a gun for himself, and also for any others of the Souldiers as yet wants a gun, but not to presse a gun of a man that has but one gun.

Signium of JOHN X THRASHER
his mark.

June 24th, 1690.

The price of Soldiers Armes as they were pressed for the Expedition of 1690 —

	£	s.	d.
Nicholas halls gun	01	10	10
his powder horn and shot pouch	00	01	06
Joseph Jones his gun	01	10	00
John Hoskins gun of Richard Brigs	01	05	00
Daniel Fishers gun of Joseph Leonard	01	05	00
Sam holloways gun of Jonathan Brigs	01	10	00
Thomas Richmonds			
Daniel Phillips gun of Joseph Dean	01	05	00
Serj Hacks gun of John Hodges	01	02	00

	£	s.	d.
John Eddys gun of John Macomber	01	10	00
Miles Jurden gun of John Briant	01	00	00
John Bagleys gun of Joseph Dean	01	00	00
John Smiths gun			
Richard Williams gun			
A belt to Will Hack	00	03	06
Nicholas halls horn to John Bagley	00	01	00
James Leonard, senior, hatchet to John Bagley	00	01	06
Joseph Willis his gun to John Smith jr.	01	05	00
Uriah Leonards gun to his Indian	01	00	00
Nath Williams his gun to Ed Richmond	01	00	00
Thomas Williams his gun to George Rock	01	00	00

Thos. Gilbert gun	1	08	00	to James Bell
John Whites Gun	1	10	00	to Moses Knap
Thomas Dean Gun		18	00	to an Indian
The Town's Musket	1	04	00	
Edward Bobbets Gun,				
Mr. Nath Shoves Gun,				
& Cutlass	1	08	05	to Will Hack
James Walker, Junior, Cutlass	1	00	00	to James Bell

Clothing Account Taunton Soldiers, Canada Expedition, 1690:

Joseph Hall's Account:

The town councell of Taunton Debt to me Joseph Hall for making of clothing and knapsacks for ye Souldiers upon ye Canada Expedition,

Imprimis,

	£	s.	d.
To John Edy, for making two wascots & a snapsack	0	6	0
To John Bagley, a wascot and snapsack	0	4	0
To Joseph Jones, one wascot	0	2	6
To Nicholas Hall, one wascot and snapsack	0	4	0
To Donald Phillips, one wascote and snapsack	0	4	0
To Samuel holloway, one snapsack	0	1	6
To Miles Jordan, one wascote	0	8	6
	1	10	6

This is a true a Comb,

Pd Mr. Joseph Hall,

Taunton ye ixth November 1690.

To Capt. Leonard

you are Required in their majesties names
forthwith to take care to send down your
two men yt are wanting & if ye souldiers
are marcht from Plimouth you must take
care yt they with all speed be sent to
nantasket you are alike Required to
Impress a ~~[illegible]~~ good drum & if you can a
drummer all soe & send along with ye souldiers
hereof fail not & for which this shall
be your warrant: dated at Plimouth
18 July 1690

John Walley order
of ye Council of war

ORDER TO CAPTAIN LEONARD.

Robert Crossmans account of what he did for ye Souldiers y^t^ went to Canada, 1690.

	£	s.	d.
Mending Jos Joneses, Gun,	0	0	8
to Saml holow^s^, gun,	0	0	6
to Donoll fishers, gun,	0	0	9
to Nic^s^ hals, gun,	0	5	0
to Jona Brigs, gun for Samuel holoway,	0	2	8
to Constable Thrasher, 2 hats,	0	3	0
to Richard Brigs gun, for John Hoskins,	0	0	10
to Tho. Gilberts gun, for Thomas Richmond,	0	2	3
to a hatchet, and mending Donall Phillips gun,	0	2	6
to Miles Jurden a hatchet, and mending gun,	0	2	0
to Will Ripley a hatchet,	0	1	6
to mending Don Phillips gun again,	0	1	3
to Richard Marshalls gun	0	0	9
to Will Hack's gun,	0	0	6
to Isaac Deans gun for John Bayley,	0	3	3
to mending Jon^n^ hoskins gun & in room of mine y^t^. Ripley had for 15^s^ before it was mended	0	8	0
total	1	15	5

what is about wright and Robert Crossman can to easaly make oath too if needed.

TAUNTON, Dec. 1, 1690.

Taunton credit for Money advanced for Canada Expedition, 1690 :

	£	s.	d.
Thomas Leonard money	12	08	00
Paid to Robert Crossmen for ye drum 5s. and in all other pay	01	15	00
by a horne to Sam Squabscon	00	00	08
By Manchester to Jo Patuxin	00	00	05
" half y^d^ red cloth to ditto	00	05	08
By thrid an Manchester & 7½ yds red cloth to Benj. Ahohon	01	08	05
Peter Nunuit ([11]) 6 yds red cloth and thrid 2d.	01	02	08
John Abimilick ([12]) by linin for a snapsack and Manchester	00	01	02

To Capt. Leonard :

You are Required in their majesties names forthwith to take care to send down your two men y^t^ are wanting & if ye souldiers are marcht from Plimouth you must take care y^t^ they with all

speed be sent to Nantasket you are alike Required to Impress a good Drum & if you can a drumer allsoe & send along with ye souldiers hereof fail not & for which this shall be your warrant, dated at Plimouth 18 July 1690

JOHN WALLEY per order of ye Council of war

(*Thomas Leonard's Papers.*)

GORHAM CANADA, DUMBARTON, N.H.

Province of the Massachusetts Bay

To His Excellency the Govern^r. the Honble. Council & House of Representatives in General Court Assembled at Boston June 12th. 1735

The Petition of Shubal Goreham Representative of the Town of Barnstable for himself and the Persons Whose Names are hereto Under Written being in the Expedition to Canada Anno 1690 or the Descendants of those who are dec^d. under the Command of Capt. Jno. Goreham. Sheweth

That the said Capt. Goreham with a Company under the Command was actually in the Service of the Crown at the Time when Sir William Phipps went to Canada in the year 1690 in Order to Reduce that Country to the Obedience of the Crown of Great Britain and altho' he failed yet those who went on said Expedition Suffered great hardships and Your Excellency and Hon^rs. haveing heretofore Rewarded those who have Served their Country He therefore most humbly Prays that the Heirs of the said Capt. Goreham & such others as were in said Expedition under his Command that are now living & the Heirs of such as are since dec^d. May Obtain a Grant of a Tract of Land of Six Mile square for a Township to be settled in such Way and Manner as may be Consistant with Your Excellency & Hon^rs. Pleasure & in Duty Bound shall Pray &c

SHUBAL GOREHAM

Capt. Jno. Goreham	Nath^ll. Lothrop	Robt. Claghorn
Lieu^t. Jabez Snow	Clerk James Pain	Tim^o. Fuller alive
Ens^n. James Claghorn	Jno. Lewis alive	Jno. Grey
Serg^t. Constant Freeman alive	Sam^ll. Allen	Elisha Hedge

Serg^{t}. James Lewis alive	James Hamblin alive	Sam^{ll}. Rider
Drum^{r}. John Holbrook	Thos Parker	Jos. Sturgis alive
Corp^{o}. Caleb Williamson alive	Jon^{a}. Linnet	Dan^{ll}. Hambleton alive
Corp^{o}. Barnabas Wixum alive	James Cookoone alive	Michail Phillips
James Maker	Stephen Presberry alive	Jabez Elamus
Jno. Andrus alive	Thos. Hambleton	Jos: Daniel
Abraham Remick alive	Bacheldor Wingalive	Benj^{ra}. Bates
Thos. Snow alive	Sam^{ll}. Larrance	W^{m}. Bootson
Jos: Higgins	Jno. Robinson	Elimas Shautam
Joshua Higgins alive	Jno. Rowly alive	Ziniro Robins
Nath^{ll} Atkins	Sam^{ll}. Godfrey alive	James Robins
Cornelius Jones	Benj^{a}. Wood	Jer: Samson
Daniel Cole alive	Robt. Phinney	Tim^{o}. Toby
Elisha Tupper	James Stewart	Jno. James
Edmond Freeman alive	Joseph Burg	Edward Phinney
George Field	Joseph Cane	James Mark

In the House of Representatives June ye 18th. 1735 In answer to the Petition of Shubal Goreham & others who Were in the Expedition to Cannada in the Year 1690 or ye Descendants of Such as were lost or are since Dead

Voted that the Prayer of the Petition be granted & that Shubal Goreham Esqr. & M^{r}. Sam^{ll}. Sturgis jun^{r}. together with such as shall by joined by the Honble. Board be a Committee at the Charge of the Governm^{t}. To lay out a Township of the Contents of six Miles square North of & adjoing to the Township Reported on in favour of sundry Petitioners of Salem and Marblehead. And that they Return a Plat thereof to this Court within Twelve Months for Confirmation And for the More Effectual bringing forward the Settlen^{t}. of the said New Town Ordered that the said Town be laid out into Sixty three Equal shares one of n^{s} to be for the first Settled Minister one for the Ministry & one for the School & that on Each of the other Sixty Shares the Petitioners do within three years from the Confirmation of the Plan have settled one Good Family who shall have a House Built on his Home Lot of Eighteen Feet Square & Seven feet stud at the Least & finished, That Each Right or Grant have Six Acres of Land brought to and ploughed or brought to English Grass & fitted for Mowing. That they

Settle a Learned Orthodox Minister & Build & Finish a Convenient Meeting House for the Publick Worship of God: Provided that in Case any of the Lots or Rights are not duly Settled in all Regards as aforesaid then such Lott with the Rights thereof to Revert to and be at the Disposition of the Province.

Sent up for Concurrence

J QUINCY Sp^kr^.

In Council June 19th. 1735

Read & Concurred & Jeremiah Mouton Esqr. is joined in the Affair

T: MASON Dep^ty^ Sec^ry^.

Decr. 29 Consented to

J BELCHER

A True Copy Examined

℘ SIMON FROST Dep Sec^ry^.

Its equivalent township was Otisfield, Maine, granted June, 1777.

SYLVESTER CANADA, RICHMOND, N.H.

[*Mass. Court Records, June 20, and House Journal, June 19, 1735.*]

A Petition of Major James Warren, for himself and others, that Served in the Expedition against Canada in the Year 1690, Under Joseph Sylvester, or are the Representatives of such of the said Soldiers as are deceased; Praying for a Tract of the Province Lands of the Contents of Six Miles Square for a Township to Settle on, in consideration of the great hardships they or their Ancestors endured in the said Expedition —

Petition of Committee for laying out Richmond, 1736.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 105, p. 147.*]

To His Excele^y^ Jon^a^ Belcher Esqr Govr & Command^r^ in Chief &c To ye Hon^le^ Council —

The Memorial & Petition of Sam^ll^ Thaxter In the Name & by order of the Comitte for Laying out a Canada Township so Called Granted to the officers & Souldiars belonging to the

Company under ye Comand of Capt Joseph Silvester Humbly Sheweth

That By order of the Gen^{ll} Court passed in their Sessions May 1735, Fifty pounds was allowed to be Drawn out of the Publick Treasury & paid to the Respective Comittes for ye Laying out &c the Canady Township so called — That ye Memorialists have Expended a Considerable sum in ye Service for Laying the Township Granted to s^{d} Silvester & Company & Desire yor Excele^{y} & Hon^{rs} will order a warr^{t} to ye Treasurer for paym^{t} of Fifty pounds allow'd as afores^{d} to ye s^{d} Comitte — & yor Memorialist shall pray &c —

June 30, 1736 SAM^{L} THAXTER

June ye 19th 1736.

Then finished the Laying out a Tract of Land on the Easterly Side of Arlington Granted by the Great and General Court held at Boston In June 1735 — for a Plantation or Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square and is Granted to Capt Joseph Silvister and his Company and is bounded thus beginning at a piller of Stones Erected for the South Easterly corner of Arlington from thence runing East Six miles partly on a Town Ship lately Laid out and partly on province Land — to a Hemlock tree marked with J. S. from thence Running North Six miles & fifty Six Perches to a maple tree marked with J. S — from thence West 44 degres North Seven hundred and thirteen Perch to an heap of Stones on the Lower ashewelot line and from thence South forty three deg. West on the ashewelot line one thousand one hundred and ninety three perch to a piller of Stones then West Eighteen deg. North Six hundred & forty Perch to a piller of stones then Running South on Arlington line five miles and one hundred and fifty one Rods to a piller of Stones the first mentioned Bounds there's allowed about one Rod in thirty for uneven land and Swag of Chain, also there is allowed one hundred acres for a farm all ready Granted to Coll. Josiah Willard with five hundred acres for ponds —

℞. JOSIAH WILLARD Surveyor

a scale of 310 perch to an inch

[*Mass. Court Records and House Journal, Jan. 18, 1736–7.*]

In the House of Represent[a] Whereas a Grant of a Township of the Contents of Six Miles Square was made by this Court at their Session in June 1735 to the officers & Soldiers in the Canada Expedition Under the Command of Cap[t] Joseph Sylvester and to the heirs legal Represent[a] & descendants of such of them as are deceased, But for as much as a Sufficient Number of said Grantees do not appear to give Bonds for fulfilling the Conditions Agreeable to the directions of the said Grant

Therefore *ordered* that the Com[tee] Appointed to Admit Settlers in said Township be Impowered to Admit any others that were Either officers & Soldiers in any other Company in the said Canada Expedition, or the heirs Legal Represent[a] or Descendants of any of them who are Since deceased, who have not been Admitted Grantees into other Towns; So as to make the Number of Sixty Settlers in all; and that upon their giving Bond as aforesaid, they each of them be entitled to a Sixty third part of said Township, provided they perform the Conditions of said Grant, Unless a Sufficient Number of the said Company so as to make up in the whole of the said officers and Soldiers or of the heirs legal Represent[a] or Descendants of such of them as are since dec'ed appear to make their Claim to said Grant before the Com[tee] appointed to admit Grantees at or before the Eighteenth day of March next and that the said Com[tee] give publick Notice Seasonably of this order—

In Council Read & Concurr'd—

Consented to

J BELCHER

[*Mass. Court Records, June 18, and House Journal, June 16, 1737.*]

In the House of Represent[a] *Ordered* That James Warren Esq[r] be and hereby is fully Authorized and Impowred to Assemble and for the first Meeting to Convene the Grantees of a Township lately Granted by this Court to the officers and Soldiers in the Canada Expedition Anno 1690, Under the Command of Cap[t] Joseph Silvester dec'ed their heirs legal Represent[a] &c in some Convenient place in the Town of Plymouth when and where the Grantees under the Direction of

the said James Warren Esqr are to make Choice of a proper Clerk and to pass such votes and Rules & orders for bringing on the Settlement as may be Agreeable to the Conditions of the Grant and also to Agree Upon some Regular Methods for to call proprietors Meetings for the future —

In Council Read & Concurr'd

Consented to

J BELCHER

SYLVESTER CANADA, RICHMOND, N.H.; ITS EQUIVALENT, TURNER, ME.

PROVINCE OF MASSACHUSETTS BAY,
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
June 25, 1765.

On the petition of James Warren and Joseph Joslyn Esqrs. and Mr. Charles Turner, Agents for the proprietors of a Township granted to Capt. Joseph Sylvester and Company who served in the expedition against Canada in 1690, which township was known by the name of Sylvester-Canada, and that the whole of the said Township on running the line between this Province and New Hampshire, fell with the government of New Hampshire.

Resolved, that in lieu thereof there be granted to the Petitioners & the Legal Representatives or assigns of the said Joseph Sylvester and Company a Township of the Contents of seven miles square in the unappropriated Lands belonging to this Province. Provided that the Grantees within six years settle Thirty Families in said Town, built a house for publick worship, and settle a learned Protestant Minister, and lay out one sixty-fourth part of said town for the use of the first settled Minister, and one other sixty-fourth part for the Ministry, and one other sixty-fourth part for a Grammar School, and one sixty-fourth part for the use of Harvard College.

Provided, also the said Township be laid out in such a part of the unappropriated lands belonging to this Province adjoining to some former Grants to the eastward of Saco River, and that they return a Plan thereof into the Secretary's office within twelve months from this day, for confirmation.

In Council, June 25th, 1765. Read and Concurred. Consented to by the Governor.

True Copy from the Records of the General Court. Vol. 20, Page 71.

Attest. JOHN AVERY, JUN., Secretary.

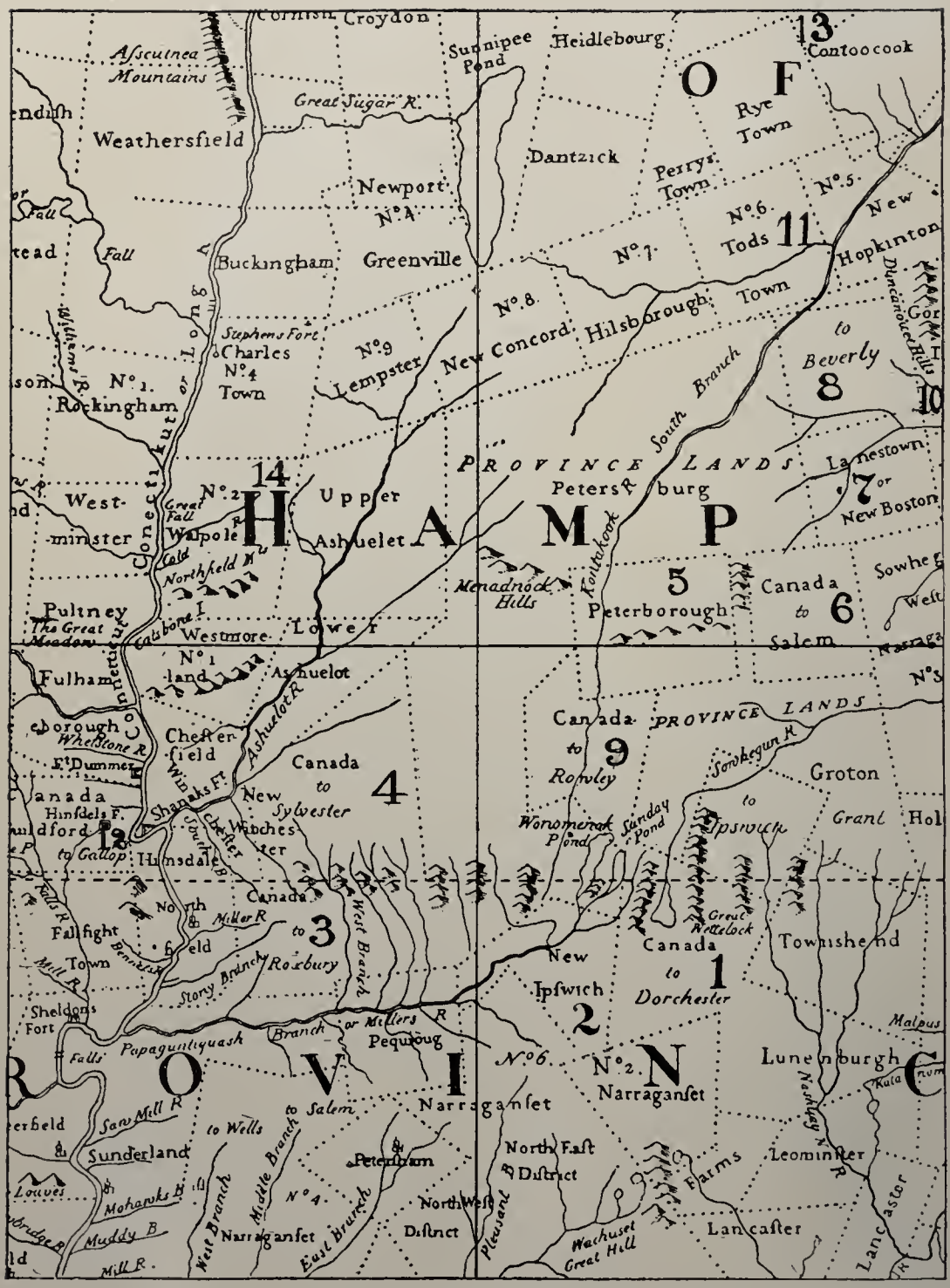
The number of the original proprietors was sixty, and the names were as follows:

Joseph Atkinson,	Eleazer Jackson,	Edward Smith,
Samuel Bryant,	John Joyce,	Thomas Snell,
Robert Buck,	Cornelius Jones,	Thomas Soper,
Nathaniel Bartlett,	John Kent,	John Silvester,
John Delano,	Joseph Knap,	Benjamin Sutten,
Samuel Dwelly,	John Kingman,	Joseph Studley,
Samuel Doughty,	John Lambert,	Mathew Stetson,
William Eaton,	Arthur Low,	Samuel Sprague,
John Field,	Mark Lothrop,	Joseph Shelley,
Benjamin Gannett,	Gershom Marble,	James Snow,
Paul Guilford,	Thomas Morton,	Moses Simmons,
James Glass,	Samuel Pittifer,	John Stetson,
Joseph Goold,	Joseph Prior,	Stephen Totman,
Samuel Hunt,	Robert Pheney,	Lazarus Turner,
James Howard,	Nathaniel Parker,	Thomas Wild,
Thomas Hiland,	Elnathan Palmer,	Jabez Warren,
Isaac Hammer,	Peter Roach,	Return White,
James Harris,	John Reccords,	Ebenezar White,
Nathaniel Harlow,	Capt. Jos. Silvester,	Benony Wolly,
Nathaniel Holmes,	Edward Standley,	John Wetherel.

UNLOCATED GRANTS OF CANADA TOWNSHIPS IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Province of the Massachusetts Bay in the early part of the last century included a territory bordering the present boundary line of Massachusetts and New Hampshire on the north.

The towns included in this territory were subjected to the claims of the rival proprietors under the title from Mason, the first patentee, and under the grants of the Massachusetts General Court this has been shown in some instances of the Canada townships previously mentioned.



MAP SHOWING GRANTS OF THE CANADA TOWNSHIPS.

To show the location of these grants the following list is presented as explanatory of the map of the region bordering the boundary line east of the Connecticut river. The dotted line shows the boundary line established which left but three of the Canada townships, Ashburnham (1), Winchendon (2), Warwick (3), in the present State of Massachusetts:

1. Dorchester Canada, Ashburnham, Mass.
2. Ipswich Canada, Winchendon, Mass.
3. Roxbury or Gardner's Canada, Warwick, Mass.
4. Sylvester Canada, Richmond, N.H.
5. Haywood or Rand's Canada, Peterborough, N.H.
6. Salem Canada, Lyndeboro', N.H.
7. Cambridge Canada, Lanestown, New Boston.
8. Beverly Canada, Halestown, Weare, N.H.
9. Rowley Canada, Rindge, N.H.
10. Gorham Canada, Dumbarton, N.H.
11. Whitman or Marlborough Canada, Todstown, Henniker, N.H.
12. Gallup's Canada, Guilford, Vt.
13. Newbury Canada, Bakerstown, Stevenstown, Salisbury, N.H.
14. Newton Canada, Alstead, N.H.

HAYWOOD OR RAND'S CANADA, PETERBOROUGH, N.H.

[*Mass. House Journal, May 27, 1726.*]

A Petition of *Samuel Heywood, Christopher Page,* and sundry others, praying for a Grant of a Tract of Land on both sides *Sowhegen-River,* as entred the 14th of *December* past, and referred to this Session. Read and referred to the next Session of this Court for further Consideration.

[*Mass. House Journal, June 23, 1732.*]

A Petition of *Ephraim Hildreth* for himself and Associates, praying that their former Petition for a Grant of Land for a Township at Souhegan may be revived for the reasons mentioned.

Read and *Ordered,* That the Petition lye on the Table.

[*Mass. House Journal, Dec. 8, 1732.*]

A Petition of *Samuel Haywood* and *Thomas Cutler* for themselves and sundry others, praying for a Grant of a Township at a place called *Souhegan* agreeable to their former Petitions. Read and referred to the next *May* Session for further Consideration.

(*Jan. 15, 1737–8, changed to "in some of the unappropriated Lands of the Province.*")

[*Mass. House Journal, Dec. 3, 1735.*]

On the Memorial of *William Rand* and others, *Canada* Soldiers *Anno* 1690, as entred the 25th ult., which was read and accepted, and *Voted*, That the prayer of the Petition be granted, and that . . . together with such as shall be joined by the honourable Board, be a Committee at the charge of the Government to lay out a Township of the contents of six miles square West of the *Narragansett* Town called number *Three, viz.* leaving one Town of six miles square and adjoining thereto, and that they return a Plat thereof to this Court within twelve months for confirmation; and for the more effectual bringing forward the Settlement of the said Town, *Ordered*, That the said Town be laid out into sixty-three equal shares, one of which to be for the first settled Minister, one for the Ministry, and one for the School, and that on each of the other sixty shares the Petitioners do within three years from the confirmation of the Plan have settled one good family, who shall have an House built on his home lot of eighteen feet square and seven feet stud at the least and finished, that each Right or Grant have six acres of Land bro't to and plowed or brought to english Grass and fitted for mowing, that they settle a learned orthodox Minister, and build and finish a convenient Meeting House for the publick Worship of GOD, and that each Settler give bond of *Twenty Pounds* to the Province Treasurer for fulfilling the Conditions of the Grant; provided that in Case any of the Lots or Rights be not duly settled in all regards as aforesaid, then such Lot or Right to revert to and be at the disposition of the Province. Sent up for Concurrence.

Timothy Wheeler servant to John Smedly dyed at Caperetoon [Cape Breton] Nov 1 1693. Samuel Bateman son of Thomas died there Nov 1 1690.

(*Concord, Mass., Records.*)

CAMBRIDGE CANADA, LANESTOWN, NEW BOSTON, N.H.

[*Mass. House Journal, June 5, 1734.*]

A Petition of Capt. *Nathanael Bowman*, and others in the publick Service in the *Canada* Expedition under the command of the late Sir *William Phipps*, Knt. praying for a Grant of Land, as entred the 20*th*, of *June* 1732, and 16*th*. of *June* last, and referred. Read and committed to the Committee appointed to consider of the Petition of *Abraham Tilton* of *Ipswich*, and others, and report what may be proper to be done thereon.

[*Mass. House Journal, Dec. 3, 1735.*]

On the Petition of Capt. *Nathanael Bowman*, and others, *Canada* Officers and Soldiers *Anno* 1690, as entred the 5*th*. of *June* 1734, which was read and accepted, and thereupon the House came into a Vote for a Grant of a Township to the Petitioners of six miles square, lying North of the Narragansett Town called number *Three*, on the same Conditions of Settlement as the aforesaid Grants were made. Sent up for Concurrence.

Joseph Hastings was wounded and lost an eye in 1690. In the same year, among those who were engaged in the unfortunate expedition against Canada, are found the names of John Andrew, William Blanchard, Nathaniel Bowman, Matthew Bridge, Daniel Champney, James Cutler, Edward Green, Stephen Hastings, Joseph Hicks, John Manning, John Pierce, Joseph Smith, Nathaniel Sparhawk, John Squire, Thomas Stacey, John Stedman.

(*Paige's Cambridge.*)

NEWTON CANADA, ALSTEAD, N.H.; ITS EQUIVALENT, PARIS, MAINE.

At a Great and General Court held in Boston on the 24th day of November, 1736, the following vote passed the two Houses and was consented to by the Governor:

Voted, that Capt. Samuel Jackson be and hereby is fully authorized and empowered to assemble and convene the grantees or proprietors of the township No. 4, lying in the line of towns between the rivers of Connecticut and Merrimac, to assemble in such place as they shall be notified and warned to convene and assemble at, in order to choose a moderator and clerk, and a committee to allot and divide their lands, and to dispose of the same and to pass such votes and orders as by them may be thought conducive to the speedy fulfillment of the conditions of their grants, and also to agree upon methods for calling of meetings for the future. Provided none of their votes concerning the dividing or disposing of their lands that shall be passed while they are under the direction of the committee of this court shall be offered before they are allowed of by said committee.

The proprietors held their first meeting pursuant to a call of Mr. Jackson, and proceeded to organize by the choice of Capt. Samuel Jackson as moderator, and Joseph Mason, Esq., clerk. It would seem that some of the grantees were minors, for it was voted that such of the proprietors as were under age, if present, should be allowed to act and vote in the proprietors' meetings. It was also declared as the sense of the meeting that the representative of any of the absent proprietors should be permitted to act and vote in their behalf.

It was voted that future meetings should be called by posting notices in Watertown and Newton fourteen days before the time appointed therein for holding the same. It was also voted that a meeting of the proprietors should be called at any time, on application, in writing, to the committee of ten or more of the proprietors.

The next meeting of the proprietors was holden at the house of John Brown, of Watertown, on Monday, the fourth day of July, 1737, and Capt. Samuel Jackson was chosen moderator.

The next meeting was holden at the dwelling-house of Widow Mary Learned, in Watertown, on Tuesday, the eighth day of February, A.D. 1739. It was voted, first, that "the charge of the meeting be borne by the whole society," and, second, that

"there shall be no lickers brought to the society that they shall be charged for, but what is ordered by the committee." It was voted "to chose a committee to find out a convenient way to our townships, and work out the same."

The next meeting of the proprietors was held nearly thirty years after the one just mentioned. There is no evidence going to show that the house provided for at the last meeting was ever built, or that any of the proprietors who drew house-lots ever occupied or even saw them. There had long been a sharp contest between the Massachusetts Bay Colony and the proprietors of the Province of New Hampshire, respecting the line between the two provinces. Between 1760 and the breaking out of the war of the Revolution, many grants of land had been made in Maine and several in Oxford county. Fryeburg was granted Mr. Joseph Frye for services in the French and Indian wars; Bethel to the descendants of those of Sudbury and other towns who had served in the expedition against Canada in 1690; Livermore to those of Watertown, Waltham, and the neighboring towns, who, either by themselves or their ancestors, had taken a part in the reduction of Port Royal; Turner and Jay to the descendants of "Canada" soldiers, and Rumford to Concord, N.H., to compensate those of her grantees who had suffered loss by the settlement of the northern boundary of Massachusetts, which had left that town in New Hamphire. The grantees of Livermore had been petitioners for land in 1735, and had received a grant of township No. 2, on the east side of and adjoining to the Connecticut river in the same tract where No. 4, granted to Capt. Samuel Jackson and others, was situated, and which proved on the settlement of the boundary to be within the limits of New Hampshire. The Livermore grantees based their claim for a renewal of their grant upon the fact that their "No. 2 had been thrown into New Hampshire by an adjustment of the boundary lines."

The changed conditions of things, and the general movement for eastern land grants, stimulated the grantees of No. 4 on Connecticut river to move for an adjustment of their claims — a preliminary step to which was the reorganization of their company. These grantees were mostly from Watertown, Waltham,

and Newton, towns from which hailed most of the grantees of Livermore and Jay. The grantees of Bethel were also largely from Newton. These two towns, Watertown and Newton, formed the rallying-points for several Massachusetts towns, Marlboro', Shrewsbury, and Groton being notable among the number.

The next meeting of the proprietors of township No. 4, "lying between the rivers Connecticut and Merrimac," after an interval of nearly thirty years, was held at the house of Mr. Nathaniel Coolidge, innkeeper in Watertown, on the 26th day of December, 1769. Several of the original proprietors had deceased, and their rights were represented by heirs or assigns, while others had disposed of their claims, so that only twenty-nine of the original claimants petitioned for a renewal of the grant. At this meeting Joshua Fuller was elected moderator, and Nehemiah Mason, clerk. Capt. Joshua Fuller, Capt. William Coolidge, and Ebenezer Brown were constituted a committee to draft a petition to the General Court for a new grant of land in lieu of the one they had lost.

From the record of the proprietors' meetings it appears that this committee went in company and acted in conjunction with a committee of the grantees of Phipps Canada, with the understanding that the two grants should be situated side by side, and that the expenses should be divided between the two committees. But after the townships had been located and bounded, some disagreement arose the nature of which is not explained, and the committee on the part of the proprietors of No. 4 assumed the whole of the expense of the survey, and the committee of the Phipps Canada proprietors went to the great Androscoggin, and surveyed a township north of Livermore, territory which now comprises the towns of Jay and Canton.

[*Massachusetts Archives, Vol. 118, pp. 410–413.*]

15 Mch., 1770

That some of your Petitioners and the Predecessors of the others Obtained a Grant from the Great & General Court of a Township of Land Several years Since, Which was then Laidout between the Rivers of Connecticut and Merrimack in the Line of Towns.

. . . . . .

They were Deprived of said Township, by its being Set off to the Province of New Hampshire by the settlement of the boundary line &c &c.

Joshua Fuller	
Samuel Jackson	on the Right of Capt. Samuel Jackson
Jonathan Williams jun.	" " " John Spring
Thomas Greenwood	
Ebenezer Stearns	
Oakes Angier	
Isaac Jackson	on right of Isaac Jackson
Thaddeus Trowbridge	" " " William Trowbridge
Jonathan Williams	" " " William Williams
Thomas Quinier	
Stephen Harris	" " " Thomas Harris
David Sanger	" " " David Sanger
Ephraim Burridge	" " " John Burridge
Peter Durrell	
Samuel Shattuck	
Nathaniel Smith	
William Coolidge	
Amos Livermore	" " " Oliver Livermore
Josiah Brown	" " " William Brown
Josiah Goddard	
William Park	" " " Richard Park
William Park	
Ebenezer Brown	
Jonas Coolidge	" " " Jonas Coolidge
Nathaniel Spring	
Christopher Grant junr	" " " Christopher Grant
Samuel Fuller	" " " Isaac Fuller
Jonathan Learned	" " " Ebenezer Goddard
William Dana	
Jonathan Learned	
Seth Stone	" " " Jonathan Bemis
Nathaniel Stone	" " " Moses Hastings
Josiah Mixer	
Daniel Robbins	
James Hay	" " " Richard Coolidge
Joseph Coolidge	
Josiah Fuller	
Nehemiah Mason	" " " Joseph Mason
Daniel Bond	" " " Daniel Bond
Abraham Whitney	" " " John Whitney
Nathaniel Coolidge	" " " Thadeus Coolidge
Elisha Learned	" " " David Learned
Samuel Randall	

Ezekiel Whitney	on right of David Whitney
John Stowel	
Benjamin Bond	
James Dix	
George Harrington	
George Harrington junr	
Josiah Bisco	" " " Thomas Bisco
Edmund Barnard	" " " Samuel Stowel
Samuel Hide	" " " Richard King
William Coolidge jun	" " " Joseph Allen
William Coolidge	" " " John Coolidge
Thomas Frost	
Thadeus Trowbridge	" " " Caleb Trowbridge
Samuel Jackson	" " " Edward Jackson
David Coolidge	
David Livermore	
Nathaniel Stone.	

Names of the Petitioners were entered agreeable to a Vote at the meeting on 12 Mch 1770.

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3 Apr 1771

The Memorial of Samuel Whittemore, Joshua Fuller, John Brown, Thomas Parker and Alexander Shepard.

Humbly Sheweth

That your Memorialists on the 15th Day of March 1770 Preferred a Petition to the Great & General Court then Sitting, humbly Praying that a Township of Land might be Granted to them and their Associates Subscribers to said Petition, as a Gratuity or Reward for the hard Service and Suffering of their Predecessors in the Expedition to Canada in the Year 1690.

PHIPS CANADA, JAY AND CANTON, MAINE.

In 1739, it is said, one John Phips, of Wrentham, Mass., said to have been of the family of Sir William Phips, petitioned for a grant on account of service in the expedition. The following seems to refer to David, son of Spencer Phips, of Cambridge, Mass.:

In Committee to whom was referred the Petition of David Phips, Esqr. and others praying for a Township in Consideration of their Ancestors being in the Expedition against Canada in the Year 1690 Have attended that Service and find that the Petitioners are the Descendants and Legal Representatives of Sundry persons in the Expedition aforesaid and that they nor their Ancestors have not as yet recd any Grant for the Hardship and Burdens Sustained by their Ancestors aforesaid in said Expedition as all Others

have done who have Regularly Applied to the General Court for the same. Therefore are of the Opinion that the following Resolve Pass.

In the House of Representatives June 11, 1771 Resolved that there be granted to David Phips Esqr. and others mentioned in the Petition a Township of the Contents of Six Miles & Three Quarters Square to be laid out adjoining to some former Grant in the unappropriated Lands in this Province to the Eastward of Saco River provided the Grantees within Seven Years Settle Eighty Families in Said Township Build a House for the public Worship of God and Settle a Learned Minister, one 84th part for the Ministry one 84th part for the Use of a School in sd Township and one 84th part for the use of Harvard College forever provided also that they return a Plan thereof Taken by a Surveyor and Chairmen under Oath into this Court within Twelve months

Sent up for Concurrence &c

At a meeting of the proprietors (or grantees) of a township of land granted by the Great and General Court, on the 11th day of June, 1771, to David Phipps, Esq., and others, at their meeting on Tuesday, the 19th day of November, 1771, at the house of Ebenezer Steadman in Cambridge, it was voted that this Proprietary relinquish all their right in the two townships of land that were laid out by a committee of this Proprietary, in conjunction with a committee of the No. 4 Proprietary (so called), at Little Amariscoggin river, to the said No. 4 proprietors, provided they pay all the charges that have arisen in viewing and laying out said township, except the charges of Messrs. Abijah Brown and Israel Whittemore for their services and expenses in said service, and except six days and a half of Capt. Kimball.

WHITMAN OR MARLBOROUGH CANADA, HENNIKER, N.H.; ITS EQUIVALENT, WATERFORD, ME.

This town was *Number 6* in the line of towns from Merrimack to Connecticut river, granted by Massachusetts Jan. 16, 1735–6. As some of the grantees came from Marlborough, Mass., it was sometimes called *New Marlborough* or *Marlborough Town*.

[*Petition of Proprietors of Henniker for Equivalent Grant, 1774.*]

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 118, p. 757.*]

Province of the Massachusetts-Bay } To his Excellency Thomas Hutchinson Esqr Captain General & Commander in chief In & over sd Province

To the Honourable His majesties Council & To the Honourable House of Representatives in general Court assembled January 26th 1774

The Petition of the Subscriber in behalf of ourselves and others Grantees of the Township Number Six in the Line of Towns humbly Sheweth

That the Great & General Court of the Province at their Session AD 1735 Granted a Township of the Contents of Six Miles square being Number Six In the Line of Towns between Connecticutt & Merrimack Rivers that the Grantees were at very considerable Expence in clearing Roads Building Mills &c in said Township. that by the late running of the Line Between this Government & the Government of New Hampshire the said Township was taken into the said Government of New Hampshire, & your Pet^{rs} and their associates have lost their whole Interest therein together with the money Expended in bringing forward the Settlement of said Township

Your Petitioners therefore most humbly request that your Excellency & Honours would in your known wisdom & Justice Grant to your Petitioner & the other Grantees and Proprietors of s^{d} Township Number Six in Lieu thereof a Township in some of the unappropriated Land in the Eastward Part or this Province or otherwise Relive your Petitioner as your Excellency & Hon^{r} In your Wisdom shall think proper & your Petitioner as in Duty bound shall ever pray

JOHN GARDNER
STEPHEN MAYNARD
SETH RICE

[In answer to this petition, the General Court granted the petitioners the township of Waterford, Me., Feb. 24, 1774.]

WOBURN.

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 26, pp. 246–247.*]

A True list of those Persons Who have a Just Claim (either in Woburn or the next adjacent Towns) to the Bounty of the General Court by being (either personally or by their Ancestors) in the Cañada Expedition Anno 1690 —

Taken in Woburn February 19th. 1738 by virtue of an order of the S^{d} Genl Court bearing date December 22^{d} last past, vizt.

1 Joseph Read of Woburn Personally present in s^{d} Expedition Attested upon Oath by Zachariah Converse of s^{d} Woburn.

2 Zachariah Converse of Woburn personally present in s^{d} Expedition attested by Joseph Read of Woburn upon Oath.

3 John Dean in right of his Brother William Dean both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

4 Timothy Wynn in right of his Father Joseph Wynn both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

5 Edward Wynn in right of his Father Increase Wynn both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

6 Samuel Wyman in right of his Father Samuel Wyman both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

7 Nathan Wyman in right of his Father John Wyman both of Woburn Attested by Joseph Read.

8 Jabez Wyman in right of his Father John Wyman Junr both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read

9 Jonathan Poole of Woburn in right of His Father Jonathan Poole of Reading. Attested by Joseph Read.

10 Jacob Wright in right of his Father Joseph Wright both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

11 Mousell Wright in right of his Father Joseph Wright Junr both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

12 Jabez Temple of Wilmington in right of his Father William Temple of Reading. Attested by Joseph Read.

13 John Pierce in right of his Brother Thomas Pierce both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

14 John Fowle Junr in right of his Grandfather James Fowle both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

15 John Russell in right of his Father John Russell both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Reed.

16 James Pierce in right of his Bro^{r}. Joseph Pierce both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read

17 Reuben Lilly a Minor in right of his Grandfather Reuben Lilly of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

18 John Gold of Stoneham Personally present. Attested by Joseph Read

19 Eleazer Bateman for his Brother John Bateman of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

20 Eleazar Bateman for his Kinsman David Fox of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

21 —(Crossed out)

22 —Jabez Brooks in right of his Kinsman Isaac Brooks both of Woburn Attested by Joseph Read.

23. Jonathan Brooks in right of his Grandfather John Brooks both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

24. Jonathan Brooks in right of his Uncle Ebenezer Brooks both of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read.

25. Isaac Farrhar of Woburn Personally present Attested by Joseph Read.
26 John Richardson a Noncompos by his Guardian Nathan Richardson in right of his Father John Richardson both of Woburn Attested by Zechariah Converse.
27 James Symonds of Woburn in right of his Father James Symonds late of s^d^. Town Attested by Joseph Read.
28 Samuel Converse for his Father Samuel Converse of Woburn. Attested by Joseph Read
Increase Winn died

[*Mass. Archives, Vol. 115, p. 574. Towns, 1742–1751.*]

We whose names are hereunto subscribed being the descendants of such persons as were in the expedition against Canada, Anno 1690, do desire and impower Roland Cotton, who took the list of our names by order of the Great and General Court, Anno 1738, to prefer a petition to the General Court, that we may obtain a grant of a township of land, as others in the same expedition have done.

Jacob Wright, James Pierce, Nathan Wyman, Samuel Wyman, Ebenezer Richardson, Edward Winn, Jabez Wyman, Jonathan Brooks, Benjamin Blodgett, Nathan Simonds, Samuel Dean, Benjamin Brooks, John Fowle, Solomon Wyman, Timothy Winn, senior, Abigail Tidd, Jonathan Poole, James Simonds, Eleazer Bateman, Mousall Wright, Woburn. A true list of those persons who have a just claim on the next adjacent town to the bounty of the General Court, by being either personally, or by their ancestors, in the Canada expedition, Anno 1690. Taken in Woburn, February 19, 1738, by virtue of an order of the General Court, bearing date Dec. 22, last past. Joseph Reed, Zachariah Converse, William Dean, Joseph Winn, Increase Winn, Samuel Wyman, John Wyman, Woburn; Jonathan Poole, Reading; Joseph Wright, Joseph Wright, Jr., Woburn; William Temple, Reading; Thomas Pierce, James Fowle, John Russell, Joseph Pierce, Reuben Lilly, Woburn; John Gould, Stoneham; John Bateman, David Fox, Isaac Brooks, John Brooks, Ebenezer

Brooks, Isaac Farrar, John Richardson, James Simonds, Samuel Converse, Woburn.

Attest: JOSEPH REED.

GLEANINGS FROM TOWN RECORDS.

Many of the towns were unable to furnish their quota for the expedition, from their exposed situation on the frontier and consequent liability to an attack from the Indians.

Salisbury, Amesbury, Haverhill, Dunstable, Chelmsford, Groton, Lancaster, and the settlements west of these towns were in an exposed position and furnished but few men.

LANCASTER.

Lancaster was represented among the sufferers in Sir William Phips' disastrous expedition against Canada. Endorsed on a list of Phips' captains, in Massachusetts Archives, XXXVI., 134, is "Lt. Willard of Lanchaster" [Benjamin], and the names of five soldiers are known from a petition of their heirs, in 1738, for land grants, viz.:

JOSEPH ATHERTON, JOHN POPE,
JONATHAN FAIRBANK, SAMUEL WHEELER,
TIMOTHY WHEELOCK.

1690. To the Honrd Lift Gou^{r}n^{r} & Counsell of Massachu^{tts} Province New England, Grace Mercy & peace be multiplied to ye worthy Gentlm^{n} of ye Assembley.

The humble Petition of Cyprian Steevens humbly sheweth that being Constable in year 1690/1 that yeare sevrall psons moued some to Canady & to other parts & no estate to be found, my Humble Request is that yor Hon^{s} will Consider yor Petitin^{r} that he may not pay out of his own Estate, for that wch was other

men's dues. Yor Petitin^{r} also Relating to his office that yeare has been a great suffrer, haueing two Ratts to colect namely tweenty Ratts wch was Graine, & two & a halfe money, the scarcity of y^{e} on & not haueing the other, ye Loss in a great meashur became ye Constabl^{s}, now yor petition^{r} humbley Craues yor Hon^{rs} favour that you will please to Graunt him a clearence from Mr Tayler Treasur^{r} so shall he be oblidged to pray for yor Hon^{r}s peace & prsprty

Yo^{r} supleant serv^{t} CYPRIAN STEEVENS

LANCASTER, June 4th, 1695.

A list of ye names of those p^{r}sons that moued from ye Town of Lancaster of wch sum are Dead, in ye yeare 1690.

Also ye Loss of 16 wolues by a mistake of Major Phillipses

Clarke Emp^{r} Joseph Waters	18 wolues	Cyprian Steevens	7 –	3
Cyprian Steevens,	17 "	Willm. Huttson	4 –	3
I	15 "	Sam^{ll}. Wheeler	4 –	1
		Benjamin Willard	4 –	4
		Joseph Watters	6 –	6
		Nath^{ll}. Harwood	3 –	10
		Sam^{ll}. Sumner	5 –	4
		Arthur Tooker	4 –	
			1 ,,	19 ,, 7

A true Acount as Atests

CYPRIAN STEEVENS,
Constable for Lancaster.

GROTON.

To his Excellency Sr William Phips Knight Cap^{n} Generall and Governour in chiefe of their Maj^{ties} Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England, and Honrd Council and Representatives thereof now assembled in Generall Court sitting att Boston ffebruary 23^{d} 169$\frac{3}{4}$

The petition of John Paige of Groton for himself and in behalf of his son John Paige who was a souldier under the comand of Major Wade in the Late Expedition to Canada against y^{e} com̃on enemy

Humbly Sheweth That yor Petitio^{r}s son the s^{d} John Paige att Canada received a Grevious wound in his left arme, of which after his returne home he lay lame und^{r} the chirurgeons hand for the Space of Twelve months and upwards, before be gatt cure, and after he gatt cure was a twelve month more before he could doe or performe any reasonable bodily Labour to procure himself a Lively hood.

That Yo^{r} Petition^{rs} sons cure came to Seaven pounds wch yor Petitio^{r} undertooke the payment of to the Chyrurgeon, and of wh^{ch} he hath only rec^{d} from the country thirty shillings, wch was soe much allowd and ordered by the Comittee formerly appointed to Inspect ye affaires of Canada wounded men, his Son being att that time under cure, butt not cured till a very Considerable time aft^{r} and soe had said thirty shillings allowed him for payment of ye Chyrurgeon for what he had done to that time

Now Forasmuch as yor Petitio^{r} hath formerly made Applycation to yor Ex^{cy} and this honrd Court referring to ye premisses But nothing hither haveing therein been done, yett hopes you will not deale by his son worse than by others of y^{e} wounded men.

Yo^{r} Petitio^{r} Therefore for himself and in behalf of his said son humbly Entreats yor Exc^{cy} and this honrd Court to take y^{e} premisses into consideraco$\tilde{n}$ and that you will please to allow and order unto yor petition^{r} the remainder of s^{d} moneys for the cure of his son, as also that you will please to allow unto his son Such compensation for the loss of his time for payment of his Dyatt during the continuance of his afores^{d} lameness. as to yor wisdoms shall seeme most meet & requisite.

And yor Petition^{r} as in
duty bound Shall ever pray

JOHN PAIGE

This may certifie that John Paige Sone of the Petition^{r} was under the hands of me Jonathan Prescott Chyrurgeon above a twelve months time, and that his cure pformed by me came to seaven pounds

JONATHAN PRESCOTT

---

voted that John Page Junr son of the Petition^{r} shall for the payment of the Chirurgion and Dyet Dureing the time of his Cure Receive out of the publicque treasury of this province Twelve pounds deducting out of s^{d} sum̃e what he has all ready Reĉed : passed in the Affirmative by the House Re.

NATH: BYFIELD *Speaker*

[Endorsed]

John Paige of Groton his petition
1693 27 febr Vot^{d}. in Council £. 12. to be p^{d}. deducting &c.

READING.

1690. — A company of soldiers was called for from Reading to join in the Canada Expedition, in connection with the Indian War, and Ephraim Savage was appointed its Captain, Jonathan Poole and Nath'l Goodwin were subalterns. Maj. Jeremiah Swayne is nominated for one of the magistrates for this year.

"Jonathan Poole was appointed to carry the soldiers' 'debentors' to Boston, and to bring up thence their Bills of credit and deliver them to the Selectmen." These "debentors" (debentures) were government certificates and evidence of claim upon government for services in the Indian war.

1690, Octob. 8. I had the preceding week an impulse on my spirit to set this day apart for public prayers to God for our friends who were gone to Canada. When I proposed the matter to the congregation, some desired that it might be deferred. I answered, we know not what need our friends might stand in

of our prayers. I have since been informed that on this day they Engadged with their enemies. And it pleased God that not a man who went from this town was slain.

Dec. 10. We spent time in Prayer to God for our friends who were returned from Canada, and were sick of a sore fever. And tho' many of them were likely to die, yet they all soon recovered.

(*Extract from Diary of Rev. Jonathan Pierpont, of Reading.*)

WATERTOWN.

In the files of the Middlesex County Court is the following certificate or memorial of soldiers, dated Apr. 15, 1690. Most of them belonged to Watertown. "Being listed in the service of the country against the French, and ordered down to Charlestown, and being denied quarters elsewhere, the widow Mary Peachee did entertain us." [Signed] "Nathaniel Barsham, Lft.; Wm. Davenport, Sergt.; Samuel Barnard, Corporal; Richard Mellins, John Applin, John Fisk, Peter Mansel, John Smith, John Swetin, Thomas Stratton, Henry Spring, John Fay, Thomas Willson [Woolson?], Nathaniel [?] Wod, Solomon Ray, George Stevens [Stearns?] John Poney [Perry?], Josiah Jones, Joseph Garfield, James Ball." Upon this certificate, there was a motion to the Court to renew her license.

MIDDLESEX PROBATE RECORDS.

Deposition of Joseph Beach age 30 & Daniel Makee age 20, they being soldiers in the late expedition for Canada & being in the company with Daniel Startin (dated 15 May 1691).

GLOUCESTER.

The Rev. John Emerson's parishioners at Gloucester were not exempt from the exactions and exposure incident to the French and Indian wars, with which the country was harassed in their day. July 26, 1690, he wrote a letter to "Wayt

Winthrop," Commander-in-chief, respecting "the sad and deplorable state & condition" of the "towne of Glocester," and craving his "helpe & succor." "Whereas there is forty seaven of our souldiers under a presse, the case so stands with us that if they be not released I must needs tell you, & it is nothing but truth that I tell you, that wee must all be forced to leave the towne, for we are not able to stay any longer after they are gone; but must of necessity be made a prey to the enemy. We shall not have men left to keepe us a watch, nor in any wise much lesse to withstand an enemy, which we are every day & night in expectation to breake in upon us, by reason that we are a front towne upon the sea, & so good a harbor for shipping as I believe there is not a better nor a bolder in all New England, by the report of the ablest seamen. Those that are under presse are above halfe of those that traine, as I am informed, &, besides, there will be nothing neare enough left to get in hay & harvest, so that wee must of necessity be forced to kill our cattell, & our [are?] in great danger of being famished. Therefore my request to your selfe is that you will be pleased to release all these men that are under this last presse, there being already listed fiveteene volunteers for Canada, besides seaven that are pressed to the Indian wares. Therefore if you please not to releive us in releasing of these men, wee must of necessity, as abovesaid, & the inhabitants doe resolve upon it, to leave the towne rather than to live in continuall hazzard & feare of their lives, & to be exposed to all other calamitys."

BOSTON TOWN RECORDS.

July 18th 1690. Recd by the Selectmen ye Ordrs. followinge

Ordered by the General Court that the select men of Bostone take care that the house in ye Fort on ye Hill be prouided for Entertainmt. of sicke and wounded soldiers & seamen. Alsoe to prouide sutable Nurses provisions & all necessarys for them at the charge of the Countrie. By Order of the Generall Court

Bostone 18th. July 1690.

ISACK ADDINGETON secretr.

To the Constables
of Boston and every of them

You are Required in their Maties. Names forthwith to Impress Thirty or Forty able Seamen for their Maties. Service in the Expedition to Port Royal against the common Enemy French and Indians, and the Seamen so Impressed put on board the Ship Six ffriends now . . . their Maties. Service under the Comand of Sir William Phipps K^{nt}. against the said comon Enemy hereof faile not, takeing yor. directions from the said S^{r}. William Phipps. Dated in Boston the 15th. of April 1690.

Annoqe R: R^{e} et Regnia Gulielomi et Maria nunel Anglia C^{ra} Secundo·/.

By order of the Governm^{t}
and Council.

Three of these to Boston
and one of like venor
for twelve men to Charlstown·/.

To the Honourable the Governour & Councill,

The Proposalls of the Owners of the private Man of War named the Mary ———
humbly Sheweth,

1. The said shipp is now well fixed, & compleatly furnished, & ready to enter into their Majestys Service to engage in the Easterne expedition against our french enemies & therefore desire our said shipp may be forthwith entered into pay —
2. We cannot afford our Shipp to goe under eighty pounds in Mony a month, to say for the use of the shipp & her furniture, the Country furnishing powder & bullets &c —
3. We expect if our shipp engages & be disabled in the Service, that she be repaired at the Charge of the Country, & not to be deducted out of the hyre, & if she be Lost that the Country are Obliged to answer us for the Cost of her present Outset; —

4. That if any of our men Fall in the Service that our Complement may be recruited out of the Companys now goeing forth —
5. Our Company of men belonging to the shipp to be p^d for this Service by the Government, & fournished wth provision, & powder & ball for their small Armes This is humbly Offered to Your honours Considerations

By your most humble Servt

CHARLES BEDFORD
DAVID EDWARDS
CYPRIAN SOUTHACK :

It is ordered by Maj^r: Bartholemew, Geydney Capt. Daniel King : Capt: John March, for Essex Maj^r: Nath: Wade Capt: Joseph Lynde, Capt Ebenezer Prout for Middlesex, Capt John Wing, Capt Ephraim Hunt Capt Thomas Barnard, for Suffolk, are hereby impowred, to make strict inquiry, in their respective Counties, after what plunder may any ways be concealed, by such as came from Canadia in y^e late expedition, and alsoe of all stores which were brought back, att y^e return of y^e souldiers & make returne of what they doe herein to y^e Govr: & Council past in the afirmative ꝑ

feb^r. 10 : 169$\frac{0}{1}$ JOSEPH LYNDE ꝑ ord^r.

Consented to by the Magistrates,

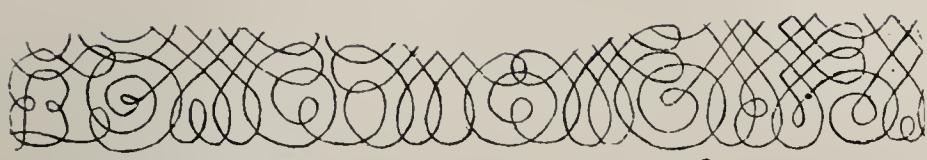
JO^A ADDINGTON Sec^y

THE 1690 ISSUE OF PAPER MONEY.

Governor Shirley in 1746 stated that the expedition against Canada in 1690 cost the Province of Massachusetts Bay about £50,000 and the loss of an abundance of their young men by a malignant fever that raged in the camp and several distempers that happened on their way home.

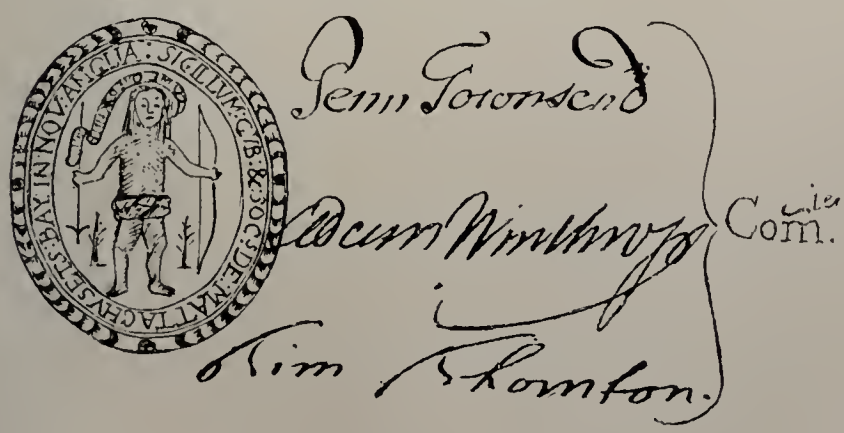
The remedy adopted to recoup the finances of the Province was as follows :

" Whereas for the maintaining and defending of their Majesties interest against the hostile invasions of their French and Indian enemies, who have begun and are combined in the prosecution of a bloody war upon the Eng-



N° (107) 20s

THIS Indented Bill of Twenty Shillings due from the Massachusets Colony to the Possessor shall be in value equal to money & shall be accordingly accepted by the Treasurer and Receivers subordinate to him in all Publick paymts; and for any Stock at any time in the Treasury. Boston in New England February the third 1690 By Order of the General Court



MONEY, 1690.

lish of their Majesties Colonys and Plantations of New England, this Colony hath necessarily contracted sundry considerable debts, which this Court taking into consideration, and being desirous to approve themselves just and honest in the discharge of the same, and that every person who hath credit with the country for the use of his estate, disbursements or service done for the public, may in convenient time receive due and equal satisfaction; whithal considering the present poverty and calamities of the country, and, through scarcity of money, the want of an adequate measure of commerce, whereby they are disadvantaged in making present payment as desired, yet being willing to settle and adjust the accounts of said debts and to make payment thereof, with what speed they can" a committee are empowered to make an immediate issue of £7,000 in bills from 5 shillings to £5.

To prevent a panic and ensure the acceptance of these bills, Phips himself exchanged a large amount of his coin for the Province notes.

The government also accepted the bills in public payments at five per cent. advance, and as they were reissued many were received by the government several times in a year, with the allowance of five per cent.

The establishment of a mint was also attempted, but resulted in the mother country preventing, as shown by the following:

1691–2

Jan. 19. (15) Report of the principal officers of the Mint, on the proposals and reasons offered to their Majesties by Sir William Phipps, &c., for obtaining a grant to the general court, in the province of Massachusetts Bay in New England, of the liberty of coining. They conceived it very probable that most of the moneys which had been coined in New England from 1652 (when they had the privilege of coining) might still remain there; the lightness of the coins discouraging their exportation (being about 22½ per cent. less in value than our English silver coins), and encouraging the bringing in of foreign coins from Jamaica, Barbadoes, and other places. It was scarcely credible that buyers should want small moneys for change, since the coined moneys of New England were the shilling, sixpence, threepence, and twopence, besides small Spanish coins current there, as in other English colonies. They might (if their Majesties approved) be supplied with

pence, half-pence, and farthings of tin from England, to their Majesties' advantage. The privilege of coinage had not been granted to other English colonies as represented. The instance of the East India Company was very different, the privilege of coinage being restricted to their forts in India, and to the coinage of moneys current in the dominions of those Indian princes only. But if their Majesties grant the privilege of coining moneys to the general court in the province of Massachusetts Bay in New England, they proposed that the moneys might be in weight and fineness according to the standard of the Mint in England. The altering the standard in any one of their Majesties' dominions would be an eminent prejudice to the rest. Dated 19 Jan., 1691.

Minuted. — "To be shown to ye pet^r. 19 Jan. '91."

(*Treasury Papers, Vol. XVII., 15.*)

CONCLUSION.

The foregoing extracts are presented not as evidence that all those persons mentioned served in the expedition under Phips, as some of the grantees no doubt received their grant for service in other expeditions, and were grouped with the 1690 grantees in order to occupy lands of the Province that were desirable and unoccupied.

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FLAG:OF:THE:SOCIETY
OF:COLONIAL:WARS:IN
THE:COMMONWEALTH
OF:MASSACHVSETTS

By His EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM SHIRLEY, Esq;

Captain-General and Governour in Chief, in and over His Majesty's Province of the *Massachusetts-Bay* in *New-England*.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS His Majesty has been graciously pleased to order a Number of Troops, under the Command of the Honourable Lieutenant-General *St. Clair*, to proceed from *Great-Britain* to *Louisbourg*, with a sufficient Convoy of Men of War, and with them a great Part of His Majesty's Troops now in Garrison at *Louisbourg*, and also with such Troops as shall be levied for that Purpose in His Majesty's Colonies in *North-America*, to attempt the immediate Reduction of *Canada*; and has signified His Royal Pleasure to Me, as also to the Governours of the several Provinces and Colonies of *Virginia*, *Maryland*, *Pensilvania*, *New-Jersey*, *New-York*, *Connecticut*, *Rhode-Island* and *New-Hampshire*, by Letters dispatch'd from his Grace the Duke of *New-Castle*, That the necessary Dispositions should be forthwith made for the raising as many Men within this and the above-mentioned Governments as the Shortness of the Time will admit, for proceeding on the said Expedition;

AND whereas the Great and General Court of this Province have, with the utmost Chearfulness and Unanimity, voted to give all necessary and proper Encouragement for *Three Thousand* Voluntiers that shall enlist into His Majesty's Service in this Expedition;

In Obedience therefore to His Majesty's said Commands;

I have thought fit, with the Advice of His Majesty's Council, to issue this Proclamation, in order to make known His Majesty's gracious Intentions and Declarations for the Encouragement of all able-bodied effective Men that are inclined to enlist themselves into His Service in the said Expedition together with the further Encouragement which is offered by this Government, *viz.* That the said Voluntiers will be under such Officers as I shall appoint; That they will be immediately entitled to His Majesty's Pay, the Officers from the Time they shall engage in His Majesty's Service, and the Soldiers from the respective Days on which they shall be enlisted; That if Provision cannot be made of Arms and Cloathing for them, by reason of the Shortness of the Time, a reasonable Allowance will be made them in Money for the same; That they shall be entitled to a Share of the Booty that shall be taken from the Enemy, and shall be sent back to their several Habitations, when this Service shall be over, unless any of them shall desire to settle elsewhere.

AND for the further Encouragement of all Voluntiers that shall engage in this Service, It is provided, That they shall receive Thirty Pounds in Bills of Credit of the old Tenor, as a Bounty; as also for each Man a good Blanket, and a Bed for every two Men; the said Bounty to be paid upon their Enlistment, and the Blankets and Beds at the Time of their Embarkation, or Proceeding on the said Expedition: And that all such Voluntiers as shall proceed on this Expedition, shall be exempted from all Impresses for two Years after their Return.

Given at the Council-Chamber in BOSTON, the Second Day of *June* 1746. In the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of Our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of GOD of *Great-Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, KING, Defender of the Faith, *&c.*

By Order of His Excellency the Governour, with the Advice of the Council,
J. WILLARD, *Secr.*

W. Shirley.

GOD Save the KING.

BOSTON: Printed by *John Draper*, Printer to His Excellency the GOVERNOUR and COUNCIL.

MASSACHUSETTS IN THE INTENDED EXPEDITION TO CANADA IN 1746.

WALTER KENDALL WATKINS.

THE success of the capture of Louisburg, in 1745, stimulated Governor Shirley's ambition, and he proposed to George II. a new attempt upon Canada, a conquest of all New France.

The expedition was to be composed of twenty-five hundred troops from Pennsylvania, twenty-one hundred each from Virginia and Connecticut, forty-five hundred each from Massachusetts and New York. This proposal was favorably received at court, and the Duke of Newcastle sent instructions to the governors of all the English colonies north of Carolina to make a levy of troops. The colonies voted to raise eighty-two hundred men, of which Massachusetts was to furnish thirty-five hundred. A fleet and force of regular soldiers were to be sent from England. The New England troops were to make their way to Quebec by the St. Lawrence, and those from the southern colonies by Lake Champlain and Montreal.

On the 26th May, 1746, His Majesty's Sloop, "Hickingbrook," Captain Townley commander, arrived in Boston Harbor from England with letters dated Whitehall, April 9, 1746, and June 2, 1746. Governor Shirley issued the proclamation, which is printed in fac-simile.

New Hampshire voted to raise 1,000 men, Connecticut 600, Rhode Island 400 (300 land forces and 100 for sloop of war).

Connecticut increased her levy to 1,000, and within the past year there has been discovered in the Public Record Office in London a volume of muster rolls of the regiment, officered as follows: Elisha Williams, colonel; Samuel Talcott, lieutenant-colonel; Israel Hewitt, major; John Darling, adjutant; Normand Morrison, quartermaster, and Rev. Ashbel Woodbridge, chaplain.

The ten companies were under Col. Elisha Williams, of Wethersfield; Lieut.-Col. Samuel Talcott, of Hartford; Maj. Israel Hewitt, of New London; Capt. James Church, of Hartford; Capt. Josiah Starr, of Fairfield; Capt. Benjamin Lee, of Plainfield; Capt. Robert Denison, of New London; Capt. William Whiting, of Lebanon; Capt. Elihu Hall, of Wallingford, and Capt. Joseph Wooster, of Stratford.

Of the rolls of the Massachusetts troops there are no copies in the archives of the State. That the originals or copies were forwarded to England to be paid by the home government is doubtful.

Of the expedition of the previous year to Louisburg, but a single roll was forwarded, that of Captain Baker's company. The reimbursement for the expenses of this expedition by Parliament was not accomplished till Sept. 18, 1749, when there arrived in Boston 653,000 ounces of silver and 10 tons of copper in coin. The four years' delay was partially accounted for by the non-receipt of other than the one roll mentioned above; when others were requested the fire of Dec. 9, 1747, had destroyed the court-house, with all the books of the General Court, Governor and Council, House of Representatives, and all books of commissions and other instruments from the Crown, with most of the original papers. (Letter, received April 26, 1748, Public Record Office, London.) A more particular account of the fire, taken from contemporary newspapers, follows:

Yesterday morning between 6 & 7 o'clock we were exceedingly surprised by a most terrible Fire, which broke out at the Court House in this Town, whereby that spacious and beautiful Building except the bare outside Walls, was entirely destroyed. As the Fire began in the middle or second

J. Dwight

Story, the Records, Books, Papers, Furniture, Pictures of the Kings and Queens, &c., which were in the Council Chamber, the Chamber of the House of Representatives and the Apartments thereof, in that Story, were consumed; as were also the Books and Papers in the Offices of the upper Story: Those in the Offices below were mostly saved. In the Cellars which were hired by several persons, a great quantity of Wines and others Liquors were lost. The publick Damage sustain'd by this sad Disaster is inexpressibly great and the loss to some particular Persons, 'tis said will amount to several Thousand Pounds. The Vehemence of the Flames occasion'd such a great Heat as to set the Roofs of some of the opposite houses on Fire notwithstanding they had been covered with snow, and it was extinguished with much Difficulty. How the Fire was occasion'd, whether by Defects in the Chimney or Hearth as some think, is uncertain. — "*Boston Weekly News Letter*," *Thursday, Dec. 10, 1747.*

The account in the "Boston Evening Post," for the fourteenth of December, adds:

The fine Pictures and other Furniture in the Council Chamber were destroyed as were also the Books, Papers and Records in both the Lobbies, and those in the Offices kept in the upper Story; but the County Records and Papers belonging to the Inferiour Court, being deposited in an Office upon the lower Floor, were most of them preserved.

From the papers of Col. Joseph Dwight [1] we have obtained the names of a greater part of the men composing the regiment raised by Colonel Dwight.

The original of this list is a manuscript of forty pages, and it is evidently a schedule of forty-one vouchers delivered by Colonel

[1] Brigadier-General Joseph Dwight was born in Dedham, Mass., Oct. 16, 1703, and was the son of Henry and Lydia Dwight. He graduated at Harvard College in 1722, and married, Aug. 11, 1726, Mary, daughter of Col. John and Bathua (Taylor) Pynchon, of Enfield. He resided from 1723 to 1731 in Cambridge and then removed to Brookfield, where he practised law for twenty-two years, and represented the town as a representative to the General Court in 1731, '3, '4–'6, 'S, '9, '48, '9, '51, '7, and also as councillor from 1742 to 1746. He was speaker of the house in 1749; Oct. 5, 1739, was made judge of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas of Worcester County; Jan. 4, 1753 of Hampshire County, and June 24, 1761, of Berkshire County, till his decease, June 19, 1765. In 1752 he removed to Stockbridge as trustee of the Indian schools; in 175S he resided at Upper Sheffield, or Great Barrington, and issued the call for the meeting which resulted in the formation of that town. Mary, his wife, died March 29, 1751, and he married in August, 1752, Abigail, widow of Rev. John Seargeant, missionary to the Indians. Joseph Dwight became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1734, and was its captain in 1743. He was commissioned Feb. 20, 1744/5, colonel of the train of artillery from Massachusetts at Louisburg, and also brigadier-general. In 1756 he led a brigade of Massachusetts militia to Lake Champlain.

Dwight to Governor Shirley, April 28, 1749, which cannot now be found in the Massachusetts archives, and which have been forwarded to England in anticipation of the money expected. The amounts and a few items have been omitted from the copy which follows.

Cr. His Excellency Willm: Shirley Esqr. To —

By 20000 £ old Ten^{r}. Currancy Rec^{d}. Towards the pay of The Non Com^{n}. officers and Private men of The Regiment under my Command in part & Rais^{d}. for his majesty's Service for the Intended Expedition against Canada @ 700 ℔' c^{t} advance. 2500

Joseph Dwight Esqr. Dr.

To Sundry Payments for the pay and Discharge of the Non Commission officers and Private men of the Late Regiment under the Command of the Said Dwight Rais^{d} for his Majesty^{s} Service for the Late Intended Expedition against Canada as followeth,

Viz; To the Non Commission officers and Private men of ye s^{d} Dwights own Company as by their rec^{ts} Indors^{d} on the State of their Pay — Paper N° 1

Viz To Jesse Converse, Allen Flagg, Richard Treat, Oliver Warner — Sergeants

Robert Bradish, Jonathan Rolf, Samuel Hauley — Corporals

Edward Jones, Jonathan Weeks — Drummers

Isaac Amsden	Abimeleck David
Cesar Auter	Abel Emons
John Bell	Josiah Field
Nicholaus Briard	Ebenezar Fletcher
Seth Bush	John Frizell
Samuel Brooks	Jacob garfield
Jeremiah Bucknam	John Goold
Jabez Bigloo	Aaron Gary
James Bigloo	Samuel Hudson
Deliverance Brooks	Jesse Hethe
Nanied Curtiss	James Holton
Moses Coye	Timothy Johnson
Josiah Coye	Thomas Jewell
Ebenezar Davis	Joseph Jennings

Isaac Kendall
Lemuel Little
Philip Larkin
Joseph Ledort
James Leak
William Mccane
Joel Matthews
Richard Newton
John Nonsuch
Lemuel Newton
Isaac Parsons
Nathan Parsens
Daniel Pauchenug
James Powers
Samuel Rumnemash [1]
Elijah Smith
Alexander Stewart
John Stewart
Caleb Sharp
Samuel Speen
Timothy Treat
Richard Treat Junr.
Samuel Underwood
James White
Jabez Warren Junr.
Isaac Williams
Nathaniel Webb

1747 March 18th: Paper No 2: To Lieut. David King as by his Rect for Nathaniel Westover Corpl, John Allen, John Drew, Daniel Gun, Elisha Hosington, James McLentrick, Joseph Taylor, Matthew Vanguilder, Joshua Warren To 9 arms Dd ye last named 9 men @ 22/

1747 Dec: 26 Paper No 3: To Lieut. John Whiting as by his Rect for Amos Fuller, Nathaniel Bragg To 2 arms Dd Sd Fuller & Bragg @ 22/

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[1] HATFIELD, Feby. 3d: 1746

SIR As you have been so good as to provide the Soldier who now lies dead in your House with sundry requisites while living, if you will be so good as to provide him a Coffin & get his grave dug so that he may be Buryed to morrow and when Buryed bring in your amt. you shall be paid by him whom you have already obliged and is Sir

Your Humble Servt.
WM. WILLIAMS

MR. EBENEZER MARSH

Colo. Joseph Dwight Dr
To Ebenr. Marsh

1746				
Feby 3d	To 5 Weeks Board of Saml Rumney Marsh a Soldr In his Majs Service In the Intended Expedition against Canada	5:	0:	0
	To Rum for him & Watchers In his Sickness	2:	17:	6
	To Rice & oatmeal	0:	1	—
	To going to Hatfd 3 Times for ye Doctr.	0:	10	—
	To wood & Candles & Trouble	2:	0	—
	To Grave Cloaths	2:	10	—
	To his Coffin & Digging his Grave	2:	5	—
	To 6/ lent him	0:	6	—
	old Tenr.	£15:	9:	6

1747 Feby 9th Paper N^{o}: 4 — To Thomas Allen
—— 10th Paper N^{o}: 5 —— To Benjamin Walles
—— 9th Paper N^{o}: 6 —— To Roger Crary
—— 10th Paper N^{o}: 7 — To Nathaniel Warren
Feby 12th Paper N^{o}: 8 — To John Broughton
Feby. 25 Paper N^{o}: 9 — To Israel Holton
March 1st Paper N^{o}: 10 — To William Willoughby
1748, June 19th Paper N^{o}: 11 — To Capten Matausett
July 22^{d} Paper N^{o}: 12 — To Suckhegun Indian
Paper N^{o}: 13 — To Payment to Several Persons

Paper N^{o}: 14 — To the Non Commission officers and Private men of L^{t}. Col^{o}. Wm Williams[1] Comp^{y} as by their Rec^{t}. Indors^{d}. on the State of their pay — viz.

To John Steal, Elisha Chapin, John Severence, John Burk — Sergeants
Simon Davis, Samuel Pitman Benedect, Samson Colefax — Corporals
Samuel Foot Drum^{r}. —

Hosea Abraham	Archelaus Beaudeau
John Ashaman	Richard Burk
Samuel Addams	Azariah Bancroft
Ephraim Blackman	Joseph Benton
Joseph Burk	John Bryant

[1] Col. William Williams, of Deerfield and Pittsfield, was born 1713, and was grandson of the Rev. William and Elizabeth (Cotton) Williams, of Hatfield, and son of Rev. William and Hannah (Stoddard) Williams, of Weston.

He graduated at Harvard in 1729 and went into business in Boston, but failed. While in Boston he served in one or two of the minor town offices, and was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co., 1733, and held the position of fourth sergeant in 1736.

An ensign under General Oglethorpe at St. Augustine, he was also with Admiral Vernon's expedition in 1740. He came to Deerfield about 1743 and became lieutenant-colonel of the Northern Hampshire Regiment in 1745. He raised a company for the Louisburg expedition of that year, but did not arrive until after the reduction, and became part of the garrison which held it until spring. He was in charge of the detachment which rebuilt Fort Massachusetts, but refused command and was made commissary for supplying the line of forts; this he resigned in 1748. He held the office of selectman of Deerfield, 1751, and removed to Pittsfield about 1754, where he built a house which became Fort Anson. He served from 1755 to 1758 as captain in Sir William Pepperrell's regiment, and in the latter year was colonel under Abercrombie and at the end of the campaign retired on half pay. He was justice of the peace 1748, judge of common pleas 1761, and judge of probate 1765. In Pittsfield he held almost continually some town office, until the Revolution, when he became a Tory. He married (1) Miriam, daughter of Andrew and Miriam (Pepperell) Tyler, Boston; (2) Sarah, daughter of Thomas and Sarah (Hawks) Wells, of Deerfield; (3) Hannah, daughter of Samuel and Hannah (Field) Dickinson, of Deerfield.

Colonel Williams died April 5, 1784, leaving five children.

Isaac Buck
Thomas Clark
William Daggett
Simon Davis Ju^{r}.
Aaron Ferry
Jonah Fletcher
William Felch
Samuel Grant
Benjamin Glazier
Thomas Hastings
John Hastings
Edward How
Thomas Hancock
Josiah Hadlock
Caleb How
Nathan Harvey
James Henry
Ephraim Kellogg
Joel Leonard
Samuel Merryman
James McLallen
William mitchell
John Meigs
Richard Manson
Timothy Pike
Thomas Putnam
Josiah Parker
Abraham Parker
Nathaniel Parsons
Joseph Patoreal
Robert Robbins
Seth Remington
Thomas Robbins
Ralph Rice
John Shields
Josiah Sosduck
William Simons
Jeremiah Stockwell
Zebediah Stebbins
Samuel Skeils
Amos Silloway
Ebenezar Smith
John Samson
John Trull
Thomas Train
Jonathan Thomson
Ebenezar Train
John Train
Moses Warner
Thomas Walkup
Moses Wheeler
Aaron Webb

1748 April 2^{d} Paper N°. 15 — To Joshua How

Paper N°. 16 — To Eighteen mens pay D^{d}. Col^{o}. Williams Exclusive of arms —

To Eighteen arms towards ye pay of the s^{d} eighteen men D^{d} to them @ 20/ —

Paper N^{o}: 17 — To P^{d} to the Non Commission officers and Private men of Maj^{r} Ephraim Williams'[1] Comp^{y}. as By their Rec^{t}. Indors^{d}. on the State of their Pay —

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[1] Col. Ephraim Williams, born in Newton Aug. 21, 1691, was the son of Capt. Isaac and Judith (Hunt) Williams. He was a justice of the peace 1735 and selectman of Newton for seven years. In 1739 he removed to Stockbridge. His appointment as major is referred to in the letter written by Governor Shirley, Aug. 2, 1746 (page 73).

He married (1) Elizabeth, daughter of Abraham and Elizabeth (Biscoe) Jackson, of Newton; (2) Abigail, daughter of Capt. Josiah and Abigail (Barnes) Jones, of Watertown. By his first wife he had Major Ephraim Williams, the founder of Williams College, who fell on the "Bloody Morning Scout" near Lake George, Sept. 8, 1755; and Lieut.-Col. Thomas Williams, a prominent surgeon and judge. Major Williams was appointed judge of the common pleas July 21, 1741, and resigned in 1749. His homestead was on the "Hill" in Stockbridge, where he resided until his bitter opposition to Rev. Jonathan Edwards led to his sale of all his Stockbridge property and removal to Deerfield, where he died Aug. 11, 1754.

Paper N°: 17 — To Joseph Stevens, Serg^{t}.
To Richard Ward } Corporals
Nathan Stone }

William Banks	Phinehas Rice
Joseph Bush	Abner Roberts
Isaac How	John Sheldon
Henry Keys	Jeremiah Sibly
Samuel Owen	Robert Somervill
Silas Pratt	Timothy Whitcomb
William Pratt	Moses Wheeler
Noah Pratt	Cirus Whitcomb

Joshua Wheeler

Paper N°: 18 — To — P^{d} Benj^{a} Crowfoot ℔ Capt. Kent
Paper N°: 19 — To Warham Williams ℔ L^{t}. Ingersole
Paper N°: 20 — To John Laborven
Paper N°: 21 — To P^{d} L^{t}. David King for William Hail, John Nedd, Daniel Webb
To three arms to ye s^{d}. three men @ 23/
Paper N°: 22 — To P^{d} Capt. Elijah Williams for Cato Johnson, Philip Moore, Joseph Mamaush
To three arms to the s^{d} three men @ 23/
Paper N°: 23 — To Paid Maj^{r}. Ephraim Williams
Exclusive of arms —
towords ye pay s^{d} Comp^{y} —
To 62 arms To him for his Comp^{y} @ 20/
Paper N°: 24 — To Paid to the Non Commission officers and Private men or Capt. Elijah Williams[1] Comp^{y}. as by their Rec^{ts} Indors^{d}. on the State of their Pay —
Viz. — To P^{d} To Nathaniel Ely }
To John Foster }
Benjamin Guild } Sergeants
Joseph Lovering }

[1] Capt. Elijah Williams, born Nov. 13, 1712, was son of Rev. John and Abigail (Allen) Williams, of Deerfield. The father was the "Redeemed Captive," the author of a work which has passed through a dozen editions, in which he gives a narrative of his own capture and redemption from the French and Indians. The father served the town of Deerfield for forty-three years as its minister, and the son was no less faithful in serving twenty-five years as town clerk and also as selectman, while for seventeen years he represented the town in the General Court and was judge of common pleas 1761–3. He graduated from Harvard in 1732, and was a civil engineer, though he also kept a store, which stood on the site of the Dickinson Academy. He also was in trade and town clerk 1749–1751 at Enfield, Conn. He was prominent and active in military affairs, and was major and assistant commissary in the last French war. He died July 10, 1771. May 25, 1735, he married Lydia, daughter of Capt. Henry Dwight, of Hatfield, who died at Enfield, Jan. 25, 1749. On Jan. 1, 1750, he married Margaret, daughter of Col. William and Catherine (Brown) Pynchon, who died April 15, 1772, aged forty-five. His son Elijah (Harvard College, 1764) was a Tory and settled in Nova Scotia, but returned to Massachusetts. His son John was also a Tory, but held office as Register of Deeds for Hampshire in 1787.

Richard Ellis
David Wheelock
Moses Harvey
John Atchinson
} Corporals

Samuel Graves
Abijah Prince
} Drum^{rs}.

Zebediah Allis
Josiah Alvord
Oliver Avery
Daniel Ames
Thomas Barker
Benjamin Barrett
John Button
Simeon Bebe
Moses Brooks
Charles Coats
Jonathan Cook
Richard Cary
Thomas Crossman
Timothy Day
Daniel Danelson
Ichabod Druce
Jacob Elmer
John Crocker ꝑ Capt. Williams
Joel Ely
Edward Elmer
Hezekiah Elmer
Reuben Ellis
Jonathan Evins
John Frost
Matthew Lord
Samuel Gun
Elisha Graves
Barzilla Green
John Guage
Noah Georgean
William Goff
Thomas George
Isaac Hubbard
John Henderson
Moses Hale
Ebenezar Haven
John Henderson Junr.
Elisha Huntly
Jonathan Huntly
Daniel Haws
Simeon Knights
Benjamin Knights
Daniel McKeney
James Lamberton
Thomas Lamb
Ebenezar Meacham
Benja: Marshall
John Morse
Joseph Mitchell
David Murrey
John Mun
William Osburn
David Parsons
James Porter
Joseph Pitts
Abraham Peck
Thomas Phillips
George Quaquid
Richard Rose
Joseph Rankin
Gershom Sexton
William Swan
Azahel Stebbins
Joseph Symonds
Jesse Sawyer
James Stoddard
Edmond Town
Moses Taylor
John Taylor
Reuben Woolworth
Thomas Williams
Daniel Walker
James Ware
James Wickwire
David Whipple

Paper No: 25 — To Paid to the Non Commission officers and Private men of Capt. Seth Pomroys[1] Company as By their Rects. Indorsd. on the State of their pay—

Viz: To Pd To Ebenezar Kingsly
William Smith
Noah Clap
Elijah Smith } Sergeants

Samuel Lynde
Hezekia Smith
John Waite
Richard Wild } Corporals

David Darby
Noah Pixley } Drumers

John Alvord	Timothy Capen
Henry Bartlett	Samuel Calhoon
James Ball	Nathaniel Church
Preserved Bartlett	Nathaniel Church Junr.
Aaron Bartlett	Simeon Clerk
Jesse Bellows	Ebenezar Clap
Isaac Bellows	Edward Coats
William Boltwood	David Coles
John Burge	Simeon Crowfoot

[1] Gen. Seth Pomeroy, born May 20, 1706, was the son of Ebenezer and Mary (King) Pomeroy, of Northampton, a captain in 1744, he was commissioned Feb. 24, 1744/5, a major, and was captain in the Third Company in Col. Samuel Willard's regiment (Fourth Massachusetts) at the siege of Louisburg that year. As lieutenant-colonel of Ephraim Williams' regiment, he succeeded him on his death at the battle, with Dieskau, at Lake George, in September, 1755.

At the breaking out of the Revolution he was a delegate of the Provincial Congress of October, 1774, from Northampton, and was a member of several important committees of that session, and on Oct. 27, 1774, was chosen third in command of the Massachusetts forces. He was also a member of the Second Congress of February, 1775, and was chosen a brigadier-general. He served at the battle of Bunker Hill as a private soldier, and was appointed a few days later by Congress senior brigadier, but there being discussion as to relative rank he retired to his home. In 1776, when the British were in New Jersey, he headed the militia of his neighborhood and marched to the Hudson river. He died in this campaign at Peekskill, N.Y., Feb. 19, 1777. He was an ingenious mechanic and manufacturer of arms. He married, Dec. 14, 1732, Mary, daughter of Jonathan and Martha (Williams) Hunt.

She survived him and died Sept. 11, 1777, in her 72d year. They had nine children; among the sons were Rev. Seth, of Greenfield Hill, Conn.; Dr. Medad, of Warwick; and Lemuel, who was forty years in the Massachusetts Legislature.

"A State of the Pay of the Non-Commission Officers & Private Men of Capt. Seth Pomroy's Company in the Regiment of Foot of which the Honble. Brigr. Genl. Dwight is Colonel, rais'd in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay for His Majesty's Service for an Expedition against Canada in 1746, and Dismissed from said Service he 31st October, 1747."

On this roll appear the names of Benjamin Bartlett, Partridge Bull, Elisha Hackley, Ebenezer Kellogg, Harmon Peters and Benoni Strong, that do not appear in Colonel Dwight's list.

The date of enlistment is given for each man, the earliest being June 18 and the latest August 21, the majority being in July.

Joseph Davis
Zadock Danks
Peter Domo
Ebenez^{r}. Dickenson
Nehemiah Dickenson
Benjamin Eastman
Nathaniel Eustes
John Frary
Samson Freeman
Thomas Gill
Isaac Goodale
James Graton
William Hascutt
Ebenez^{r}. Harvey
Joseph Houghton
Jacob Hinds
Samuel Janes
Samuel Judd
Asahel Jud
Peter Isaac
William Kentfield
Ezekiel Kellogg
John Lane
Dennis Linds
Joseph Marchants
Jeremiah Meacham
Henry Merritt
Abrahim Miller
John Montegue
Asa Merrett
Joseph Parsons
James Porter
Jacob Ramsdell
Hezekiah Reed
James Richardson
Philip Richardson
Samuel Rugg
Josiah Searl
James Searl
Luke Smith
Daniel Smith
Joel Smith
Josiah Snow
Thomas Stebbins
Ithamar Strong
Thomas Starr
Jonathan Stone
Amos Stiles
Joseph Tory
Noah Tory
John Thomas
Elijah Washburn
Thomas Waite
Stephen Warner
John Warner
James Wheeler
Ephraim Wheeler
Joseph Wheeler
Adam Wire
Stephen Wright
Charles Wright

Paper N^{o}: 26 — To Paid John Pomroy
Paper N^{o}: 27 — To William Gilford
Paper N^{o}: 28 — To L^{t}. David King for Christopher Potter
To s^{d} Potters Gun D^{d}. him
Paper N^{o}: 29 — To L^{t}. David King for William Hail
To S^{d} Hail^{s} Gun D^{d} him
Paper N^{o}: 30 — To P^{d} Capt. Samuel Kent [1] for the pay of the Non Comm^{sh} officers and private men of his Comp^{y} as By his Rec^{ts}. Exclusive of arms.
To 72 arms D^{d} to s^{d} Comp^{y} in part of their pay at 20/

[1] Capt. Samuel Kent was of Suffield, Conn., was born Dec. 14, 1698, and was son of John and Abigail (Dudley) Kent. He married (1) Abiah, daughter of Nathaniel and Mehitable (Partridge) Dwight; (2) widow Tamar Darby; (3) Hannah, widow of Thomas Hooker. He was a representative from 1742-47; a corporal in 1726, ensign in 1737, and a captain in 1746.

Paper N°: 31 — To Paid to men of Capt. Thos. Cheneys [1] Compy as by their Rect. on the State of their pay —

Viz — To Colton Fletcher Drumr
To Benjamin Scackett
To John Woodbury

Paper N°: 32 To Paid Capt. Cheney as by his Rects. towards the pay of sd Compy

Paper N°: 33 To Lt. David King for the pay of sd Compy as by his Rects exclusive of arms

Paper N°: 34 — To Capt. Eleazr. Melven for Ephraim Smith & Thomas Webster

Paper N°: 35 — To Bartholemew Ray for John Vene
To 60 arms Dd sd Compy towards their pay @ 23/

Paper N°: 36 — To Pd to the Non Commission officers & private men of Capt Wm Brintnals [2] Compy as By Sd Brintnals Rects Exclusive of arms
To 91 arms Delivd sd Compy towards their pay @ 23/

Paper N°: 37 — To Pd to the Non Commission officers and Private men of Capt. Solomon Keyes' [3] Compy as By their Rects Indorsd on the state of their pay.

To Paid to Daniel Lamb, Tristrum Davis, Israel Ormstead, Josiah Gilbert — Sergeants
Wm Virgin, Jacob Gibbs, John Paterson Jur., Oliver Woolcott — Corporals
Benoni Barrister, Samuel Warner — Drumrs

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[1] Capt. Thomas Cheney was born in Cambridge about 1708 and was son of Benjamin and Mary (Harbert) Cheney. He settled in Dudley and was commissioned captain of the Eighth Massachusetts Regiment at Louisburg, June 20, 1745. He was representative to the Provincial Congress Sept. 19, 1774, and Jan. 2, 1775. He died April 30, 1777. He married Sarah, daughter of John and Sarah (Squiers) Fessenden.

[2] Capt. William Brintnall, of Rutland, was the son of Thomas and Hannah (Willard) Brintnall, of Framingham. He was a graduate of Yale College in 1721, and Dec. 19, 1729, he married Zerviah, daughter of Col. Joseph and Martha (Sharp) Buckminster. He taught school in Sudbury and also in Rutland. In August, 1725, he was ordered to the command of some troops to protect Rutland. He also resided at Saybrook and Middletown, Conn. He was a captain in the Massachusetts service in the expedition to Acadia in 1755, in which expedition he lost his life.

[3] Solomon, son of John and Mary (Eames) Keyes, of Marlborough, was born there Aug. 30, 1703. By wife Sarah he had Solomon, b. 1727, and David, b. 1729; he removed to Shrewsbury. He was a captain in the Crown Point Expedition in 1756, and was reported as killed.

Samuel Abbott
Aaron Allen
Ebenez^{r} Alexander Junr.
John Alexander
William Ayres
Elijah Barns
Lemuel Blackmore
Aaron Barns
Abraham Blanchard
Elisha Billings
Benjamin Blodgett
Jeremiah Burch
Joseph Brooks
Jotham Bush
Richard Beers
Samuel Bliss
Samuel Bowman
Zacheus Blodgett
Azeriah Cooley
Cornelius Cannon
Ebenezar Cooley
John Chamberlain
James Cummins
Isaiah Chadwick
Joseph Crowfoot
Moses Colton
Robert Campell
Charles Doroty
Martin Domer
Ebenez^{r}. Gilbert
Isaac Gibbs
Jonathan Goodenow
Isaac Gamberto
Isaiah Glazier
Elisha Higgins
Nathaniel Hewes
Thomas Hamilton
Edmond Jordan
David Keyes
Joseph Kidder
Reuben Lilley
Stephen Lumbert
Ephraim Marsh
Ebenezar Miller
John Mighill
Benjamin Pudney
Elisha Pike
Joseph Perry
John Paterson
Jabez Parker
Isaiah Pratt
John Post
William Palmer
William Preston
Samuel Paterson
Josiah Robinson
Joseph Roberts
William Rice
Abijah Smith
Benoni Smith
Beriah Sherman
Joseph Sheldon
Josiah Smith
William Sabin
Stephen Streeter
Jonathan Thomson
Thomas Terry
Richard Vorce
Abraham Wheeler
Benjamin Warrener
Benjamin Wright
Dirick Webb
Henry White
Henry Walker
Judah Weeks
Joseph Wood Junr.
Israel Warner
Obediah Wood
Timothy Wright
Derias Wedge
Jabez Warren
Nathaniel Woolcott
William Webber

Paper N^{o}: 38 — To Paid Elisha Chace.

Paper N°: 39 — To Paid to the Non-Commission officers and Private men of Capt. Eleazer Melvens' Comp^y.[1] as by their Rec^ts. Indors^d. on the State of their pay —

Viz — to P^d. William Peabody
To Reuben Kiddar
Alexander Steuart
Benja: Hoar
} Serg^ts

Aaron Ward
Ephraim Hosmer
Jonas Holden
} Corporals

Asa Foster Drum^r.

Jethro Ames	Oliver Hoar
Joseph Anthony	James Hyars
Oliver Blodgett	William Holden
Robert Bancroft	Benjamin Jewett
Thomas Byam	James Kerr
Nathaniel Butterfield	Samson Kiddar
John Baker	Job Kiddar
Samuel Bumson	Joseph Kiddar
Abraham Boynton	James Melven
William Blanchard	Charles McLain
Benjamin Bailey	Nathaniel Nutting
Daniel Cheever	Samuel Parkam
Thomas Crosby	Aaron Permenter
Robert Cook	John Peirce
David Cowdrey	Benjamin Parker
Eleazer Coller	Abel Parker
John Davis	Peletiah Russell
Eleazer Davis	Cirus Rice
Isaac Davis	Benjamin Rolf
Timothy Fletcher Junr.	Nathaniel Ranger
Timothy Fletcher	Daniel Rolf
Abijah Foster	William Smith
John Flint	Benjamin Shedd
James Farnsworth	William Starkey
Jonathan Fish	William Skinner
Matthew Gault	John Shattuck
Samuel Gault	Isaac Wood Junr.
Josiah Holebrook	Josiah Walker

[1] Eleazer Melvin, son of John and Margaret (Shanesberg) Melvin, was born in Concord, June 28, 1703. He married Mary Stow, daughter of Nathaniel and Ruth Stow, of Concord, and died Oct. 18, 1754. In that year he was a captain in Col. Winslow's Regiment, and it is probable he died in the service, as his death is only recorded in the church records. His men were from Concord and the neighboring towns. His journal of an expedition to Crown Point, in 1748, is printed in N. H. Hist. Coll., v. 207.

	Dates 1746		Enlisted 1746		Enlisted		Enlisted 1746
Lieut. Colo Arthur Noble Captain	June 3rd	Serjeants		Corporals		Drummers	
Jonathan Hoar } Lieutenants	9	John Kent	June 26	John Malcom	July 1st		
Jo. St Lawrence } Lieutenants	18	James Carrell	July 5	Richard Morrison	Aug 9th	Peter Steel	July 15
Ephraim Bushnell Ensign	29	John Hinchfield	30	Simon Story	June 9	Shadrach Ward	June 17
		Robert Noble	June 23	Isaac Crocker	July 14		

	Enlisted 1746			Enlisted 1746			Enlisted 1746
John Adams	June 9th	Richard Gee		July 12th		John Prentice	June 28
Patrick Bowen	July 14	John Harris		21		Joseph Parker	July 1
Samuel Ball	16	Henry Hinch		12		Isaac Pollard	June 21
John Barnard	June 20	Thos Humphreys		June 11		Jonathan Presey	24
John Baker	21	Daniel Holland		9	Respit	William Plucknot	3
Daniel Bowler	Aug 5	Aaron Hosmer		Aug 5		William Plasket	17
John Barrows	June 25	James Harrison		June 20	Respit	John Peoples	3
Jonathan Browne	28	Moses Hoag		12		Peter Reed	July 21
Stephen Bass	July 1st	Ebenezer Jones		July 20	Respit	Thomas Ross	June 4
John Barto	7	x Elias Jennison		7		John Robbinson	30
Moses Bowdy	28	Richd Knight		2	Respit	James Rhodes	4
Henry Bagley	June 20	Jona Kendall		June 24	respit	William Roberts	3
Barthe Colman	July 23rd	Saml Kennedy		July 7		Henry Sampson	July 16
William Combes	June 28	Daniel Lovet		Aug 5		William Salley	15
Thomas Carrell	July 14	Thomas Lamont		July 3rd		Benja Stagg	4
John Crocker	Aug 1st	William Lewis		June 19		Joseph Smith	June 20
James Crocker	July 10	Thos Maccarty		July 14		Gustavus Swan	July 7
John Denovan	27	Patrick Mahoney		14		William Strong	June 10
Lawrence Doyle	Aug 8	John Mullis		Aug 19		John Trowworthy	July 21
John Diggens	June 25	John Magoon		June 20		Stephen Jerce	June 26
x Arthur Dogger	Aug 11	Thos Maybe		11th		Ephraim Thomas	26
James Drake	June 21	John Meder		Aug 8		James Wells	12
John Elliot	24	Jna: McFardon		June 22		Richard Watts	9
Thomas Francis	July 1st	Daniel McLowden		July 13		Nathaniel Williams	13
John Fowler	June 12	Thomas Nicholas		June 20		John Willis	Aug 15
Benja Foster	July 5	Henry Negro		4		Jonathan Wells	June 9
Thos Farnam	1st	John Pedrick		July 19		Robert Young	June 28
Daniel Goodenô	June 16	Thos Patterson		3	respit	Samuel Yeaton	3rd
Zechariah Glazier	23	Nathl Power		14			

Boston Newengland August 1st 1746 Then mustered Lt Colo Arthur Nobles Company in the Regiment of Foot, of which the honble Brigadier General Waldo is Colonel, raisd for His majesty's Service for an Expedition against Canada viz one Captain, two Lieutenants, one Ensign, four Serjeants, four Corporals, two Drummers, and eighty six private men being all effective The muster being for eighty three daies commencing the third day of June 1746 and ending the twenty fourth day of August following both daies inclusive

Saml Watts Comisry

Jonathan Hoar
Jo. St Lawrence

Sworn unto by Joseph St Lawrence
before me W Shirley Govr

I do hereby Certify and declare that the above Roll is a true copy of the original in my hands

Sa Waldo

Suffolk ss Boston June 1st 1748 The honble Saml Waldo Esq made oath That the abovewritten Certificate & Declaration is true

Before me Corns Waldo Just. Pacis

Copy examd pr Saml Winthrop Clerk

Joseph Witt	Simeon Wheeler
Shadrack Wells	Jason Williams
Benjamin Willson	Titus Wilder
John Wiman	David Willson

Paper N°: 40: To P^d Capt. Melven as by his Rec^ts. for 22 mens pay Exclusive of arms —
To 22 arms Deliv^d. s^d. 22 men @ 20/

Paper N°: 41 — To Paid Capt. Ephraim Williams towards the pay and Discharge of his Comp^y In Briged^r. Genl. Waldo^s Regiment by Special order — 1500£ old Ten^r Currency @ 700 ℔ C^t: advance

Boston April 28th 1749. I hereby acknowledge to have rec^d of Brigadier General Joseph Dwight Forty one papers Numbred from 1 to 41 which contain Original Receipts & Vouchers of the payments made to the Non Commission Officers & private men belonging to his late Regiment rais'd for the Expedition against Canada, & which were deliver'd to me by Mr. Goldthwait

W SHIRLEY.

To 43 Armes. to 43 men turn'd over to Brig^r Waldoes Regiment @ 22/
To 75 Armes. to 75 Non-Commission officers and private men turn'd over to Capt. Ephraim Williams's Company In said Waldoes regiment @ 23/
To 16 Armes rt^d by the private men Lodg'd In my house & spoilt by Fire
To 100 Armes. Return'd by the private men & Lodg'd In Several places In the Countys of hampshire & Worcester & ready to be deliv'd to his Excell^ys Order 23/
To paid John Bell. Armo^r. of said Reg't. for the use of his Tools for stock & for his Service as arm^r. as aforesaid - -
To paid Timothy Nash an Others for Repairs of Armes
To Armes and Advance pay to Desarters part; and Whereof shall hereafter Render

Reference is made in this account to the regiment of Col. Samuel Waldo. Unfortunately the only roll to be found is that of the company of Lieut. Col. Arthur Noble, which we give in facsimile, and will not repeat in print, as it is quite readable. An interesting memoir of this gallant officer appeared in the Year-Book of the State Society for 1898, written by his descendant, A. J. C. Sowdon, Governor of the Society, who has also furnished the prints of the roll for this edition.

Governor Shirley issued various orders and proclamations

regarding the expedition "that no youths under 16 years be enlisted," "that troops will not be commanded by field officers from Europe," etc.

An excellent summary of events is furnished by the items, in the trade accounts of various public printers, which follow.

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY — Dr.

			£	s	d.
1746					
April	28.	To Printing Governor's Order for Inhabitants of the Frontiers to carry Arms to meeting . .	0:	10:	
June	2	Governor's Order to the Several Colonels . . .	0:	15:	0
	9	Proclamation about Expedition to Canada . .	2:	0:	0
	16	General Court's Order to Persons who had any publick Money to render an Account	1:	0:	0
		Governor's Order not to inlist Youths	1:	0:	0
	23	Governor's Notification to Soldiers that they will be paid Money instead of Arms	0:	15:	0
		Orders to the Colonels to reduce the Troops . .	0:	15:	0
July	7	Notification that the Troops will be commanded by Officers of the Governor's appointing . . .	0:	15:	0
		Orders for such as had beating Orders to send in a List of their Men	0:	15:	0
	14	Governor's Order about Pilots	0:	15:	0
		Ditto to the Colonels to raise their Quota of Men .	0:	15:	0
	21	Order not to inlist any Soldiers design'd against the Indians	0:	15:	0
		Ditto about Coasting Vessels	0:	15:	0
Augst.	11	Order for French Prisoners to go home	1:	0:	0
	18	Order about Wages in Transports	1:	0:	0
	25	Order for Officers to bring in their Men . . .	1:	0:	0
Sep^{t}.	22	Act against firing Guns	2:	0:	0
Oct.	27	Order for taking off Embargo	0:	15:	0
		Order for such as had beating Orders to come and Account	0:	15:	0
	27	Commissioners Notification to come and Account with them	0:	15:	0
1747					
April	13 —	Governor's Order to Officers about Furlows . .	1:	0:	0
	20 —	Order of Committee for those who had money to raise Men, to come and Account	1:	0:	0
	27 —	Order of Court about Scalp Money	1:	10:	0
		To Capt. Steven's long Letter	4:	0:	0
June	22 —	Order of Council for Officers to come and Account, also Committees Notification.	2:	10:	0

1747		£	s	d.
June 29	— Order to send to the Secretary's Office an Account of all the French Prisoners in the Province .	1:	10:	0
July 6	— Governor's long Order about French Prisoners .	2:	0:	0
July 13	— Order about guarding Wood Sloops	1:	0:	0
20	— Order to bring in French Prisoners	1:	0:	0
Novr. 9	— Proclamation for all Members to attend . . .	1:	0:	0
23	— Ditto about Riot	3:	0:	0
Decr. 14	— Resolve of Court about the Fire	1:	0:	0
Jany. 11	— Order of Court to send a List of Justices to the Secretary's Office	1:	0:	0
	To 1 Year's News to Col. Stoddard, April 1, 1747	1:	0:	0
		£42:	0:	0

Errors Excepted

THO^{s}. FLEET

Suffolk ss. April 15th 1748 Exa & Alow'd by the Comittee,

Sworne too before me J. OSBORN

JACOB WENDELL Just: Pea:

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY Dr.

1746 to John Draper

April 24th	To printing the Governour's Order to the Colonels and chief Officers of the Regiments, respecting the Time of keeping Soldiers in the Service .	£1 –		
May 1st	To printing an advertisement to direct the Officers of the Militia to require the Inhabitants of the Frontier Towns, to have and carry arms, ammunition &c	0:	10:	0
April 26th	To 6 Quire of Paper	2 –	5 –	
28th	To printing Precepts and Returns for calling a General Assembly	4 –	10 –	—
	To 6 Quire of Paper	— –	18 –	—
	To printing a Proclamation for apprehending Sundry Deserters	3 –	10 –	
May 17th	To 15 Quire of Paper	1 –	17 –	6
	To printing a Proclamation That the Militia be appointed with Arms, &c. and the Towns with Powder, according to Law	3 –	15 –	
June 3^{d}	To 21 Quire of Paper	2 –	12 –	6
	To printing a large Proclamation for encouraging Volunteers to enlist in the Expedition for the Reduction of Canada	5 –	–	—
	To 4 Quire & half of Paper	1 –	2 –	6
	To printing the Governour's Warrant for Officers to beat for enlisting Voluntiers	2 –	5 –	—

1746		£	s	d.
June 3d	To paper and printing Oaths of Fidelity . . .	—	15	—
June 5th	— To printing the Governour's Orders to the Several Colonels to provide their full Quota of Men for the Defence of the Frontiers, &c.	1	—	—
6th	— To 3 Quire of Paper	—	15	—
	To printing Articles of War, above 200	2	10	—
12th	— To an advt notifying such as have had Money advanced to them out of ye Treasury — to render their Accts to the Secretary's office	1	—	—
17th	— To 5 Quire and ½ of Paper	1	7	6
	To printing Warrants for the Payment of Money 500	3	10	0
19th	— To an advt respecting Cloathing & arms for the Soldiers to be raised in the Expedition against Canada	1	—	—
June 19th	— To an advt respecting youths enlisting under 16 years	1	—	—
	To 18 Quire of Paper	2	5	—
	To printing a Proclamation for a Fast	4	—	
26th	To an advt for the Colonels of the Regiment to reduce their Horse to one Single Troop, &c. .	1	—	—
	To an advt respecting the Selling the filling and coasting Vessels for Impress	1	—	—
	To 6 Quire of paper 15/ and printing thereon 150 Proclamations for the Encouragement of Soldiers enlisting for Canada Comitted the wch .	2	5	—
June 27th	To 5 Quire of Paper	0	12	6
	To printing the said Proclamation again . . .	2	—	—
28th	To 3 Quire of Paper		10	—
	To printing 150 more Articles of War & oaths .	1	10	—
	To 4 Ream of Paper	16	—	—
30th	To printing 6900 Enlistments & Certificates for the Expedition designed against Canada and dd at Sundry Times in the Month of June according to order	17	5	—
July 3d	To an advt relating to the Field Officers to be appointed in the intended Expedition	1	—	—
8th	To 5 Quire of Paper		12	6
	To printing a Proclamation for an Embargo . .	3	5	—
	To 1 Quire & half of Paper		7	6
	To printing 125 Articles of War, &c	1	10	0
11th	To an advt requiring Persons who have recd Beating Orders to transmit to the Governour a List of the Names of the Persons enlisted &c. . .	1	0	0

1746		£	s	d.
July 11th	To advt notifying the Colonels who have delayed raising Soldiers for the Frontiers that Excellency expects & requires that they have their Quotas at the Places ordered without Delay .	1	0	0
12th	To papers & printing 100 more Beating Orders .	1	10	—
14th	To 2 Quire & half of paper	—	9	—
	To printing a Proclamation for taking up Deserters	3	5	—
17th	To an advertisement for Pilots acquainted with the Navigation of Canada River	1	—	—
17th —	To an advertisement commanding all Officers employed in Enlisting Soldiers not to take in their Lists impressed Then &c	1	—	—
24th	To an Advt of Permission to Coasters	1	—	—
	To an Advt for the Officers who have had beating Orders to send in exact Lists of Men enlisted into the Service, &c	1	—	—
July 26sh	To 17 Quire of Paper	2	2	6
	To printing a Proclamation for a Thanksgiving .	4	—	—
29th	To printing a Ream of Muster Rolls for Commissary	6	—	—
31st	To a Ream & 8 Quire & ½ of paper	3	5	—
	To printing the Tax Bill containing 3 sheets . .	18	—	—
	To folding and stiching the same	2	10	—
	To 5 Quire and half of Paper	1	5	—
Augt. 8th	To printing the Treasurer's Warrants to the Assessors	3	15	—
	To 3 Ream of Paper	12	—	—
	To printing 5285 Enlistments & Certificates at Sundry Times in the month of July and to this Day for the Canada Expedition	13	4	—
15th	To printing 200 Orders from the Governour for Officers to bring their Men to Boston . . .	1	—	—
	To printing the same in the News Letter . . .	1	—	—
21st	To 11 Quire of Paper	4	8	—
	To printing Forms of Acct for Billeting Men, 500	4	—	—
Sept 17th	To 5 Quire of Paper		15	
	To printing a Proclamation for apprehending Sundry Deserters from his Majesty's Squadron at Louisbourg	4	—	—
18th	To printing an Act against swing guns loaded with Ball or Shot in the Town of Boston, &c .	1	10	—
	To 6 Quire of Paper for Commissions	2	8	—
20th	To 13 Quire of Paper	4	16	—
	To printing a letter from his Excellency to the Honble. Paul Mascarene, Esqr. in the French Language 300	6	—	0

1746		£	s	d.
Octr. 3d	To 11 Quire of Paper	4	8	—
	To printing 500 more Forms of Billeting Soldiers	4	—	—
7th	— To 16 Quire of Paper	2	8	—
	To printing a proclamation for a Fast	4	—	—
17th	— To 17 Quire of Paper @ 6/	5	2	—
19th	— To printing the Treasurer's Warrants to sd Constables 500	4	15	—
	To advt. with the Vote of the General Court relating to such Persons as have recd Beating ordrs	1	—	—
23d	To an Advt. ordering the Embargo on Vessels to be taken off	1	—	—
	To printing the Vote of the General Court relating to the Money which the enlisting Officers have recd requiring their accompts, &c	1	—	—
Novr 8th	— To 17 Quire of Paper	2	14	—
	To printing a Proclamation for a Thanksgiving	4	—	—
26th	— To a Ream of paper	7	—	—
	To printing a Ream of Muster Rolls for the Commissery	6	—	—
Novr. 29th	— To two Quire of Paper	—	16	—
	To printing Letters to be sent by the Treasurer to the Assessors of the Maratime Towns, to assess the Tonnage of shipping	2	—	—
1746				
Feby 27th	— To printing half a Ream of Muster Rolls	3	10	—
March 24th	— To 17 Quire of paper	2	11	—
	To printing a Proclamation for a Fast	4	—	—
19th	To advertisemt for French Prisoners to come in in order to redeem the Captives at Canada	1	—	—
April 16th	— To advertising the Governours orders to Commanders not to grant Furlows but in Cases	1	—	—
23d	To advertising the Persons who rec'd Bounty Money from the Committee forthwith to Acct therefor	1	—	—
24th	To 10 Quire of Paper @ 6/	3	—	—
	To printing about 1000 Warrants for the Payment of Money	5	—	—
25th	To 3 Quire of Paper	1	16	—
	To printing Precepts and Returns for calling a new Assembly	4	10	—
May 7th	— To Advertising the Vote of the General Court respecting the Choice of Persons to inform against taking Rhode-Island, New Emission Bills	1	0	0

1746		£	s	d.
May 25th	— To 4 Quire of Paper	1 –	8 –	—
	To printing 200 Portledge Bills for the Commissary General	3 –	— –	—
June 25th	To advertising all Persons who have receiv'd Money out of the Treasury for the Encouraging of the Expedition against Cape Breton or that intended against Canada to make up their Accompts with the Committee, &c . .	2 –	— –	—
	To an advt relating to sending in a List of the Names of the French Prisoners, &c . . .	1 –	10 –	—
July 9th	— To an advertisement for the Encouragement of Coasting Vessels that may be employed in transporting Wood, &c.	1 –	10 –	—
	To advertising the French Prisoners in this Province to be sent to Boston without Delay, &c	2 –	— –	—
	Carried forward	£294 –	6 –	0

* * * * * * * * * * * *

Of the commissions to officers issued at this time we have only the following memorandum of Josiah Willard, Esq., Secretary of the Province from 1717 to his death, December, 1756:

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY TO JOSIAH WILLARD Dr.

For Military Commns. from Jany. 2. 1746 to Decr. 4. 1747

1746 Jany	2 —	3	Colo. Hill's Troop
Feby	17 —	1	– Ensign Henderson
April	1 —	3	– Cpt Harman
	3 —	3	– Colo. Bowen
		15	– Colo. Willis
		1	– Cpt Saml. Willard
	4 —	30	– Colo. Hatch
	10 —	2	– Cpt Cargills Officers
		10	– Colo. Wendell
	14 —	6	– Colo. Waldo
	20 —	3	– Cpt Stevens
	25 —	16	– for divers Officers of Voluntiers on Premiums for Scalps
	27 —	3	– Cpt Sole, Ditto
	29 —	2	– Mr. Stagpole
May	1 —	3	– Colo. Pepperrell
	3 —	3	– Colo. Saml. Willard
		6	– Colo. Stoddard

1746 May	6 —	3 – Cpt Dan[l]. Hills	
		4 – Col[o]. Waldo	
	12 —	3 – Col[o]. Moulton	
	15 —	1 – Col[o]. Tyng	
		3 – Cpt Bushnell	
June	12 —	1 – Maj[r]. Bradford	
	13 —	9 – Col[o]. Warren	
		6 – Col[o]. Waldo	
June	16 —	1 – Cpt Tyngs Chaplain	
	20 —	1 – for his Master	
	22 —	4 – Cpt Symmes	
	30 —	5 – Col[o]. Lincoln	
July	2 —	4 – Col[o]. Pepperrell	
	3 —	27 – Col[o]. Bourn	
	16 —	1 – Ensign Rutherford	
Aug[t].	21 —	1 – Cpt Saunders	
Sep[r].	2 —	15 – Col[o]. Wendell	
	12 —	5 – Col[o]. Waldo	
	18 —	1 – Col[o]. Donnell	
Oct[o].	6 —	9 – Col[o]. Mayhew	
	12 —	2 – Col[o]. Phips	
Nov[r].	10 —	3 – Col[o]. Willard	
Dec[r].	4 —	4 – Col[o]. Pepperrell	
		6 – Col[o]. Buckminster	
		229 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	@ 1/6 £ 17 : 3 : 6

Supplemental to the foregoing is the following account:

1746

		PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY To Benjamin Pollard Sheriff of y[e]. County of Suffolk	Dr.			
May	14th	To Sending y[e]. Governors Proclamation through the Province, requiring all the Militia to be provided wth Arms & Ammunition and be in readiness in Case of an Attack by the Enemy	N. Tenor £	s	d	
			1 :	15 :	0	
	30	To my time and trouble in taking up the French Gentlemen & all the other French prisoners in Town by the Gov[r]. & Councils Order to Secure 'em in Goal that no Information be given of the design ag[t]. Canada in w[ch]. Service I Employed 10 men to assist in Order to do it Immediately	2 :	0 :	0	

1746			N. Tenor. £ s d.
June	2.	To Sending the Gov^rs. Proclamations throughout the Province Encourageing Men to Inlist in an Expedition against Canada	1: 15: 0
	11.	To Expences when the General Court were Sitting, On the Kings Accession to the Crown at the Council Chamber	9: 10: 0
	17.	To Sending Proclamations for a Fast to be observed 10th July 1746	1: 15: 0
	25.	To my Impressing Several Ships and Brig^a's Shewn me by the Com^tee of Warr, and by the direction of Capt. Cheever, Mr Thos. Hubbard Mr Andrew Hall and M^r. Russell vizt. Ship Phenix . . . Capt. Geo: Long Ship Elizabeth . . . Patrick White Ship Shirley . . . Jos. Sherbon Ship Pepperill Gallery John Bonner Ship Mary Galley . . James Nicholson Brig^a Three Brothers Thos. Greens Vessell Brig^a Tryall . . . Capt. Ball	2: 0: 0
July	7.	To Sending Proclamations for an Embargo on all Shipping on acco^t. of the Scarcity of Provisions, when provisions were to be purchased for the Expedition against Canada .	1: 15: 0
		To Sending Proclamations & getting some raised up, wch. were to Encourage the taking up a Number of Seamen belonging to His Majesty's Ship Bein-Aime Capt. Farrish Com^dr.	1: 0: 0
	26.	To Sending Proclamations for a Thanksgiving to be Observed 14 Augt. for Victory ag^t. the Rebells in Scotland	1: 15: 0
August	1.	To Sending Province Treasurers Warrant and Tax Bill, through the Province	3: 15: 0
	3.	To my Impressing a Quantity of Pork belonging to Thomas Green ye Order of Committee	0: 10: 0
		To my Impressing a Quantity of Pork belonging to Gerrish and Barrell by Order of the Committee of warr	0: 10: 0
	18.	To Impressing Ship Fisher, Phil Baker belong^g to Jones and Griffin ye Order of Com^tee. Warr	0: 7: 6
Sep^r.	20.	To Sending proclamations prohibiting the bringing from Louisburg any Seamen or Soldiers belonging to His Majesty and for apprehending any Deserters from thence	1: 15: 0

1746		N. Tenor. £ s d.
Sepr. 26.	To my Impressing a ship for a Hulk belonging to Robert Galpin and ^{w} Buck Master at Hubbards Wharff by Order of Com^{tee} Shewn me by Col^{o}. Wendell Capt Watts, M^{r}. Oliver	0: 7: 6
	To Impressing three Caulkers for Hulk . .	0: 10: 0
Oct. 6.	To Sending Proclamations for a fast to be observed 16th. October	1: 15: 0
14.	To my Impressing Henderson & Hewes's Sloop to take out the Bein Amies Loading in Order to her going to Annapolis ℘ Order of the Govr. taking much pains to get a Sloop .	0: 10: 0
15.	To Impressing a Sloop of Geo: Bethunes for the Same Service after much pains & trouble.	0: 10: 0
28.	To Boat hire & Men to Carry the 4 Condemned Pirates Viz^{t}. Mathew Regan, Roger Ryan, Morris Kerby and John Regan on board the Bein Amie to Redeem 4 Cape Ann men brought from Jebucto in a Flagg of Truce, and put on board the Bein Aimie for Security, while the Flag of Truce could refitt for Louisbourg	0: 15: 0
	To my Own Time and Expence in Liquor &c. to carry them on board and bring the Other Men Viz^{t}. Ed: Iumpac, Benj^{a}. Gott Abraham Batten & James Millet on Shoar that I would go my Self { all wth. the Gov^{rs}. Express Order	1: 10: 0
31.	To Expences at Council Chamber Kings birthday	7: 12: 9
	To Cash Spent at Vardys to treat y^{e}. Constables to prevent a Bone fire being Kindled in King Street	0: 10: 0
Novr. 4.	To my time & Expence in going On board the Pepperill Galley Nehemiah Robbins Master with French Prisoners and to take a particular account of the Capitulation prisoners, distinct from Prisoners of Warr, by Express Order from the Govr. to go my Self . . .	1: 10: 0
7.	To Sundry proclamations for a Thanksgiving to be Observed 27th. Nov^{r}.	1: 15: 0
Decr. 1.	To Sending Province Treasurers Letters to the Several Sheriffs, to be sent to the Select Men of Each Town to get a List of the Tonage of Vessels that were neglected ℘ Ord^{r}. of Genl. Court	1: 0: 0

1746		N. Tenor. £	s	d.
Jan^ry 23^d —	To Sending the province Treasurers Warrants to the Sheriffs in the Province to be by them Sent to the Several Constables in their Precincts to Collect the Tax	1:	15:	0
March 21st.	To Sending Proclamations for a Fast to be Observed 9th April 1747	1:	15:	0
1747				
April 27th.	To Sending Writts & Precepts for a New-Assembly	3:	15:	0
	N: Tenor	£ 55:	12:	9
June 11.	To Expences to Celebrate the Kings Accession in Council Chamber & the whole Courts bill	11:	10:	0
		67:	2:	9
	Deduct impressing 2 Sloops to unload the Bein Aime; belonging to the Crown	1:	0:	0
		£ 66:	2:	9

Exa: & Alow'd by y^e. Comittee

J: OSBORNE
Errors Excepted

Suffolk ss. June 15th 1747
Sworne too before the Committee
JACOB WENDELL Just: Pea:

℘ BENJ

BOSTON August 2, 1746

SIR, I have rec^d. your Letter of the 29th. of the last month, and am glad to hear that the Levies go on so well in your Parts. As you observe I have ordered by publick Advertisement that the Soldiers forthwith march to Boston, that so they may there get ready as soon as may be for Embarkation; But I think it proper to alter my Measures with respect to those that are raised in the Counties of Hampshire and Worcester, in part for the Reason you mention, vizt. That if finally they should proceed by Land their coming to Boston will be both unnecessary & inconvenient; and therefore I shall send you up a Commission for viewing & mustering the Soldiers raised in the County of Worcester, & another to Col^o. Stoddard for mustering those in the County of Hampshire. I should be glad you would undertake the Business yourself; but if you find it inconvenient, fill up the Commission to some able & sufficient Person: & let the Lists taken of such as pass the Muster be sent down to me as soon as may be, & the Troops in the mean time be in readiness to march to Boston at an Hour's Warning if I should send for 'em. If the Troops should be delayed a little longer, I am afraid

the Season will be over for going by Sea, unless it be in Expectation of continuing at Canada over the Winter, wch. I cannot at present determine upon. I have stated the allowance for Cloathing at thirty Pounds old Tenor; Those that cannot or incline not to furnish themselves will be supplied with what I have ordered to be provided here: As to Blankets & Arms I have not yet determined what is proper to be given as an Equivalent to those that find themselves. I would have it certified in the Lists of Musters who are sufficiently furnished with warm Cloathing, Blankets & Arms, & expect to be paid in Bills for them; and they shall be paid before they march upon Service. As to the Appointment of a Major for your Regiment, thô I believe Cpt. Williams is a Gentleman very capable of that Post, yet Major Pomroy's having served in the late Expedition, & behaved well (by all that ever I could hear) it would have added considerable weight to his Pretensions, but if the Officers & Soldiers are like to be uneasy with his being put in that Station (as you suggest) I shall grant the Commn. to Cpt Williams.

I must press you in the strongest manner to proceed to muster the men without a moments Loss of time, & to take particular Care that they should be ready to proceed to Boston within an hours warning or at the shortest notice that is possible.

I had ordered Colo. Chandlers Brother who was a Lieutt. Colonel at Louisbourg, to march the Men that he shall have raised, the beginning of next Week for Boston: But you will take Care to let him know that the Men are to be muster'd in the Country, & stop him 'till further Orders.

I am
Sir
Your most Assur'd friend
and Servant
W SHIRLEY.

Joseph Dwight Esqr.

Of the men enlisted in Worcester County there is but a slight account. The proclamation of June 2, 1746, which we have given in facsimile, was taken from an original sent by Col. John Chandler [1] to Capt. Nathaniel Greene, of Leicester, Mass., and is

[1] Col. John Chandler was born Oct. 18, 1693, in New London, Conn., and was the son of Hon. John and Mary Chandler, of Woodstock, Conn. He married (1) Hannah, daughter of John Gardiner; she died Jan. 5, 1738/9; (2) Jan. 28, 1739/40, Sarah, daughter of Timothy Clarke, of Boston. At an early age he was employed in the office of the province treasurer of Massachusetts and in the office of the secretary of Connecticut. He was representative from Worcester from 1725–1736, '38 to '40, and 1742, a councillor 1743–62, judge of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for Worcester 1754–62, its chief justice 1757–62, judge of probate 1757–62, commissioner to Albany in 1754, and colonel in the Crown Point expedition in 1756. He was early employed as a surveyor, and in 1714 was one of the surveyors to run the boundary line between Massachusetts aud Connecticut. He joined the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1734, and was its captain in 1736. He died Aug. 7, 1762, at Worcester, leaving two sons, five daughters, and forty-two grandchildren.

now in the possession of Edward Worthington Greene, Esq., of North Andover, Mass., with other papers which we print. The proclamation is endorsed in Colonel Chandler's handwriting.

CAPT. GREEN.

Sr — As you Desire to Serve your King and Country pray Exert your self to the Utmost in raising Vollunteers and give all assistance to Inlisting officers make Returns to me.

Your friend

June 4. 1746. JOHN CHANDLER, Colo.

Shortly after Colonel Chandler wrote Capt. John Wihttemore, and on the same sheet Captain Whittemore notifies Captain Greene.

If I knew when you met I wd come and see you it may be at 4 or 5 a Clock J CHANDLER

LEICESTER June 23 1746

Capt. Green. Sr. haveing Received orders from the Colnel to call the company to gather under my command & to have the governors proclamation Red to ye sd company, I intend to have my company to gather upon thursday the 26 day of June Instant at three of the Clock in the afternoon & I should Be glad if you would meet at the same time this from yours to serve

JOHN WHITEMORE [1]

CAPT GREEN & CAPT WHITEMORE

GENT. These Lines wait on you ℞ Ensign Richard Flagg in order to Raise Vollunteers for Canada he has Listed near thirty in our Town upon this Express condition that he goes him self Captain otherwise they are not to be held. I should have waited on you my Self but Sutton two companys meet on Thursday as well as yours and I cant be at both places, your men will see ye Incouragement by the proclamation, it will be equall to Eighty or Ninety pound old Tenor. I have wrote to the Governour that I may have Liberty of Appointing ye four officers for this campany & Leicester shall have neighbours fair in proportion to the men they Raise. I have all the County money by me, I hope your people will be prevailed upon to go, Else I fear they must be sent to the forts in ye Room of those that are there & that will Inlist & I hear they are Generally inclined

I am your very hum Sert

Worcester June 25 1746 JOHN CHANDLER

[1] John Whittemore, son of John Whittemore and Ruth Bassett, was born in Malden, Sept. 12, 1694, and resided in that vicinity till 1726, when he bought a farm in Leicester, where he lived till his death in 1771.

The names of tbe men that listed for Canada in Leicester, those that live on the soutb side of the road are

Jonatban Stone	Thomas Steel
William Gifford	Samuel Lynds
Samuel Calhoon	Natban Sprague
James Graten	Joshua Berton
James Jonson	Benjamin Podney
Hezekiah Cutter	Thomas Oats

Those on the north side of the rod are these

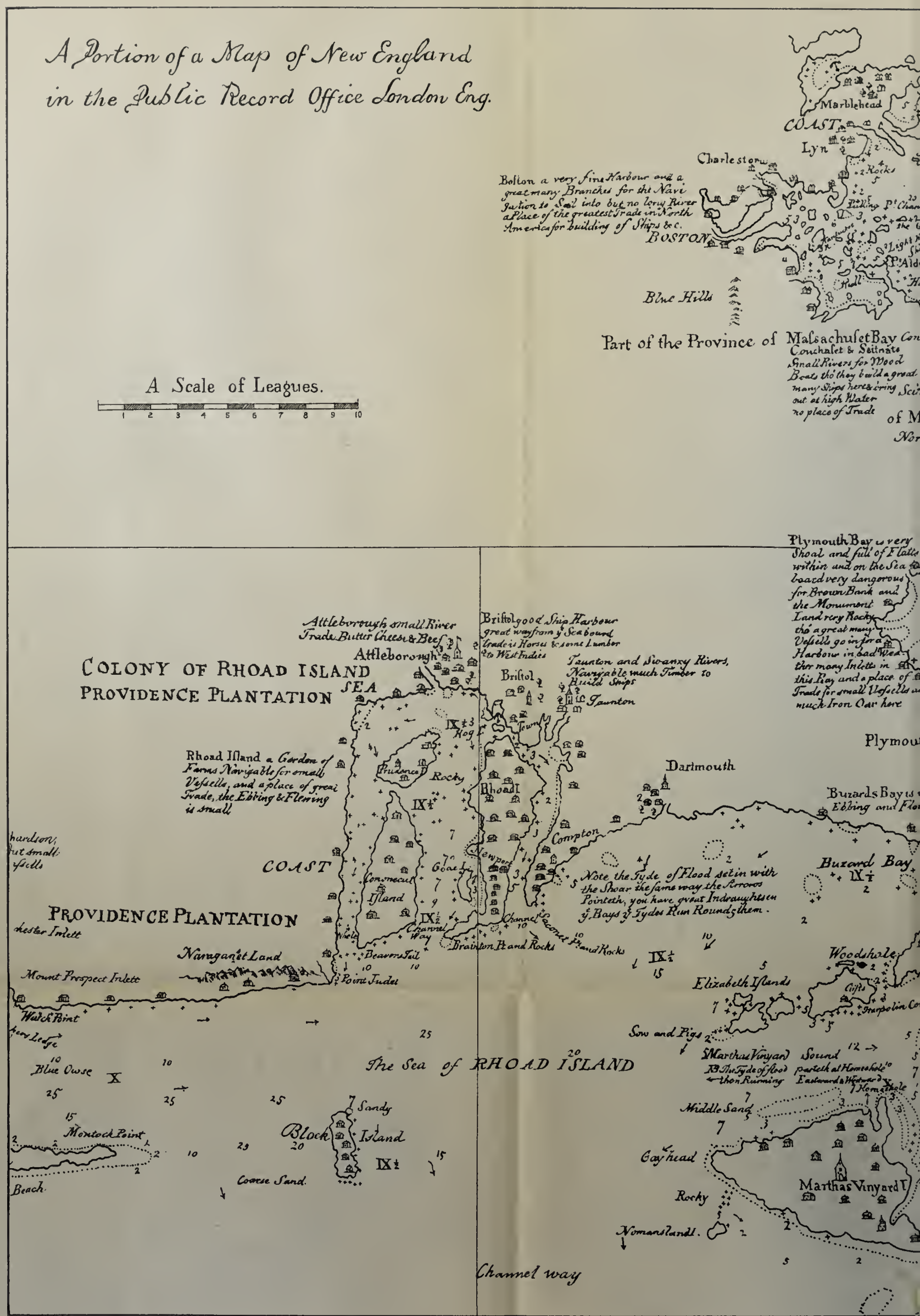
John Stevens	James Trumbull
Isaac Howe	Hezekiah Cutting
John Lovel or Love	Sam[l] Watson Jr
Henry Merrit	John Hart
Isaac Bellows	Nath[l] Scott
Joseph Torrey	Joshua Lamb
John Thomas	Jacob Shaw
Daniel Newhall	Samuel Barnes
Benjamin Wilson	Antony Riand, — (also spelled Orion)
Timotby Capen	Corporal Joshua Whitney
Jacob Wicker	Cor'l David Adams
Elias Washburn	Cor[l] M : — Scott
Noah Torrey	Cor'l J. Arms—
Sergeant Josiah Barton	Robert Morgan
Serg't J. Newhall	Andrew Morgan
Serg't Natban Sargent	James Walles —
Serg't S. Stower	Zebulum Baldwin
Benja Baldwin	Josiah Barton Jr
Thom's Beard	Simeon Wilson
Nath[l]. Wilson	James Nichols
John Bond	Alexander Calhoon
Thomas Denny	Nathan Rice
John Cooper	Iasaah Taylor
Natb[l] Green Jr.	James Baldwin Jr
John Lamb.	James M[c]Farsen
Benj[a] Bond	(also written McPherson)
Jacob Holland	Ebenezer Sanderson
Theo. Jones	Tbomas Wbitney
Sam'l Calhoon	Nahum Green
Elisha Cranson	Jobn White
Stephen Hutchinson	Elijah Washburn

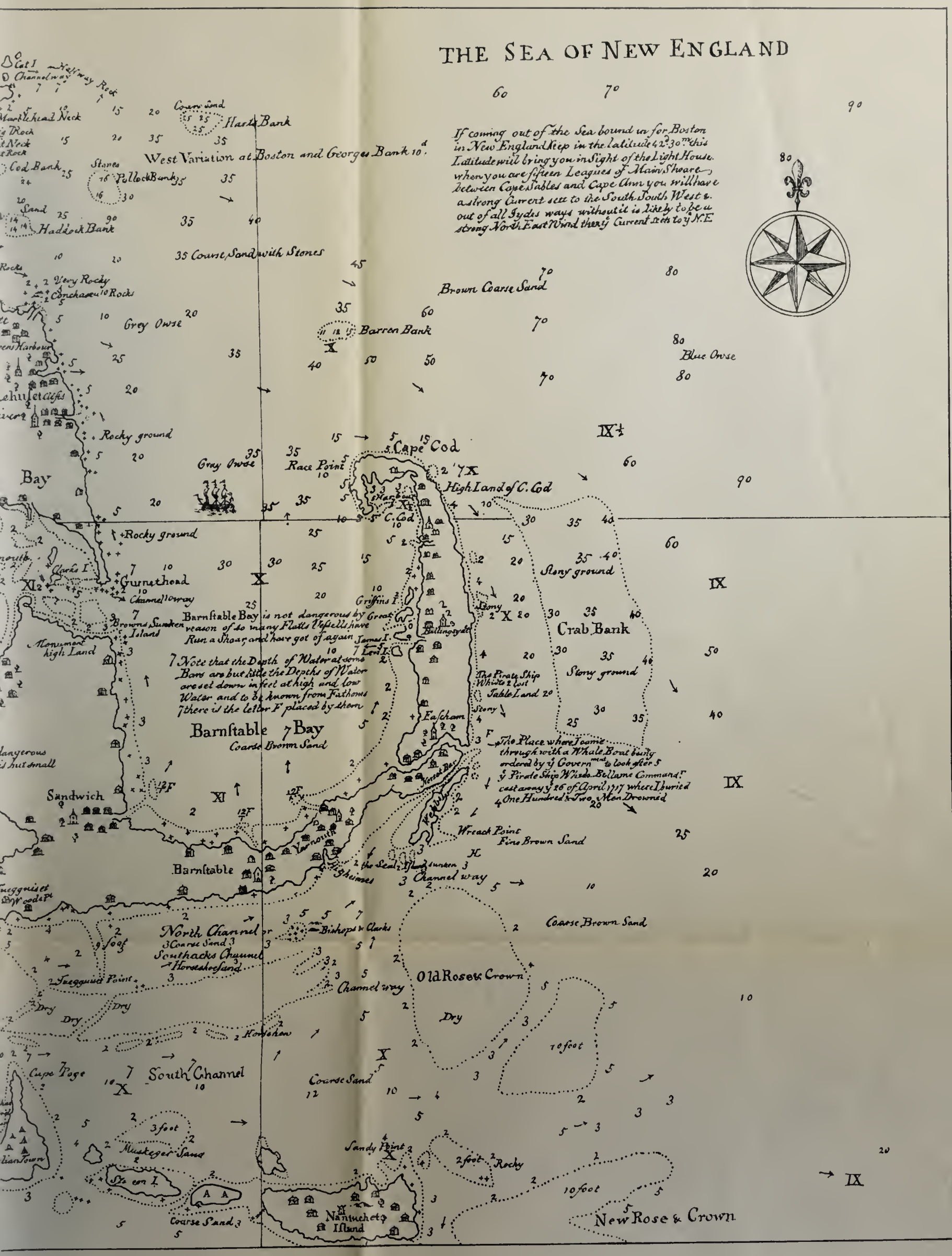
Johnathan Rodney

LEICESTER June. 24 1746

To Corporal Whitney, Sir you are required in his Majesty's name to warn the persons under named to meet at the training field on Tbursday at three

A Portion of a Map of New England in the Public Record Office London Eng.




THE SEA OF NEW ENGLAND
If coming out of the Sea bound in for Boston in New England Keep in the latitude 42d 30m this Latitude will bring you in Sight of the Light House. when you are fifteen Leagues of Main Shoare between Cape Sables and Cape Ann you will have a strong Current sett to the South South West & out of all Tydes ways without it is likely to be a strong North East Wind then ye Current sets to ye N.E
West Variation at Boston and Georges Bank 10d.
Harts Bank
Pollock Bank
Haddock Bank
Cod Bank
Coarse Sand with Stones
Brown Coarse Sand
Barren Bank
Blue Owse
Very Rocky
Grey Owse
Rocky ground
Gray Owse
Race Point
Cape Cod
High Land of C. Cod
Bay
Gurnethead
Channel way
Browns Sunken Island
Monument high Land
Barnstable Bay is not dangerous by reason of so many Flatts Vessells have Run a Shoar, and have got of again
Note that the Depth of Water at some Bars are but little the Depths of Water are set down in feet at high and low Water and to be known from Fathoms there is the letter F placed by them
Barnstable Bay
Coarse Brown Sand
Stony ground
Crab Bank
The Pirate Ship Whisto lost Table Land
Eascham
The Place where I came through with a Whale Boat being ordered by ye Government to look after ye Pirate Ship Whsdo. Bellame Command. cast away ye 26 of April 1717 where I buried One Hundred & Two Men Drowned
Sandwich
Barnstable
Wreack Point
Fine Brown Sand
Channel way
North Channel
Coarse Sand
Southacks Channel
Horseshoe Sand
Bishops & Clarks
Coarse Brown Sand
Old Rose & Crown
Channel way
Dry
Horseshoe
South Channel
Coarse Sand
Cape Poge
Muskeges Sand
Sandy Point
Rocky
Nantucket Island
Coarse Sand
New Rose & Crown

of the clock in the afternoon to hear the Proclamation and to list for Canada if they please

Lieutenant Bown	James Baldwin
Sergeant Samuel Stowers	Daniel Jackson
Benjamin Baldwin	David Moors
Nathaniel Wilson	Isaac Livermore
Elisha Cranson	Antony Riant
Samuel Barnes	James Greaton

And make return to me

NATHANIEL GREEN–[1] Capt.

SIR. This moment I Received the Governour's Express, and pursuant there to You are Required in his Majesty's name on your utmost Perill to Draw out of your Milatary Ward twenty five men compleatly armed and furnished with Amunition and fourteen Days Provision and march them without the Least Delay to Worcester and from thence to Proceed to Boston a French Invasion being every moment expected. I say fail not at Your perill. JOHN CHANDLER Col.

Worcester Sept. 22. 1746.

Either you or Capt. Whittemore with two more Comission officers must go & don't fail.

In his majesty's service, to Capt. Nath'l Green in Leicester.

GENT. Last night a Vessell arrived from Cape Breton that brings certain Advice of a French Fleets being on the Coast, therefore you are without fail to see that all male persons in your Respective Military ward are well fixed and pray dont fail puting every one upon giting among other things a good Hatchett. Expect every day to send fore more men.

Your friend
J. CHANDLER

Boston Sepr 29 1746
To Capt Green
&
Capt Whitemore

23 Sept. 1746

This meeting by means of ye Governors Sending for a Large number of men to opose ye Suposed french Invasion was Brooke up.

Attest JOHN CHANDLER
modr
Worcester Town Meeting.

[1] Nathaniel Green, b. Sept. 28, 1689, was the son of William and Elizabeth (Hills) Green, of Malden. He married (1) April 21, 1713, Elizabeth Sprague; (2) pub. Dec. 14, 1755, Mary Stockwell. He was a carpenter, and lived in what is now Stoneham, until his removal to Leicester about 1723, where his eldest brother William had removed. He resided for a time at Sutton, but returned to Leicester, where he died Sept. 27, 1774.

SUTTON.

Sept. 24th — On Monday night we had an alarm of the French invading Boston. My thoughts were that I would freely have gone with those that went down — I thought I should not be daunted by the most dangerous attendants of a Campaign. went ye next day four miles with them. — *Dr. David Hall's Diary.*

While preparations were being made intelligence came from Nova Scotia of hostile movements there of the French (who numbered not less than twenty thousand), and of their Indian allies, and what was more serious, information was received of the approach of a French fleet far more formidable than had ever appeared in Western waters. A great expedition had been gotten up by the French court.

An alarm was sounded and the militia of the Province called to a rendezvous at Boston. Of their numbers we may judge by the following list extracted from the accounts of the Treasurer of the Province, showing the amounts paid each company. The disappearance of the rolls of names must be laid to the fire which also destroyed the rolls of the Louisburg expedition of the previous year. A few rolls have been preserved in the archives of the Commonwealth, and some have been found in private hands, and there are doubtless others in existence.

TROOPS THAT SERVED HIS MAJESTY AT THE GENERAL MUSTER ON THE ALARM.

Capt Gamaliel Bradford & Co	£ 10 – 1 – 2½
Capt Thos. Read	85 – 2 – 10
Capt Josiah Edson	65 – 10 – ½
Capt Adam Cushing	28 – 11 – 1¾
Capt Sam'l Livermore	111 – 5 – 8
Maj. John Jones	42 – 19 – 11
Ensign Mark White	16 – 1 – 6
Lt Jabez Beaman	18 – 1 – 2
Capt Peter Atherton	25 – 19 – 10
Capt Hezᵉ Hapgood	19 – 1 – 7
Capt Wᵐ Lawrence	92 – 11 – 8
Col. James Minot & Co	40 – 6 – 1
Capt Joseph Hubbard	45 – 10 – 6
Capt Joshᵃ Cushman	51 – 15 – 7
Capt Sam'l Jackson	28 – 11 – 2

Capt Nath'l White	£ 13 – 18 – 2
Capt John Sheppard & Co.	62 – 10 – 6
Capt Saml White & Co	35 – 12 – 1
Capt Eph^{m} Leonard	81 – 10 – 5
Capt Sam'l Leonard	40 – 12 – 1
Capt Benj Fuller & Co	102 – 13
Capt Sam'l Bacon & Co.	29
Capt John Bulkley	16 – 18 – 11
Capt Benj Bancroft	22 – 8 – 11
Capt Benj Briggs	48 – 16 – 4
Capt Oliver Wilder	36 – 9 – 4
Capt Eben^{r} Witt	59 – 11 – 3
Capt Benj Flagg	67 – 8 – 6
Capt Timo. Carter	70 – 40 – 6
Capt Eben^{r} Learned	60 – 3 – 5
Capt Nath'l Green	50 – 11 – 6
Capt Joseph Wright	95 – 13 – 5
Capt Thos. Kidder	44 – 15 – 6
Capt William Cannedy	34 – 19 – 10
Capt Obed^{a} Reed & Co	25 – — – 9
Col Benj Lincoln	18 – 8 – 2
Lieut Eben^{r} Beal	6 – 2 – 3
Capt Abel Cushing	22 – 17 – 4
Capt Joseph Harrington	39 – 15 – 4
Capt Jon^{a} Fuller	19 – 3 – 11
Capt David Gorham	36 – 6 – 11
Capt Noah Sprague	125 – 1 – 3
Capt John Bennet	14 – 5 – 3
Capt David Wyer	25 – 1 – —
Capt Eben^{r} Hathaway	36 – 6 – 6
Capt Jon^{a} Hayward	61 – 15 – 1
Capt Jer. Green	17 – 14 – 9
Capt John Gulliver & Co	59 – 11 – 10
Capt Jos. How & Co	29 – 6 – 10
Capt Jos. Clap & Co	23 – 14 – 8
Capt John Harwood	51 – 2 – 9
Capt John Farnum	18 – 7 – 7
Capt Timo Brigham & Co	36 – 11 – 11
Capt Uriah Eager & Co	23 – 3 – 4
Capt Samuel Dalling	15 – 7 – —
Capt Elkanah Billing & Co	34 – 5 – 3
Col Estes Hatch & Co	23 – 13 – 8
Capt Bartholmew Pond	37 – 12 – 8
Capt Eph^{m}. Leonard	70 – 8 – 8
Capt Timothy Gibson & Co	19 – 2 – 7

Capt Daniel Barnes & Co	£ 57 – 17 – —
Capt Elijah Cushing	44 – 2 – 3
Capt Benj Reed & Co	22 – 6 – 8½
Capt William Pike	57 – 18 – 10
Capt Samuel Willis	32 – 2 – 2
Capt John Steel & Co	32 – 7 – 10
Capt Ebenezer Morton & Co	55 – 15 – 10
Capt Benj Fenno & Co	39 – 9 – 3
Col Nahum Ward & Co	57 – 56 –
Capt Sam'l Chamberlain	
Capt Josiah Sturtevant & Co	41 – 13 – 1
Capt Jon[a] Bass & Co	41 – 18 – 2
Capt John Paul & Co	32 – 9 – 10
Capt Edw Baker	62 – 11 – 3
Capt Jos Phillips	37 – 14 – 10
Capt Daniel Lovett	51 – 14 – 8
Capt Thos Thayer & Co	51 – 14 – 8
Capt Jona Sleads Co	58 – 3 – 9
Capt Josiah Richardson	47 – 3 – 2
Capt Benj Daner	25 – 19 – 3
Capt Israel Vinal	29 – 12 – 9
Capt David Baldwin & Co	30 – 10 – 9
Capt Sam'l Henley	73 – 4 – 9
Capt Sam'l Morse	28 – 6 – 4
Capt. Benj White	38 – 17 – 11
Capt. Nath'l Whiting & Co.	32 – 1 – 6¾
Capt. Estes Hatch	37 – 3 – 3½
Capt Joel Ellis & Co	49 – 15 – 1
Capt Elk[a] Wales	15 – 17 – 6
Capt James Draper	21 – 3 – 3
Capt John Fowle & Co	93 – 8 – 3
Capt Geo. Talbut & Co	29 – 9 – 3
Capt David Morse & Co	76 – 4
Capt Daniel Carpenter	64 – 15 – 3
Capt Benj Bullard	33 – 9 – 5
Capt John Foster & Co	87 – 14 – 11
Capt Nehemiah Cushing	45 – 9 – —
Capt Thos Drury	53 – 0 – 11
Capt Nathl Peirce	30 – 4 – 8
Capt Benj Brown & Co	57 – 6 – 9
Capt Jos Thatcher & Co	68 – 11 – 8
Capt Barth Shurtleff & Co	49 – 3 – 7
Capt Josiah Richardson & Co	117 – 3 – 10
Capt Sam'l Miller & Co	54 – 16 – 1
Capt Eben[r] Peck & Co	31 – 13 – 11

Capt Benj Blany & Co	£14 – 19 – 11
Capt Elijah Moore & Co	64 – 9 – 7
Capt Jere Richards & Co	15
Capt Sam'l Carter & Co	14 – 1 – 0
Maj Edw White & Co Alarm	9 – 2 – 2
Capt Rich Thayer & Co. "	22 – 13 – 9
Capt Saml Brooks & Co "	12 – 2 – 5
Capt Hezekiah Allen Alarm	12 – 10 – 11
Col Estes Hatch & Co Alarm	41 – 11
Capt Robt Oliver & Co Alarm	38 – 15 – 9
Capt Josiah Brown & Co Alarm	27 – 19 – 9
Capt Robt Fuller & Co Alarm	35 – 9 – 3
Capt Sam'l Corey & Co Alarm	15 – 17 – 8
Caleb Kenrick & Co. Alarm	14 – 10 – 3

The List of the Names of the Soldiers that are under the Command of Capt. Jonathan Howard[1] of Bridgewater, Draw^d Septem ye 25 1746. By me Josiah Keith, Clerk.

Capt Jonathan Howard.	Jonathan Perkins
Leut David Johnson.	Peter Edson
Ensign Timothy Edson.	Daniel Richards
Serjeant Zachariah Packard.	Seth Edson
Sergt. Samuel Packard.	Jacob Packard jur
Sergt. Elisha Dunbar.	Seth Packard
Sergt. Samuel Dunbar	Joseph Carver
Drumer Joseph Ames	James Packard jur
Corl. Jabez Field	Lemuel Southworth
Corl. Elezer Snow	William French
William Hayward	John Richards
Corl Samuel Soper	Amos Cordnar
Richard Thayer	Job Burges
James Gillmore	John Gillmor
Achermon Petengil	Thomas Raynolds
Edmund Howard	Josiah Lathrop
Seth Williams	Joseph Alger jur
Lebelum Cary	Theophilus Howard
Job Packard	James Ames
John Burr	Andrew Gillmor
Robert Packard	Amoriah Hall
Ebenezer Kingman	Israel Alger jur
Corl Abijah Edson	Daniel Alger

[1] Jonathan Howard, b. 1699, son of Jonathan and Sarah (Dean) Howard, married in 1719 Sarah, b. 1700, d. 1777, daughter of John Field, of Bridgewater. Jonathan Howard rose to the rank of major and died May 18, 1769, in his 70 year.

Isaac Swift
Seth Lathrop
Daniel Lathrop
Simeon Cary
Seth Thayer
James Powel
Lemuel Dunbar
William Edson
Jacob Packard
Christopher Dyer
Abel Packard
Elezer Packard
Ebenezer Warren
William Drake
Benjn Gannet
William French jur
Thomas Buck jur
Matthew Buck
Josiah Packard
Barnabus Pratt
Ebenezer Hill
Samuel Keen
Frances Cooke
Abner Fobes
Jacob Hill
James Keith jur.

Bridgewater, december ye 17 1745 A true list taken by me Thomas W. Clark of the above said Companey

St Edmand Hayward
St Samuel Larthrop
St Jonah Hartwell
St Josiah Larthrop
Dr. Joseph Ames
St James Alger
Cr Jonathan Ames
Cr Silas Willis
Cr James Ames
Joshua Ames
Ruben Snow
Elezer Snow
Nathan Ames
Thomas Ames ju^{r}
John Ames
Nathan Willis
David Harvey
Ezra Hayward
Isaac Lee
Taran Whitman
Jonathan Hayward jur
David Larthrop
Jonathan Larthrop
Isaac Larthrop
Daniel Alger
Joseph Alger ju
John Alger
Samuel Dunbar jun
Ezakiah Mehuran
Daniel Corthal
John Colcon
Judah Turrer
Daniel Lathrop
Ebenezer Wade
Ephraim Hayward jr
Joseph Packard jur
Samuel Packard jur
Seth Burr
Joseph Pool
George Turner
Thomas Linsey
Theophlus Hayward
Abner Hayward
Jonathan Howard 3rd
Jabus Bolton
Daniel Mandley
George Packard
Jonathan Burr
Ephraim Burr
Thomas Buck
Matthew Buck
Jacub Whit
Nathan Bryant
Ephraim Churchel
Joseph Belcher

Junc the 11 1746. I imprest the within named abner Hayward archbald Robinson and mathew Bock Davied french for his mejstis servicce and warned them to appear forthwith at the time and place within mentioned per me

JAMES AMES

SR. Forthwith Impress for his maj^es^ Service Eastward one able bodied Souldier out of yor Company Compleat with armes & to attend such further orders as you shall receive From

Yo^r^ Friend & Serv^ts^
JNO CUSHING

By order from
the Govr

To CAPT JON^A^ HOWARD
April 26 1746

1746
att Boston

A MUSTER ROLL of the Company in His MAJESTY'S *Service* under the Command of *Caleb Kenrick* [1] *of Noton* upon Allarme Captain Viz.

Men's Names

Caleb Kenrick, Capt.	Benjamin Wilson.
Robert Murdock, Lieut.	Gershom Hide.
Jacob Chamberlen, 2 Lieut.	Jonas Stone
Thomas Clark. Sert.	Benjamin Hamond.
Oakes Angier. Sert.	Samuel Hilton
Sam^ll^. Fisk. Sert.	William Willton
John Healy. Clark.	Stephen Winchester
David Richardson. Cor^l^.	Benjamin Kenrick.
James Ward. Cor^l^.	Samuel Murdock
George Bacon. Cor^l^.	Josiah Hall
Josiah Greenwood. Cor^l^.	Nehemiah Stone.
Caleb Wittney. Dru^r^.	Jonathan Mirick.
John Kenrick. Dru^r^.	Ephraim Fuller
Ebenezer Parker. Sentn^l^.	Elisha Parker
John Hamond.	Alpheas Kendrick.
John Hall.	Thomas Hall
Caleb Fuller.	John Everden.
Simon Stone.	John Palmer.
Israel Howel	Israel Hines.
Abram Whitte.	David Knap

[1] Caleb Kenrick, b. March 8, 1694, son of John and Esther Kenrick, of Newton; mar., 1721, Abigail Bowen, of Roxbury, and died in March, 1771, in Newton. His granddaughter Anna married Gen. Benjamin Pierce, and they were the parents of Prest. Franklin Pierce.

James Richards	Isaac Chamberlin
Edward Prentice	Jonas Jackson
Eleazer Chamberlin.	John Lopas
William Marean	James Greenwood.
David Hastings	John Dwight
Edward Hall	John Rogers
Ebenezer Bartlett	Samuel Stone
Timothy Cheeney	Elisha Hide
John Ward	Samuel Norcrose
Moses Cheeney	Josiah Cooledge
Atherton Clark	Nehemiah Hall
Josiah Hastings	Nathaniel Heley
Joseph Hamond	James Grimes
Robart Prentice.	Joseph Cheeney jur

Jonas Cook

ROLLS IN MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES.

29 — Capt. Phineas Stevens [1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Phineas Stevens — Captain, viz.

Phineas Stevens,	Capt	John Shields
William Lyman,	do	Israel Pease
John Burk	Sergt	Samll Judd
Noah Clap	do	Saml Calkoon
Sampson Colfax	Corp	Josiah Sairls
John Brown	Corp	Ebenezer Clap
John Brown Jur		John Pomroy
Joseph Ely		Ithamer Strong
John Bryant		William Boltwood
John Hastings		Nehn Dickinson
Emery Pease		Nathl Church jur
Stephen Tophoo		Joseph Houghton
Eleazer Smith		Elijah Washburn
Ralph Rice		Henry Merrett
Benjn Glazier		Josiah Snow

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[1] Phineas Stevens, b. Feb. 20, 1706, in Sudbury, was a son of Joseph and Prudence (Rice) Stevens. Aug. 14, 1723, while proceeding with three younger brothers to a hay-field, they were surprised and two slain, while Phineas and his youngest brother were taken in captivity to Canada, from which they were redeemed later by their father. Phineas married in 1734 a cousin Elizabeth Stevens, of Petersham. He was an early settler of Charlestown, N.H. He was commissioned lieutenant in 1743, and captain 1745. He was sent twice to Canada to negotiate release of captives, and after an active military life he died of a fever at Chenecto, April 6, 1756. His journal of an expedition in 1749 is in N.H. Hist. Coll., v., 199.

Samuel Hunt	Jeremiah Meacham
Joseph Parttroll	Adam Wire
Thom^{s}. Hancock	John Thomas
Joel Leonard	James Graton
Josiah Soduck	John Birge
Caleb How	Zadock Danks
Josiah Parker	Thomas Gill
Moses Wheeler	Sampson Freeman
Moses Warner	Ebenezer Dickinson
Seth Remington	James Wheeler

33–34 — Capt. Estes Hatch.[1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majestie's service under ye Command of Estes Hatch Esqr. — Captain, viz.

Estes Hatch Esqr	Captain	
James Foster,	Liev^{t}.	
Edward Hilton,	Ensign	
Nathaniel Langley	Serg^{ts}	
Thomas Pimer	Serg^{ts}	
Humphrey Atherton	Serg^{ts}	
Ebenezer Clap Junr	Serg^{ts}	
Samuel Blake, Clerk		
Zebulun Pierce	Corp^{ls}.	
Preserved Baker	Corp^{ls}.	
John Humfrey	Corp^{ls}.	
Hopestill Withington	Corp^{ls}.	
William Marion	Drummers	
Eb^{er}. Withington, Se^{r}	Drummers	
Ebenezer Bird	Centinal	Sep^{t} 17–22
Jerijah Wales	Cent^{l}.	6 days
Joseph Wales	Cent^{l}.	Isaiah Leeds
Ebenezer Davenport	Cent^{l}.	Nathaniel Clap
Jonas Humfrey Ju^{r}.	Cent^{l}.	Roger Clap
Henry Humfrey	Cent^{l}.	John Blake
Joseph Humfrey		Josiah Blake
John Bradley, Junr.		Samuel Bishop

[1] Estes Hatch, b. 1689; d. Feb. 6, 1759. He married, Nov. 9, 1716, Mary Colman, daughter of Rev. Benjamin Rolfe, of Haverhill, who survived him, and died Oct. 21, 1763. Their son was Nathaniel, b. 1724, d. 1780, in England. The son graduated from Harvard in 1742, was clerk of the Suffolk Court and judge of its Inferior Court of Common Pleas from 1771 to the outbreak of the Revolution, when as a loyalist he went to England.

Estes Hatch was a resident of Dorchester, held the different military offices, and was a captain of the 10th Co., 3d Mass. Regt., at Louisburg, 1745, and later colonel of the Suffolk Regiment. He was chosen a councillor in 1741, but was negatived by the governor. He became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Co. in 1711.

John Wales Junr.
Thomas Wiswell, Ju^{r}.
Thomas Clap
Ebenezer Holmes
William Sever
David Dolbier
Ebenezer Haydon
Isaac Davenport
Samuel Blackman
Andrew Sever
Francis Price
Caleb Bradley
Jonathan Bradley
Josiah Meroth
John Preston
John Champney
Samuel Bradley
Joseph Bass Junr.
Joseph Hall
Josiah Glover
Hopestill Bradley
Samuel Baker
Samuel Maxfield
Edward Preston
John More
Thos Moseley, Junr.
Remember Preston, Junr.
William King
George Hilton
Zebadiah Williams
Jacob Bird
George Bird
Jonathan Clap
David Clap
Henry Bird Junr.
Isaac Bird
Thomas Bird Junr.
Thos Moseley, Ser.
William Andrews
Josiah Pimer
Noah Wiswell
Daniel Wiswell
Josiah Bradley
William Wright
Oliver Wiswell Ju^{r}.
James Kenny
Samuel Withington
Ebe^{r}. Withington Ju^{r}.
Joseph Withington
Thomas Wells
Thomas Glover Junr.
Elijah Glover
Seth Smith
John Wiswell Ser
Ebenezer Brown
Moses Billings Junr.
Elisha Glover
John Billings, Junr.
Abraham Smith

35–36 — Capt. Thomas Jenner.[1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Thomas Jenner — Captain, viz.

1746

Thomas Jenner,	Capt.	Charlestown
Sam^{ll} Hendley,	first Liv^{tt}.	Do
Michael Brigden	second "	Do
Samuel Bradstreet,	Ensign	Do
John Frothingham,	Serg^{t}.	Do
Stephen Badger,	Do	Do

[1] Thomas Jenner, b. Dec. 21, 1693, was the son of David and Mabel (Russell) Jenner, of Charlestown. He was a merchant and town clerk, justice of the peace, etc. He married, July, 3, 1718, Joanna Everton, by whom he had twelve children. He died June 23, 1765, aged 72. His company was composed of Charlestown men.

1746

Zachary Symes,	Serg^{t}.	Charlestown
Samuel Larkin,	Do	Do
Thomas Frothingham,	Corp^{l}.	Do
John Miller,	Do —	Do
William Kettle,	Do —	Do
Jonas Eaton,	Do —	Do
Edward Larkin,	Clerk —	Do
Timothy Brigden,	Centenall —	Do
John Larkin, —	Do —	Do
Sam^{ll} Larkin, Junr —	Do —	Do
James Blake —	Do —	Do

Timothy Austin —
Isaac Johnson —
William Harris
Wm Abraham, Junr
William Tomson
Eliphlet Newell
Thomas Rand
Sam^{ll} Calder
William Conant
Nathaniel Davis
Richard Honeywell
David Edmonds
Jonathan Dows
John Kidder
Thomas Austin
Benjam^{n} Mirick
Abraham Snow
Jonathan Edmans
Richard Call
Jonathan Capen
Richd Boilstone Junr.
Ebenezer King
Sam^{ll} Kidder
Richd Kettle, Junr.
David Frothingham
Willm Hoppin Junr
Josiah Tory
Jonathan Call
Josiah Wood
David Wood
Tim^{o} Trumball
Nath^{el} Souther

Caleb Call
Isaac Kidder
Jon^{a} Brown
Step^{n} Peirce
Step^{n} Peirce Junr
Sam^{ll} Frothingham, Junr.
Robert Calley
Thomas Wood
Benj^{a} Braiser
Jos^{e} Frothingham
John Penny Junr
Abra^{m} Rand
Mich^{ll} Mallett
Joseph Russell
John Teal
Nath^{ll} Arnold
Sam^{ll} Braiser
Mich^{ll} Gill
Benj^{a} Hurd
Sam^{ll} Kidder
Nath^{ll} Oaks
Isaac Waters
John Bradish
Richd Devon
Charles Devon
Matthew Johnson
Tim^{o} Rand
Bam^{n} Davis
John Wyer
Wm Hoppin
Sam^{ll} Addams
Caleb Teal, Drumer
Josiah Harris Do

37 — Capt. Caleb Brooks [1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service Under the Command of Caleb Brooks — 37 — Captain, viz.

Caleb Brooks, Capt Charlestown	Samuel Sprague
Eben^{r}. Harden, Cornet	Phinehas Sprague
John Skinner, Quart^{r}	Samuel Upham
Jonathan Bradish, Clark	John Nickols
Thomas Lynds, Corp^{ll}	Stephen Pain
Francis Whittemore, Corp^{ll}	Jacob Gould
William Pratt, Trumpt^{r}	Benjamin Sprague
Edward Cartter, ditto	Nathan Sprague
William Pratt, Junr.	Benjamin Parker
Josiah Green	Jacob Upham Junr.
Jabez Green	Ebenezer Tidd
Samuel Shute	Timothy Symmes
William Hall	John Symmes
Joseph Skinner	Eben^{r}. Marrow
John Hamden	Josiah Tompson
Ezekiel Jenkins	Joseph Hartwell
Nathan^{l} Jenkins	John Noah
Joseph Waite	Joses Bucknam
Daniel Floyd	William Faulkner
Solomon Shute	Jonathan Howard
Stephen Hall	Joseph Howard
Eben^{r}. Lipham	Benjamin Teal
Thomas Prat	Samuel Teal
Daniel Gould	Jacob Bucknam
David Gould	Samuel Green

38 — Capt. John Cutting [2]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of John Cutting of Waltham — Captain, viz.

John Cutting, Capt.	Samuel Whitemore, Clerk
Wm Brown — Lieu^{t}.	Ed^{w} Harrington, Corp^{l}
Jonathan Bullard, Cornet	Josiah Stearns, Corp^{l}.
Caleb Deana, Quarter^{r}	Ebenezer Shedd, Corp^{l}.

[1] Caleb Brooks, b. July 8, 1694, was the son of Capt. Ebenezer and Abigail (Boylston) Brooks, of Medford. He married (1) Mary Winn; (2) Ruth Albree, and among the children by the second wife was Gov. John Brooks, of Medford. He had in all fifteen children, and died at the age of 73, in Medford, Nov. 21, 1766. The men of his company were of Charlestown and adjoining towns.

[2] Capt. John Cutting, b. March 10, 1679/80, was the son of John and Susanna (Harrington) Cutting, of Watertown. He married, Dec. 22, 1715, Sarah Harrington, widow of Nathaniel Livermore. He was a selectman, 1739-42, and representative, 1739, '40, '42-'44. His men were of Waltham, Watertown, and Weston.

Wm Harrington, centinal	Jonathan Gale
Sebez Jackson,	John Hastings
Nehemiah Mills,	Joseph Whitney, Trumpeter
Josiah Parker	Wm Clark
Josiah Brown	Moses Whitney
Bazeleal Flagg,	John Lawrance
Norman Clark	Samuel Stearns
Thomas Moor	Peter Ball
Samuel Cook	Thos Hammond
Nathll Kidder	David Ball
Henry Dunster	Jonath Bulleard Junr
Charles Hunnewell	Henry Gale
Joseph Paterson	Josiah Allin
Ebenr Hammond	Nathll Coollidge
Thomas Sanderson	Aaron Jones
Theous Mansfield	John Lambson
Thos Wellington	David Allin
Thos Spring	Jonas Priest
Thos Peirce	Phillip Burdon, Trumpeter
Abraham Gale	Nathll Livermore

39–40—Capt. Robert Oliver.[1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesties Service, under ye command of Robert Oliver, Esqr. Captain, Viz.

Robert Oliver Esqr Captain		James Baker Clerk	
John Robinson Lievt.		John Evans	Corpls.
Samuel How	Sergts	John Spur	
Benjamin Clap		Samuel Jones	
Elisha Davenport		Stephen Jones	

[1] Richard Oliver, of Antigua, merchant, member of the Assembly, speaker, J.P., captain 1704, major 1708, colonel 1715, councillor 1708, was buried at St. John, Antigua, May 29, 1716. By his wife Margaret, who was buried Aug. 16, 1701, at St. John, he had Richard, Rowland, and Robert, also two daughters. Robert Oliver, b. 1700, at Antigua, married, Feb. 3, 1721/2, at St. John, Anne, daughter of James and Elizabeth Brown, of Antigua. Elizabeth Brown married (2) Isaac Royall, of Antigua and Medford. She died in 1747, at Medford. Robert Oliver owned 120 acres at Nonsuch, St. Philip's Parish, Antigua, and inherited 80 acres more from an uncle Robert. He was member of the Assembly from Nonsuch in 1725. He removed to Dorchester, Mass., about 1738. Robert Oliver was captain of the Independent Company of Dorchester. Col. Robert Oliver died in Dorchester, Dec. 16, 1762. His son Thomas Oliver, born Jan. 5, 1733/4, at Antigua, and not in Dorchester as stated in the history of Dorchester, and by Drake and other authorities, was a graduate of Harvard in 1753, and was published for marriage, May 17, 1760, to Elizabeth, daughter of Col. John Vassal, and by her had several children. About 1766 he moved from Dorchester to Cambridge, and erected the mansion afterward occupied by Gov. Gerry and James Russell Lowell. He was the last royal lieutenant-governor, and left Boston on its evacuation in 1776, and went to England, where he died at Bristol, Nov. 20, 1815, and is buried in St. Paul, Bristol.

John Robinson Junr, Drumer
John Pierce, Centenal
Elijah Davis, Cent^{l}.
Joseph Weeks, Cent^{l}.
John Tolman, Junr. Cent^{l}.
Aquila Tolman Cent^{l}.
Jonas Tolman Cent^{l}.
Daniel Tolman Junr
Ebenezer Tolman
Hopestill Leeds
Samuel Leeds
Samuel Wiswell
Thomas Foster
William Foster
George Baker
John Withington
Saml Withington Ju^{r}.
Benjamin Merifield
George Merifield
Joseph How
James How
Edward White
Abijah White
David Trott
Eb^{e}r. Jones Junr.
Richard Evans
John Cole
William Woods
Josiah Capen
Saml. Capen Junr.
William Crouch
Ambrose Talbut
Naphtali Pierce
Isaac Humfrey
Solomon Kilton
Hopestill Field
Benjamin Tilson
Joshua Sever
Thomas Dolbier
John Trescott Junr.
John Marshal
David Sauger
Samuel Topliff
Job Staples
Jon^{a}. Payson Junr.
Benj^{a} Dupee
John Shulevan
James Michael
John Bird
Samuel Wheeler
William Spur
Ebenezer Pierce
Barnard Capen
Increase Leadbetter
Caleb How
Desire Tolman
Johnson Tolman
William Summer
Simeon Tupper
Moses Glover
Benj^{a}. Badcock
James Crossman
Thomas Lyon Junr.
Samuel Pierce
Pelatiah Hall
Elijah Tolman
Ebenezer Blake
Purchase Capen
Ebenezer Talbutt

41 — Richard Thayer [1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Richard Thayer, — Captain, Viz.

Richard Thayer Capt
Sam^{ll} Wild L^{t}
John Curtiss L^{t}.
Seth Copeland Ser^{t}.

[1] Richard Thayer, b. Jan. 26, 1684/5, in Braintree, was a son of Richard and Rebecca (Micall) Thayer. He married, Feb. 6, 1710/11, Mary, daughter of Samuel and Anna White, of Weymouth; (2) Sarah Ford; (3) Lydia Pray. He was lieutenant of the Braintree military company. The roll is made up of his townsmen, some from his own family.

William Wild
Eben^{r} Newcomb
Edward Faxon Clerk
Eleazer Thayer Corpo^{l}
Thomas Allen
Thomas faxon
Thomas Vinton Drum^{r}
Isaac Newcomb Centñal
Benj^{a} Thayer
Micah Thayer
Abijah Thayer
Gidion Thayer
Obediah Thayer
John Holliss
Isaiah Thayer
Sam^{ll} White
James Thayer Sec^{d}
Sam^{ll} Bowditch
Josiah Ripley
William Ripley
Joseph arnold
Daniel Nash
John Hayward
Jonathan Hayward
Hezikiah Ludden
Nath^{ll} Ludden
Josiah Hobart
Sam^{ll} Curtiss
David French
Micah French
James Thayer
John Thayer
Elisha faxon
Eliashi faxon
Richard faxon Jr.
John Capen
Eph^{m}. arnold
John Hobart
William Whitmarsh
Peter Hobart

42 — Philip Wheeler [1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Philip Wheeler — Captain, Viz.

Philip Wheeler, Capt Rehoboth
Samuel Goff, Ensin
John Kingsley, Sergent
John Kelton, Sergent
John Hix, Sergent
Amos Bozworth, Clark
Israel Cole; Corpral
William Goop Drumr
Josiah Millard Centnal
John Millard Ditto
Jabez Bowen
Jotham Horton
Samuel Bullock
Joseph Salisbury
Edmund Ingalls
William Case
Stephen Lee
Hezekiah Martin
Natheniel Helton
Henry West Junr
Seth Martin
Jacob Baker
Wheeler peirce
Richard Nichols
John Bullock
Joseph Round
John Kelton Junr
Robert Goff Junr
David Burr Junr
Elkanah Bullock
Thomas Horton
Benjamin martin
James Bowen
Solomon Horton
John Carter
Natheniel Andrus

[1] Major Philip Wheeler was born in Rehoboth, March 4, 1698, and was a son of James and Grizell Wheeler. He married (1) Martha, who d. Aug. 5, 1745; (2) Oct. 19, 1745, Mercy Ingalls, d. March 9, 1758. He died Nov. 27, 1774.

George Jenkings
Joseph Threesher
Samuel Ingalls
Barnebés Threesher
Samuel Round
Hezekiah Bowen
Charley Millerd
William Boarn
David Horton Junr
Thadeus Aling
George Round Junr
Noah Millerd

43 — Jonathan Peck [1]

A Muster-Roll of the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Jonathan Peck — Captain, Viz.

Jonathan Peck, Captain, Bristoll
Daniel Hunt, Levtenant, Rehoboth
Nathaniel Peck, Cornet Rehoboth
John Jacob, Clerk, Rehoboth
Joseph Renolds, Corporal, Bristoll
Timothy Walker, Ditto Rehoboth
Esek Brown, Swanzy
Nathaniel Cary, Bristoll
Joseph Peirce, Trumpeter Rehoboth
Ichabod Eddy, Ditto, Swanzy
Ephraim Hunt, Centinall, Rehoboth
Abiel Carpenter, Ditto Rehoboth
John Mason Rehoboth
John West
Rogger Richmond
Andrew Wheeton Rehoboth
David Bowen Rehoboth
William Bucklin Rehoboth
Daniel Whittaker Rehoboth
Joseph Bosworth Junr. Rehoboth
Israel Braion Swanzy
Richard Hale Swanzy
William Coggashell Bristoll
John Waldron Bristol
Benjamin Brown Swanzy
Caleb Turner Swanzy
Joseph Cole Swanzy
Moses Mason Rehoboth
Noah Read Rehoboth
Henry Bozworth Bristoll
Joseph Waldron Bristoll
Samuel Fullor Rehoboth
Noah Saben Junr Rehoboth
Benjamin Sheldon Rehoboth
Nath^{ll} Millerd Junr
John Wheeton Swanzy
Ebenezr Walker Rehoboth
James Clay Rehoboth
Jonathan Failes Bristoll

31 — Sergt. John Hawkes.[2]

An Account [ ] the Company in His Majesty's Service under the Command of Serg^{t}. John Hawks who were taken with him at Fort Massachusetts August 20, 1746 — — 31

[1] Capt. Jonathan Peck was born in Bristol, Sept. 12, 1698, and was a son of Jonathan and Elizabeth (Throop) Peck, of Bristol. He married (1) Hannah Wood, of Little Compton; (2) Hannah Lain. He died Feb. 25, 1757. He was chosen the first deputy from Bristol after the town became a part of Rhode Island.

[2] John Hawks, b. Dec. 5, 1707, at Deerfield, was a son of Eliezer and Judith (Smead) Hawks. He married Dec. 10, 1730, Elizabeth, daughter of John Nims. He was stationed at Fort Massachusetts under Capt. Ephraim Williams, where he was wounded May 9, 1746. As sergeant he was in command of the fort, with a garrison of twenty-two men, when it was assaulted by 700 French and Indians under Vandreuil, and after a defence of twenty-eight hours surrendered for lack of ammunition. He afterward rose to be lieutenant-colonel, and died in 1784.

John Hawks	Sergt	Deerfield
John Norton	"	"
Stephen Scott	Soldier	Sunderland
David Warren	"	Molberey
John Smead Senr	"	Pequange
John Smead Junr	"	"
Daniel Smead	"	"
John Perry	"	Fall Town
Moses Scott	"	" "
Joseph Scott	"	Hatfield
Nathaniel Ames	"	Molberry
Josiah Read	"	Rehoboth
Samuel Lovats	"	Mendon
Samuel Goodman	"	Haddly
Amos Prat	"	Westborough
Nathaniel Hitchcock	"	Springfield
Jacob Shepard	"	Westborough
Phinehas Furbush	"	Westborough
Jonathan Bridgeman	"	Sunderland
John Aldrich	"	Mendon
Benjamin Simons	"	Ware River

Oct. 22, 1746, accounts were ordered to be sent in; among others the following was received, amounts are omitted:

To the House of Representatives 8 March 1747

Voted that there be allowed and paid out of the Province Treasury the Sum of Three Thousand Six Hundred Eighty two pounds & thirteen Shill^{s}. to Satisfy the Several Am^{ts}. hereaftermention^{d}. of billetting the Canada Soldiers between the Last Day of Feb^{ry} the 26th Day of Octo^{r}. last

		Weeks	days
Viz	Sunderland	238	2
	New Salem	245	2
	Rhoad Town	248	5
	Hadley	124	2
	Thomas Temple		
	To be paid to Eleaz^{r}. Porter Esqr		
	Hatfield	1784	3
	Col. Hinsdell		
	Elisha Ellis		
	John Hubbard		
	Col Hinsdell		
	Lev^{t} John Hurburt		
	To be paid to Oliver Partridge Esqr		

		Weeks		days
Viz	Deerfield	3857	—	6
	Falltown	88	—	2
	Hugh Morrison			
	Aach[l] Pound			
	Thomas French			
	David Field			
	Tim[o] Child Jun[r]			
	M[r]. Jon[a] Ashley			
	John Catlin Jun[r]			
	Mary Wells			
	Jonathan Sheldon			
	Samuel Beldin			
	John Nebbins			
	Samuel Shattuck			
	Thomas Wells Esq[r]			
	Joseph Smeed			
	Daniel Arms Jun[r]			
	John Hawks			
	Samuel Childs			
	Daniel Arms			
	Jeremiah Nims			
	David Childs			
	Samuel Bardwell			
	Jonathan Hoit			
	Asa Childs			
	Joseph Clesson			
	Mary Amsdell			
	John Catlin			
	Samuel Bardwell Jun[r].			
	Tim[o] Childs			
	Samuel Dickinson			
	To be paid to M[r] David Field			
		W		dys
	Westfield	224	—	6
	Blanford	122	—	2
	Hockbridge	711	—	2
	Jesse Taylor			
	Samuel Bryan			
	Solomon Ransford			
	Moses Cleveland			
	Armour Hamilton			
	To be paid to Tho[s]. Ingersol Esq[r]			
		W		dys
	Springfield	399	—	2
	Joseph Miller			

Viz John Worthington
To be paid to Mr John Worthington

	W		dys
Pequoing	324	—	3
Nichewoig	270	—	5
Leominster	166	—	5
Naragansett No. 2.	363	—	1

Ebenezar Hill
Benja Bellows
To be paid to Joseph Wilder Junr Esqr

Townshead	119	—	3
Groton	127	—	2

To be paid to William Lawrence Esqr

Lunenburg	437	—	1

To be paid Capt. Benja Goodrich

And that the Province Treasurer be accordingly directed to pay the Several Parts or Portions of said Sum according to the foregoing Austt to the Several Persons as therein directed to be by them paid to the Several Persons to whom the Same is due & they to be accountable for their Doings therein

Sent up for Concurrence
T HUCHINSON Spkr

In Council March 8 1747 Read and Concurred
J WILLARD Secy

Consented to
W SHIRLEY

The accounts presented in the previous pages go to show the expense to the province of the intended expedition, and the attempt at defence of its seaboard. The mother country was called upon to reimburse her colony. It was not, however, till after the arrival of the specie at Boston, to pay for the expense of the capture and maintenance of Louisburg, that progress with the government on certain claims was pushed with vigor.

The journals of the lords of trade and other documents in the Public Record Office in London furnish the following:

TRADE PAPERS — JOURNAL — *1749* (*Vol. 57*)

Thursday June 22. Earl of Halifax
Mr. Pitt Lord Dupplin
Mr. Fane Sir Thos. Robinson

The Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces & his Majesty's Secry of War attending as had been desired, the Letter from Mr. West, Secry to the

Lords Commiss's of his Majesty^{s} Treasury relating to the Demands of the Northern Colonies in America upon the intended expedition to Canada mentioned in the minutes of the 22^{d}. of Febry last, was read, and their Lordships proceeded to take into Consideration the several Papers, transmitted to their office relative thereto, and several of the said Papers having been read, after some time spent therein Directions were given for preparing a State of the Account of the Expences of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay in order to be laid before the Board at their next meeting, and it appearing likewise from several of the Papers that there was a considerable over charge in the Account of the Colony of Rhode Island & that the Bills drawn by the Govr thereof upon the Lords of the Treasury to the full amount of their account had been paid, the Secretary was directed to write to the Secretary of the Lords Commiss^{rs}. of the Treasury to desire him to acquaint their Lordships therewith, to the end that if there was any money remaining unpaid to the said Colony on account of the Louisbourg Expedition, Payment thereof might be suspended until this account was finally settled.

Wednesday–
June 28– *1749*

The Right Honble: William Pitt[1] Paymaster Genl. of His Majesty's Forces attending their Lordships — proceeded to take into Consideration the State of the Demands of the Northern Colonies in America relative to the intended Expedition against Canada, & made some Progress therein.

DUNK HALIFAX.[2]

Thursday
July 6th *1749*

It appearing to their Lordships that several Bills of Exchange had been drawn upon the Master Genl. or other officers of the Ordnance, by the several Governors or others employed in carrying on the intended Expedition to Canada, for Expences incurred thereon the Secretary was directed to write to the principal officers of the Ordnance for an exact account of such Bills, distinguishing what hath been paid and what may remain undirected to be paid, he was also directed to write to M^{r}. Aldworth Deputy Secry of State

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[1] William Pitt, afterward Earl of Chatham and the champion in Parliament of the Americans.

[2] George Montagu Dunk, Earl of Hallifax, Viscount Sundbury and Baron of Hallifax, was the son of George Montagu, Earl of Hallifax by his second wife, Mary, daughter of the Earl of Scarborough. He succeeded his father on his death May 9, 1739. In 1745 he was master of the Buck hounds, and on the breaking out of the Rebellion of that year raised a regiment of foot. Nov. 1, 1748, he was appointed first Lord Commissioner of Trade and the Plantations; Jan. 11, 1748–49, sworn of the Privy Council. July 16, 1749, he was made Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton, and in 1761 Governor of Ireland. The next year he was First Lord of the Admiralty and then principal Secretary of State. In July, 1741, he married Anne Dunk, an heiress, on which he assumed her family name of Dunk. The title became extinct in 1772.

to desire him to move his Grace the Duke of Bedford [1] that a Copy of a Letter to him from Mr. Shirley Governor of the Massachusetts Bay dated the 2d. of July 1748 relative to the Service of this Expedition and which will be necessary for their Lordship's Information, may be transmitted to this Board, as also Copies of any other Letters or Instructions relating to the said Expedition. DUNK HALIFAX

Thursday – July 20th *1749*

Read a Letter from the principal officers of the Board of Ordnance, dated the 18th: of July 1749, inclosing an account of Bills of Exchange drawn by Sir Peter Warren & Govr. Shirley, for the Purchase of Bomb Shells & Stores for the late intended Expedition.

The Solicitor & Clerk of the Reports at the same time aquainted their Lordships that he had received from Mr. Aldworth a copy of Mr. Shirley's Letter to the Duke of Bedford ordered to be wrote for by the Minutes of the 6th: instant, but that Mr. Aldworth had acquainted him there was no other Paper in that office relative to the Canada Expedition.

Tuesday Oct. 31st *1749*

Read a Letter from Mr. West Secretary to the Lords Commissrs of His Majesty's Treasury dated the 7th of Septr. 1749, transmitting to this Board the Rhode Island account for paying the officers & Soldiers raised in that Colony for the intended Expedition against Canada.

Tuesday Oct. 31st *1749*

Their Lordships then proceeded to take into Consideration the Demands and Accounts of the several Northern Colonys of charges arisen therein, on the intended Expedition to Canada, and a State thereof having been prepared pursuant to the Minutes of the 22d of last June was lad before the Board who made some Progress in the Consideration thereof.

Ordered that the Secretary do write to Mr. West Secretary to the Lords of the Treasury to desire to Know whether any Demand has been made on the part of the Massachusetts Bay for the charge of Provisions & Transports on the late intended Expedition to Canada.

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[1] John Russel, fourth Duke of Bedford, Marquis of Tavestock, Earl of Bedford, Baron Russel of Cheneys, Baron Russel of Thornaugh, and Baron Howland of Stretham, was born Sept. 30, 1710. He was son of Wriothesley, second duke, by his wife Elizabeth Howland. The fourth duke succeeded this brother, the third duke, in 1732, was commissioned first Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty in December, 1744, and on the 27th of the same month was sworn as one of the Privy Council. In the following May he was made Lord Lieutenant of Bedfordshire and raised a regiment against the rebellion of that year. He was Lord Lieutenant of Devon in 1751, and in 1755 appointed a major general, and in 1759 a lieutenant general. In 1756 was Governor General of Ireland, in 1761 Vice-Admiral of Devon and acted as Lord High Constable on the coronation of George III. He was keeper of the privy seal and minister to the court of France, also President of the Council.

Ordered that the Secretary do write to Mr. Aldworth Secretary to his Grace the Duke of Bedford for Extracts of so much of a Letter from his Grace the Duke of Newcastle dated the 9th: of April 1746 to the Governor of the several Colonys concerned in the intended Expedition to Canada as relate to the Expences to be incurred on that Service and also a Copy of the Dismissions of the Troops raised in the said Colonys by Govr. Shirley & Admiral Knowles.

Ordered that the Secretary do write to the Commissrs: of his Majesty's Navy for an account of any Bills which may have been drawn upon them by Govr. Clinton or Govr. Shirley on account of the intended Expedition to Canada — DUNK HALIFAX.

Tuesday–Nov. 7th: *1749*

Earl of Halifax
Lord Dupplin Mr. Fane
Sir Thos. Robinson.

Their Lordships took into Consideration a State of the Demands of the Northern Colonys on the intended Expedition to Canada, and it appearing to their Lordships that the Account relating to the Expences incurred in the Colony of Virginia referred from the Treasury contained only the amount of the Pay of one Company raised in the said Colony without any Muster Rolls Vouchers for the same, and Sir William Gooch Lieut. Governor of the said Colony attending acquainted the Board that he had transmitted the whole account of that together with the Muster Rolls & other Vouchers certified by him to his Majesty's Secry of State. Whereupon the Secretary was directed to write to Mr. Aldworth Secry to his Grace the Duke of Bedford to desire that if any such acct. had been transmitted to his Graces' office, it might be laid before their Lordships.

Read a Memorial of Mr. Partridge desiring to have Copies of Governor Shirley's objections to the New Jersey & Rhode Islands Accounts of the Expence they were at in the late intended Expedition to Canada.

Ordered that he have Copies thereof delivered to him.

Read a Letter from Mr. West Secry to the Lords of the Treasury dated the 2d. Novr. 1749, signifying that there are not any Demands on the part of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay upon the Account of the intended Expedition to Canada, other than those already referred to this Board.

DUNK HALIFAX

Wednesday — Nov 8th

Earl of Halifax, Lord Dupplin, Mr. Fane
Sir Thos. Robinson Mr. Townshend.

Their Lordships made a further Progress in the Consideration of the State of the Acct. relating to the intended Expedition to Canada.

Thursday Novr 9th: *1749*

Earl of Halifax
Lord Dupplin Mr Fane
M^{r}. Townshend

Read a Letter from the Comm^{rs}: of the Navy dated the 7th: of Nov^{r}: 1749, inclosing an account of Bills drawn on them by Govr. Shirley on account of the intended Expedition to Canada.

Wednesday Nov^{r}: 15th: *1749*

The Secretary likewise laid before the Board an additional account of several contingent Expences arisen in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay, on the said Expedition received from M^{r}. Shirley.

Ordered that a State of the said additional Account be added to the State of those already prepared.

1749 Tuesday, Novr. 21st Earl of Halifax

Mr Herbert Mr Pitt
Mr Grenville Lord Dupplin
Mr Fane Sir Thos: Robinson
M^{r}: Townshend.

The Right Honble: William Pitt Paymaster Genl: of His Majesty's Forces and the Right Honble: Henry Fox his Majesty's Secretary at War attending. The State of the account of the Expences incurred on Account of the intended Expedition to Canada and for other Services was taken into Consideration and after some Progress made therein, their Lordships agreed further to consider the same Monday next the 27th: instant.

Monday — Nov^{r}: 27th: *1749.*

Earl of Halifax

M^{r}. Pitt M^{r}. Grenville
Lord Dupplin M^{r}. Fane

The Right Honble: William Pitt Paymaster Genl. of His Majesty's Forces and the Right Honble: Henry Fox His Majesty's Secretary at War being present. Their Lordship's took into further Consideration a State of the Accounts of the Northern Colonies on the intended Expedition to Canada and for other extraordinary Services and made some Progress therein.

Ordered that the Secretary do write to the Treasurer of his Majesty's Navy to desire that M^{r}. Shirley Governor of the Massachusetts Bay, may have Leave to inspect the Bills drawn by him on that office on account of the intended Expedition to Canada or for other Services, and that an exact List of such Bills distinguishing what have been paid & what may remain unpaid & for what Services, and at what Rates drawn, may be made out and transmitted to their Lordships.

Monday, Novr. 27th: *1749.*

Read a Letter from the Duke of Bedford dated the 22^{d} instant transmitting the memorials of Colonel Moore, Samuel de Lucena and of Captain Benj^{a}. Goldthwaite, for the Board's Consideration amongst other Accompts of Expences incurred on the late intended Expedition against Canada, & those of North America.

Tuesday, Decem^{r}. 5th. *1749*

Earl of Halifax

Lord Dupplin M^{r}. Fane

Sir Thos. Robinson

The Right Honble: the Paymaster Genl. of His Majesty's Forces being present, their Lordships proceeded to take into Consideration the State of the Expences incurred in the Northern Colonys on Account of the intended Expedition against Canada & for other extraordinary Services & made some further Progress therein. The Right Honble: the Lord Dupplin presented to the Board a Petition of Joseph Dwight Esqr. Colonel of a Regiment raised in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay for the intended Expedition against Canada to the Lords Commiss^{rs}: of his Majesty's Treasury, praying Payment of Bills drawn for the Pay of the said Regiment which he had received from the Right Honble: the Chancellor of his Majesty's Exchequer and the said Petition was read.

DUNK HALIFAX.

Thursday, Decem^{r}. 7th *1749*

Earl of Halifax

M^{r}. Grenville Lord Dupplin

M^{r}. Fane Sir Thos: Robinson

The Right Honble: the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces attending their Lordships made a further Progress in the Consideration of the State of the Expence which have arisen in the Northern Colonys on account of the intended Expedition against Canada and for other extraordinary Services

DUNK HALIFAX.

Tuesday, Decem^{r}: 12th: *1749*

Earl of Halifax

M^{r}. Herbert Lord Dupplin

M^{r}. Fane Sir Thos: Robinson.

The Right Honble: the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Forces being present, their Lordships made a further Progress in the Consideration of the State of the Expences arisen in the Northern Colonys on account of the intended Expedition against Canada and for other extraordinary Services

Mr. Waldo, late Colonel of one of the Regiments raised in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay for the Service of the said Expedition attending, presented to the Board a Memorial addressed to the Lords Commiss^{rs}: of

His Majesty's Treasury, which he acquainted their Lordships he was directed by the Lords of the Treasury to attend upon the Board with, which said Memorial set forth his Service as Brigadier General and Colonel of a Regiment on the Expedition against Louisbourg and since as Brigadier Genl. & Colonel of a Regiment in the intended Expedition against Canada, and as Comm^{r}: in Chief of the Forces intended for the Reduction of Crown Point, praying that he may be ordered Pay as Brigadier General & Colonel from his first Entrance into the Louisbourg Expedition to its final Conclusion, and also the Pay of Brigadier General and Commander in Chief from the time of his entring upon that Commission on the Canada Expedition till the final Dismission of the Troops and that in making up the Accounts he may not be deprived of such advantages as are customary by an unprecedented adjustment being made without his knowledge.

M^{r}. Waldo likewise laid before their Lordships several vouchers of Facts set forth in the said Memorial.

Their Lordships there upon acquainted him that with respect to his Demand of Pay for his Services on the Louisbourg Expedition, it was not within the Reference of these Accounts to the Board & therefore desired to know what were his particular Demands & Claims for Service relative to the Canada Expedition.

Whereupon he acquainted their Lordships, that as M^{r}. Shirley had thought proper to appoint him Commander in Chief by Commission, he demanded 4^{l} per Day as such including 30^{sh}: per Day allowed him by M^{r}. Shirley & M^{r}. Knowles as Brigadier Genl. alleging that altho' the Expedition did not take Place he had been at great Expence in preparation for it.

That as to the particular advantages his Regiment he apprehended them to be — Deserters Pay, Dead Mens Pay, and the Cloathing the Regiment, also the respited Men usually allowed in established Regiments, or at least the one usually allowed to the Col^{o}. — That he might also receive such advantages as should arise in paying off the Men on account of the Pay not being demanded or dead men not administered to — all which he alleged he apprehended he was entitled to from the Time of M^{r}. Shirley's Proclamation for encouraging Persons to engage in this Service.

Whereupon their Lordships acquainted him that with respect to his Demand of Pay as Commander in Chief they should state this Case in their Report to the Lords of the Treasury upon their Reference, as also his other Demands, but that they were of opinion M^{r}. Shirley had made up his Acc^{ts}: of the Regiment conformable to his Majesty's orders and the Proclamation published by him for raising the said Regiments — and then M^{r}. Waldo withdrew.

Tuesday, Decr. 12th *1749*

M^{r}. Samuel de Lucena whose Memorial praying for some allowance for his Services on the Canada Expedition had been referred to the Board by his Grace the Duke of Bedford as will appear from the minutes of the 27th

of Novr. last, attending, represented to the Board that he had received Orders from Mr Shirley his Majesty's Governor of the Massachusetts Bay to raise Men for the Canada Expedition, promising him if he could raise any considerable Number that he should have a Commission, That in Consequence of those orders, a Copy whereof he produced, he did raise Eighteen Men on Condition of their serving under none but him, but that the said Men did not receive the Province Bounty nor were inrolled in His Majesty's Service, — wherefore he only desired some Consideration for his Trouble on this Occasion.

Having nothing further to offer he was ordered to withdraw and it was agreed further to consider his mem^l. at another opportunity.

Their Lordships then took into Consideration the Petition of Joseph Dwight Col^o. of one of the Regiments raised in the Province of the Massachusetts Bay for the Service of the intended Expedition mentioned in the Minutes of the 5th instant, praying payment of Bills drawn for the Pay of the said Regiment.

Whereupon M^r. Shirley Governor of the said Province attending represented to their Lordships that Colonel Dwight's method of disposing of the Bills delivered to him, was this — He filled up most of them to, the Value of about £6000 Sterl^g. with his own name, and sold them to M^r. Quincy a Merchant in Boston, who raised New England Currency upon 'em in the following Manner; Col^o. Dwight drew private Bills upon M^r. Bethel [1] of London in favour of M^r. Quincy,[2] which M^r. Quincy indors'd, and sold at

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[1] BOSTON Decembr. 1747

2^d Exch^a. for £ Sterlg

Sir

As soon as You have receiv'd so much of the Moneys due to me, from the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Land Forces, on Account of my Pay, Subsistance and Arrears, as a Lieutenant in Colonel Joseph Dwight's late Regiment of Foot rais'd for His Majesty's Service for the late intended Expedition against Canada, for which you shall have an Authentick Power to Demand and Receive the same; Be pleas'd to Pay this my Second of Exchange (my first, third & fourth of the same Tenor & Date being unpaid) to the said Joseph Dwight or Order . . . . . Sterling; Value receiv'd of him here, and charge the same to Account, without further Advice from

Sir

Your most Humb Servant

To the Honble.
Slingsbey Bethel Esqr
Agent for the Above-
mentioned Regimcnt
In
London

[2] LONDON, July 26, 1751

Sir

I received the favour of yours & have told M^r. Turner that I will pay him the Ballance (£100. 5. 3.) of your Account whenever he will call upon me for the same psuant to your Order. I am extremely glad to find you have put your Affairs under his

Boston at the Rate of £1100 old Tenor for £100 Sterling, transmitting to Mr. Bethel the £6000 in Bills drawn by Mr. Shirley upon the Paymaster General as a Fund in Case they Should be paid by the Government before the private Bills became due, (as it was hoped they possibly might) for the Payment of the private Bills, in which Case a considerable advantage would have been gained by the Difference between the Price, at which the Bills drawn upon the Paymaster General were sold in New England, and that of private Bills for which Mr. Dwight's own Bills were sold — As it had happened that the publick Bills were not paid, that may have occasioned the private Bills to be protested, and Damages to be sustained on that account; But be that as it will, this transaction of Colonel Dwight's raising New England Currency to pay the Soldiers by his private Bills founded on the Credit, which the publick Bills gave 'em was done without the Privity of Mr. Shirley, who had he been advised with upon it, would not have consented to it; and as it appear'd to Mr. Shirley that this Scheme was enter'd into after the merchants had begun to buy the publick Bills sold for the Payment of Colo. Waldo's Regiment, it seemed to have been unnecessary, and gone into for the Sake of making an advantage from it; That indeed it seem'd observable that Colo. Dwight does not alledge in his Petition, that he has yet suffered Damages, but only that he is exposed to Ruin by his own Bills standing out against him, and prays for no more than that for his Indemnification, the publick Bills may be soon paid off by the Government, which seem'd very reasonable.

Ordered that a State of what appears upon the two aforementioned Memorials of Colonel Dwight and Colo. Waldo be added to the State of the Demands for the Service of the Canada Expedition.

DUNK HALIFAX.

Wednesday Decr 13th *1749*

Earl of Halifax

Lord Dupplin Mr. Fane

Mr. Townshend.

The Right Honble. the Paymaster Genl. of his Majesty's Forces attending, their Lordships proceeded further in the Consideration of the State of the Accounts of the Northern Colonys on the intended Expedition against

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Care as he is a Gentleman of as much Probity as any I know & from whom I am sure you will meet with the Strictest honour & justice

I am Sir

Your most Obedt Serv

S: BETHELL

P. S. I have examined the bill that you mention which is Charged to your Accot. the 19 Novr: last, which was the day I paid it & find it was dated Boston 22 April 1748 & payble: to Mr. Josiah Quincy & he endorsed it to Geo. Bethune. you say at the Conclusion of said Bill, & charge it to accot. of yr. Hble. Servt. Joseph Dwight, so that I presume in chargg. it to your accot. I have done right at least I did not know when the bill was presented for payment, to the Contrary, but if it is not so I doubt not but Messrs. Quincys will very readily Allow you their proportion of it

(Dwight Papers)

Canada, and having gone through the same ordered the Draught of a Report thereupon to the Lords of the Treasury to be prepared.

Ordered that the Secretary do write to the Merchants whose names are annexed to the Petition to the Treasury referred to this Board by Mr. West's Letter of the 22d. of Febry last, praying Payment of Bills & Certificates drawn or granted on Account of the intended Expedition against Canada, to desire that if they have anything to offer thereon, they will attend the Board on Friday next the 15th: instt:

Ordered that the Secretary do also write to the Agents of the respective Colonys whose accounts for Expences on that Expedition have been laid before the Board or other Persons concerned to desire that if they have anything to offer thereupon they would give their attendance on the same Day.

Friday, December 15th: *1749*

Earl of Halifax

Lord Dupplin Mr. Herbert

Mr. Fane Mr. Townshend.

The Draught of a Report to the Lords Commissrs. of his Majesty's Treasury upon the Account of Charges arising in the Northern Colonys in the intended Expedition against Canada, having been prepared pursuant to the Minutes of the 13th: inst: was laid before the Board.

Several merchants and others whose names were subscribed to the Petition to the Lords Commissrs. of the Treasury mentioned in the Minutes of the 13th Instant attending, were called in, and their Lordships desiring to know if they had anything to offer thereupon

Mr. Samuel Stork acquainted the Board that he together with two other Gentlemen not present, were authorized at a General Meeting of the Possessors of Bills drawn on account of the intended Expedition to Canada, to make it a Request that five ℔' Cent Interest might be allowed to the Proprietors of said Bills from the Time they became due, as many of the said Proprietors have been reduced to great Distress by the Delay of Payment and many mortgaged their real Estates as a Security until Provision was made by Parliament for the Payment of them.

That there was a Precedent for this in the Case of the Possessors of Bills drawn by Genl. Oglethorpe on account of Georgia who demanded re-Exchange, but were allowed 5 p Cent

That he Mr. Stork was Possessor of Bills to the amount of £6000 Sterlg. drawn by the Governors Shirley & Clinton.

Mr. Shirley his Majesty's Govr. of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay attending, acquainted their Lordships upon this Occasion that the Bills drawn by him for the publick Service were after the Rate of 900l in Bills of Credit of his Province for 100l Sterling when the Price of private Exchange was 1100l in said Bills of Credit for 100 Sterling, whereby he observed, that the Possession of such publick Bills obtained an advantage of 18 ℔' Cent.

The said Merchants not having any thing further to offer were ordered to withdraw.

TRADE PAPERS — JOURNAL — *1749–50.*

Tuesday — Jany. 30th:

Earl of Halifax

M^{r}: Pitt	M^{r}: Grenville
Lord Dupplin	M^{r}: Townshend

The Right Honble: William Pitt Esqr: Paymaster Genl. of His Majesty's Forces & the Right Honble: Henry Fox Esqr: His Majesty's Secretary at War attending, the Secretary laid before the Board the following Papers relative to the Account of the Expences incurred in North America on the intended Expedition against Canada, Viz^{t}:

Letter from the Duke of Bedford dated the 26th: Decr. 1749 transmitting for the Boards' Consideration the Copy of a Report from the Paymaster Genl. and Secretary at War relating to the Case and Demands of the Nine American Captains for raising and maintaining of Troops for the late intended Expedition against Canada & other Papers relative thereto.

Friday — Feby. 2^{d}.

Read a Letter from Mr^{r}. West Secretary to the Lords of the Treasury dated the 31st of Febry 1749–50 inclosing a memorial of Benj^{a}: Avery Agent for Connecticut to their Lordships praying payment of £8825–6–6 Sterl^{g}. for Expences on Account of the Expedition intended against Canada; — also a Memorial of Elisha Williams Attorney to Martin Kellogg employed by the Colony of Connecticut to pilot the Fleet intended for the said Expedition, praying payment of £259–17–6 for his Service and Expences; — referring the said Memorials and Accounts to this Board to examine & state with the other Demands of the like Nature.

DUNK HALIFAX.

Insignia of the
Society of Colonial Wars.

The Hon.ble Edward Vernon Esq.r Vice Admiral of the Blue.
And Commander in Chief of all His Majesties Ships in the WEST-INDIES.

MASSACHUSETTS IN THE EXPEDITION UNDER ADMIRAL VERNON IN 1740-1 TO THE WEST INDIES.

By Walter Kendall Watkins.

IN 1893 the Committee on Historical Documents of the General Society of Colonial Wars were instructed to prepare a résumé of the part that the Colonies took in the expeditions against the Spanish in 1740–1742, with a muster-roll of the Colonial troops. Their report on the subject occupies eight pages of the 1894 Year Book of the Society, and over one-half the space is devoted to the participation of Virginia and New York, while Massachusetts is credited with a hundred words.

The results of the writer's investigations have accumulated to such an extent that they have been placed in this work in the form of a documentary history rather than a narrative form, as a matter of economy of space, and that the reader may select from the material and apply the same to his own needs.

To the following might have been added matter showing the participation of Rhode Island, New Hampshire, and Connecticut, but the want of space forbids.

The mortality among the Massachusetts troops was very great. Dr. William Douglas, a Bostonian, in his "Summary of the British Settlements in North America," written in 1748, states that of five hundred sent from Massachusetts not over fifty returned.

DECLARATION OF WAR IN 1739.

Trusty and well Beloved — We greet you Well —

Whereas several unjust seizures have been made and depradations carried on in the West Indies by Spanish Guarda Costas and Ships acting under the Comission of the King of Spain or his Governors contrary to the Treatys subsisting between us and the Crown of Spain and to the Law of Nations to the Great prejudice of the lawfull Trade & Commerce of our subjects; and many crueltys and barbaritys have been exercised on the Persons of such our subjects whose vessels have been so seized by the said Spanish Guarda Costas; And whereas frequent complaint has been made to the Court of Spain of these unjust practices and no satisfaction or Redress been procured; and whereas a Convention for makeing Reparation to our subjects for the losses sustained by them on account of the unjust seizure & Captures abovementioned was concluded between Us and the King of Spain on the 14th day of January last, N.S., by which convention it was stipulated that a certain sum of money should be paid at London within a Term specified in the s^d^ Convention as a ballance due on the part of Spain to the Crown and Subjects of Great Britain which Term did expire on the 25th day of May last and the paym^t^ of the said Sum agreed by the s^d^ Convention has not been made according to the Stipulation for that purpose, by which means the Convention abovementioned has been manifestly violated & broke by the King of Spain and our Subjects remain without any satisfaction or Reparation for the many Great & Grievous losses sustained by them: We have tho't fit for ye vindicating the honour of Our Crown & for procuring Reparation and Satisfaction for our Injured subjects to order Reprisals to be made upon the Crown & subjects of Spain. And We do therefore by virtue of these presents authorize & impower you to Issue forth and grant Commissions of Marque & Reprisals to any of our loveing subjects or others who shall apply to you for the same and whom you shall deem fitly qualified in that behalf, For Armeing and fitting out private Ships of War for the apprehending, seizing and taking the Ships, vessels & goods belonging to the King of Spain, his vassals & subjects or any inhabiting within his Countrys Territories & Dominions in the West Indies.

Provided always that before any such Comission or Comissions be Issued forth, security be given upon such Comission as hath been used in such cases. And you shall insert in every Commission to be so granted by you all such clauses and give such Directions & Instructions to the Person or Persons to whom you shall grant such Comissions as have been usual in cases of the like nature. And for so doing this shall be your warrant. And so we bid you farewell.

Given at our Court at Kensington the fifteenth day of June 1739, in the thirteenth year of our Reign.

By his Majesty's Command,

HOLLIS NEWCASTLE.

Superscribed "To our Trusty & Well Beloved Jonathan [Belcher] Esq. our Capt. General & Gov^t^ in chief of our Provinces of the Mass^a^ Bay and

Chambers Sculp.t

New Hampshire in America & in his Absence to our Comander in Chief or to the President of Council of our said Province for the time being.

A LIST OF VESSELS GRANTED LETTERS OF MARQUE THEIR COMMANDERS, ARMAMENT, &C.

	Tons	Port	Guns	Men	Captain
Sch^{r}. Seaflower	50	Mblehead	—	5	John Wormstead
Sloop Dolphin	70	Boston	—		Benj. White
"Belander" Industry	150	London	—	8	Jeremiah Johnson
Sch^{r}. Unity	70	Salem	—		Eleazer Moses
Ship Neptune	130	London	—	10	Eleazer Derby
" Three Nuns	160	"	6	10	Abraham Snelling [1]
" Susannah	130	"	—	12	John Booth [2]
Sloop St. Jazo	50	Dartmouth	—	5	David Dickson [1]
Brig^{t}. Greyhound	100	Boston	—	8	Nicholas Bouffard
Ship Anne	200	London	16	12	David Orrock
" Vernon	300	Boston	10	20	Nicholas Cussens
Snow Charming Betty	100	Bristol	—	8	Richard Tripe
Ship Dolphin	120	London	—	8	Malachi Showers
" Pegasus	170	"	6	10	John Connelly
" Blessing	140	"	14	14	Robert Rand
" Friendship	230	"	16	20	John Sutcliffe
" Collett	130	"	6	10	Narius Vaughan
" New Hampshire	350	—	12	20	Zechariah Hicks
" Antiqua Merchant	220	—	16	20	Richd Stanny
" Forman	200	London	12	16	Wm Bird
" Florentins	250		12	25	Wm Plasters
" Anne Galley	220	"	16	20	Patrick Crump
" Anne	220	Boston	16	16	Edward Oliver
Brig^{t} Three Friends	80	"	—	6	Benj. White
Snow Anne	120	—	24	20	John Smith
Ship Vork	320	—	20	24	John Hamilton
" Caesar	260	—	20	12	James Roche
"Bilander" Young Eagle	100	—	24	90	John Rons
Ship Three Brothers	400	—	30	60	Samuel Rhodes
Sch^{r} Volant	120	—	10	20	Richard Darby
Ship Friendship	220	Boston	16	16	John Bonner
Sloop Miriam	90	—	11	10	Samuel Lowell

CRUISE OF A VESSEL WITH LETTER OF MARQUE.

WEDNESDAY, 30 APRIL, 1740.

"Newport in New England. Capt. Hall in a sloop of 30 Tons and 29 Men, with a Letter of Marque, Sailed hence for *Hispaniola* to make a

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[1] Boston. [2] London.

Descent on a small Town called *Port of Plate* where arriving he anchored under the Fort, and pretended to be a *Carracca* Trader, designing to land that Night and surprise the Town, but was prevented by the Inhabitants keeping a good Watch. The Governor being Sick desir'd Capt. Hall to send his Surgeon to bleed him, to which he agreed; the next Morning while the Doctor, Quartermaster, and Linguist (linguist)? waited on the Governor, 7 of the Sloop 'o Men surprised the Fort, and dismounted the Cannon; then joining their Comerades, and making 19 in Number boldly march'd to the Town, and notwithstanding the Spaniards were alarm'd and fir'd on them still advanced, the other retreating, and entered the Town, and plunder'd it of all that was valuable, which amounted to about 100 l. a Head. They lost but one Man in the Engagement and killed 3 and wounded one of the Spaniards in ye Fort."

DECLARATION OF WAR AGAINST SPAIN.

SIR — I am to acquaint you, that on fryday the 19th instant a great Council was held at Kensington, where his Majesty approved and signed a declaration of War against Spain, and ordered that the same should be published on Tuesday the 23^d Instant by the Heralds at Arms in the usual places and with the accustomed Formalities on the like occasions, which was done accordingly.

And I am comanded to send you a printed Copy of the said Declaration and to signify to you his Majesty's Pleasure that you cause it to be proclaimed in the places under your Government that his subjects having this notice may take care to prevent any mischief which otherwise they might suffer from the enemy and do their duty in their several Stations, to annoy the subjects of Spain.

And his Majesty would have you be very rigorous and severe in preventing any Ammunition or Stores of any kind from being carried to them, and you are to use all proper methods that may be most effectual for this Purpose.

I am, Sir, your most obedient,
humble servant,
HOLLIS NEWCASTLE.

Indorsed — "Duke of Newcastle's letter to Govr. Belcher to proclaim War against Spain, Oct. 29, 1739. Rec^d. by the Govr. Apr. 17, 1740 pr Colchester man of War, via Virginia."

LETTER TO GOV. BELCHER CONCERNING AN EXPEDITION TO NEW SPAIN, &C.

WHITEHALL, January 5th, 1739–40.

SIR, — His Majesty having thought fit to declare War against Spain and being determined by all possible means to distress and annoy the Spaniards in the most effectual manner, and particularly by making an attempt upon

some of their most considerable settlements in the West Indies, The King has been pleased for that purpose to order a large body of Troops under the command of my Lord Cathcart, a Major General of his Majesty's forces, to go from hence, with a sufficient Convoy of men of War to a proper place in the West Indies to be appointed for that purpose, there to be joyned by the Squadron under the command of Vice Admiral Vernon, now in the West Indies and by such a number of Troops as may be raised in his Majesty's Colonies and Islands in America.

As it has been represented to the King that a very considerable number of men may be easily had upon proper Encouragement in the British Plantations and particularly in his Majesty's Colonies on the Continent of America to serve in conjunction with the regular Troops to be sent from hence, I am to signify to you, It is his Majesty's pleasure that you should forthwith make the proper disposition for raising as many men as you shall be able to procure within your Government.

And as the King intends that the Troops to be raised in America should be commanded by Colonel Spotwood, the whole to be, however, after they shall have joyned the Regular Troops, under the command of my Lord Cathcart, General and Commander in Chief of all his Majesty's Troops sent to or raised in America (with which I have by this occasion acquainted Col°. Spotswood.)

It is his Majesty's pleasure that you should confer or correspond with Col° Spotswood if you have an opportunity upon everything that may relate to the performance of this service.

Col° Blakeney who is appointed Adjutant General in this Expedition will set out from hence as soon as possible, with his Majesty's Letters and Authorities to you and the other Governors of his Majesty's Colonies on the Continent of America, for making the said Levies, and with the Kings more particular Instructions and Directions relating to this matter.

In the mean time the King has thought proper that I should give you this previous notice that you may be making the necessary Dispositions in order to facilitate, as soon as possible the raising the Troops.

Colonel Blakeney will carry with him a considerable Number of Arms, some samples of cloathing for the souldiers, and what Mony or Credit shall be judged requisite for the performance of this service.

It is his Majesty's Intention to give all proper Encouragement to the new Levies, by ordering them to be supplyed with Arms, a proper cloathing and to be paid by his Majesty with an Assurance of their coming in for their share of any Booty that may be taken from the Enemy, and of their being sent back to their respective habitations, when the service shall be over, enless any of them shall desire to settle themselves elsewhere.

His Majesty will order to be sent by Col° Blakeney a number of Blank Commissions to be given, by the Governors, to the officers that are to command the Troops under Col° Spotswood.

The King has not thought proper to confine you to any particular number of men to be raised within your Government, his Majesty depending upon

your care and zeal for his service, that you will procure as many as you possibly can.

You will consider how much the time presses and will therefore use the utmost Expedition in making your preparations.

It is hoped that my Lord Cathcart may be able to sail from hence in April or May next, and consequently you will take care that the Troops to be raised within your Government may be ready to be transported in time to the place that shall be appointed for the General Rendezvous with which Colonel Blakeney will acquaint you, as well as with everything else that may be necessary for your further information and Instruction.

You will be considering in what manner to provide Transports and Provisions and even if it be necessary you will secure them out of hand for such a number of men, as you shall judge you may be able to get within your Government; or, you will correspond with any of the Governors of the neighboring Colonies relating to this matter in such manner as you shall think proper.

I am persuaded I need not say any thing to induce you to use your utmost care and diligence in an affair of this Importance and for the promoting the success of a service in which the honour of his Majesty's Crown and the interest of his subjects (especially those residing in America) are so essentially concerned.

The many Injuries and Cruelties which the Inhabitants of the British Plantations have sufferred from the violence & Depredations of the Spaniards will I doubt not be an additional motive to engage all his Majesty's faithful subjects there to exert themselves with an uncommon zeal on this occasion.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient, humble servant

HOLLIS NEWCASTLE.

P.S. Though Col° Blakeney will be dispatched as soon as possible with his Majesty's more particular Instructions & Directions to you, yet that no time may be lost it is his Majesty's Pleasure that immediately upon the Receipt of this letter you should summon a Council and Communicate to them his Majesty's orders for the better Enabling you to put them in Execution; and that you should also forthwith issue a Proclamation in the proper form inviting his Majesty's subjects within your Government chearfully to Enlist in this service, and assuring them of a proper Encouragement for that Purpose.

HOLLIS NEWCASTLE.

ENGLISH OFFICERS OF THE EXPEDITION.

The Officers appointed under Lord Cathcart,[1] General and Commander in Chief in the intended Expedition, were, two Aid de Camps, Charles White-

[1] Lord Charles Cathcart, second son of Allan, seventh lord, by Elizabeth Dalrymple, daughter of James Viscount Stair. Charles, who succeeded his father as eighth lord, was first groom and afterwards gentleman of the bedchamber to

ford, and John Stewart, Esqrs; one Major-General, Alexander Spotswood,[2] Esq; and his Aid de Camp. Three Brigadiers, Thomas Wentworth,[3] John Guise and William Blakeny, Esqrs; Three Majors of Brigades, Anthony Harman, William Rufane and the other not nam'd. Quarter-Master-General, Alexander Spotswood, Esq; Adjuntant-General, Edward Wolf, Esq; Judge-Advocate, James Abercrombie, Esq; Secretary to the Commander in Chief, Hugh Whiteford, Esq; Chaplain, the Rev. Mr. John Lowcock. Physician-General, George Martin, M.D. Surgeon-General, Mr. Thomas Masie, with two Mates, Mr. George Colquboun and Mr. Joseph Darby. Commissary of the Musters, James Piteber, Esq; Commissary for Stores, David Campbell, Esq; Provost-Marshal, Mr. John Cavallier, with two Men.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE EXPEDITION MADE IN BOSTON.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Monday, April 21, 1740, according to order, His Majesty's declaration of war against Spain was published in the following manner:

About eleven o'clock in the forenoon, His Excellency the Governor (attended by the troop of guards and two foot companies of militia), with the members of His Majesty's Council, justices of the peace, and other officers and gentlemen, walked from the Province House to the Council Chamber, and the town regiment of militia and troop of guards being drawn up in King Street, and a great number of spectators attending, His Majesty's declaration of war was read in the balcony of the Council Chamber by the Deputy Secretary, and from him published with an audible voice by Mr. Richard Hubbard, door-keeper, &c., which was followed with huzzas and three volleys from the regiment and troop of guards, and the discharge of the cannon at Castle William and the batteries.

And then His Excellency's proclamation for encouraging the enlisting of volunteers, &c., was published out of the balcony.

George II. He was one of the sixteen peers for Scotland in the eighth Parliament from the Union; colonel of a regiment of horse in Ireland, and governor of Duncannon. He married (1) Margaret, daughter of Sir John Schaw, Greenock, and had Charles Schaw, ninth lord, and a lieutenant general who died in 1776. Lord Charles married (2) in 1739 the widow of Joseph Sabine of Tring, Herts, and died of a bloody flux at Dominica 20 Dec., 1740, and was succeeded as commander of the land forces by Thomas Wentworth. The name is from Kethcart, Renfrewshire and traces back to Reynald de Kethcart, 1178. The lordship was created by James II. in 1442. Lord Charles Cathcart's chief seat was at Sundrum, Ayrshire.

[2] Col. Alexander Spotswood born in Tangier, Africa, in 1676, served under Marlborough and was wounded at Blenheim. He was governor of Virgiaia 1710–1723. He was a deputy quarter-master general, and postmaster in 1730. He was a zealous advocate of the interests of Virginia. He died at Annapolis, Md., 7 June, 1740.

[3] Thomas Wentworth b. 1693, son of Sir Matthew Wentworth, third baronet, of Bretton, Yorkshire, matriculated 28 Jan., 1709/10 at University College, Oxford, aged 16. He married at Somerset House Chapel, London, 3 July, 1720, Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Robert Lord, Esq., of London, by whom he had no issue.

He died in 1747, at the Court of Turin. His widow died at Mill-Hill, Hendon, Middlesex, in Sept., 1788, aged 92.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Monday, the 7th July, 1740. Sitting the General Assembly. His Excellency having communicated to the Board a letter from Mr. Anthony Caverly of Boston, offering to use his endeavors to raise a number of men for the intended expedition under my Lord Cathcart, and subsist them at his own charge till they shall be delivered to the General of the American troops, and to wait for his reimbursement from His Majesty; and praying for proper powers from His Excellency for enlisting men for that purpose. His Excellency asked the advice of the Council thereon.

And the matter being considered, the Council are of opinion that the method proposed by Mr. Caverly for enlisting men is not agreeable to His Majesty's instructions on this affair; by which the charge of our raising soldiers for this expedition and subsisting them until their arrival at their place of general rendezvous is devolved on this province; and this Government hath cheerfully made provision for defraying the charge thereof accordingly; and therefore that His Excellency's granting such power to enlist men is not consistent with the dispositions aforesaid.

His Excellency laid before the Board a list of a number of persons that have offered themselves to serve as officers in the intended expedition against the Spaniards under my Lord Cathcart.

And the following persons were named by His Excellency to be captains or commanders of companies (to be by them raised for this service) to be approved of by the Council, viz.: Captn. Daniel Goffe, Captn. Stephen Richards, Collo. John Prescott, Major Ammi Ruhamah Wise, Mr. Joshua Barker, and Mr. Timothy Ruggles. and the matter was referred for consideration for Wednesday next.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Wednesday, July 9, 1740. Sitting the General Assembly. His Excellency having again nominated the six gentlemen named on Monday last to be captains of companies to be by them raised for the expedition against the Spaniards, viz.: Captn. Danl. Goffe, Cpt. Stephen Richards, Collo. John Prescott, Major Ammi Ruhamah Wise, Mr. Joshua Barker, and Mr. Timothy Ruggles. The Council *advised* to their being appointed captains accordingly.

His Excellency likewise nominated Mr. Thos. Phillips, Mr. John Furney, and Mr. George Stewart to be captains or commanders of companies to be by them raised for the said expedition, and

The Council *advised* to their being appointed captains accordingly.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Thursday, July 10, 1740. Sitting the General Assembly. His Excellency sent for the gentlemen (in town) who were appointed captains in the designed expedition against the Spaniards, and delivered them his orders for enlisting men, and beating for volunteers in the several regiments in the province.

At a Council held at the Common Chamber in Boston, upon Monday, the 21st July, 1740. *Voted*, That the soldiers enlisted for the present expedition appear before one of His Majesty's justices of the peace, and severally declare that they did at such a time voluntarily enlist in His Majesty's service in the expedition against the Spanish dominions in the West Indies under such a captain, and that they are ready to do every other thing that can be reasonably required of them to qualify them for His Majesty's said service and pay. And that the said justice note the time of such declaration, in order to give out certificates thereof to the captains; which certificates are to express the place of such soldier's birth, his age, and calling, as far as may be known.

BEATING ORDERS.

[SEAL.] Jonathan Belcher, Esq. Govr. and Commander in Chief in and over his Majesty's Province of New Hamp^{r}. in New England, to John Eyre of Portsm^{o} in s^{d} Province, Esq.: You being appointed Captain of the company of Volunteers intended to be raised in this Province for his Majesty's service in the proposed expedition against the Spanish West Indies, are hereby authorized and directed to beat up for Volunteers throughout this Province, in order to procure & engage one hundred able bodyed & effective men to Enlist under you, as their Captain, with all possible dispatch for the aforesaid Expedition, and all Colonels, Lieutenant Cols. & Majors, and all other military officers, and all civil officers, and all his Majesty's good subjects within this Province, are hereby required and desired to be aiding and assisting to you the s^{d} John Eyre, Esq. in raising the intended Company as above-mentioned.

Given under my hand and seal at arms the eighth day of August in y^{e} 14 y^{r} of his Maj$^{ty's}$ reign, Anno Domini 1740.

Copy. J. BELCHER.

LETTER FROM COL. BLAKENEY TO GOV. BELCHER.

NEW YORK, 21 July, 1740.

SIR — I have received the favour of yours of the 9th and 14th instant, in answer to which you will be pleased to follow his Majesty's Instructions to you with regard to the Levies in your Province and to give the Commissions as far as they will go to the first of the Gentlemen warranted by you to levy who first shall have compleated their Companies; and if there are any for whom you have not commissions to them you are to give Certificates of their having raised their several Companies and that pursuant to his Majesty's private Instructions to you, you had promised them Commissions which Certificates they are to show to Lord Cathcart or to the Commander in Chief for the time being, who will have blank Commissions to fill up. And in the meantime you are to furnish them with money for their subsistence, (viz.) to every Commissioned or certifyed officer from the date of his Commission or Certificate the Captains at seven shillings and six pence sterling pr day each, the first and second Lieutenants at three shillings & six pence pr day

each, the Ensigns and Adjutant at two shillings pr day each, the surgeons mate at two shillings pr day, and the private men under Commission or Certificate according to ye enclosed Estimate for a Captain & his Company which I now send you in case of any mistake in what was formerly sent you.

Of two Companies compleated here the Musters have been made up from the 25th June last to 24 August next both days included, and their subsistence for that time has been Issued to their respective Captains accordingly; the twenty-fourth day of the month being the general pay day of the Army, to which day the Musters are made up every two months and to which the accounts are to be made up and receipts taken payinge each months subsistence pr advance that is the month from the 25th Instant to the 24th August next inclusive on the 25th Instant and so on. And in order to furnish you with money for such subsistence in the most convenient method I can think of for your care and the advantage of ye service I have herewith enclosed remitted you the six following first Bills of Exchange (the seconds and thirds whereof shall be transmitted to you next Post) dated the 18th inst. at 30 days sight to your order on Henry Pelham, Esq. Pay Master General &c. amounting to the sum of £1357 : 1 viz.

	No. 22 — 1 for	£ 400
	23 — 1 for	300
	24 — 1 for	250
	25 — 1 for	150
	26 — 1 for	157 : 1
	27 — 1 for	100
In all	6 Bills for	£1357 : 1

which sum please to negotiate at the best exchange [1] you can and apply towards paying the Levies at that Exchange; and what you further may have occasion for as the companies are compleated please to advise me and it shall be remitted you. If there is any thing to be rectified or if any thing occurs wherein my concurrence is needful, I beg you will let me know it.

I am, Sr. your most obed^t^ & humble servant

WM. BLAKENEY.

To his Excellency Jonathan Belcher, Esq.
Govr of Mass^a^ Bay, &c:

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[1] Value of Paper Money, or Bills of Credit in the Plantations.

New England	525	for 100 l. Sterl. (English)
Connecticut	525	
Rhode Island	525	
New Hampshire	525	
New York	160	
The Jerseys	160	
Pennsylvania	170	
Maryland	200	
North Carolina	1400	
South Carolina	800	

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Monday, the 28th of July, 1740. *Advised*, and consented that a warrant be made out to the Treasurer to advance and pay unto the following persons, viz.: Captain Daniel Goffe, Captn. John Prescot, Captn. Thomas Phillips, Captn. George Stewart, Captn. John Furney, Captn. Stephen Richards, Captn. Ammi Ruhamah Wise, Captn. Timothy Ruggles, and Captn. Joshua Barker, the sum of sixty pounds each in bills of the old tenor, in all five hundred and forty pounds, for the subsistence of their respective companies; to be paid out of the £17,500 appropriation.

Whereas, It is of great importance for the maintaining of virtue and religion among the forces to be raised in this province, for His Majesty's service in the expedition against the King of Spain's dominions in the West Indies, that chaplains be procured for the said forces,

Voted, That the united ministers in the town of Boston be desired to make inquiry after such persons as may be most suitable and may be persuaded to undertake the said service upon such sufficient encouragement as this Government may give; and recommend to this Board two grave and prudent persons for this service,

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At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Tuesday, the 29th of July, 1740. His Excellency having informed the Board that he had received four sets of His Majesty's commissions for the officers of four companies of volunteers raised within this province, for the expedition against the Spainards,

Advised, That His Excellency deliver the captains' commissions to the following persons, and in the following order, it appearing that they are so entitled by the time of their completing their levies, viz.: —

1. Captn. Daniel Goffe. 2. Captain John Prescot. 3. Captn. Thomas Phillips. 4. Cap^{n}. George Stewart. And His Excellency delivered the said commissions to the above-named gentlemen accordingly.

And there upon the said captains took the oaths appointed by Act of Parliament to be taken instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, and repeated and subscribed the test or declaration in the said act, together with the oath of abjuration.

Advised, and consented that a warrant be made out to the Treasurer to advance and pay unto James Green the sum of twenty pounds in bills of the old tenor, for his time and expense in riding express to New York; to be paid out of the £1,000 appropriation.

Advised, That Mr James Woodside be placed in Captn George Steward's company as his second lieutenant.

Advised, That the following persons be appointed to the officers hereafter mentioned, viz.: M^{r}. William Foye, lieutenant, and M^{r}. George Wardsworth, ensign, in Captn. Daniel Goffe's company.

M^{r}. Jonathan Houghton, lieutenant, and M^{r}. William Partridge, ensign, in Captn John Prescot's company;

Mr. Josiah Flagg, lieutenant, and Mr. Christopher Goffe, ensign, in Captn. Thomas Phillips' company; and Mr. John Vryling, ensign in Captn. George Stewarts' company.

And then His Excellency delivered to Lieut. William Foye, Lieut. Josiah Flagg, Ensign William Patridge, Ensign Christopher Goffe, and Ensign John Vryling, His Majesty's commissions for their said offices.

And then the said William Foye, Josiah Flagg, William Patridge, Christopher Goffe, and John Vryling took the oaths appointed by Act of Parliament to be taken instead of the oaths of allegiance and supremacy, repeated and subscribed the test or declaration in the said Act, together with the oath of abjuration.[1]

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[1] Oaths appointed to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance & Supremacy; And Declaration.

I *A. B.* Do sincerely Promise and Swear, That I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to His Majesty King George the Second.

So Help me God.

I *A. B.* Do Swear, That I do from my Heart, abhor, detest and abjure as Impious and Heretical, that damnable Doctrine and Position, that Princes Excommunicated, or deprived by the *Pope*, or any Authority of the See of *Rome*, may be Deposed or Murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatsoever: And I do declare that no Foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, hath or ought to have any Jurisdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence or Authority, Ecclesiastical or Spiritual within the Realm of GREAT-BRITAIN.

So Help me God.

I *A. B.* Do solemnly and sincerely in the Presence of God, Profess, Testify and Declare, That I do believe that in the Sacrament of the LORD'S SUPPER, there is not any Transsubstantiation of the Elements of *Bread* & *Wine* into the *Body* and *Blood* of CHRIST, at or after the Consecration thereof by any Person whatsoever: And that the Invocation or Adoration of the Virgin *Mary*, or any other Saint, and the Sacrifice of the *Mass*, as they are now used in the Church of Rome, are Superstitious and Idolatrous. And I do solemnly in the Presence of GOD, Profess, Testify and Declare, That I do make this Declaration and every part thereof, in the plain and ordinary Sense of the Words read unto me, as they are commonly understood by *English Protestants*, without any Evasion, Equivocation or mental Reservation whatsoever; and without any Dispensation already granted me for this purpose by the Pope, or any Authority or Person whatsoever, or without any Hope of any such Dispensation from any Authority or Person whatsoever, or without Thinking that I am or can be acquitted before GOD or Man, or absolved of this Declaration or any part thereof, although the *Pope* or any other Person or Persons or Powers whatsoever, should dispense with or annul the same, or declare that it was Null and Void from the beginning.

I *A. B.* do truly and sincerely Acknowledge, Profess, Testify, and Declare in my Conscience, before GOD and the World, That Our Sovereign Lord KING GEORGE the Second, is Lawful and Rightful KING of this Realm, and all other His Majesty's Dominions and Countries there-unto belonging; And I do solemnly and sincerely declare, That I do believe in my Conscience That the Person pretended to be the Prince of *Wales* during the Life of the late King *James*, and since his Decease pretending to be, and taking upon himself the Stile and Title of King of *England*, by the Name of *James the Third*, or of *Scotland*, by the Name of *James the Eighth*, or the Stile and Title of King of *Great-Britain*, hath not any Right or Title whatsoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions there-to belonging; And I do Renounce, Refuse and Abjure any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do Swear, That I will bear Faith and true Allegiance to His Majesty KING GEORGE the

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Thursday, the 14th August, 1740. *Advised*, That John Winslow, Esqr, be appointed a captain of a company of volunteers in the present expedition against the Spaniards, in the room of Captn Joshua Barker, who has resigned.

Coll^{o}. William Blakeney having signified to His Excellency that those officers that could not have His Majesty's commissions here should have a certificate from His Excellency of their appointment,

The Secretary prepared the form of a certificate for the captains accordingly; which was read and approved of by the Board.

Voted, That the Secretary advertise in public prints His Excellency's pleasure that the officers and soldiers repair to their posts in order to a general muster and review of the troops raised for the present expedition on such day as His Excellency shall appoint.

At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston, upon Monday, Sept. 8, 1740. Sitting the General Assembly.

His Excellency, by the advice of the Council, appointed Joshua Barker lieutenant, and Nathaniel Eeles ensign, of the company of volunteers under the command of Captn John Winslow, and delivered them their certificates accordingly.

In Obedience to his Excellencys Comand of ye 28 Instant we have Reviewed ye Companys under ye Comand of Capt Danl Goffe Capt Thos Phillips Capt George Stewart Capt Stephen Richards & Capt John Furney & do Report as follows —

In ye Comp^{a}. under ye Comand of Capt Goffe appeared Eighty Effective Men wch were Contained in his List	80
also Appeared from Effective Men in a New List	4
also Appeared Thirteen Servants but Effective Men	13

Second and Him will defend to the utmost of my Power against all Traiterous Conspiracies and Attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against His Person, Crown or Dignity; And I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to His Majesty and His Successors, all Treasons and Traiterous Conspiracies which I shall know to be against Him, or any of them; And I do faithfully promise to the utmost of my Power, to Support, Maintain and Defend the Succession of the Crown, against him the said *James*, and all the other Persons whatsoever; which Succession by an Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject*, is and stands limited to the Princess *Sophia*, Electress, and Dutchess-Dowager of *Hanover*, and the Heirs of her Body, being Protestants. And all these Things I do plainly and sincerly Acknowledge and Swear, according to these express Words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common-sense and Understanding of the same Words, without any Equivocation, mental Evasion, or secret Reservation whatsoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgement, Abjuration, Renunciation, and Promise, heartily, willingly and truly, upon the true Faith of a Christian.

So Help me God.

Two Called that were in ye List but did not appear	2
Three that were in ye List & appeared we Judge not Effective	3
	102
In ye Comp^a under ye Comand of Capt Philips appeared Seventy two Effective Men of his first List	72
Also Appeared Twenty Effective Men in a New List	20
also appeared Six Servants but Effective Men	6
Twenty Two Called that did not Appear	22
Two that Appeared of ye List we judge not Effective	2
	122
In ye Comp^a under ye Comand of Capt George Stewart appeared Sevento One Effective Men of his first List	71
also Appeared Ten Effective Men of a New List	10
also Appeared one Servant but an Effective Man	1
Seventeen Called that did not appear	17
Fourteen that appeared wch. we Judge not Effective	14
	113
In ye Comp^a under ye Comand of Capt Stephen Richards appeared Seventy seven Effective Men ye first List	77
also Appeared five Effective Men of a New List	5
also appeared Six Servants but Effective Men	6
fifteen Called that did not appear	15
Two that appeared We Judge not Effective	2
	105
In ye Company under ye Comand of Capt Furney appeared Seventy five Effective Men	75
Eight Servants Appeared but Effective Men	8
four that were Called but did not appear	4
Ten that appeared which we Judged not Effective	10
	97

Boston July 29th 1740,

EDWARD WINSLOW
JACOB WENDELL
SAM^L. SEWALL.

An Accurate MAP of the WEST INDIES.
Exhibiting not only all the Islands possess'd by the English, French, Spaniards & Dutch, but also all the Towns and Settlements on the Continent of America adjacent thereto.
Course TO Jamaica.
FROM Jamaica by the Gulph of Florida.
FROM Jamaica by the Windward Passage.
LOUISIANA
NEW FRANCE
VIRGINIA
CAROLINA
GEORGIA
FLORIDA
GULF OF MEXICO
TROPICK OF CANCER
GULF OF FLORIDA
Bahama Bank
LUCAYOS or BAHAMA ISLANDS
ATLANTICK OR WESTERN OCEAN
CUBA
JAMAICA
HISPANIOLA
Great Antilles Islands
Lit. Antilles Islands
Leeward Islands
Windward Islands
NORTH SEA
BAY of CAMPECHE
JUCATAN
BAY of HONDURAS
MOSQUITOS
HONDURAS
NICARAGUA
COSTA RICA
TERRA FIRMA
NEW GRANADA, S. FE
CASTILLA DELORO
VENEZUELA
NEW ANDALUZIA
SURINAM
Barbadoes
Trinidad
THE SOUTH SEA
TATABE
Longitude from London
A Scale of Leagues 20 to a Degree

MASSACHUSETTS OFFICERS OF THE EXPEDITION.

1

Capt. Daniel Goffe
Lt. William Foy
Ens. George Wadsworth.

2

Capt. John Prescott.
Lt. Jonathan Houghton
Ens. William Partridge

3

Capt. Thomas Phillips.
Lt Josiah Flagg.
Ens. Christopher Goff

4

Capt. George Stewart
Lt. James Woodside
Ens John Vryling

5

Capt. John Winslow.
Lt. Joshua Barker.
Ens. Nathaniel Eeles.

Lt. Col. Daniel Goff, a prominent merchant of Boston, had by his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Benjamin and Elizabeth Pemberton, Daniel, b. 26 Jan., 1715/6, whose marriage intentions to Mary Upham, of Boston, were published 31 Jan., 1739. The son commanded a company in the expedition in which he lost his life. His widow, Mary, administered on his estate, 4 May, 1742.

His brother, Christopher, was ensign of Capt. Thomas Phillips' company. He was born 13 Mch. 1711/2. The Roll of Capt. Goff's Co. is not known to be in existence.

William Foy, b. 1 Nov., 1716, son of Hon. William and Elizabeth (Campbell) Foy. His father, William, senior, was elected treasurer of the Mass. Province, 5 July, 1736, and served till 22 June, 1753, when he was succeeded by Hon. Harrison Gray. He died, 21 March, 1759, aged 78 years, in Milton. The son went to Halifax, and was a member of the Assembly in 1758.

Ens. George Wadsworth, of Stoughton, bapt. 16 Apr., 1699, in Milton, was the son of Deacon Ebenezer and Mary Wadsworth. He married Sarah Pitcher, and had Susanna, b. 26 Mch. 1721; Abigail; Esther, b. 6 Feb. 1722/3; Ruth, b. 12 Dec., 1724; Lydia, b. 23 Mch. 1726; Reccompense, b. 12 Feb., 1729/30; Phebe, b. 30 June, 1732; Christopher, b. 14 June, 1733; John, b. 12 Dec., 1735. His widow was administratrix on his estate 27 Nov., 1741. She died 5 Apr., 1768.

"A LIST OF SUCH PERSONS AS ARE ENTERED AS VOL[UNTEERS] IN THE WEST INDIES UNDER THE COMMAND OF [CAPT JOHN PRESCOTT]

Persons Names	of what Town born	Age	Calling	Time of Enlisting
Jonathan Houghton	Lancaster	57	Husbandman	July the 14
Obadiah Foster	Billerica	18	Cordwainer	May " 22
Jon^a Heywood	Concord	22	Tanner	May 14
Gideon Powers	Lexington	33	Husbandman	July 14
Oliver Spaulding	Chelmsford	29	Husbandman	July 15
Thos Pool	Lynn	32	Physician	May 1st
Rober Waite	Weston	41	Husband^m	July 12
William Stevens	Dublin	30	Husband^m	July 23
Thos Johnson	Concord	24	Tanner	May 14
Timothy Rigbee	Concord	30	Husband^m	May 28
John Train	Watertown	50	Husband^m	July 22
Joshua Parker	Groton	39	Gentelman	July 1st
Jacob Wilder	Lancaster	23	Husband^m	July 14
Jon^a Brown	Concord	41	Blacksmith	May 22
John Page	South Carolina	24	Husband^m	July 25
James Carey	Newport	24	Tanner	July 22
Peter Kendall	Wobourn	29	Husband^m	July 14
John Fitzgerald	Cork	37	Nailer	May 15
Nehemiah Stevens	Almsbury	24	Cordwainer	June 20
Timothy Power	Littleton	24	Husband^m	July 14
Darias Wheeler	Marlbrough	21	Husband^m	July 14
William Chubb	Woburn	25	Weaver	July 24
Dennes Wells	Ireland	24	Labourer	July 11
Saml King	Worcester	20	Laborer	July 11
Thomas Queen	Ireland	21	Labourer	July 12
James Billings	Concord	23	Nailer	May 15
Nathan Munroe	Lexington	20	Joyner	May 28
Benjamin Tay or Frey	Grafton	45	Labourer	July 14
Mathusala Olive	Boston	17	Labourer	May 15
John Parker Junr	Sudbury	21	Labourer	July 10
Ephraim Fletcher	Chelmsford	30	Labourer	July 14
Ebenz^r Lampson	Concord	24	Husband^m	May 15
Nathan Stow	Concord	18	Labourer	July 12
Benjamin Melvin	Charlstown	45	Blacksmith	July 23
Jon^a Jackson	Framingham	22	Husband^m	May 20
Daniel Barney	Concord	27	Milwright	May 12
Joshua Winship	Lexington	24	Labourer	May 15
John Norcross	Watertown	43	Cordwainer	May 20
John Nixson	Ireland	20	Husband^m	July 10
Mathew Galbreth	Ireland	18	Husband^m	July 18
John Parker	Billerica	42	Husband	May 1st
Richard Wheeler	Worcester	19	Husband^m	July 23
Isaac Knights	Sudbury	22	Husband^m	July 14

[1] Boston.

Persons Names	of what Town born	Age	Calling	Time of Enlisting
Christopher Stevens	Almsbury	20	Husband^{m}	June 20
John Stewart	Salem	25	Housewright	July 23
Stephen Kendall	Wobourn	23	Labourer	May 26
Josiah Holt	Andover	19	Blacksmith	July 21
Ep^{m} Roper	Sudbury	23	Husband^{m}	July 15
Josiah Blanchard	Groton	40	Blacksmith	May 10
Ezekiel Kendell	Lexington	24	Husband^{m}	July 15
Joshua Peirce	Woburn	22	Housewrite	July 14
Jeremiah Smith	Nedham	18	Blacksmith	May 27
Henry Durant	Billerica	39	Blacksmith	July 23
Zachry Blood	Concord	33	Husband^{m}	May 20
Thos Barron	Concord	29	Tinman	May 23
Wm Day	Cape Ann	21	Husband^{m}	May 15
Wm Whitcomb	Lancaster	30	Husband^{m}	July 18
Henry Yours	Concord	23	Clother	July 18
Richard Nevers	Wobourn	20	Blacksmith	May 5
Jon^{a} Pike	Concord	23	Cordwainer	May 20
Benj^{a} Pollard	Billerica	23	Huband^{m}	July 15
Peter Grout	Sudbury	25	Husband^{m}	May 27
Zach^{a} Brown	Concord	29	Nailmaker	May 20 "

NOTE. The above Roll is but a fragment. There was evidently a continuation of the List upon the back, of which all that now remains is a few dates, and the names of the towns.

Suffolk ss Boston august y^{e} 27th 1740 It is hereby Certefied that John Hastings Joseph Bulkley James Jefferies Thadeus Houghton mentioned in this List appeared before me and severally Declared y^{t} they did voluntaryly enlist in His Maj$^{ty's}$ Service under the Command of Capt John Prescott and y^{t} they were Born were of y^{e} Callings & age and were Enlisted and did declare as is Exprest and y^{t} they are Ready to do everything further y^{t} can be reasonably required of them to Qualefie y^{m} for his maj^{ys} Service & Pay

CALEB LYMAN Jus^{t} Peace "

(Dr.) John Prescott, b. May 8, 1707; grad. Harvard College 1727; m. Ann, dau. of Nathaniel and Susanna (Willoughby) Lynde. He settled in Concord, Mass., as a physician, where he was highly esteemed for his professional skill and excellent character. He enlisted one hundred men, which he commanded in the unfortunate expedition to Cuba, in 1740. Upon its failure, in 1743, he returned to this country, and soon after was sent by the Government to England, where he was treated with great respect. But, being seized with the small-pox, he died of that disease in London, Dec. 30, 1743, in his thirty-seventh year. In testimony of the esteem in which his services were held, the British Government conferred upon his widow an annual pension during her life. She died May 12, 1795, aged 88. They had three sons and two daughters.

Jonathan Houghton was born in Lancaster, 1703.

William Partridge, b. 4 July, 1712, was the son of William Partridge and

Rachel Goff, dau. of Christopher Goff of Boston. He married 20 Nov. 1735, Betty, sister of Francis Gatcombe of Boston. Administration was granted 29 May, 1747, to Betty, widow of Lieut. William Partridge on his estate.

CAPTAIN THOMAS PHILLIPS COMPANY

We ye Subscribers doe enlist our Selves in His Majesty's Service upon a Certain Expedition against the Spanniards in the West Indies. Agreable to his Excellency Jonathan Belcher Esqrs Proclamation Dated the 13th of June 1740 Under the command of Capt Thomas Phillips.

Wittness our Hands this 2d of July 1740

Barnabas Willson	
Joseph Scaue	
William Phillips	
William Tucker	
Samuel Brown	
William Delahon	
Erasmus Peterson	July 3d
William Walters	
Edward Billow	
James Berry	July 4th
James Nutting - - - - - - -	5th
Edward Frain - - - - - - -	7th
Barnabas McGinnis - - - -	8th
Thomas Champney	
John Miller - - -	8th
Zerubbabel Wright	
James Delah - - - -	9th
John Hall	
William Winter	
James Rogers - - - - - - -	12th
John Peacock	
William Chub	
Jedediah Danford - - - -	14th
John Elder	
Richard Roberson - - -	July 14th
James Phillips	July 15th
Thomas Sandiford	
Abraham Jonnes - - - - -	16th
John Hinde	
John Huston	
Andrew Crewford - - - -	17th
William Gibbs - - - - - -	19th
James Edding	
David Beshard	
John Newman - - - - - - -	21st
Titus Jones	
Jedediah Danford	
Jonathan Curtis	
Samuel	
John Dacker	
William Tuttle	
Samuel	
Samuel Farrow	
David Kenney	
John Spark	
John Browne	
William Waigis - - -	July 13th
Ellr Mae clintick	
John Gill	
John Diamond	
Richard Hall - - - -	July 14th
Charles Fairfield	
William Steephens	
Jonathan Gray	
Joshua Swan - - - -	July 16th
Thomas Silver	
Ebenezer Griffin	
David Kennedy	July 5th
John Welch	
Barnabas Johnson	July 18th
Samuel Ingels	
Aaron Cross	
Jonathan Frost	
Job Gage	
John Molton	
Daniel Anis	
Andrew Boynton	
Caleb Dalton	
John Davis	
William Gold	
Andrew Clarke	
Edward Brush	
Isaac Curtis	
Joseph West	
William Wain	
Thomas Tuttle	
Abraham Poley	
John Green	

Silas Blake
Hugh Davison
John Woolson
Thomas Salmon
Joseph Osgood
John Smith
John
James Thompson - - - 11th July

Abraham Snow
Benjª Baldwin
Robert Brown
Nathª Pratt
Samll Green
John Cusings
Jonathan Coaks

Capt. Thomas Phillips, son of Thomas Phillips, of Boston, married (intentions were published) 3 June, 1730, to Bethia, dau. of John and Bethiah Green of Boston.

Thomas Phillips was appointed guardian of his daughter Jane, age 5, on 24 Sept., 1740; and James Jarvis, of Roxbury, innholder, was made administrator of the estate of his brother Thomas Phillips, 26 Mch., 1741–2, and guardian of Jane and of Thomas Phillips, son of Thomas, age 7, May 25, 1741. Thomas and his brother John Phillips were in partnership as merchants, and on the death of their father, Capt. Thomas received as part his share the house of his father which was on the present corner of Water and Washington streets.

Josiah Flagg, b. 12 Nov., 1712, was the son of Ebenezer and Elizabeth Carter Flagg, of Woburn. He removed to Boston and by wife Mary Willis (m. int. 29 Sept., 1737) had Josiah, b. 22 Oct., 1738, and Stephen, b. 24 Dec., 1739. His estate was settled in 1741. His widow became a retailer after his death and kept on Back (Salem) street.

CAPTAIN STEUARTS COMPANY

[Names in brackets erased in original roll.]

David Parker
Jos: Lawrence } Serjants
Tho: Wallace
Cosper Roebrink

Wm Durent
John Graves?
Sam: Leeds } Coperalls
Peter Curtis

Solomon Hancock
Eben Chubb } Drummers

1 Hugh Anderson
2 Benj Adams
3 Tho Astin
4 Jos Burnett
5 Wm Beston
6 Ja: Bancroft
7 Wm Cox
8 Philip Conier
9 John Copeland
10 Jos: Comweniger
11 Ephraim Cail
12 Patrick Craig
13 Ja: Cardingham
14 Wm Crany
15 John Cassady
16 Ja Campbell
17 Tho: Corkendale
18 Tho: Campbell
19 George Cantick
20 Wm Chesnutt
21 Patrick Dundin
22 Tho: Hay
23 [Tho: Drew]
24 Jos: Ephraim
25 Rob: Ernel
26 Ja. ffoster.
27 Josh: Gery
28 John Hitchburne
29 Nath: Hews
30 Tho: Harris
31 Nath: Hendersone
32 Wm Hisletone
33 Eliezer Harringtone
34 Cornellius Howes
35 Jonathan Ham
36 Ketlestone
37 Eliezer Hathorne
38 Richard Mcartney
40 Niel Mclachlen
41 Ja Milshup
42 Wm Mcniel
43 Timothy Melony
44 Edmund Negus
45 Rouland Powers
46 John Quack

47 [George Robinson]
48 Wm Reed
49 John Row
50 Ja: Rumlymarsh
51 Richard Stamford
52 Dan Simmons
53 Eben Taylor
54 Ja Thomsone
55 Tho: Story
56 Josh Whittemore
57 [Sam Watkins]
58 Wm White
59 Abraham York
60 Thos Winssmug
61 Sam Marks
62 Josh Dolbe
63 [John Spencer]
64 Ja: Robins
65 Josh Pegins
66 Jacob Charcum
67 Eben Glezon
68 Benj Tray
69 Peleg Perry
70 Hugh Dunlap
71 Christopher Dyer
72 Wm Wackup
73 Sam Wooden
74 Wm Prichard
75 Jeremiah Moss
76 Timothy Smith
77 Ja: Mullen
78 Joel Jehu
79 Moses Dyer
80 John Crawford
81 John Boston
82 John fflood
83 Tho: Wachup
84 Nath: Harris
85 Abel Pine
86 Henry Cary
87 Daniel Nunen
88 Denis Day
89 John obsquean
90 [John Bucks]

Ninety five Persons in all
Boston Augst 26th — 1740
Attest. GEO. STEUART

SUFFOLK: SS: BOSTON Augst 26th 1740
George Stuart Esqr — personally appearing made Oath that the Severall Persons mentioned In this List are Enlisted by him to go under his Command In the present Expediton agst the Spanish Settlements In the West Indies 'and that according to the best of his knowledge they all design to proceed with him
Before ANTHO STODDARD Jus. Pacs.

[Endorsement]

Capt Stewarts List for Bounty Aug 26, 1740
Warrt issued £17500 Ap for £475

BOSTON Aug 27
1740

Receiv'd of Captain Stewart five pounds it being my Bounty money by me
[The above receipt is signed by the following men]

his
Abel Pine
mark
Gershom Flagg
Eben Taylor
his
Denis Day
mark
his
Moses Dayer
mark
his
Willm Cox
mark
his
Phple Coner
mark
Henry Cary
John Rowe
Abraham York
his
James Curdingham
mark
his
Thomas Corringell
mark

his
Timothy Smith
mark
Joseph Laurence
Willi Durant
Casper Roebrick
his
James Tompson
mark
his
Ehpraim Cayl
mark
Wm Chesnut
his
Niel Mcclahen
mark
his
Patrick Cray
mark
his
Ebenezer Chubb
mark
his
Nathl Haws.
mark
James Bancroft

his
James Rumbelmarsh
mark
his
Will: Glenn
mark
his
Darby Cotter
mark
Ebenezer Warren
his
John Thorn
mark
Samuel Dwell
his
Ebene Warren
mark
Ebenezer
Abraham Chandler
his
Hans Hamilton
mark
his
Henry Milten
mark
Samuel Collop

John Hicborn
his
James foster
mark
his
Willm Wolkup
mark
Wm Haselton
Hugh Anderson
Richard Stamford
John Boston
his
Thomas Astin
mark
his
Wm Meniel
mark
John Grovs
his
Saml Wooden
mark
Samuel Leeds
Cerestopher Dayer
John Aland

Samuel Markes
William Baselton
his
Johnathan Ham
mark
Robt Arnold
Joseph Wheaton
his
John Croford
mark
Eleazer Harthon
his
John Quock
mark
his
Jonas obsequean
mark
James Camel
his
Thomas Wolker
mark
his
Joel Jehu
mark

William Skinner
his
Astin Simon
mark
Jams Cooper
his
William Tygett
mark
his
John Ramsey
mark
Patrick Quigley
his
John Mainard
mark
John Makkine
his
John Chatron
mark
H
his
Jonathan Davis
mark
his
Josh Gery
mark

George Steuart, a Scotchman, appeared in Boston in 1711, when he became a member of the Scots Charitable Society. He was also a prominent member of Kings Chapel. By his wife Mary he had Eliza, b. 14 Dec., 1711, and Charles, bapt. 26 May, 1714. The mother was buried 28 May, 1714, and he married, 2 June, 1715, Ruth, b. 22 Feb., 1691–2, dau. of Dr. John Cutler, a physician of Boston.

By his second wife he had John, b. 8 June, 1716 (who married 12 Oct., 1738, Mary Viscount), and Mary, b. 13 Dec., 1724, and James who was buried 17 Ap., 1724. John and Mary (Viscount) Steuart had John Viscount Steuart, b. 17 Aug., 1740.

George Steuart was a physician or surgeon and resided in half of a double house formerly owned by his father-in-law, Dr. John Cutler, which was on the west side of Washington street, the land running back to the Common, whose bounds were further to the eastward than at present. Before sailing on the expedition, which proved fatal to him, Capt. Steuart, on 20 Sept., 1740, made his will (probated 2 Sept., 1741), leaving to his wife Ruth one-third his estate, and to his daughter the balance, less small legacies to his son and grandson, John Viscount Steuart. Benjamin Faneuil was his executor.

Lieut. James Woodside's estate was administered on by his widow June, then residing in Boston, on 14 Nov., 1743. He is spoken of as formerly of Pemaquid. Rev. James Woodside, a clergyman of the Church of England, is said to have come to Brunswick, Me., with his son William, prior to 1719, and returned to England previous to 1726. Capt. William Woodside of Fort George, Pjepscot, had James, b. 18 July, 1727. Capt. William died in 1764.

John Vryling was of a family who were members of the Old South Church, and seems to have been a son of John Vryling and brother-in-law of Capt. John Winslow.

CAPTAIN JOHN WINSLOW'S COMPANY.

[The following roll was at one time in the collection of Rev. Benj. Kent, of Roxbury, who died in Taunton about the middle of this century:]

"John Winslow, Capt. William Hepburn, Lieut.
Joshua Barker, Lieut. Samuel Eells, Ensign.

Serjants.	*Corporals.*	*Drumers.*
Nathaniel Chandler,	William Reed,	Mark Laveller,
Amos Robens,	Abiah Wadsworth,	Abraham Simmons,
Samuel Jones,	Isaac Bacon,	
Joseph Pryer,	Job Crocker. (Crooker?)	

Privates.

Ebenezer Alden,	Jo: Cockennehew,	James Huddleston,
Thomas Byram,	Samuel Douglas,	Jonathan Hill,
Benjamin Burne,	Gideon Daws,	Ezekil Hinkley,
Seth Burge,	Robert Davis,	Abraham Jonas,
Daniel Conor,	Elisha Delano,	Ebenezer Jackson,
Daniel Cuten,	Joseph Francis,	Josiah Keen,
Jo: Coquish,	Judah George,	Philip May,
Jacob Chipman,	Nathl. Hayford,	John Millar,
Alexandr McCally,	Timothy Quack,	Peleg Sampson,
Nick Mantomock,	Moses Redding,	George Thresber,
Boney Norcut,	Hezekiah Roben,	Benjamin Tray,
John Nowett,	Moses Ralph,	John Tobe,
Willm Norris,	Benjamin Shore,	John Thomas,
John Noaks,	John Sachama,	John White,
Isaac Powers,	Jo: Speer,	Ichabod Wade,
Alexandr Perry,	James Samson,	Daniel Weed,
Samll. Pitcher,	John Smith,	Samuel Woodberry,
Jonathan Peter,	Daniel Simon,	Jo: Weeks,
	Hezekiah Zackary.	

Jamaica, June ye 4th 1741. Mustered then in the Third Battallion of his Majtys American Regiment of foot commanded by the Honble Colo William Gooch, the Capt., First and Second Lieut's, one Ensign, four Serjants, four Corporals, two Drumers & fifty-five private men, this muster being for sixty-one days commencing the Twenty fifth of April, & ending the 24th. of June 1741, both days inclusive.

JOHN WINSLOW,
JOSHUA BARKER.

I do hereby certifie that the above were efective in my company from ye twenty fifth of April, 1741, to the twenty fifth of June following, excepting twenty privet men, that dyed on ye days following, viz. —

Peleg Samson,	April 27th.	Ebenezer Jackson,	May 19th.
Seth Burge,	Ditto 27th.	John White,	Ditto 20.
Moses Ralph,	Ditto 29th.	Hezekiah Robins,	Ditto 28.
Joseph Cocknehew,	May 1.	James Samson,	June 2.
Robert Davis,	Ditto 2.	Timothy Quake,	Ditto 2.

Hezakiah Zackari,	Ditto 2.	Daniell Simon,	Ditto 5.
Amos Robens,	Ditto 6.	Benjª Tray,	Ditto 10.
Jacob Chipman,	Ditto 8.	Daniel Weed,	Ditto 11.
Abraham Jonas,	Ditto 12.	Joseph Coquish	Ditto 15.
John Miller,	Ditto 14.	Joseph Pryer,	Ditto 22.

JOHN WINSLOW, *Capt.*

JAMAICA, June yᵉ 25th, 1741."

John Winslow, husbandman, of Marshfield, son of Isaac and Sarah (Hensley) Winslow, of Marshfield, was born May 27, 1702; married, Feb. 16, 1726, Mary Little, and succeeded to the Careswell estate. After her decease, he married a widow Johnson (born Barker), of Hingham. He had three sons: Josiah, Pelham, and Isaac. Pelham was a major in the British army, on Long Island, in 1776, and died there.

John Winslow was a colonel in the expedition to Nova Scotia in 1755, and was compelled to be a participator in the exile of the Acadians. He has been blamed for the cruel removal of seven thousand people from their native country, for the ruining of their homes and farms, and for their being scattered throughout the English colonies. He became a major-general in the British line; had chief command of several expeditions into the Kennebec country; participated in the conflict in Nova Scotia in 1755, and was commander-in-chief at Fort William Henry, on Lake Erie, in 1756.

Mr. Hutchinson says, "He was younger brother to Capt. Josiah, and possessed the same martial spirit." "Capt. Josiah," eldest son of Isaac and Sarah Winslow, graduated at Harvard College in 1721, and was killed by French and Indians at St. George's River, Me., May 1, 1724. Edward, another brother of John, for some years was judge of probate, became a royalist, and fled to Halifax, where he died in 1784, aged seventy years.

John Winslow died at Hingham, April 17, 1774, aged seventy-two years. His portrait, with the portraits of his ancestors, is in the Library of the Massachusetts Historical Society.

Josiah Barker, b. 26 Aug., 1712, at Pembroke, Mass., was a son of Thomas and Bethiah (Little) Barker. He married, in Oct., 1746, his cousin Abigail Barker. He was to have been captain of one of the companies in 1740, but relinquished the command to Capt. John Winslow and became lieutenant under the latter. He is said to have had a commission in the regular army, and served at the Siege of Havana in 1762.

He was perhaps the ensign in Lord Frederick Cavendish's Regt., the Thirty Fourth Regiment of Foot commissioned Sept., 1762. During the latter part of his life he is said to have enjoyed a pension from the British government for his service in the regular army; during the Revolution he was a loyalist residing in Hingham, where he died 1 Jan., 1785. His brother was Lieut. Francis Barker, father of Gen. John Barker.

Samuel Eelles, b. 23 Feb., 1705–6, son of Rev. Nath'l and Hannah North Eelles, of Scituate.

He married, 18 Dec., 1729, Hannah, dau. of Rev. Wm. Witherell, of Scituate, and had eight children.

He was a blacksmith by trade, and died 9 May, 1741.

CAPT WINSLOW'S COMPLAINT OF ILL TREATMENT WHILE RECRUITING IN BOSTON.

To His Excellency William Shirley Esqr Capt General & Commander in Chief In & over his Majestys Province of The Massachusetts Bay In New England —

The Complaints of John Winslow a Capaine in His Majestys Service Humbly Shews

That he by orders of Brigadier General Wentworth was Detached to the s^{d} Province In order to Raise Recruits for his Maj^{tys} Service and by Many Ill Minded Persons is obstructed Therein and the Soldiers by him Inlisted are abussed and in a Rioutes Maner Taken out of The King's Service & Rescued from the s^{d}. Winslow & other his officer. Some of Whome have been Beaten & Maind & him Self and all Concerned Threatened, for all which Resques & Riouts the Complaint Prays Redress and a Future Protection From all Things of the Same Nature for the Future & your Complainant Shall Ever Pray

JOHN WINSLOW

To His Excellency William Shirley Esqr Capt General & Command^{r} in Chief of his Maj^{tys} Province of the Massachusetts Bay in New England —

The Complaints of John Winslow a Capt In his Maj^{tys} Service Humbly Shews

That he & his officers are Every Day Molested & abused by ill minded Persons & his Soldiers Sur by Force oft Time Rescued from him and his officers & more Especially the Last Night at ye House of one Silsby a Lodgeing of M^{r}. John Goss a Certificate & warrant officer — who had Immediately by the Complainants order one Darby Collins an Enlisted Soldier under his the s^{d} Goss care & command, Jonathan Louder one of the Constables of the Town of Boston by a Warrant from Abiel Waley Esqr Justice of the Peace Came & by Force would Compel the s^{d} Soldiers to Leave the Kings Service & the s^{d} Goss refused him on which the s^{d} Constable John Billing Richard Billing & Divers others rushed in & the s^{d} Goss in Defence Drew his Sword to Secure the Soldiers, but they by Their Superior Numbers Disarmed him Broke his Sword Took the s^{d} Soldiers & s^{d} Goss & Cary^{d} them before the s^{d} Justice, who by his warrant order'd his Maj^{tys} s^{d}. Soldier to the House of Correction & as he saith Gave a warrant to the aforenamed constable accordingly But Instead Friends of the Constable Cary^{d} him to some unknown Place and Secrete him from the Kings Service & at Eleven or Twelve A Clock at Night your complainant Heard of These affairs and mustered forces to prevent These misdoing and abusses to the king but Two Late s^{d} Collins gone & Goss Threatned to go to Goal & must unless your

Complainant Gave his Bond or word for his appearance and Thereby the King's Service is Hurt & his Maj^{tys} Soldiers Discouraged & Lost Wherefore your Complainant Prays These Maters may be Redressed & That the s^{d}. Justice Constable & the s^{d}. Billings May be Brought to Justice in such way & Maner as your Excellency In your Wisdom Thinks best & your Complainant Shall evr pray &c

JOHN WINSLOW

JANUARY 14, 1741

Province of the Massachusetts Bay By His Excellency the Governour, Whereas the following Persons who have enlisted into His Majestys Service as Soldiers under the Command of Capt. John Winslow, and have received His Majesty's Bounty for Enlisting have since Absconded and deserted His Majesty's Service, Vizt. Mathew Silivant. Sam^{ll}. Roberts. Sam^{ll}. Odell. Robert Moors. James Huyers Abraham Grigory. Theophilus Merehugh, Edmond Fitzpatrick Daniell Murphy. Thos Russell. Andrew Abram. Edward Smith. Jacob Hobs. John Goss, Elisha Tomson, John Gloyde. James Gloy^{d} and others.

These are therefore to Impower and require the Sheriffs of the Counties of Essex and Midlesex their Under Sheriffs and Deputies and the Constables of the respective Towns in the said Counties to make Diligent Search for the said Deserters in all Suspected places. within their Districts, and also to Impower and require the Marshall of the Admiralty and his Deputies if need be to Search for them upon the Water and in any Ships or Vessels where it is Suspected they may be Concealed and having found the said Deserters or any of them to take them into safe Custody and there keep them until they return them to the said Capt. John Winslow at Boston or his Order, and all other His Majesty's good Subjects are required to be aiding and assisting herein. For which this shall be a Sufficient Warrant. Return to be made of this Warrant and the Doings thereon into the Secretary's Office in Boston.

Given under my hand and Seal at Boston the tenth Day of February 1741. In the Fifteenth Year of His Majesties Reign.

W SHIRLEY.

Midd^{x}: Ss. Mar^{h}. 24th: 1741/2

In Obedience to the Within Written Warrant ben to the Several places within mentioned and have made Diligant Enquirey for the several Persons within named; and I can't find any or either of them Within my Prec^{t}.

þ: SAML. WHITTEMORE
Dept Sheriff

COMPANIES RECRUITED THAT DID NOT PARTICIPATE.

A list of men Under ye Comand of Capt Tim^o Ruggles for ye Intended Expedition against ye Spanish West Indies.

1 Amos Francis
2 Jethro Sampson
3 Jacob Chamuck
4 Noah Capee
5 Joshua Amuck
6 Isaac Iawannut
7 Shubal Haines
8 Silas Charles
9 John Tobey
10 Wm Charles
11 Isaac Micah
12 Mathias Untequit
13 Joseph Noah
14 Saml Cheeks
15 Ephraim Luce
16 David Boon
17 Josiah Peter
18 Nathl Beachgrass
19 Judah Moses
20 Micah Tompson
21 John Daniel
22 Hezekiah Susquin
23 Jo^s. Francis
24 Thos. Porrige
25 Nicodemus Mantwamuck
26 Saml Oliver
27 David Joel
28 Nehemiah Mantwamuck
29 Eben^r Gibbs
30 Jo^s Cognehew
31 Amos Shanks
32 John Cook
33 John Cannaway
34 Jo^s. Weeks
35 Sol^o Hampshire
36 Nathl. Chubbock
37 James Oliver
38 Nathl. Fish
39 Nathl. Kinney
40 John Besse
41 John Quason
42 Saml Hunter
43 Moses Ralph
44 Thos Dick
45 Daniel Capen
46 John Jonas
47 John Blanchett
48 Seth Clark
49 Thos Boardman
50 Saml Pitcher
51 Nathl Atkins
52 David Moses
53 Manasseh Donham
54 Hezekiah Zachary
55 Mathew Untequit
56 Richard Thomas
57 David Pometuck
58 Isaac Bacon
59 Nehemiah Robin
60 David Ned
61 Simon Sawyer
62 Benj^a Wickett
63 James Hammond
64 Esau Wepquish
65 Zaccheus Will
66 John Dumplin
67 Saml. Richards
68 Israel Cole
69 Wm Bassett
70 James Robin
71 Mathew Will
72 Ephraim Peter
73 John White
74 Jonah Sampson
75 Jacob wickett
76 Eleazer unquit
77 Jo^s Porridge
78 Abraham wickett
79 Jo^s. Speen
80 Uriah Weeks
81 Thomas Mayberry
82 James Huddlestone
83 John Pegen
84 Tobey Ephraim
85 Jeremiah Elisha
86 Phillip Cottowow
87 Joab Succonish
88 Jeremiah Hopper
89 Jonas Succonish
90 Thomas Cooper
91 Saml Tocomonett
92 Thos Sassaman
93 Henery Succonish
94 James Ned
95 Simon Dillis
96 Simon Joel
97 John Cognehew
98 Paul Quay
99 Nathan Tobey
100 Peter Dogimus

May it Please your Excellency

Pursuant to your Excellencys order to me Given for raising a Company of Voluntiers for the Intended Expedition against ye Spanish West Indies I have Done it and beg Leave to Lay before your Excellency ye foregoing List being a List of their names for your Excellencys approbation and am y^r Excellency's most obedient & hum^bl Servt

Boston August 20th 1740 'TIM^O RUGGLES

Province of Mass^a Bay
To his Excellency Jonathan Belcher Es q
Capt Generall & Gouvernour in Chief

Timothy Ruggles was born in Rochester, Mass., 11 Oct., 1711, and was a son of Rev. Timothy and Ruggles, of Rochester, which town the son represented in the General Court in 1736. He practised law successfully and kept the tavern at Sandwich, Mass. He moved to Hardwick, Mass., in 1753.

He was a brigadier general of Provincial Troops on the northern border in 1753 and second in command at the battle of Lake George in 1755. He was also a delegate to the Congress held in New York in 1765 and chosen President. In 1757 he was appointed a Judge of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for Worcester County. He was Speaker of the Mass. House of Representatives in 1762 and 1763. A councillor in 1764, he was one of the mandamus councillors of 1774, which so increased his unpopularity as a loyalist, that he took refuge in Boston and embarked for Halifax on the evacuation in 1776.

He partly organized in Nova Scotia a body of loyal militia, and became a proprietor at Digby, and died at Wilmot, N.S., 4 Aug., 1795.

AN ACC^T. OF MEN THAT WERE INLISTED FOR Y^E INTENDED EXPEDITION AND SUBSISTED FROM Y^E TIME OF THEIR INLISTMENT TO Y^E EIGHTEENTH DAY OF AUGUST 1740 BY

TIM^O. RUGGLES

viz 4 men began July 14th at 15^s/ p week	£15 - 0 - 0
13 men began July 17th at 15^s/ pr week Masshar	44 - 12 - 6
6 men July 18th @ 15/	18 - 12 - 0
4 men July 22^d @ 15/	10 - 5 - 6
8 men July 25	20 - 1 - 4
8 men July 28th do	18 - 0 - 0
6 men July 30th @ 15^s/	12 - 4 - 0
3 July 31st @ do	5 - 16 - 0
7 Men August 6th do	8 - 5 - 0
p^d and Indebted to Mr Brackett for Subsisting my comp^a 16 days at Boston	214 - 5 - 10
Simon Dillis's acc^o. of subsisting men	97 - 18 - 0

ACC^T. OF WHAT I EXPENDED IN RAISING MY COMP^A

p^d. M^r. Cathcart at ye Viny^d	£9 - 19 - 10
p^d Chase at ye ferry going & coming	2 - 10 - 0
p^d Capt Crossmen Barnstable	4 - 10 - 0
Indebted to Capt. Thacher yarm^o.	7 - 3 - 8
p^d Capt Gorham Barnstable	9 - 11 - 8
p^d Thos. Baron Eastham	0 - 14 - 0
p^d. Seth Parker Esqr for Ferridge & Entertainm^t	4 - 13 - 9
p^d Mr Parker at Falm^o for Entertainm^t	1 - 18 - 0
p^d Saml. Fish 12^s/2^d p^d. W^m. Elles 12/4 p^d Sam'l Elles 43/	3 - 7 - 6
p^d Withrell Plim^o	5 - 2 - 0
p^d Brewster Kingston	4 - 15 - 0
p^d and Indebted to Mr Silvesters at Hannover	43 - 17 - 11

pd Seth Cushing 24s/ pd Capt Adam Cushing 32s/	2 - 16 - 0
pd Mr Crosbee Braintree	4 - 19 - 6
pd Capt Pierce Milton	12 - 18 - 6
	583 - 17 - 6
Cash pd a Messenger to Brookfield to raise men	£5 - 0 - 0
pd Doctors & Nurses for Thos. Cooper in his Sickness at Boston.	11 - 18 - 9
pd. for a blankett for him	1 - 4 - 0
	18 - 2 - 9
	583 - 17 - 6
	602 - 0 - 3
My own time spent & horse from July 12th to August 20th .	5 -
	597 - 0 - 3
Recd. as Subsistance	£240 - 0 - 0
	357 - 0 - 3

acct of Expenses &
Subsistance while
Raising my Compa

A LIST OF THE NAMES OF THE SOLDIERS VOLENTARY DECLARATION BEFORE ONE OF HIS MAJESTYES JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE EXPEDITION AGAINST THE TERRITORIES OF THE CATHOLICK KING IN THE WEST INDIES UNDER COMMAND OF CAPT STEPHEN RICHARD

Mens Names	Age	Place of Birth	Calling	Time of Inlistment
Darby Cotter	38	Ireland	Labourer	July 11th
George Badger	22	Jersey	Husbandman	12th
Ebenezer Warren	37	Milton	Labourer	12th
Jonas Cooke	23	Needham	Mason	12th
Alexander McColley	35	Ireland	Labourer	16th
Jeddediah Danforth	35	Scotland	Labourer	16th
William Tygard	24	Ireland	Bricklayer	16th
Thoms Jackson	24	Ireland	Cordwainer	17th
James Carter	43	London	Rope Maker	18th
James Hodge	21	Stoughton	Husbandman	21th
Ebenz Bieglow	41	Waltham	Ditto	24th
Richard Fuller	28	Needham	Ditto	24th
Thoms Gardner	25	Brookline	Ditto	24th
Phillip Cobbitt	33	Jersey	Labourer	11th
Peter McDoniel	23	Hampshire	Husbandman	11th
John Goodwine	29	Concord	Ditto	11th
Samll Chandler	31	Bridge Water	Carpenter	12th
Abrahm Chandler	29	Ditto	Bloomer	12th
Saml Dwelle	47	Scituate	Husbandman	12th

Mens Names	Age	Place of Birth	Calling	Time of Inlistment
Timothy Quock	23	Brush Hill	Ditto	12th
Gedion Flale	28	Wethersfield	Stone Cutter	14th
Martin Miller	25	Seaborne	Laborour	14th
William Lake	21	Newton	Husbandman	21st
John Thorne	18	Boston	Ditto	21
Saml. Forster	25	Cape Ann	Laborour	21
Benja Parker	26	Newtown	Husbandman	21
John Oldham	21	Cambridge	Weever	21
Theopb Merrion	50	Lynn	Housewright	24th
John Flin	30	Ireland	Laborour	26th
Henry Voohan	45	Plimoth in Engld	Husbandman	26
Benja Harris	31	Dorchester	Ditto	26
Jame Merchant	21	Port Royall	Chair Maker	28
John Macklane	30	Boston	Husbandman	28
Peter Niles	19	Braintre	Ditto	28
John Allen	49	Ditto	Ditto	28
Peter Mossem	23	Boston	Ditto	28
Noah Wiswall	42	Newtown	Ditto	28
Timothy Godding	26	Woburn	Weaver	14th
James Coochek	21	Westfield	Husbandman	21
Thome Wiswall	17	Newtown	Ditto	21
William Baldwin	24	Boston	Ditto	21
Thome Bishop	34	Roxbury	Ditto	23d
John Adams	21	Ditto	Chair Maker	23
David Parker	22	Newtown	Husbandman	28th
John Rodger	17	Boston	Blacksmith	28th
John Downe	39	Dublin	Cordwainer	29
Amos Richardson	42	Woburn	Husbandman	29
Jame: Owen	32	Brookfield	Ditto	17
Saml. Stinson	24	Ditto	Cordwainer	17
Saml. Densmore	19	Ireland	Husbandman	17
Nathe Hitchcock	26	Springfield	Cordwainer	18th
Jame Sherman	24	Ditto	Husbandman	18
Jone Dewey	32	Westfield	Sadler	18
Manase Pomroy	25	Middletown	Cordwainer	18
Jone Fox	27	Charles Town	Husbd Man	18
Job Burlison	25	Suffield	Wheelwright	18
Danl. Younglove	23	Suffield	Husbad Man	18
Martin Root	21	Westfield	Ditto	18
Saml. Meares	34	Springfield	Joyner	18
John Wyeir	28	Bilrecay	Cordwainer	18
Noah Pearsons	25	Springfield	Husbd Man	18
Joseph Ashley	21	Newtown	Ditto	18
Able Handcock	23	Brookfield	Ditto	18
Benje Stibbins	30	Springfield	Tanner	18
John Ramsey	21	Jersey	Cordwainer	18
Stephen Cootes	27	Westfield	Husbd Man	18
Jame Austin	30	Suffield	Cordwainer	18
David Dewey	24	Lebenon	Mason	18

Mens Names	Age	Place of Birth	Calling	Time of Inlistment
Nath[l] Wood	18	Boston	Husb[d] Man	18
Jn[o] Colbertson	24	Watertown	Housewright	18
Joseph Beard	25	Brookfield	Husb[d] Man	18
W[m] Willson	23	Boston	Tanner	24
Seth French	23	Brantry	Husb[d] Man	24
Increase Niles	36	Ditto	Physsician	25
Benj[a] Glison	23	Framingham	Husb[d] Man	22
Saml Buckman	19	Mablhead	Ditto	22
Will[m] Ryce	24	Marlborough	Ditto	25
Josiah Briggs	40	Taughton	Ditto	25
Jam[s] Sherman	23	Springfield	Ditto	18
Moses Hitchcock	22	Ditto	Ditto	18
Thom[s] Nisbett	47	Ireland	Laborour	14
Jam[s]: Cooper	33	London	Ropemaker	22
Patrick Quigley	26	Ireland	Laborour	14
W[m] Glan	27	Scotland	Gardner	14
Phillip Counan	24	Ireland	Husb[d] Man	17
Edw[d]: Brookes	48	Oxf[d] in Engl[d]	Laborour	23
Elija Elby	28	Ireland	Husb[d] Man	28
William Ward	40	Newtown	Ditto	28
Jn[o] Hooker	31	Salem	Ditto	28
Miles Carter	40	Ireland	Tanner	28
W[m] Holden	30	Dublin	Husb[d] Man	29
Benj[a] Draper	23	Roxbury	Ditto	28
Ebenz Bardwell	25	Hatfield	Weaver	18
Jn[o] George	20	Needham	Husb[d] Man	20
Joseph Trrel	55	Attleborough	Ditto	28
Caleb Eddy	21	Boston	Marriner	27
Charles Cootts	22	Westfield	Husb[d] Man	18
John Coller	26	Needham	Ditto	17
David Hoar	27	Brimfield	Ditto	17
W[m] Nicolls	22	Brookfield	Ditto	31st

SUFFOLK SS BOSTON July 29th 1740

I the Subscriber One of His Maj[ties]. Justices of the Peace doe hereby Certify That One Hundred Persons of the aforesd List Personally appearing before me the Subscriber Severally Declared their Ages Births & Callings & time of their Inlistment. As in the abovesd List are Inserted & did then Each of them Declare that they Voluntarily Inlisted themselves to Goe on the Intended Expedition against the King of Spain and his Subjects in the West Indies under the Command of Capt Stephen Richards

SAMUEL SEWALL J. PACIS.

[Endorsed] Capt Stephen Richards List of Voluntiers recd Aug: 8th 1740

Paul [1] Richards, merchant, received from Gov. Richard Nicoll a grant of a lot on Garden street, in New York, in 1667. His youngest son Stephen [2] settled in New York, as a merchant, and made his will 7 Apr., 1729; his children were Paul,[3] Catherine,[3] Elizabeth,[3] John,[3] Stephen,[3] Henry,[3] and Elly.[3]

Stephen[3] Richards, mariner, mar. (int.) 5 Apr., 1728, in Boston to Esther, dau. of Josiah and Mary Flint, of Boston, and granddaughter of Rev. Josiah Flint, of Dorchester. Paul[3] Richards was a distinguished merchant of New York, with branches in other towns. He died without issue, leaving his estate to his widow and five brothers and sisters, his brother Stephen[3] being one of the executors in 1756. The widow bequeathed, in 1773, to Stephen[3] then of Elizabethtown, N.J., his father's picture, etc. Stephen[3] Richards made his will at Elizabethtown 10 Sept., 1776, making bequest to his widow Esther, nephews and nieces, the church and its pastor at Elizabethtown. He left no issue.

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

By His Excellency the Governour

Whereas I have with the advice of His Majesty's Council appointed Major Ammi Ruhamah Wise to be Captain of a Foot Company of Voluntiers to be raised within this Province for His Majesty's Service in an Expedition against the Territories of the Catholick King in the West Indies under Command of the Lord Cathcart —

These are therefore to Impower & Require the said Ammi Ruhamah Wise forthwith to order the Beating up for voluntiers wheresoever within this Province he may think proper.

And the Colonels and other officers of the respective Regiments in the Province are required to give him or any Person under him all necessary Countenance and Assistance in beating up for Voluntiers, and making Levies in their Several Districts — Given under my hand at Boston the ninth day of July 1740 in the fourteenth year of His Majestys Reign —

J. BELCHER

Capt Wise

Ammi Ruhami Wise was the son of Rev. John and Abigail (Gardner) Wise, of Ipswich, Mass. The father was a chaplain in both King Philip's War and in the 1690 Expedition to Quebec. He married , 1713, Mrs. Mary Rindge, who outlived him. He was a noted merchant, Justice of the Sessions Court, and representative from Ipswich in 1739, 1740. He died 14 Aug., 1749. No roll of a company enlisted by him can be found.

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY } To His Excellency Jonathan Belcher Esqr. Captain General and Governor in chief and to the Hon^{oble} His Majesty's Council & Hon^{oble} House of Representatives of the said Province in General Court assembled Decr 5th 1740 —

The Memorial of John Furnay of Boston Esqr Humbly Sheweth

That he was appointed a Captain by his Excellency, with the advice of His Majestys Council in the Intended Expedition against the Spanish West

Indies, That he pursued the Design so far, as at an Extraordinary Expence amounting to Several hundred pounds to raise a Company of Voluntiers; But it so happened, That but four Commissions were sent to this Province, all which were delivered to four other Captains upon which Your Memorialists Company taking the advantage of a Vote that passed this Hon Council & House of Represent^{vs} were dismissed So that your Memorialist lost all the Expence he was at, but also the advantage of his Majestys Pay, and the other benefits he might probably have obtained in Case he had proceeded on the Expedition with his Company. Notwithstanding which your Memorialist designs to Embarque the first Vessel for Jamaica to Joyn my Lord Cathcart as a Voluntier in the s^{d} Expedition.

Wherefore your memorialist humbly prays this Honoble Court would take his case under their Wise Consideration, and Grant him such a Recompence as in their Wisdom may seem Just and reasonable

And your Memorialist, as in Duty Bound, shall Ever pray &c

JOHN FURNEY

In the House of Rep^{ives} Dec. 26. 1740 Read and in Answer thereto Voted that there be allowed and Paid the Pet^{r} out of the Publick Treasury the Sum of One hundred and forty six pounds for Subsisting Voluntiers &c, and that the further Sum of Fifty Pounds be allowed the Pet^{r} out of the Publick Treasury for his Trouble and Service in the Affair.

Sent up for concurrence

J QUINCY Sp^{kr}.

In Council Jany 6. 1740 Read & Concur'd

J WILLARD Sec^{y}

8: Consented to

J BELCHER

George the Second by the Grace of God of Great Britain France & Ireland King, defender of the faith &c

To all Our Sheriffs bailiffs & faithful Subjects to whom these presents Shall come — Greeting.

Know ye that we have taken into our protection & defence our beloved Joseph Wise who is going to the ports of New Spain to war in Our Service in defence of us & our dominions in Company of our beloved & faithful our Lieut^{t} for this expedition. And therefore We Command you to maintain protect & defend him not doing or Suffering any injury dammage or trouble to be given him In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent to incline till the next We will also that the s^{d} Joseph Wise in the mean time be free & acquitted from all arrests, pleas & plaints; excepting.

THE DEFENSE OF BOSTON.

In the House of Representatives, July. 10: 1740.

Voted, That His Excellency the Governour be desired to give his Orders for the Enlistment of Sixty Effective Men to be posted at His Majesty's Castle William including Officers, and for their Encouragement it is further

His Excellency
Captain General & Governor in Chief
Massachuset's Bay & New Hampshire
Vice Admiral
JONATHAN BELCHER Esq.
of His Majesty's Provinces of
NEW ENGLAND

Voted, That each Person Enlisting as aforesaid Shall have given them One Good Coat of the Value of Six Pounds, and shall receive the following Wages, Viz^{t}. The Captain after the Rate of Two Hundred and Ten Pounds ꝑ annum, The Lieutenant, One Hundred and Twenty five Pounds, ꝑ annum, The Chaplain One Hundred and Seven Pounds, ꝑ annum, The Gunner, One Hundred Pounds ꝑ annum, Six Quarter Gunners Four Pounds ꝑ month each, Two Serjeants Four Pounds ꝑ month each, Three Corporals and Two Drummers Three Pounds Sixteen Shillings, ꝑ month each, and Forty three Centinels, at Three pounds ꝑ month each, all the afores^{d} Sums to be in Bills of the old Tenor or in new Tenor Bills Equivalent thereto, Provided the said Officers Soldiers and others retained in the Service and pay of the aforesaid Garrison, Attend the Service and perform the Duty of their respective Posts and that no Indian, negro or Molatto Except One Servant of the Captain be enlisted or retained in that Service, and no other man unless he be Sire Juris be Enlisted as aforesaid, That the Captain General be also desired to order an Enlistment of Two Independant Companys each Consisting of Eighty of the Ablest and most Effective Men out of the Regiments nearest the said Castle, for the Service of that Fortress in case of an attack that the Capt Generall be also desired to give orders that those men attend the Military Exercises of the Great Artillery, Eight times every year & that for their encouragement in the s^{d} service, they may be freed from all other military Exercises and Impresses, and that those men be subsisted there every Day they may so attend. These Enlistment to Continue until the Tenth Day of July One Thousand Seven Hundred and Forty two.

Sent up for Concurrence

J. QUINCY Sp^{r}.

In council July 11 : 1740
Read and Concurred

J. WILLARD, Sec^{y}.

Consented to,

J. BELCHER.

MUSTER ROLL OF CASTLE WILLIAM THE HONBLE. SPENCER PHIPS, COMMANDER. JULY 10 TO NOV. 20 1740.

Capt Spencer Phips.
Lieut. John Larrabee,
Chap'l. John Phillips
Gunners Mate John Brock.
Q^{r} Gunner Wm Sanders.
Sam'l Johnson.
Wm Much.
Benja Bates
Sergt. Henry Bridgham
John Miller.
Corp. Moses M^{c}kintoch.
Drum^{r}. John Gresley.
Q^{r} Gunner Nath'l Chadwick.
Corp. Sam'l Negres.
Cent'l Eben^{r} Ledbetter
Sam'l Smith
John Darrell
Daniel Frazier
John Perrin
Thos. Partridge
("servant to his Hon^{r}")
Patrick Coburn
Wm Kine.
Matthew Henry
John Bradley
Benj Stone
Wm Thompson
Abraham Colfree

Cent'l Jon^a Wheeler.
Thos. Ellery
Moses Kirk
Robt. Sanders.
John Miller.
Wm Bussett
Sam'l Davis
Epr Bingham
Eben^r Parker
Edw Pusley
Thos Shepherd.

Cent'l Cuffee Negro
("servant to his Hon^r")
Jeffry York
("servant to Lieut")
John Barleer
John Stratton
Aaron Chapin
John Allen
Daniel Huffy
Samuel Clarke
Noah Chamney.

THE DEFENSE OF THE COAST.

July 11, 1740. In the House of Represent^ves Voted that the sum of Six thousand five hundred Pounds be granted and paid out of the Province Treasury for the purchasing a suitable vessel to guard the Coast and fitting for the Sea and equipping her with twelve carriage guns and other warlike stores; and that Mr Hutchinson and Cpt. Watts with such as shall be joined by the Honble Board be a Committee to take care, with the Captain Generals leave, that the same be effected in the cheapest and best manner.

In Council; Read and Concur'd and Jacob Wendell & Richard Bill Esq^rs are joined in the affair.

Consented to J: BELCHER.

August 29, 1740 Jacob Wendell Esqr from the Committee appointed to make an estimate of the charge of the Guard Vessel, reported as follows; vizt.,

The Committee appointed to Estimate the charge of building and fitting the Vessel designed for the service of the Province report, as their Opinion, That the said Vessel with her appurtenances fitted to the Sea in the most prudent manner, will cost (exclusive of Stores of War) at least Six thousand five hundred pounds, the sum already granted by the Court for that purpose, and that the further sum of Three Thousand five hundred Pounds will be necessary in order to procure guns and other needful Warlike Stores for the said Vessel.

Which is humbly submitted; by Order
JACOB WENDELL.

April 1, 1741. The Secretary carried down by His Excellency's Order a Memorial of Cpt. Edward Tyng to His Excellency, moving that some provision may be made for paying the charge of victualling and manning His Majesty's Snow the Prince of Orange[1] under his command, with a Message from His Excellency that the House would take the matter into immediate consideration, it being of great importance to the interests of the Province.

[1] The loss of the snow Prince of Orange, belonging to the Province, a few years later, and supposed to be overset, was a heavy blow upon the town of Marblehead, the captain and most of the crew belonging to that town.

MUSTER ROLL OF HIS MAJESTIES SNOW PRINCE OF ORANGE
COMMENCING FROM 26 NOV^R 1740

Edw. Tyng	—	Captain	3,,20	(Nov. 26 — Mar 9)
Jno Furner	—	Bosswin	3,,20	" " " "
Jno Oldfield	—	Gunner	3,,20	" " " "
Sim^n Remington	—	Foremast	3,,20	" " " "
Syphas, Negro	—	"	3,,20	" " " "
Ja^s. Nutting	—	Armourer	- -22	Feb. 16 " "
Edward Tyng,		Captain	8,,23	Mar. 10 — Nov. 11
Thos. Rappitt,		Lieutenant	5,,2	" 9 — July 28
John Oldfield,		Gunner	8,,23	" 10 — Nov. 11
John Furner,		Bosswin	8,,23	" 10 — " 11
Thos. Tomson,		Carpenter	4,,21	" 9 — July 19
Thos. Fayrw^r,		Steward	8,,24	" 9 — Nov. 11
Wm Nelson,		Pilot	5,,2	" 9 — July 28
Ja^s. Nutting,		Armourer	1:23	" 10 — Apr. 29
Eleaz^r. Parker,		Cook	8:24	" 9 — Nov. 11
Sylhax, a negro		Foremast	8:23	" 10 — " 11
Jos^h. Carlile,		Ditto	8:24	" 9 — " 11
David Hunt,		"	8:24	" 9 — " 11
John Steward,		"	7:03	" 9 — Sept. 23
Danl. Gibbins,		"	8:24	" 9 — Nov. 11
Richd Peirce,		"	4:21	" 9 — July 19
John Crofts,		Foremast	8:24	" 9 — Nov. 11
R^d Tarr S^r		"	8:21	" 12 — " 11
R^d Tarr J^r.		"	8:21	" 12 — " 11
Abneal Tarr		"	7:18	April 12 — " 11
John, a negro		"	8:21	Mar 12 — " 11
Parker Gowell,		"	8:15	" 18 — " 11
John Gowell,		"	8:15	" 18 — " 11
John Stonham,		"	8:14	" 19 — " 11
John Charnock,		"	1:14	" 19 — Apr. 29
Eb^r. Lawrence		"	8:10	" 23 — Nov. 11
Sam^ll. Elwill		2^d mas^t.	4:13	" 26 — July 21
Ditto		Pilott	3:22	July 29 — Nov. 11
Wm Wright,		Sailor	8:6	Mar 27 — Nov. 11
Jno. Raney,		Boss^ns Mate	6:9	Apr^ll 1 — Sept. 24
Jno. Crowell,		Gun^rs Mate	8:1	Apr^ll 1 — Nov. 11
Danl. Merchant,		Sailor	8:	" 2 — " 11
Jab^s Merchant,		Ditto,	1:15	" 2 — May 14
Benj^a. Stoddard,		Mas^r.	4:6	" 2 — July 28
Ditto,		Lieutenant	3:22	July 29 — Nov. 11
Nathl. Prentice		Foremast	8:	April 2 — " 11
Thad: Maccarty,		Chaplain —	April 4 — Nov. 11	7:29
David Stevens,		Mate —	" 7 — May 21 —	1:17
Ja^s. Carter,		Foremast —	Mch 26 — Nov. 11 —	8:7
Aaron Dealc,		Doctor,	Apr^ll 13 — Nov. 11 —	7:17
Wm Grocc,		Cooper,	Aprll 4 — Nov. 11 —	7:26
Mich^l. Hurd,		Foremast,	April 17 — Nov. 11 —	7:13
Wm Sketchley,		"	" 17 — " 11 —	7:13

Wm Smith,	Foremast,	April	17 —	"	11 —	7:13
Benjs White,	"	"	18 —	April	24 —	—:7
Emanuel Indn,	"	"	18 —	Aug.	7 —	4:—
Wm Bowman,	"	"	18 —	Apr.	24 —	—:7
Php Carr,	"	"	18 —	July	15 —	3:5
Francs Bridges,	"	"	19 —	"	15 —	3:4
Thos. Leatherby	"	"	19 —	Nov.	11 —	7:11
John Smith,	"	"	19 —	"	11 —	7:11
James Dyer,	"	"	19 —	May	27 —	1:11
Samll. Steward,	"	"	19 —	"	26 —	1:10
Samll Kendrick,	"	"	19 —	"	26 —	1:10
Johnson Jackson,	Carprs mate,	"	23 —	July	19 —	3:4
Ditto,	Carpenter,	July	20 —	Nov.	11 —	4:3
Peter Read,	Coxon & Quartr. mastr.	Apr.	23 —	Aug.	14 —	4:2
Jams Shannon,	Foremast	"	23 —	"	28 —	4:16
John Grant,	Ditto	"	23 —	Nov.	11 —	7:7
Hugh Carral,	Foremast,	"	23 —	May	16 —	—:24
James Cash,	"	"	23 —	Nov.	11 —	7:7
James M'Kneale,	"	"	23 —	"	11 —	7:7
Thos. Walker,	"	"	23 —	May	6 —	—:14
Wm Alcock,	"	"	23 —	Nov.	11 —	7:7
Robt. How,	"	"	23 —	Apr.	30 —	—:8
Wm Lusk,	"	"	23 —	"	30 —	—:8
Thos. Hewing,	"	"	23 —	"	30 —	—:8
Nathl. Dockum,	"	"	24 —	July	19 —	3:3
Geo. Messarvey,	"	"	24 —	May	23 —	1:2
Jno. Whetstone,	"	"	24 —	"	11 —	—:18
James Freetoe,	Sailor,	Apr.	24 —	Nov.	11 —	11:17
Thos. Minnis,	"	"	27 —	May	24 —	1:—
Thos Tear,	"	"	27 —	"	24 —	1:—
Samll. Kneeland,	"	"	29 —	Nov.	11 —	7:1
John Bishop,	"	"	29 —	Sept.	1 —	4:14
Samll Shaw,	"	"	29 —	June	26 —	2:3
John Bassett,	"	May	1 —	June	26 —	2:1
Alexr. Gordon,	"	"	1 —	Aug.	19 —	3:27
Thos. Bayles,	"	"	1 —	Nov.	11 —	6:27
Jas. Hastings,	"	"	1 —	"	11 —	6:27
John Carrall,	"	"	1 —	"	11 —	6:27
Roger Crewley,	"	"	4 —	May	21 —	—:18
Wm Williams,	"	"	4 —	"	21 —	—:18
Php Lacordey,	"	"	5 —	Nov.	11 —	6:23
Benjs Codner,	"	"	5 —	"	11 —	6:23
John Sevorey,	"	"	5 —	"	11 —	6:23
James Murry,	"	"	5 —	"	11 —	6:23
Thos. Kimball,	"	"	5 —	"	11 —	6:23
W Harris,	"	"	5 —	"	11 —	6:23
Geo. Forgerson,	"	"	5 —	May	22 —	—:18
Colley Wright,	"	"	5 —	July	24 —	2:25
Edw. Hammond,	"	"	5 —	Nov.	11 —	6:23
Anthe. Dyer,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
Ambr. Hinckley,	"	"	11 —	June	24 —	1:17

Barn^{s}. March,	Sailor,	May	11 —	Nov.	11 —	6:17
Sam^{ll}. Rider,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
Jno. Tuneagni,	"	"	11 —	Aug.	4 —	3:2
Jno. Hyson,	"	"	11 —	Nov.	11 —	6:17
Seal^{d}. Landres,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
W^{m}. Bassett,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
Jno. Goodspeed,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
Jos^{h}. Pitts,	"	"	11 —	"	11 —	6:17
Saml. Fairfeild,	"	"	14 —	Sep.	11 —	4:9
Manass^{h}. Donham,	"	"	14 —	Nov.	11 —	6:14
Patrick Power,	"	"	14 —	July	22 —	2:14
Jos^{h}. Connett,	"	"	14 —	Oct.	17 —	5:17
Saml. Clarke,	"	"	14 —	July	23 —	2:15
Thos. Lathrope,	"	"	15 —	Nov.	11 —	6:13
Math^{w} Danford Jr,	"	"	15 —	"	11 —	6:13
Math^{w} Danford S^{r}.	"	"	15 —	"	11 —	6:13
Zach^{r}. Davis,	Armo^{r}.	"	15 —	Aug.	22 —	3:16
Jacob Pike,	Sailor,	May	20 —	June	24 —	1:8
Jos^{h}. Vesey,	"	"	20 —	Nov.	11 —	6:8
Geo. Wobsinghulmes	"	"	20 —	Sept.	10 —	4:2
Jos^{h}. Dyer,	"	"	27 —	July	10 —	1:17
Lem^{ll}. Dyer,	"	"	27 —	Nov.	11 —	6:1
Eb^{r}. Thorndike,	"	"	27 —	"	11 —	6:1
John Wesson,	"	July	22 —	Sept.	25 —	2:10
John Gardner,	"	"	22 —	Aug.	27 —	1:9
Man^{l}. a Servt.	"	"	22 —	"	14 —	—:24
Jeffry Jackson,	"	"	27 —	Nov.	11 —	3:24
John Soper,	Mate	"	22 —	July	29 —	—:7
Ditto,	Master	"	29 —	Nov.	11 —	3:22
Sam^{ll} Gaines,	Sailor,	Aug.	20 —	Nov.	11 —	3:—
Jos^{h} Brimhall,	"	"	20 —	"	11 —	3:—
Thos. Woodard,	"	"	20 —	"	11 —	3:—
Stephen Otis,	"	"	20 —	"	11 —	3:—
John Muggue,	"	"	20 —	"	11 —	3:—
James Nutting,	Armo^{r}.	"	23 —	"	11 —	2:25
Josiah (Smith)	Sailor,	"	—	"	11 —	3:1
Edward Oliver,	"	July	2 —	"	11 —	4:3
Geo. Messervey,	"	Aug.	20 —	"	11 —	3:—
Zach^{h} Davis,	"	"	17 —	"	11 —	3:3
John Wesson,	Boats^{n} Mate,	Sept.	26 —	"	11 —	1:19
Philli^{p} Harris,	Sailor,	"	30 —	"	11 —	1:15
Alex^{r}. Gordon,	Quartermaster,	Aug.	20 —	"	11 —	3:—

PAY OF PROVINCE SNOW'S MEN.

Note.

Captain	Twenty pound	⅌	month
Lieutenant	Ten	"	"
The Master	"	"	"
Boatswain	Nine	"	"
Gunner	Ten	"	"
Doctor	"	"	"
Two Foremast Men at	Six	"	"

And that the following officers & men be in pay only when ye said Snow shall be fitted out upon any Cruize or Expedition &c

Chaplain	Ten	pounds ℔	month
Mate	Eight	"	"
Steward	Seven	"	"
Cook	"	"	"
Gunners Mate	"	"	"
Pilot	Ten	"	"
Boatswains Mate	Seven	"	"
Carpenter	Nine	"	"
Cooper	Seven	"	"
Armourer	"	"	"
Sailors or Foremast Men —	Six	"	"

Edward Tyng, b. 19 Feb., 1681/2 son of Edward and Elizabeth (Clarke) Tyng, of Boston. He married (1) Elizabeth, dau. of Capt. Cyprian Southack, and widow of Francis Parnel, and (2) Ann, dau. of Jonathan Waldo.

Edward the father was appointed by Sir Wm. Phips governor of Acadia. On returning from Port Royal in Oct., 1691, in a vessel commanded by Capt. John Alden, Tyng and John Nelson and Alden's son were taken prisoners by M. de Bonaventure, sent to Quebec, and thence to France in Sept., 1692, where Tyng died in prison. Edward the son became prominent in military and naval affairs. 26 June, 1744, in the Boston Town meeting "It was Unanimously Voted, That the Thanks of the Town be given to Capt. Edward Tyng Commander of the Province Snow for the great Service he has done in taking and bringing in to this Harbour a French Privateer Sloop belonging to Cape Briton Mounting Sixteen Guns and Mann'd with Ninety four Men Commanded by Capt Delabroitz, which has been Cruising in our Bay for several days past; and that the Selectmen desired to present the same to him accordingly." Boston merchants at the same time presented a silver cup of one hundred ounces.

At the Siege of Louisburg in 1745 he commanded the Massachusetts Frigate. He died in Boston in 1755. His only surviving child was Col. William Tyng, who was a proscribed loyalist, and went to St. John, New Brunswick, six lots in that place being granted him. He resided there till 1784, at Georgetown, 1785, and settled at Gorham, Me., in 1793, where he died 10 Dec., 1807. He was commissioned a colonel by Gage in 1774, and was chief justice of the Court of Judicature in New Brunswick.

AN INVENTION TO PRESERVE THE TOWN OF BOSTON.

May it please the Governour of the Province of the Massachusetts to heare the following picie of Nuse Viz —

That here is of late Inventions Contrived in Such maner that may be of Grate Use to Sudenly Defeate a ffleet of Ships of war if they should Come to Anoy your town of Boston

But as I am altogether a Stranger and unknown to the Governour this may seem as an Idle Tale unless I should offer Sum further Curcumstances besides my own relating of the matters of fact.

And therefore I must further relate the matter thus Some parts of these Schemes came under my notice last December and were further Ripened in the month of february

And then I thought fitt to Comunicate them to the Governour of philadelphia for their Safety. And in my way I called to See the Governour of the Jerseys and Shewed to him my Schemes upon which he wass pleased to write the following letter —

TRENTON, february 23d 1740

Sir / the bearer hereof Josiah Quinby has been long a Neighbour of mine in the province of NewYork, has a very Good machanical head and has been successfull in several projections he is now upon a Scheme of an Extraordinary nature that will be of use and wonderfull advantage Especially to these American parts and particularly to your City of philadelphia, If it Succeeds, one part of it is by five Vessels contrived and managed in a particular manner to destroy any Number of Ships of war comeing to Atack any Seaport or place Scituate upon a navigable river and that without much danger to the defendents or place beseiged the other is by machines of no Grate Expence, to burn the Sailes or riging of any Such Ships and in probability the Ships them Selves in case the burneing the Sails will do it before or as soon as they can reach the place he has a large Share of natural Abelities of mind and being a Quaker is willing to believe his Scheme will not prove unacceptable to friends being Calculated only to destroy Ships and not to take away the lives of men he has Comunecated his Schemes to me as I Suppose he will to you and Mr. penn if you desire it, but in such a maner as not to be made publick without his Consent, to me who have not a Competent Knowledg, in the machines, to form a proper Judgment Concerning them, they carry an appearance of probability, but you may have some Knowing men that may discover their defects or render them more for the purpose intended than they are — should there be any occasion to use them, which I hope you never will have and am

Sir Your most humble Servant

LEWIS MORRIS

To the Honourable
GEORGE THOMAS ESQR
Governour of pensilvania

I went to Philadelphia and the governour there liked my Inventions full as well as governour morris had done, and Urged the putting them in Execution but the Country opposed that and all Defence and would make none but Since that time I have altered and much amended my Schemes and four Considerable men have offered it to the Assembly in New York as follows

To The Honourable the house of Representatives for the province of New York now Sitting.

The Representation of
John Ward, Jonathan Lawrance
& Gabriel Leggett Esq^rs and
Major John Budd.

Sets forth

That wee have seen m^r. Josiah Quinbys Six late Inventions and to us there seems to be grate power of Defence in them against an Enemy, who shall Come to Invade new York or other Citys Either in America or Elswhere Some of them wee think will Considerably Effect his majesties Navy and be a Strong bulwark to help secure many Citys in this nation and that without any very grate charge, One of his Said Inventions wee think will be a very grate help to secure new York from Invasions by Sea

And that is he hath Contrived a way to Spring Graplings with chaines to grate advantage Either from of the Shore or from one Vessel to another he Can Cause them to Jump into the riging of Ships so that a thousand men cannot Easeyly Git them off in a Surprise

Wee have good reason to believe that one man Can move Easeyly and Effectually Spring a Hundred Graplings into the riging of an Enemys Ship by and with the new Invention than a hundred men Can Spring one grapling into Said Riging by all or any of the Inventions which have been in Use heretofore in the navy of England and if our Enemys Shiping Should Come to an Ancor in New York harbour, by this power of catching and holding fast and by some other of his new Contrivences depending thereon wee can Easyly show you that our Enemy Cannot stand here before us, for it makes this Invention so strong that Each of us (With this Invention a very large Wood Boat or a little Sea-Sloop and two or three more hands to Assist) had much rather fight a forty Gun Ship without any more help than to fight a forty Gun Ship with a nother forty gun Ship of Equal force in the Usual way of fighting and by this Invention we think wee should be in less danger our selves than to fight Ships with Ships as Afore Said, and a grate deal more likely to prevail Victoriously against our Enemy.

And in this Said Invention there is an admirable Advantage to be had by night against any bomb Ships that Shall lye within two or three miles of a town to throw their Bombs therein for they may Quickly be Defeated or Destroyed.

In Conclusion we are so confirmed in the power of this Invention Concerning fighting and defeating of Shipping as Afore Said that if you think New York is not Every way Sufficienty fortified with forts and Batterys all ready against the Strongest Invasions by Sea then you may Chuse a Safe Committe (that will keep secresy as farr as this Case requires) to see this Invention and wee will present it to them in such a light as they will well Understand it, And if they on Deliberate Consideration think with us that it will be a powerfull defence wee are then ready to undertake on reasonable

termes to destroy or defeate the first french or Spanish Ships of War that shall Come to Anoy new York.

And as to Mr Quinbys part he says you may take and Use this Invention for your own Safety and Allow him what you your Selves Judge reasonable for his projecting for you — Gentlemen wee waite your Answers & are

Your Most Humbl Servants

JOHN WARD
JONATHAN LAWRANCE
GABRIEL LEGGETT
JOHN BUDD

P.S. What we Mean by our offering to Serve the Government on reasonable Terms as Aforesaid may be, that you may pay us well for our time and atendence on Said Affair untill the Enemy Comes for wee must be prepared in readiness. Wee shall further desire that if the Enemy should come, in Consideration of our venturing our lives in Boarding them and giving them a Sudden defeate that you will grant to us (that perform the Action) all the Ships that wee shall take or Drive ashoar and the ruens of Those that wee shall burn for that wee are resolved that if wee do undertake wee will Endeavour to Sweep the harbour and destroy or drive all said Ships before us and that in the utmost hast for wee take this Invention with its Utensils to be Such that one man will Chase a hundred and a few will put ten thousand to flight &

Altho the author levels his Schemes and projections for to Destroy Ships coming to Invade Countrys or Citys yett he prescribes apt ways to Save the lives of all his offending Enemies in their Said Attempt. Except Some Accident should happen to some few. For by his said Schemes he points out Such a method that by our Saving said Enemys lives makes the victory more Certain on our Side and our own lives much the more Secured in the Act of Defeating their Ships, and tho this Seems to be Contrary to all the Common rules of warr yett it will be a grate help to us

Dated the 20th May, 1741.

JOHN WARD,
JONATHAN LAWRANCE,
GABRIEL LEGGETT,
JOHN BUDD.

Copy

The above now lyes before the house to Consider of and I am now a building of a little Sloop with a model of the Inventions to send to the King and parliament and lords of the Admiralty.

I am advised to send one also with Speed to Admiral Vernon.

I intend to come or send a man to you to Boston with a Compleet model and relation of the whole

And if it shall appear there be power and strong defence in it then I Desire that the Governour may Recomend it to the Representatives of your government.

And if they shall Accept of these Inventions and receive Security thereby I hope they will do what is reasonable for the projector

Who is yours to Serve

JOSIAH QUINBY.

To the Governour
of Boston
a Coppy
June 10 1741

The Aforegoing is a Coppy of what I sent by the way of Rhode Island and now I being under some Disadvantage Cannot Come my Self —

Therefore I herewith Send my trusty friend and townsman Jonathan Lawrance to present in my Stead to the Governour and Council a Model of the before mention^{d} Inventions tho not to be made too publik lest the Enemy Should Come to the Knowledg thereof & Use it to our hurt. And if you Judg that these Contrivences will be an Advantage and Security to you I hope you will take the best opportunity that you can to Incourage the projictor — who is yours to Serve

JOSIAH QUINBY

P.S. If the Governour & Council pleases I should be glad That you Would Write by my s^{d} Trusty friend and thereby lett me know how far you approve of or like these Inventions

And I Shall Take it as a favour
at your hands —
And am Yours as Aforesaid

JOSIAH QUINBY

Winchester
the 10 July 1741

PATRIOTIC VOLUNTEERS.

To his Excelly^{enc} Jonathan Belcher Esq Capt General And Governour in Cheife of ye Massachusetts Bay, may it please your Excellency these few Lines Come to Inform you that I have waited patiently this Twenty Long years past for Such an Expedition as in now on foot for ye Island of Cuba, and being particularly acquainted with s^{d} Island and all its Harbours from ye Il^{d} of Pines to ye Havanna I thought it my Bounden Duty to Let your Excellency know of it; being well assured that Good Pilots are very necessary in such an Important Expedition, Moreover I Deem it may be very agreeable to your Excellency to Give your Excellency a good and true Intelligence of the Strength & number of their fighting Men at the Havana for above 20 Years Past y.y Could make 9000 fighting men and without Doubt at this present Juncture 10000 Besides a great Number of New Auxiliaries, which consonant with a modest Computation will Surpass General Cathcart's army in Numbers for which reason I think your Excellency is Much in ye Right of it to Send 10 Companies The Havanna is Scituate at ye West Southwest End of Cuba & Lies Directly opposite to Cape Florida a distant

46 Leagues from thence Florida Gulf Commences ye Clime at ye West End of s^d Island is Exceeding Temperate (Especially) from ye 10th of November till about ye 7th of May it is a Rich and fruitful Soil as any in ye Indies I have been on it upwards of twenty times it abound with all manner of fruits & for Cattle & hogs it Exceeds all ye Indies for production of those kinds So humbly beging your Excellency^s Pardon for my presumption I Crave Leave to Subscribe my Self your Excellencies Most humble and Obedient Servt to Comm^d.

EBEN BAKER

Marlboro Sep. 6th ye 1^s 1740

P.S. If your Excellency has any Service for me in s^d Expedition fiting for a Gentlemen I am at your Service. I design in Case I am invited to go on s^d Expedition to be ye very first person that shall Enter ye City of the Havanna &c

Jn Porter Navigator.

SAILING OF THE TRANSPORTS.

PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY } Sailing Orders to Captain Thomas Jenkins Master of the Transport Brigantine Elizabeth.

By His Excellency the Governour.

These are to direct you forthwith to take on board the Transport Brigantine Elizabeth whereof you are Master, the Foot Company under the particular Command of Captain Thomas Phillips raised for His Majesty's Service in the Expedition against the King of Spain's Dominions in the West Indies whereof the Right Honourable the Lord Cathcart is Commander in Chief: And then Proceed with the first fair wind to the Harbour of sandy Hook within the Province of New York and there Anchor, and go from thence in Person to the City of New York and there Wait on the Honourable Colonel William Blakeny, and take His Order, for your further Proceeding towards the Place of Rendezvous for His Majesty's American Troops; and from thence proceed according to such Orders as you shall receive from the Honourable Colonel William Gooch[1] Commander in Chief of the said American Troops, Or the Commander in Chief of the said Troops, for the Time being, till you Arrive at the Place of General Rendezvous of His Majesty's Forces under the Command of the Right Honourable the Lord Cathcart Commander in Chief of all His Majesty's Forces for the said Expedition, and there apply yourself to His Lordship (Or the Commander in

[1] Col. William Gooch was born in Yarmouth, Eng., 21 Oct., 1681.

He served under Marlborough and in the rebellion of 1715. In the campaign of 1740–1 his health was greatly impaired by wounds and the climate. He was appointed a brigadier general in 1746 in the army raised for the invasion of Canada, but declined; he was also made a baronet in 1746, and in 1747 a major general. He was governor of Virginia 1727–1749. He returned to England in August in 1749, where he died 17 Dec., 1751.

Chief of the said Forces for the Time being) and follow his Instructions in your further proceeding. And if Colonel Blakeny shall have left New York before your Arrival there, you must proceed to the Place of Rendezvous between the Capes of Virginia According to such Information of the particular Place as you shall obtain at New York: And if Colonel Gooch and the Forces with him should happen to be gone forward before your Arrival at Virginia, you must proceed to the Place of General Rendezvous in the West Indies according to your best Information. And upon your Arrival at the Place of General Rendezvous aforesaid you are to be in the immediate Service and in the Pay of His Majesty till your Return to this Place, as you will find by His Majesty's Instructions to Me, Copy whereof you have herewith delivered you. — You must take care that the Provisions laid in for your Company and the Company of Soldiery transported in your Vessel be carefully Husbanded (the men having their Usual Allowance of Provisions) And see that there be no waste, or Embezzelment thereof, And when you and the Company Transported by you shall be at His Majesty's finding, if there should then be any of the Provisions belonging to the Province remaining in your Hands, You must dispose of it to the best Advantage, And be accomptable to this Government for the same.

Given under my Hand at Boston, the Nineteenth Day of September, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Forty: In the Fourteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign —

J. BELCHER.

BOSTON Sept. 20. 1740

Then Receiv'd of His Excellency the Governor Sailing Orders, whereof this is a true Copy — Which Orders I Promise faithfully to Obey. —

THOS. JENKINS

The Ship	Portsmouth,	Samuel Waterhouse	Master
"	Hope	John Snelling	"

The Snow John, Samuel Waterhouse Mast (to take Capt Goff's Co)

The Brigantine Cato, Rich[d] Walker Master (to take Capt Stuarts Co)

were taken up for his Majesty's Service as transports and received similar sailing orders

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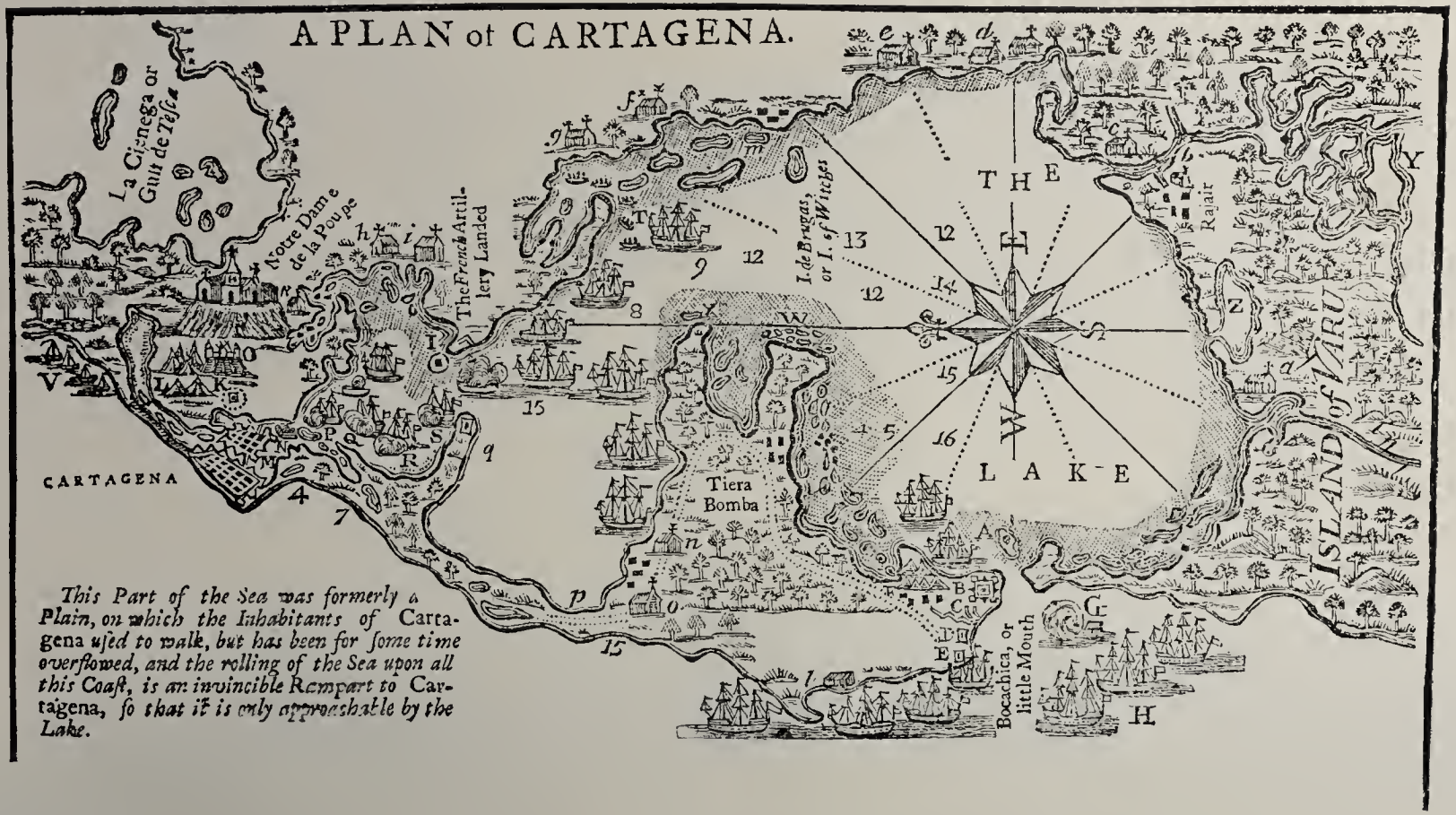
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE, MAY 19.

Published by Authority.

Extract of Letters from Vice-Admiral Vernon and Brigadier Wentworth, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Forces in the West-Indies, to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, one of his Majesty's Principle Secretaries of State, dated in Cartagena Harbour, April 1, 1741.

On Feb. 25, Vice-Adm. Vernon weigh'd Anchor from Irish Bay in Hispaniola, with the Squadron and Transports under his Command, being in all

A PLAN of CARTAGENA.



This Part of the Sea was formerly a Plain, on which the Inhabitants of Cartagena *used to walk, but has been for some time overflowed, and the rolling of the Sea upon all this Coast, is an invincible Rampart to* Cartagena, *so that it is only approachable by the Lake.*

124 Sail; and on March 4, in the Evening, they anchor'd in Playa Grande (formerly a Plain) to Windward of the Town of Cartagena.

On the 9th, Sir Chaloner Ogle (who was appointed to command the Attack of the Forts and Batteries on Tierra Bomba) mov'd forward with his Division; and Vice-Adm. Vernon weigh'd and mov'd after him with his Division, and all the Transports, leaving Mr Lectock with his Division at Anchor behind. The small Fort of Chamba [See Fort (l) in the Plan] fired a few Guns, but was deserted as soon as the Ship posted there began to fire. At a Fascine Battery erected between that and the Fort St. Jago, the Enemy had not Time to mount any Guns, so there was no Fire from thence; and the Norfolk, Russel, and Shrewsbury, being anchor'd very close under the Forts [D, E] of St. Jago and St. Phillip, made so warm a Fire, that in less than an Hour they drove the Enemy out of them; and the same Evening our Grenadiers made a Descent under the Walls of those Forts, and took Possession of them.

The 10th, the two Regiments of Harrison and Wentworth, and the six Regiments of Marines, landed without Opposition.

On the 11th, we got our Tents and Tools ashore, clear'd the Ground and encamp'd.

All the Artillery and Ordnance Stores were brought ashore by the 15th.

The Admiral having Notice from Brig. Wentworth, that his Men were galled by the Fire of a Fascine Battery from the opposite Side of the Harbour, call'd the Barradera Side [or the Island of Varu] sent Boats with a Number of Men, The Boats commanded by Capt. Watson, of the Admiral's own Ship, with the Captains Norris and Colby under him; and the Men when landed, were to be commanded by Capt. Boscawen, having under him the Captains Laws and Coates. They landed about a Mile to the Leeward of this Fascine Battery, which was of 15 twenty-four Pounders, under a small Battery of 5 Guns, which they knew nothing of; but they leap'd resolutely into it, and surprised the Enemy, so as to receive but little Damage, and secured those Cannon. This gave an Alarm to the Enemy at the other, who had Time to point two of their Guns against us, but with little Effect; and our Men rushing on boldly, made themselves Masters of that also, and kept Possession of them till they had spiked up all their Guns, tore up and burnt their Platforms with the Carriages, and brought off six wounded Prisoners, with an inconsiderable Loss on our Side. This Success was a great Relief to our Troops on the other Shore.

Brigadier Wentworth has caused a Battery of Mortars to be raised, which much incommoded the Enemy in the Castle of Boccachica [B] and on the 22d a Battery of 20 twenty four Pounders began to play upon that Castle. The Enemy in the mean Time being diligently at work repairing the Fascine Battery, had got two Guns mounted to play from thence, and were working to add more; upon which the Admiral order'd a Ship close under the Shore to rake that Battery.

On the 23d, Commodore Lestock in the Boyne, with the Prince Frederick, Hampton-Court, Suffolk, and Tilbury, went in to batter Boccachica Castle

and the Enemy's Ships; but the Boyne falling to Leeward, and being open to much of the Enemy's Fire, was call'd off that Evening; the rest continu'd there; and the Princess Amelia, that was fallen further to Leeward than was intended, lay fair to silence the new-mounted Guns on the Fascine Battery, and did so accordingly, which was a great Preservative to the Men playing our Battery ashore, and in the Camp, as the Enemy's Shot went over the Hill into the Camp.

On the 24th our Ships renew'd their Fire; but the Prince Frederick and Hampton-Court being much gall'd by the Shot from the Enemy's Ships, were call'd off; on which Station his Majesty lost a brave Officer in Lord Aubrey Beauclerc, Commander of the Prince Frederick, who would have been an Honour to his noble Family and his Country, being of a sedate as well as a resolute Temper. About Noon the Admiral sent all his Boats again to the Attack of the Fascine Battery, where the Enemy had mounted six Guns; but our Men who landed from the Boats having Time and Day-light for it, destroy'd the Guns, broke up all the Platforms, set everything on Fire, and drew some of our Boats over a Neck of Land, and boarded and burnt a Sloop that lay there to supply that Battery with Ammunition.

A tolerable Breach being made in Boccachica, Brigadier Wentworth came off on the 25th, to give the Admiral an Account of his Intentions to assault the Breach an Hour before Night. Upon which the Admiral made a Signal for the Boats again, and sent them in to make a seasonable Diversion, under the chief Command of his Engineer, Capt. Knowles, who carried with him some Coehorn Mortars and Patareroes, which it was judged might be used against St. Joseph's Fort [A]. Capt. Knowles had with him the Captains Watson, Cotes, Dennis, Cleland, and Broderick. They gote to the Fascine Battery, and landed and drew their Men together before the Time of our Forces marching to the Attack of Boccachica Castle, which must have contributed to throw the Enemy into some Confusion, Our Grenadiers, at the Time Brigadier Wentworth had appointed, mov'd in very good Order to the Assault, expecting a vigorous Resistance; but, to his great Surprize, as soon as our Grenadiers began to mount the Breach, the Enemy fled out of the Castle, without firing one Musket Shot.

Immediately after this the Enemy began to set Fire to one of their Ships; where upon our Men observing the Consternation they were in, resolved to row in their Boats close under the Lee Shore, and storm St. Joseph's Fort from their Boats, which they did accordingly, and found only three drunken Spaniards. Flush'd with this Success, and finding the Enemy were upon sinking their Ships, they row'd, as they were now got within the Boom, and boarded the Admiral Don Blas's own Ship the Galicia, in which they took Prisoners the Captain of the Ship, the Captain of the Marines, an Ensign, and sixty Men, who not having had Boats to escape in, had delay'd sinking the Ship till they could have got off. This done, our Men went and cut the Boom, to make all clear for the Ships the next Day, leaving Officers and Men on board the Galicia, where they had found both Flag and Colours flying, and an Officer in St. Joseph's Fort.

On the 26th, the Admiral hasten'd into the Harbour, to make proper Dispositions; but though he had nothing to do but to get in, he found it matter of Difficulty, especially as the Enemy had sunk the San Carlos and Africa in the best of the Channel, and the St. Philip, which they had burnt and blown up, was yet burning on the Lee Shore; so that the Admiral was above three Hours working through, after he anchor'd in the Narrows, before he could get to sail up the Harbour, which he did about two Leagues the same Evening. And our getting in now was the more providential, as we have had very blowing Weather ever since. The same Evening there got in with the Admiral the Burford and Orford of his Division.

The 27th, The Admiral gave Orders to Capt. Griffin, in the Burford, with Ld. Augustus Fitzroy, in the Orford, to advance as fast as the Wind would let them, for posting themselves across the Harbour, as near as they could just without Gunshot of [1] Castillo Grande, for cutting it off from all Communication by Water as soon as might be; which they could move but slowly in, the Wind blowing right down the Harbour. The same day the Worcester got up to the Admiral, who sent her to anchor close to a Wharf where there was a good Crane, and a Spring of Water, which he thought necessary to secure for the Service of the Fleet. The Weymouth, with Captain Knowles, getting in the same Afternoon, the Admiral sent him with the Cruizer Sloop to destroy the Enemy's Batteries at Passo Cavallos, and to seize what Hulks were there, which he executed the 28th, having destroy'd two Batteries of eight Guns on each Side the Entrance into Passo Cavallos [e] and rendered those Guns unserviceable, by spiking them up and knocking off their Trunnions, and brought out four large Hulks that may be very useful to us for our second descent, and the Watering our Ships.

Sir Chaloner Ogle got in with his Ship the 27th at Night, and the 28th work'd up between the Admiral and his two advanced Guards; but there are only got up to him yet of his Division, the Rippon, Jersey and the Experiment.

The Torbay and the two Fire-ships of the Admiral's Division got up to him the 30th in the Morning, as did the Evening of the same Day the Chichester, of his Division, and two Bomb-Ketches.

The Enemy are acting in a sort of Despondency, having sunk all their Galleons and other Ships across the Mouth of the upper Part of their Harbour above Castillo Grande, except the Conquistador and Dragon, the two remaining Men of War of the King of Spain's, and a Ship wearing French Colours, in order entirely to choak up that Channel into the upper Part of the Harbour.

On the 30th, in the Evening, the Admiral ordered his Engineer, Captain Knowles, in the Weymouth, to discover what he could of the Enemy: He getting that Night a little above the Admiral's advanced Guards, observed the Enemy were very busy in moving about with thirteen Launches, and the next Morning he discovered, that they had sunk their two remaining Men of

[1] Castillo Grandee, on the point of the neck of land, marked (q), formerly called S. Cruz. (See plan aforesaid.)

War, the Conquistador and Dragon, both of sixty Guns, and were removing things out of Castillo Grande, of which he immediately gave notice to Sir Chaloner Ogle, who lay between the Admiral and his advanced Guards, the Burford and Orford: He ordered Capt. Knowles to advance with his Ship and fire on the Castle, to see if they would return it, which he observing they did not, immediately made the Signal for the Boats mann'd and arm'd, who row'd up directly to the Castle, and took Possession of it without Opposition. The Admiral has made Capt. Knowles Governor of it, he being well qualified to make his Remarks from it, how we may take our Advantages to push on still succesfully.

We hope soon to get in all our Bomb-Ketches to play upon the Town; and we shall now be able to land our Forces within a League of the Town, which could not have been done nearer than three Leagues, without our being Masters of Castillo Grande.

And now we are in full Possession, we may truly say, it was as narrow a Channel, as difficult of Access, and as good a Disposition made to defend it, as we can apprehend to be any where in the World, for the Enemy had above two Hundred Pieces of Cannon from Forts, Batteries, and Ships, that lay all to play upon any thing coming in, within the Compass of a Mile round.

The 1st of April in the Morning the Admiral got to an Anchor in his own Ship, close by Castillo Grande; and is getting some of his Ships at work, to try to heave the Masts out of the sunk Ships to make a Channel over those sunk in deepest Water, that his Ships may get in to secure a safe Descent to the Army, under the Fire of our Guns; it being resolved in a Council of War to use all possible Expedition to cut off the Communication of the Town on the Land side, and to make a Descent at the most convenient Place nearest the Town. Some of our Officers were killed by the Enemy's Cannon, amongst whom are Col. Douglas, Col. Watson of the Train, Lieut. Col. Sandford, Mr. Moor the chief Ingineer, and Lieut. Irwin.

Since we wrote last from Jamaica, Capt. Douglas has taken two Spanish Prizes coming from St. Jago for this Port; Capt. Trevor, who was cruizing of Santa Martha, has taken a Register Ship, and an Avise, both from Cadiz, bound to this Port, with Letters of the 2d of February, N. S. and Capt. Mostyn, in the Deptford, cruizing to the Leeward of this Port, has taken a small Spanish Ship from Ferrol, and a Snow from Porto Bello, which had been to carry a Battalion from hence thither.

Note

"So far the London Gazette, — a Paper on this Occasion so acceptable to the Public, that the Press could not keep Pace with the Demand; the Sale continuing (in some Places at an additional Price) till the setting out of the Post at One next Morning.

"—— Such an Incident formerly would have contributed much to the making a Printer's Fortune; but since the Multiplicity of News-Papers published every Week, and the Custom of transcribing from one another, the Publisher of any important Account, however dearly purchased, has the benefit but of one Day's Sale, the common News-Presses being immediately set to work

upon it. And yet, ridiculous as it may seem, some concerned in these Practices, are the People who, if they barely imagine that Reprisals are made upon them, raise the greatest Outcry."

SAILING AND FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN TO THE FLEET ON THEIR SAILING FROM JAMAICA, BY EDWARD VERNON,[1] ESQ., VICE-ADMIRAL OF THE BLUE, AND COMMANDER IN CHIEF OF ALL HIS MAJESTY'S SHIPS AND VESSELS IN THE WEST INDIES.

LINE OF BATTLE.

The Princess Amelia to lead with the Starboard, and the Suffolk with the Larboard Tacks on Board. But if I shall find it necessary from the different Motions of the Enemy, to change our Order of Battle, to have those who are now appointed to lead on the Starboard Tack, to continue to lead the Fleet on the Larboard Tack on our going about, or those now to lead on the Larboard Tack, on the contrary to do the same, as the Exigency of the Service may require; I will, with my Signal for Tacking, hoist a Dutch Jack on the Flag Staff, under the Union Flag, the usual Signal for Tacking, when they are to continue to lead the Fleets on their respective Tacks accordingly.

Rear Admiral of the Blue, Sir Chaloner Ogle.

Frigates.	Rates.	Ships Names.	Captains.	Men.	Guns.
	3d.	Princess Amelia	Hemmington	600	80
	4th.	Windsor	Berkley	400	60
Experiment		York	Coates	400	60
Sheemess	3d.	Norfolk	Graves	600	80
Vesuvius Fireship Terrible Bomb		Russel	Sir Cha. Ogle Capt Norris	615	80

[1] Edward Vernon, b. 12 Nov., 1684, at Westminster, Eng., was descended from the Vernons of Normandy through Warnie de Vernon, 4th Baron of Shipbrooke, time of Henry III. He went to sea in 1702 as 2d Lieut. of the Resolution. He commanded the Dolphin 1706, Assistance 1714, Grafton 1726. He was made Vice-Admiral of the Blue 9 July, 1739. He was for many years an opposition member of Parliament, having been returned for Dunwich, Suffolk, in 1721 and Penryn, Cornwall, in 1722 and 1727. On his dismissal by George II. in 1746 for publishing two pamphlets containing letters written by the Secretaries of State and Admiralty, he retired to Nacton, Suffolk, from whence he was returned to Parliament from Ipswich in 1747 and 1754. Nacton is on the north-east bank of the river Orwell, four miles south-east of Ipswich. On his death, 29 Oct., 1757, most of his fortune was left to his nephew Francis Vernon, who rebuilt his uncle's residence and called the place Orwell Park. The nephew was one of the Commissioners of the Board of Trade, and was created Lord Orwell in 1761 and Earl Shipbrook in 1777. On his death in 1783 the title became extinct and his estates passed to John Vernon, Esq., whose heiress carried them by marriage to Sir Robert Harland, Bart. Later it became the seat of Col. George Tomline, J.P., and the buildings were enlarged in 1873 and an observatory attached. The park contains 153 acres.

Frigates.	Rates.	Ships Names.	Captains.	Men.	Guns.
Phaeton		Shrewsbury	Townsend	600	80
Goodley	4th.	Rippon	Jolley	400	60
		Litchfield	Cleveland	300	50
		Jersey	Lawrence	400	60
		Tilbury	Long	400	60

Vice Admiral of the Blue, Vernon.

Frigates.	Rates.	Ships Names.	Captains.	Men.	Guns.
Squirrel	3d.	Orford	Ld. Aug. Fitzroy	480	70
Shoreham	4th.	Princess Louisa	Stapleton	400	60
Eleanor		Augusta	Dennison	400	60
Seahorse		Worcester	Perry Mayne	400	60
Strumbolo	3d.	Chichester	Robert Trevor	600	80
Success		Princess Caroline	Adm. Vernon / Capt. Watson	620	80
Vulcan		Torbay	Gascoigne	600	80
Cumberland	4th.	Strafford	Tho. Trevor	400	60
Alderrey Bomb		Weymouth	Knowles	400	60
Pompey		Deptford	Moyston	400	60
Brig. Tender	3d.	Burford	Griffen	480	70

Commodore Lestock's Division.

Frigates.	Rates.	Ships Names.	Captains.	Men.	Guns.
	4th.	Defiance	John Trevor	400	60
		Dunkirk	Cooper	400	60
Astrea		Lyon	Cotterel	400	60
Wolf Sloop	3d.	Prince Frederic	Ld. A. Beauclerc	480	70
Ætna		Boyne	Com. Lestock / Capt. Colby	600	80
Firebrand		Hampton Court	Dent	480	70
Virgin Queen	4th.	Falmouth	Douglass	300	50
		Montague	Chambers	300	60
	3d.	Suffolk	Davers	480	70

Signals.

When the Admiral would speak with the Captain of any Ship undermentioned, he will raise a pendant, as against the Ship's Name, and of the Colour set above it; if a Lieutenant, the same Signal with a Weft of the Ensign; and if a Boat without an Officer, the Weft will be hoisted but half Staff up. Memorandum, when I would have any of the Fireships, Bombs or Tenders, taken in tow at the same Time I make the Signal for the Ship that is to tow, and for the Ship that is to be tow'd, I will hoist up a Flag Blue and White, at the Flag-staff of the Main-top-mast-head.

Red	White	Blue	Yellow.		
Boyne	Pfs. Amelia	Chichester	Terrible	Main	top-Mast-head
Norfolk	Suffolk	Shrewsbury	Elenor,	Fore	
Worcester	Lyon	Defiance	Etna	Mizen	
Tilbury	Squirrel	Torbay	Firebrand	Starbd	Main-topsail Yard-arm
Windsor	Pfs. Louisa	Falmouth	Vesuvius	Larbd	
Burford	P. Frederick	Strafford	Phaeton	Starbd	Fore-topsail Yard-arm.
Montague	Orford	Weymouth	Strombolo	Larbd	
Shoreham	Augusta	Pfs. Caroline	Success	Starbd	Mizen-topsail Yard-arm
Hamptoncourt	Dunkirk	Jersey	Vulcan	Larbd	
Litchfield	Lud. Castle	Deptford	Cumberland	Starbd	Main-yard-arm
Experiment	Rippon	York	Alderney	Larbd	
Sea Horse	Sheemess	Russell	Brig Tender	Starbd	Fore-yard-arm
Astrea	Wolf		Virgin Qu.	Larbd	
			Pompey	Starbd	Cross-jack-yard-arm
			Goodley	Larbd	

When the Ships are in Line of Battle, the Frigates, Fireships, Bombs and Tenders, are to keep on the opposite Side of the Enemy, when I make the Signal in Line of Battle, for the Van of the Fleet to tack first in order to gain the Windward of the Enemy, then each Ship is to tack in the Head-most Ships weak, for losing no Ground. For all other Signals they are referr'd to the General printed Sailing and Fighting Instructions, and such other additional instructions as you received from me.

VERNON MEDALS.

One of the 166 varieties issued.

Extracts of other Letters from Cartagena.

A Gentleman from on board the Shrewsbury writes thus: — As our Ship was one of them ordered to the Attack of the Forts St. Jago and St. Philip, our Cable was unluckily shot before we could bring her up, and we drove

towards the Mouth of the Harbour, into the midst of the Enemy, having a Battery of 15 Guns, the Forts of *Bocca chica* and St. Joseph, with four Men of War, all firing at us together, with about 160 Guns, which we could return only with 26. In this Situation we engaged seven Hours, when, to our no small Joy, Night coming on, put a stop to the Enemy's firing, and we weighed our Anchor, and went about our Business. We had 20 Men killed and 40 wounded, 16 Shot between Wind and Water, 250 Shot in our Hull, and our Masts, Yards, and Rigging shot to Pieces. — After we had got Possession of the Forts *Chamba*, *St. Philip*, and *St. Jago*, we landed 500 Men of the Artillery, who built a Battery of 20 Guns [see p. 264, H] with Fascines and Bags of Sand in ten Days, in a Wood, upon a Hill, standing between the above mentioned Forts and *Bocca chica*, a strong Fort garrisoned with 300 Men. As our Men were concealed by the Wood from the View of the Enemy, they knew nothing of what was done, till the Negroes having cut down the Trees by Night, the Battery in the Morning opened against one of the Points of *Bocca chica* Castle, called St. Sebastian. The Facine Battery on the *Baradera* Side [see p. 264, D. E. F.] was taken in half and Hour, with the Loss of only four Men on our Side.

Some Letters mention, that the Admirals Vernon and Ogle, with Gen. Wentworth, being in one Ship, taking a View of the Forts, were drove to Leeward, and entirely exposed to the Enemy's Fire, but were relieved by the Commander of one of his Majesty's Sloops, who observing their Danger, went and brought them off. — Also, that twelve Spanish Men of War having sailed from Cartagena, three Days before Admiral Vernon's Arrival there, he had resolved to send fifteen Men of War after them, to protect the English Settlements from any Attempts that might be made upon them, or intercept the Dons if bound for Europe.

In this Enterprise Colonel Douglass had his Head shot off. Colonel Sandford his Back broke in his Tent by a Shot. Lord Aubrey Beauclerc both his Legs shattered, and afterwards cut off. Colonel Watson his Thigh broke. Col. Moor of the Marines, and Lieut. Irwin with the Colours in his Hand, fell, and about 400 others killed and wounded

The Sailors hearing there are 15 Millions in the City, expect all to make their Fortunes, and to be sailing for Britain in two Months, where they hope to enjoy themselves, and drink their Admiral's Health along with their Friends.

LIST OF THE DEATHS IN THE ARMY FOR THE YEAR 1741.

The following Officers were killed in the Attack upon Fort Lazar, April 9th.
Colonel Grant, Lieut. Col. Thompson
Captains. — Robinson, Adair, Berkett
First Lieutenants. — Hughes, Prideaux, Medlicott.
Second Lieutenants. — Smith.
Died thro' the Inclemency of the Climate.
Col. Moreton, Lt. Col. Blagrave, Major Dawson.

ENTRANCE TO THE PORT OF CARTHAGENA.

This Ballot Box made of a piece of the old Charter Oak is presented to the Society of Colonial Wars of Conn. by Clarence Catlin Hungerford, Esq. a descendant of Joseph Wadsworth who hid the Charter.
The Gavel also of Charter Oak is presented by Ralph William Cutler, Esq. a descendant of Governor George Wyllys the original owner of the tree.

The Handle of the Gavel is made from a piece of an old oak beam of Governor Wyllys' house.

Tiffany & Co.

Captains. — Whiteford, Dennet, Sharpless, Johnston, Noyes, Ingoldsby, Corbett, Harris, Baldwin, Ouchterlony, Kynaston.

First Lieuten. — Gregson, Walder, Morris, Whitewell, Jones, Jennison, Bradie, Majoribanks.

Second Lieuts. — Cathcart, Cathcart.

Dr. Martin first Physician.

Captains Hemmington of the Princess Amelia,
Townsend of the Booth Frigate, } Transports.
Ellis of the Swan

DEATHS AND PROMOTIONS IN AMERICA.

PROMOTIONS.

Rank they went out	Rank promoted to.
Wentworth's Regiment.	
Capt. Harman	Major to Whynyard's.
Capt. Lieut. Boswell	Capt. to the Americans.
Lieut. Lane	Capt. in Wentworth's.
Lieut. Pinson	Capt. in Wentworth's.
Lieut. Godfrey	Capt. in Wentworth's.
Capt. Lieut. Ossulstone	Major to Cotterell's.
Lieut. Rufane, Capt.	Major to Wentworth's.
Lieut. Browne, Capt.	Maj. to the Americans.
Lieut. Speed, Capt.	Maj: to the Americans.
Lieut. Hart	Capt. in Cavendish's.
Lieut. Shamirie	Capt. in Moreton's.
Lieut. Philips	Capt. in Cavendish's.
Harrison's Regiment.	
Major Loftus	Lt. Col. to Robinson's M.
Capt. De Laune	Lt. Col. to Cotterell's.
Capt. Campbell	Lt. Col to the Americans.
Lieut. John Bell	Capt. in Harrison's.
Lieut. Ledieres	Capt. in Douglas's.
Ensign Robert Bell	Capt. in Harrison's.
Ensign Briscow	Capt. in Harrison's.
Ensign Alenson	Capt. in Harrison's.
Fleming's Regiment.	
Capt. Hamilton	Major to Harrison's.
Moreton's Marines, now Cotterell's.	
Capt. Damar	Major to Lowther's.
Capt. Lynd	Capt. to Cavendish's.
Capt. Jackson	Capt. to Fleming's.
Capt. Lieut. Bruce	Capt. to Cotterell's.

Rank they went out.	Rank promoted to.
Lieut. Webb	Capt. to Cotterell's.
Lieut. Shadwell	Capt. to Cotterell's.
Lieut. Hugh Murray	Capt. Lt. to Cotterell's.

Wolfe's Marines.

Lieut. Col. Cotterell,	Colonel of Moreton's.
Lieuts. { Carr, Dean Poyntz, Ingoldsby, Slater, Magrath, Cotterell, }	Capts. in Wolfe's

Lowther's Marines.

Lieut. Col. Frazer	Lt. Col. to Harrison's.
Major Edmondstone	Lt. Col. to Wynyard's.
Capt. Lieut. Steuart	Capt. in Lowther's.
Lieut. Foulkes	Capt. in Lowther's.
Lieut. Jephson	Capt. in Lowther's.

Robinson's Marines.

Major Innes	Lt. Col. to Wolfe's.
Capt. Gwyn	Lt. Col. to Lowther's.
Capt. Noiray	Major to Wolfe's.
Lieut. Foy	Capt. in Robinson's.
Lieut. Sir Pat. Murray	Capt. in Cockran's.
Lieut. Virasel	Capt. in Cockran's.
2d Lieut. Robertson	Capt. in Cockran's.
2d Lieut. Jenkins	Capt. in Cockran's.

Douglas's Marines, now Cockran's.

Lieut. Col. Cockran	Colonel.
Major Duroure	Lt. Col. in Wentworth's.
Capt. Lieut. Blathwayt	Capt. in Cockran's.
Capt. Wentworth	Capt. in Harrison's.
Lieut. Willmott	Lieut. in Harrison's.
Capt. Chambre	Major to Cockran's.
Lieut. Mackay	Capt. to Cockran's.
Lieut. Kempe	Capt. to Cockran's.
Lieut. Browne	Capt. in Fleming's.
2d Lieut. Dalrymple	Capt. in the Americans.
Major Whitfield, of the Americans,	Lt. Col. to Cochran's.

Wynyard's Marines.

Capt. Meyrick	Maj. in the Americans.
Lieut. Boisrond	Capt. in Wynyard's.
Lieut. Makenzie	Capt. in Wynyard's.
Lieut. Weller	Capt. in Wynyard's.
Lieut. Rob. Poyntz	Capt. in Wynyard's.
2d Lieut. North	Capt. Lt. to Wynyard's.

ALEXANDER McDOUGALL, b. 1732-d 1786.

Captain of the privateers "Tiger" and "Barrington" in the war of 1756 with the French. MAJOR GENERAL in the Revolution, Commanding at West Point.

From a miniature owned by Mrs. H. LeGrand Cannon, New York

KILLED AND DEAD IN THE REGIMENTS IN AMERICA.

Wolfe's Marines. Killed 1. Died 7.

Lieut. Ingoldsby, kill'd.
Major Watson
Captain Dawson
Captain MacLean
Captain Baldwin
Captain Howard
2d Lieut. Howe and
Captain Keene.

Douglas's Marines: Killed 3. Died 4.

Colonel Douglas, kill'd
Captain Adair, kill'd
Lieut. Hughes, kill'd
Captain Griffith
Lieut. Sheppard
2d Lieut Fullikens and
Lieut. Bates

Robinson's Marines. Killed 2. Died 4.

Lieut. Col. Thompson, k.
2d Lieut. Peachell, kill'd.
Captain Austin
Capt. Lieut. Ouchterlony
Lieut. Apperley
Lieut. Bridgman.

Lowther's Marines. Kill'd 2. Died 7.

Captain Robinson kill'd
2d Lieut Irwin kill'd
Captain Kynaston
Captain Hicks
Lieut Venner
Capt. Whitwick
Lieut Baber
2d Lieut Brown
Lieut Methwold

Wynyard's Marines. Kill'd 2. Died 13.

Captain England kill'd
2d Lt Marjoribanks kill'd
Major Hall
Capt Lieut Beacher
Lieut Daniel
Captain Urquhart
Lieut Stacey
Lieut Wilmer
Lieut Medlayd
Lieut Lloyd
2d Lieut Hughes
2d Lieut Carmtuls
2d Lieut Thorpe
Lieut MacKenzie and
Capt St Maurice

Moreton's Marines. Kill'd 1. Died 15.

Lieut. Prideaux killed
Colonel Moreton
Lieut Col Blagrave
Major MacCleod
Captain Pyle
Captain Hay
Lieut Hopkins
Lieut Meredith
Lieut Gregg
2d Lieut Hutchinson
2d Lieut Owen
Lieut Medlicotts
Lieut Norciter
Lieut Plaistow
Lieut Toplady
Lieut Moyle

Wentworth's Foot. Kill'd 1. Died 9.

Lt. Col. Sandford kill'd	Lieut Porr
Capt. Gerey	Lieut Pemberton
Lieut Stanley	Major Hammond
Lieut Jones	Ensign Holt
Lieut Whitwell	Ensign Wingfield

Harrison's Foot. Kill'd 3. Died 13.

Captain Dennet kill'd	Lieut Pringle
Lt. Thomas Johnson kill'd	Lieut Grigson
Lt Job Walker kill'd	Lieut Morris
Lieut Col Daniel	Captain Sharpless
Captain Dawson	Lieut John Maitland
Captain Selby	Capt Lieut Stracey
Captain Manwaring	Ensign Ralph Ord
Lieut John Grant	Ensign Littlejohn

Cavendish's Foot. Kill'd 4. Died 5.

Lieut Col. Grant kill'd	Captain Selish
Captain Jackson kill'd	Captain Hartuall
Lieut Bodville kill'd	Lieut. Cheap and
Ensign Forbes kill'd	Lieut Nichols
Lieut Col Hely	

THE NEW GOVERNOR'S (SHIRLEY) SPEECH TO THE GENERAL COURT ON THE RESULTS OF THE EXPEDITION.

Gentlemen of the Council, and House of Representatives,

The occasion of my present Meeting you here is to inform you, that Mr. Winslow, Captain of one of the five Companies, which were raised in this Province for His Majesty's Service in the Expedition against the Spanish West Indies, accompanied with Mr Barker and Mr Vryling, two Subalterns in the same Service, lately arrived here from the British Camp in the Isle of Cuba, and has brought two Letters one from the Hon. Brigadier General Wentworth, Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Land Forces in the West Indies; and the others from the Hon. Henry Cope Esq; Lieutenant-Colonel of the American Regiment, commanded by the Honourable Col, Gooch, both dated in August last from the aforesaid Camp: In the former of which I am acquainted by the General, That His Majesty having directed him to use his best Endeavours to recruit the Forces under his Command, from the colonies of North-America, he had appointed Captain Winslow to repair for that End to this Province; and as he had no Means of supplying the recruiting Officers with Money, desired that His Majesty's Governour would give Capt. Winslow Credit for such Sums, as may be wanted for that Service, according to his Instructions, by which he is allow'd to receive Four Pounds Sterling for each Man which he shall raise, deducting out of it such Sums

Society of Colonial Wars
in the State of New York
1607-1775
TIFFANY & CO. MAKERS
1893

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1893

as shall be advanced before to enable him to begin his Recruiting; and these Recruits, when raised, are to be subsisted out of that Money, till they shall be embarked for Cuba: And I am further informed by that Letter, That all such, as shall enlist themselves on this Occasion, will be entitled to the Advantages which were offer'd by His Majesty in His Instructions on the first raising of the American Regiment; and that 'tis expected that His Majesty's Governour will take the proper Measures for transporting the Recruits to Cuba, and that the Province will make Provision for the supporting of that charge. ——— And by Col. Cope's Letter I am inform'd, That His Majesty's Troops had begun to make a Settlement on that Island, Cuba in a very temperate Air and fertile Soil, capable of producing all the Necessaries of Life; where his Majesty's Subjects are invited to come and settle among them, upon a Promise of Grants of Lands there, from the General to them, and to all such, as shall enlist as Soldiers in the Service of the Expedition. Both which Letters I shall order to be lay'd before you, together with another from his Grace the Duke of Newcastle to the Commander in Chief of this Province dated from Whitehall, the 4th of Decemb. 1740, directing him, That in case any farther Number of Men should be wanted for the Service of the Expedition, than what had been before sent from this Province, to endeavour to raise them accordingly; and to take Care that they should be transported to such Place and at such Time, as should be appointed by the late Lord Cathcart, then General of His Majesty's Land Forces in the West-Indies, for that Purpose.

And I am further informed by Capt. Winslow, who was several Weeks in Cuba before his Departure from thence upon the Service of raising Recruits here, and is a gentleman well known among us, and of undoubted Veracity, That he left 2400 of His Majesty's Forces, and 1000 Negros, safely landed in the Island of Cuba, on the southerly Side of it, 30 Leagues to the Westward of the East End, and at about 50 Miles Distance from St Jago by Land, and 12 Leagues by Sea; where they had seated themselves upon the Side of a very commodious navigable River, in a fertile Soil, and found good Provisions; and so temperate and wholesome a climate, that the Soldiers there had quite recover'd their Health, and were in full Spirits: That they had built about 1000 Huts, and had clear'd a Road of about 16 Miles as far as a small Village, which the Spaniards had deserted upon their approach; and where a Guard of English consisting of about 300 Men had posted themselves: And that Fortifications were begun to be raised; and that as many more English Troops were soon expected there from Jamaica, as would make the whole Number of White Soldiers 5000, besides a considerable Reinforcement from England: That all the Magazines, both for the Fleet and Army, were order'd to be sent thither from Jamaica; And that the Camp and Settlement was at about 20 Miles Distance from the Fleet, which was safely Stationed in a very fine Bay, capable of holding all the Navies of Europe, at the Mouth of the abovementioned River, under the Command of Admiral Vernon, who had with him there twelve of his largest Ships, besides other Ships of War and Transports. ——— And he informs me, That he is directed to give Forty

Shillings Sterling Bounty Money, out of the Money which he is to receive from Me, to every Voluntier, who shall enlist in the Service of the Expedition.

Gentlemen,

After giving you this Account of the Situation of His Majesty's Troops in the Island of Cuba, I need not enlarge upon the Probability (I should rather say Certainty) of their not only maintaining their present Footing there, but also of extending there Conquests and Possessions over the Island, and how valuable our Possessions and Settlements there must be to the English in general, and His Majesty's American Colonies in particular, by protecting the English Navigation in those Parts, and putting it in our Power to Annoy that of the Enemy, and interrupt their Trade; and by opening a more extensive, rich and beneficial Trade for our selves in the West Indies than we ever yet enjoy'd? —— Whereas as this Province is the chief Mart of Trade in the British America, and so more deeply Interested in the Success of the English Conquests and Settlements in the Island of Cuba than any other Colony upon the Continent: I doubt not, Gentlemen, but you will exert yourselves in the common Cause at this critical Conjuncture, in proportion at least to your Interest in the Event of it; and I am the rather encouraged to hope this from you, because the General Court so readily distinguished their Duty to His Majesty, and Zeal for the public Service, by cheerfully complying with what was recommended from His Majesty at the Beginning of the Expedition, in voting 1000 Men for the Service of it as the Quota of this Province in the Expedition; which Number of Men was very near actually raised, and five compleat Companies of 100 Soldiers each were sent into the Service; but from some Circumstances attending that Transaction, it happen'd that the other intended five Companies were not completed or sent, and so the Province was then disappointed of contributing its full Quota of Levies towards the Expedition, as the General Court then designed to have done; and by that means some of our Neighbours exceeded us in the proportion of their Services upon that Occasion. But now, Gentlemen, you have an happy Opportunity put into your Hands of at least compleating that Number of Soldiers, which was at first intended to be raised for the Expedition, and thereby greatly serving His Majesty, the publick Good, and the Interest of this Province in particular; and this you may now do at a far less Expence that what it cost the Province before; for His Majesty does not require that you shall subsist the Recruits which shall be raised here for this Service, but only that you should transport them to the Camp in the Island of Cuba: And if to this you would add, as I hope you will do, the same Bounty Money, to Encourage Men to Enlist, which the General Court first gave in the Beginning of the Expedition, you will shew yourselves uniform and steady in that publick Spirit which at first animated you in the common Cause; and recommend the Province to His Majesty's good Opinion and Favour in all its Concerns.

Boston Council Chamber. W. SHIRLEY.

Sept. 23, 1741.

We see also a Proclamation to the like Purpose, by George Clarke Esq; Lieut. Governour of New York, and an Invitation by Capt. William Hopkins of the American Regiment for Voluntiers to enter, offering Grants of Lands to all such Families as are disposed to settle on the Island of Cuba.

Our West India Pacquet brings also a Resolution of the Assembly of Jamaica, and Letters which import that Admiral Vernon intended to publish Manifestos to induce the Inhabitants to become Subject to the British Crown. That our Men of War have taken Prizes to the Amount of 100,000 l. —— That the Spanish Men of War keep still close to the Havana. — That a Sickness at Cartagena, little inferior to a Plague, had in less than seven Weeks swept of 4000 of the Spaniards since our Forces left it.

From the London Gazette, published by Authority Sept. 1.

Letters from Vice-Admiral Vernon, dated from Port Royal Harbour in Jamaica June the 18, 1741 give an Account, that he was preparing with all Diligence to put to Sea, General Wentworth making the proper Dispositions to accompany him with the Land Forces, and it was hop'd that every Thing would be ready for their sailing in a very few Days. The homeward bound Fleet of Merchant-Ships which sailed some Time since with the Torrington Man of War, had most of them been obliged to put back to Jamaica: Some of those Merchant-Ships had put into St. Antonio, with the Torrington, which had lost her Main-Top Mast, and received some other Damage. The assembly of Jamaica have passed a Bill for vesting in the Crown the necessary Land wanted for the Enlargement of the King's Yard at Port Royal to make it capable of careneing Ships, and have likewise agreed to pay the Purchase of the same.

Aug. 29. arrived at Spithead Commodore Lestock, who sailed from Port Royal on the 20th of June, with his Majesty's Ships the Princess Carolina, Russel, Norfolk, Shrewsbury, Princess Amelia, Torbay, Chichester, Hampton Court, Burford, Windsor, and Falmouth, to Bluefield's Bay, where they water'd, and were join'd by 80 Sail of Merchant Ships and discharg'd Transports, bound for England and North America. They sail'd from Bluefield's Bay on the 26th, and on the 16th of July the Princess Amelia and Falmouth, with all the Trade and Transports, parted with the rest of the Squadron in the Latitude 29; the Princess Amelia being order'd to convoy the Trade and Transports bound to England, and the Falmouth those bound to North America, and to keep Company with each other as far as their Way lay together; Commodore Lestock, with the rest of the Squadron, made the best of his Way for England, and on the 19th of August, in Lat. 49, was join'd by the Falmouth, after she had seen the Trade bound to North America to the Station appointed.

On the 19th of June Col. Robinson, who commanded one of the Regiments of Marines, died of a Fever at Port Royal, after Three Days Illness The following Officers are returned home with the Fleet, on account of Wounds and Sickness. — Colonel Wolfe, — Captain-Lieut. Cotterel, of

Wolfe's Regiment. — Captain Beaufort, of the Regiment of Frazer, who succeeds Colonel Robinson. — Capt. Balfour and Capt. Murray of Cockran's Regiment, Capt. Adair and Capt. Shadwell of Cotterell's Regiment.

Private Letters from Cuba differ from what is published in the *Gazette* and say, that our Forces had taken the Town of *Aguaina Anima;* — that upon a Survey the Distance from thence to St Jago de Cuba was 60 Miles, and the Way all covered with thick Woods, which would render the Attempt upon that Town too hard a Task for so small a Body of Troops; but that they would make a Settlement there, and as they were in a wholesome, Country abounding with Provisions, with a fine Bay for the Reception of the Shipping, they would wait the Arrival of fresh Succours, which were impatiently expected, before they would advance any farther; that by a Draught taken of the Harbour of St Jago it was discovered, that the Entrance into the Port for several Miles was so narrow that only one Ship could sail abreast, which makes the Attack too hazardous by Sea. — That Admiral Vernon had wrote an exhortatory Letter to the Land Officers, earnestly recommending Unanimity as the most certain Means of Success, and cautioning them particularly to avoid splitting on the Rock of Discord, which had too lately been so fatal to the Forces in America; and that this friendly Admonition had been kindly received, and had the desired Effect, there being an entire Union and Harmony among all the Troops.

Letters of Sept. 2, add, That Admiral Vernon was gone to St Jago, with three Men of War, to see if he can attack it by Sea; that Sir Chaloner Ogle was to sail for England, with 11 of the largest Ships on Octob. 1, and that at Carthagena an epidemical Fever raged, which had carried off 4500 People.

Upon Admiral Vernon, who was found at the Plough, when sent for to go upon the Expedition of Porto Bello.

Let *Rome* no more with ostentation show
Her so long fam'd dictator from the plough;
Great Britain, rival of the *Roman* name,
In arts, in elegance, in martial fame,
Can, from the plough, her *Cincinatus* fellow,
And shew a VERNON, storming Porto Bello.
O! would some god but set her lions free
From warlike peace, and martial pageantry;
Uncag'd, as once in *Anna's* glorious reign,
They soon would break all *Europe's* threaten'd chain,
Tame proud *Iberia*, shake the *Gallick* throne,
Give freedom to the world, and keep her own.

GEORGE the Third.

THE CAPTURE OF HAVANA IN 1762.

WALTER KENDALL WATKINS.

THE war between the United States and Spain in 1898 created a popular interest in previous expeditions against the Spanish in the West Indies, by Great Britain and the American Colonies.

To meet the public demand for information the Rev. Edward Everett Hale, of Boston, reprinted two reports of the siege and capture of Havana, "An authentic Journal of the Siege of the Havana, by an Officer;" the other "A Correct Journal of the Landing His Majesty's Forces on the Island of Cuba; And of the Siege and Surrender of the Havannah, August 13, 1762, by Patrick Mackellar, Chief Engineer."

Two years previously the Fourth General Court of the Society of Colonial Wars in the State of New York ordered to be printed extracts from the Journal of the Rev. John Graham, chaplain of the First Connecticut Regiment, under Colonel Lyman, from Sept. 25 to Oct. 19, 1762.

As the two reports first mentioned cover the period from May 27, 1762, to the surrender of Havana, Aug. 13, 1762, there remains a period from August 13 to September 25, the date at which Graham's Journal commences, which has not been covered by the accounts recently printed.

By the liberality and enterprise of Capt. Albert A. Folsom, an active member of our Society, we have procured a copy of "Lt.-Col. Israel Putnam's Orderly Book at Havannah, 1762," which commences Aug. 25, 1762, and finishes under date Oct. 16, 1762.

This manuscript volume was found in the Archives of the Library of Congress at Washington, as was also a letter to Sir Jeffrey Amherst by Major Monypenny, which was unearthed by Dr. Hubert Friedenwalder, Superintendent of Manuscripts of the Library of Congress, and is presented as an introduction to the journal of Colonel Putnam.

LETTER OF MAJ. ALEXANDER MONYPENNY.[1]

Havannah 15th August, 1762.

Sir

I take the opportunity of the Fleet going to New York, to give Your Excellency some Account of the military Transactions on this Island ; tho you

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[1] From Sir Robert Sibbald's "History of Fife and Kinross" we learn that Pitmilly, in Scotland, is the house of a very ancient family of the name of Monypenny. This family produced some very eminent statesmen in Scotland, and from a branch settled in France several sprang who became equally distinguished. The most celebrated was the Sieur de Coucresault, who at different times visited Scotland as ambassador in the reigns of James III. and James IV.

In 1211 Thomas, Prior of St. Andrew's, gave "Ricardo Monipenii, terram de Putmullin (Pitmilly quam Malisius tenuit)." John de Monypenny, of Pitmilly, swore fealty to King Edward I., 1296, and one of the same name was one of the ambassadors from the Pope, and French King, to solicit Edward III. on behalf of the Scots, and obtained a safe conduct to pass into Scotland, Jan. 22, 1335–6.

David Monypenny, Esq., of Pitmilly, by his wife, a daughter of Majoribanks, of Majoribanks, had as son Alexander who entered the army and was promoted and had reached the grade of a captain in the 54th Regiment by Feb. 22, 1757; he was made a Major in the 22d Regiment Sept. 17, 1760.

The "New Hampshire Gazette" of July 21, 1758, contains a letter from Albany which stated that near Ticonderoga on July 6, during an engagement, Lord George Howe was shot dead, it was said, by a French officer, who was immediately shot by Capt. Money Piney. Through the exertions of Captain Albert A. Folsom we are informed by the Secretary of State for War, in London, under date of Feb. 24, 1899, that Lt.-Col. Alexander Monypenny of the 56th Regiment of Foot retired by sale on Oct. 3, 1776.

He married Margaret, sister of Mr. Justice Chamberlain, of the Court of King's Bench in Ireland, and had issue David, Alexander, William Tankerville, Margaret Deborah.

GEORGE KEPPEL,
EARL of ALBEMARLE.

will probably have them with more Exactness from other Hands, as I was generally at a Distance from the Siege, which was the principal piece of Service. The Army landed 7th June, without Opposition near Coxemar Castle, which The Dragon silenc'd. Tis about a League from The Moro, which commands The Entry into the Harbour on one Side. On the 8th The Army took Possession of the Village of Guanavacua, near the Havannah; about 20 of the Enemy's Peasant Cavalry were killed. They had no Intelligence till the Fleet appear'd of, & only knew of the War by Reports from Flaggs of Truce from the Continent, A Spanish Admiral with twelve Sail of the Line lay in The Harbour; a strong Boom was across The Entry, & five, & afterwards seven or eight Ships sunk behind it.

9th. Lord Albemarle [2] & the Generals & Engeneers reconnoiter'd The Moro.

Colonel Monypenny died 22 Nov., 1801, and was succeeded by his son David, born in May, 1769, who was sheriff of Fifeshire, 1807, and afterwards successively Solicitor-General of Scotland, 1811, and one of the judges of the Supreme Court, 1813–1815. He married Maria Sophia, third daughter of Sir George Abercromby, 4th Baronet of Birkenbog, but died Dec. 24, 1850, without issue, and was succeeded by his brother, William Tankerville Monypenny, who died 10 Jan., 1869, without issue, and was succeeded by his kinsman, Rev. James Isaac Monypenny, of Pitmilly.

Pitmilly lies in the northern part of the parish of Kingsbarns, Fifeshire, bordering on the German Ocean, and on the Dundee section of railway from Edinburgh, connecting with the North British Railway.

The present resident at Pitmilly is Mrs. Charleston J. B. Monypenny.

[2] George Keppel, third Earl Albemarle, was descended from an ancient family in Guelderland, one of the United Provinces, the Lords of Keppel. Arnold-Joost van Keppel attended King William to England as page of honor, in 1688. For distinguishing himself by his courage and fidelity, he was created, Feb. 10, 1695–6, Baron Ashford of Ashford, Kent, Viscount Bury in the county palatine of Lancaster, and Earl of Albemarle, a town and territory in the dukedom of Normandy, and on the death of William he was bequeathed the lordship of Brevost, and 200,000 guilders.

His only son was William-Anne, second Earl of Albemarle, who among other offices held that of governor of Virginia, to which he was appointed Sept. 26, 1737. He married Lady Anne, daughter of Charles Lennox, first duke of Richmond, Lennox, and Aubigny, and had eight sons and seven daughters.

George, third earl, was born April 8, 1724, and was after a time in the army appointed captain-lieutenant in the 3d or Royal Regiment of Dragoons. April 7, 1743, he was appointed to the same office in the 2d Regiment of Footguards, with the rank of lieutenant-colonel of infantry, and on June 4, 1745, was advanced to the command of a company, with rank of colonel.

He served as aide-de-camp to the Duke of Cumberland, at Fontenoy, and was at Culloden. He received the command of the 20th Regiment Nov. 1, 1749 and later that of the 3d Regiment of Dragoons.

He was made major-general Feb. 1, 1756, and lieutenant-general April 1, 1759. He was governor of Jersey and a member of the Privy Council, Jan. 28, 1761.

He was a member for Chichester and succeeded to the earldom Dec. 22, 1754.

11th. The Light Infantry were order'd to attack a small Redoubt near The Moro, which was taken with an inconsiderable Loss

12. The Disposition made for The Siege of The Moro. General Keppell commanded it. He had the 1st, 2d, 3d & 5th Brigades. General Elliot [3] &

He married, April 20, 1770, Anne, daughter of Sir John Miller, of Troyle Place, Hants, and had one son, William Charles, fourth earl, who succeeded on the death of his father, Oct. 13, 1772. The great-grandson of George Keppel is William Coutts Keppel, seventh Earl Albemarle.

Augustus, second son of William-Anne, was brought up in the sea service and was with Anson in the South seas. He was made a captain Dec. 11, 1744, and was commodore in 1757 of a squadron in the Mediterranean, and in 1758 captured the island of Goree on the west coast of Africa. He was nominated in February, 1760, colonel of the Plymouth division of marines, and in 1761, with a squadron, assisted in the siege of Belleisle. On the surrender of Havana, in 1762, he was given the rank of Rear Admiral of the Blue. In 1765 he was chosen one of the elder brethren of Trinity House. On July 20, 1765, he became one of the Lords of the Admiralty. In January, 1778, he was made Admiral of the Blue.

He succeeded his brother as member for Chichester in 1755, and was returned for Windsor in 1761, and for Surrey in 1780. March 30, 1782, he was appointed First Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty, and member of the Privy Council. In April, 1782, he was created Viscount Keppel, of Elvedon, Suffolk, and died unmarried Oct. 3, 1786.

Another brother, William Keppel, fourth son, was made, Dec. 21, 1752, a captain in the 1st Regiment of Footguards with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, and on July 20, 1760, was nominated second major of that regiment with rank as colonel. In January, 1762, he received command of the 56th Regiment of Infantry, with which he embarked in March for Havana, having rank as major-general. On August 14 he took possession of the fort La Punta, and being left commander, after his eldest brother sailed, he redelivered the possession of the city to the Spanish troops on July 7, 1763, according to the articles of peace. He died unmarried March, 1782. Henry, the eighth and youngest son, was also an officer in the British army.

[3] Gen. George Augustus Eliott, born Dec. 25, 1717, was the eighth and youngest son of Sir Gilbert Eliott, of Stobbs, Teviotdale, Roxburgh, Scotland, a baronet of Nova Scotia. He attended Leyden University and the military academy at La Fere, Picardy, and entered the Prussian army as a volunteer, returning to Scotland in 1735, when he entered the 23d Regiment at Edinburgh as a volunteer. In 1736 he obtained a commission in the engineer corps at Woolwich, until he received the position of adjutant in his uncle's troop of horse grenadiers, from which station he rose to be a captain, major, and lieutenant-colonel. In 1759 he formed a regiment of light horse, the 15th, known as Eliott's. In an expedition to France he led the cavalry with the rank of brigadier-general, and later he served in Germany. At the capture of Havana in 1762 he was credited with much of the success. In 1775 he was appointed commander-in-chief of the forces in Ireland.

Soon after he resigned this position and was appointed governor of Gibraltar and sustained the memorable defence of that fortress for three years seven months and twelve days, for which he received the thanks of Parliament, and remained the remainder of his life the custodian of that stronghold. July 6,

Gen'll Lafouselle[4] cover'd it, taking Post at & near Guanavacua with the 4th Brigade half the Light Infantry, & The four Grenadier Companies of the English Regts.

Colonel Howe[5] sent round on the other Side with the two Batallions American Grenadrs the other Division Light Infantry, & some marines.

The Admiral with the Fleet lay off the Harbour; Commodore Keppell with his Squadron assisted at the Siege, & I dare say, never Sea Men did more on a like Service. The Sea Men of the Enemy were the People that generally did their Business, both in working their Guns, & Sallys.

The Wood was left standing within 400 Yards of the Fort, which was a great Advantage in making Batterys; but the Ground being rocky, & earth not near & the great Distance (three miles) the Troops employ'd in the Siege had to bring brackish water, made the works go on slowly. Coll. Grant[6] of the 40th was appointed to superintend the Works. He put it in some Respects in more Method & gave Grogg liberally, which had its Effect.

28th June. The Enemy came over in Boats in the Night about 400; attack'd our Guards & Troops carrying on the Works, got some Ground, but were drove off, with great Loss. They were a few Moments in Possession of some of our Guns, ready to be drawn on the Batteries, but spiked none.

1st July. Our Batteries opend on The Moro, at the same time. The Cambridge, Dragon & Marlborough laid their broad sides opposite to it. The Stirling Castle had Orders to sail by, & draw off the Fire, whilst the other Ships were placing themselves. Tis said, She did not obey her Orders. Capt Campbell (formerly The Nightingale) is now trying by a Court Martial for mis behaviour. The Fort was too high, they did it little Damage,

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1787, he was elevated to the peerage as Baron Heathfield, of Gibraltar, and died at Aix-la-Chapelle, July 6, 1790. He married Anne Pollexfew, daughter of Sir Francis Drake, of Buckland, Devon, by whom he had a son, his successor, in whom the title became extinct.

[4] Major General John Lafusille died on the voyage returning from Havana in 1763.

[5] Col. William Howe, born Aug. 10, 1729, was the son of Emanuel Scrope Howe, 2d viscount Howe, and Mary Sophia, daughter of Baron Kielmansegge, master of horse to George I.

His brothers were Brigadier-General George Augustus Howe, 3d viscount, who fell at Ticonderoga, July 5, 1758; Admiral Richard Howe, 4th viscount; Baron and Earl Howe, who died Aug. 5, 1799, when William became Sir William Howe.

William Howe studied at Eton, and then became a cornet of dragoons. He distinguished himself under Wolfe at Quebec, was made lieutenant-colonel of the 58th Regiment, Dec. 17, 1757, and a colonel Feb. 19, 1762, and of the 46th Nov. 21, 1764, a major-general in 1772, and general in 1793.

His services as commander-in-chief of the British forces during the Revolution are familiar to all. He was superseded in 1778 and returned to England, where he died July 12, 1814, without issue; at the time of his death he was a privy councillor and governor of Plymouth.

[6] Lt.-Col. James Grant.

whilst The Enemy plung'd evry Shot into the Ships; Capt. Goosetree, & a great many men of The Cambridge were kill'd: The others suffer'd, but not so much. They were ordered of. The Cambridge could set only one Sail.

5th July. Our grand Battery burnt. This put us several Days back, & The Enemy's Fire encreas'd again.

15th. The covering Body fell down incredibly in the Fever & Ague. The open Country is very swampy & unhealthy at this Season. General Elliot was oblig'd to abandon Guanavacua & to retire about two miles, towards the Edge of the Wood, where the Army lay. Scarce a man of the above body escap'd the Sickness. The Army kept healthier in the rocky wood, notwithstanding their Distance from water, & the badness of it, whilst we had very good water at Guanavacua. The Sickness grew very great also in the Wood.

The Defences of The Moro being ruin'd. A Sapp was carry'd to the Ditch, & two Mines made under the Face of a Bastion.

22d. Another Sally, the Enemy lost above 200 men, many drownded. On our side Brigdr. Carleton[7] shot thro the Arm, but is recovering so well, that tis thought he will not have a stiff Joint. 28 men kill'd & 70 wounded. Our People exposed themselves in the Pursuit too much, to the Shipping.

30th July. The Mines sprung, had a good Effect, but the Breach very difficult. The Troops mounted two at a time. The Enemys waiting the Assault, & then behaving so ill seems a Contradiction. The first part was probably owing to the Governor Don Lewis de Valesco. After his People were drove from the first cover, 'tis said he form'd them at a second, where he was shot thro the Body, & dy'd in two days. They made no further Resistance. Many were drownded 130 kill'd, 320 Prisoners. Our Loss 12 kill'd 28 wounded. From the Town & the Pointo they soon made a Ruin of the side of the Moro next them.

1st August. Batteries erecting against the Pointo, which commands the opposite side of the Harbour's mouth, & against The Governors Battery

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[7] Guy Carleton, born at Strabane, Ireland, Sept. 3, 1724, was the son of Christopher and Catherine (Ball) Carleton, of Newry, and a descendant of Lancelot Carleton, of Brampton Foot, in Gillesland, Cumberland, England, who was slain in the service of Charles I.

He entered the Guards at an early age, and became, in 1748, lieutenant-colonel of the 72d Regiment; he was aide de camp to Cumberland in the German campaign of 1757; was under Amherst at Louisburg in 1758, and Wolfe at Quebec, a quartermaster-general, a brigadier-general, and wounded at Belleisle.

He served as quartermaster-general at Havana. In 1766 he was lieutenant-governor, and in 1774 Governor of Quebec. A major-general and colonel of the 47th Foot in 1772, a lieutenant-general in 1778, commander-in-chief of the forces in America, and a general in 1793.

Appointed governor-general of the Province of Quebec, Aug. 29, 1774, he was governor-general of British North America from 1786 to 1796.

He was created Baron Dorchester, of Dorchester, County Oxford, Aug. 21, 1786, and died Nov. 10, 1808.

&c in the Town. Brigadier Burton arriv'd with part of the Troops from America. A seasonable Reinforcement. I shall not attempt an account of their Disaster at Sea. By this time Col[l]. Howe's command were almost all sick.

11th Aug. Our Batteries of 42 pieces of Cannon open'd at Day Break. By eight, The Pointo was silenc'd, & at Noon The Governor sent to Lord Albemarle to capitulate. 14th The Terms finished, & our Grenadiers took Possession. Six thousand Tons of Shipping order'd to carry the Prisoners to Spain, their numbers Sea Men & Soldiers computed 5000.

I suppose Col[l]. Hale will send your Excellency The Articles of Capitulation. Tis said in the Army, They first propos'd that they should keep the nine Ships of the Line, & the public money; but that the first Article is, that they shall be deliver'd up bona Fide. Tis said there is a million & a half Sterling in Dollars.

I beg Your Excellency will excuse the length of this Letter, & believe me, with the utmost Respect

Sir
Your Excellency's
most obedient & faithful humble Servant
AL: MONYPENNY.

I have been sick since the End of last month, have now got well by Dr Huck's care, who begs his best Respects to Yr Excellency.

By a Letter from Mr Calcraft,[8] I am Lieut Colonel from 29th Aprile. My best Thanks & acknowledgments of Favour & obligations are due to Your Excellency on this, & many other Accounts.

I beg my comp[ts]. to Sir Harry Seton[9] & M[r]. Porter[10] & to Gates[11] & Rycant[12] if return'd.

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[8] John Calcraft, Esq., the eminent army agent.

[9] Captain of the 17th Regiment.

[10] Capt. Frederick Porter, 42d Regiment.

[11] Horatio Gates, born in Maldon, Essex, England, in 1728, son of a clergyman and godson of Horace Walpole. He entered the army and rose rapidly to a captaincy, Sept. 13, 1754, of one of the four independent companies of New York. In 1755 he was at Halifax, joining Braddock's expedition. He was shot through the body and for a long time disabled. In January, 1762, he was an aid to Monckton at Martinico, and was made major of the 45th Regiment, April 24, 1762, and of the 60th (Royal Americans), Oct. 27, 1764.

After the peace he purchased an estate in Berkeley County, Virginia. When the Revolution commenced he offered his services to Congress, and was made adjutant-general with the rank of brigadier, then major-general and chief commander of the army in the North. After various services he was relieved of command after the disastrous battle at Camden, Aug. 16, 1780, when he retired to his farm. He was reinstated in 1782. In 1790 he removed to New York, where he died April 10, 1806.

[12] Capt. Paul Rycant of the 17th Regiment.

Captain Gordon the Engeneer got an ugly wound, with a Grape shott in the Legg, at the storming the Moro. I have not heard some time how he does, A great part of The Calf of the Leg is shot off.

Endorsed: — MAJ. MONYPENNY
Dated August
y^e. 15th. 1762. —
Rec^d. Sep^br. y^e. 5th.

LT, COL. ISRAEL PUTNAM'S[13] ORDERLY BOOK AT HAVANNAH 1762.

After Orders. — the Cores Hear Will Receive 2 Days Provisions to morrow at ye Usiel Time at y^e. Lazero.

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[13] Israel Putnam was born in Salem Village, now Danvers, Mass., Jan. 7, 1717–18, and was the youngest son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Porter) Putnam. The father will always be remembered for his opposition to the witchcraft trials.

The son was born in a house still standing near the eastern base of the hill, which is crowned by the buildings of the insane asylum.

His father dying when Israel was but a boy, his mother married Capt. Thomas Perley, of Boxford. His early education was meagre, and his life was spent in farming.

He married July 19, 1739, Hannah, daughter of Joseph and Mehitable (Putnam) Pope. After a short stay in Danvers, where one child was born, they removed to Pomfret, Conn. There he had purchased five hundred acres, in "Mortlake Manor," afterwards known as Brooklyn, Conn.

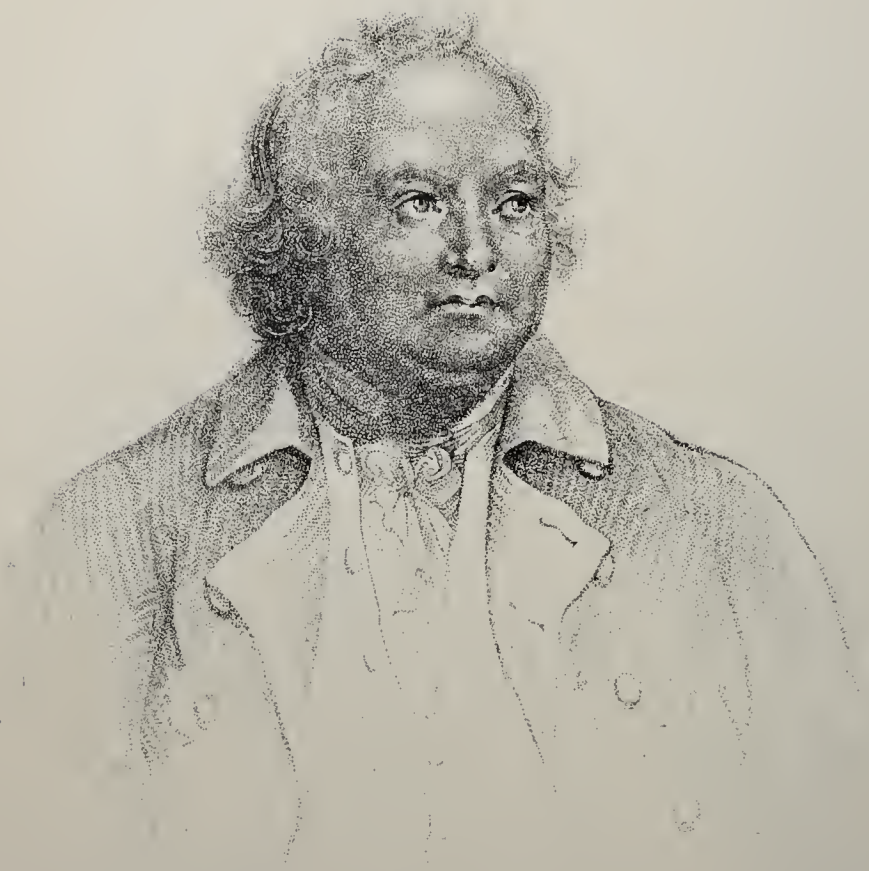
Here he became foremost in advancing the welfare of the community, especially in educational affairs.

In 1755 commenced his military career as a captain of a company in the Connecticut quota and participated in the affairs of Fort Edward at Lake George and Fort William Henry. In 1757 he was promoted to be major; the following year he was taken prisoner and subjected to brutal treatment until his release was procured by Col. Peter Schuyler. In 1759 he was made a lieutenant-colonel and assisted Amherst at Ticonderoga and Crown Point, and in the next year at Montreal. In 1762 he was in the expedition against Havana, as shown by his orderly book. His next campaign was against Detroit in 1763, as colonel at the head of four hundred Connecticut troops, and in 1764 returned to his home to settle down to a quiet life as a farmer, which was, however, rendered less peaceful by the agitation which occurred in the decade preceding the Revolution, and in which he was a prominent figure. In 1765 his first wife died, and in 1767 he married Deborah (Lothrop), widow of John Gardiner, fifth proprietor of Gardiner's Island. She was his helpmate and companion in his campaigns of the war, till her death in 1777 at his headquarters in the Highlands of the Hudson.

During the years preceding the Revolution his house was a tavern, and he held office as Selectman and Deputy to the General Assembly.

In 1772–3 he visited on the Mississippi; near Natchez, the land given by the English government to those who had participated from Connecticut in the 1762 expedition and other wars against Spain and France, and extended his travels also to Pensacola and Jamaica.

Consulted by the British commanders previous to the beginning of hostilities,



ISRAEL PUTNAM.

(After Trumbull's Painting.)

Head Quarters y^e. 25th. of August 1762.

Parole King George. — Lord Albemar Recommends it very Strongly to the Officers to Prevent their Soldiers Bying there Provisions Liquores Sold by the Inhabitants of this town and to Very attentive to their mens Messing Least they Should Despose of their Provision to the town people. Great Decency is to be Shone by the Soldiers to all Religious Professers by Stoping in the Streete and Pulling of their Hats Regarly and Soberly Will Recommend the Soldiers to the Earl of Albemar Who Would be sorry they Should Do any thing to Selly the good Appearance He Has of them

All Guards are to beat a march to the Admiral and Salute the Same : : to be Paid Commadore Kepple that is Dew to a B : A : D : all Guard are to march of the Grand Parade att 6 oclock the Drums from all the Reg^t. to Assemble at the Main Guard from Whence they are to Go through the Differant Beating morning and Evening Namely Assemble Retreats and tattew at Eight o'clock So Soon as they Have once Beat Round the Square they are to Set of for their Differant Corps.

Head Quarters Havannah y^e. 26th. of August 1762 Parole Cumberland. — Field officer Mr. Monsel: M: B: fall ag^t. 95th. for the Earl of Albemars Grand Battallion of Royal Americans. A. Return of the Number itled of Each Corps Exclusive of Reg^t. of Negroes to Be Given in Amediately the forrage Account of one Hundred Days for y^e. officers upon the Expedition to be Sent in forthwith y^e. Acct the Day to Repair at Gun fireing Every Evening to the Capt. of Lord Albemar's Guard to Receive the Kees of y^e. Warter Ports and is to Perside Ascorted by a Corporal and Six men to Loock the S^d. Ports Half an Hour after Gun firing and then return the Kees. He is to open them at Gun firing in y^e. morning with y^e. Same Seremony the troops in the town to Receive Provision to morrow to the 28th Inclusively No Soldier to Apear in the Streets After tattoe except on Duty all Staff and Publick officers are to Send their Landlords Names and y^e. Streets they live in to the Maj^r. of Brigade of the Day to morrow.

Memorandum. — the Role of Each Reg^t. and Corps to be Called Every morning at troop beating and Every Evening at Retreat Beating of the

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his intention to side with the colonists was plainly expressed, and when the news of the Lexington fight arrived at Pomfret he left his plough in the furrow and started at once for Cambridge.

As a major-general his participation in the events of the war are too well known to need recapitulation.

In the winter of 1779–80 he received a stroke of paralysis which seriously affected the use of his limbs on one side.

Notwithstanding this infirmity, in 1786 he rode on horseback from Brooklyn to Danvers, stopping at Cambridge, at the college, where he was paid much attention.

In May, 1790, he was violently attacked with an inflammatory disease which proved fatal May 29, 1790, and he was buried, June 1, with military and masonic honors.

Regmen^{tl}. Parade a Proportion of officers to Attend the Guard to Patrole Rounds District and take up all Soldiers and Disorderly People Stolen or taken from the Earl of Egnements Last Quarter y^{e}. 24th of August and old Gray Horse marked on the Near Buttock £. D. Who Ever Will bring them to Maj^{r}. foler at Head Quarters Shall Receive a Ginua Reward.

Head Quarters — friday y^{e}. 27th. of August. 1762.

Parole Melbre. — The Earl of Albemar Has ben Pleas'd to majer Brigade Skeen to Majer of y^{e}. Havannah y^{e}. Granidier and Light Infantry to Joyn their Respective Regiment as they Arive in town the Role forth 38th. & 65th. are to form a Corps Under y^{e}. Command of Col^{o}. Agnew.

Complants Haveing ben made to Lord Albemar that Several Officers Have Quartered themselves upon the Inhabitants they are to Return to their Quarters mark for them and If they find any Inconveniances from the Inhabitants Remaining in the Houses or Quarters Being unfit for any officer they are to Aply to the Quarter Master General How Will Give them Draught and upon No Account to take up Quarters that are Not Mark'd for them Officers that may Want Baggage out of Any of y^{e}. transports are to Aply to y^{e}. Quarter Master General and Not to Trouble Sir George Pocock[14] With that Business.

Head Quarters y^{e}. 28th. of August 1762

Parole York. — Field officer for y^{e}. Day tomorrow Majer Haginton Majer Brigade fall Agt. 60th. Pay master of Regiments to meet the Paymaster Gene^{l}. at His Quarters tomorrow at twelve o'Clock to Inform to What time Respective Regements are Payd to the Reg^{ts}. in town to Have Divine Service Performed in the most Convenient in their Respective Quarters the Chaplin in town to meet the Reverend Mr. Buckaneer this Day at Head Quarters at 5. o'Clock the Complisant of the Corps in y^{e}. more Copies are to be Sent this Evening. Given Names Come Under the Care of a Sufficiant

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[14] Sir George Pocock, K.B., born Feb. 21, 1706, was the son of Rev. Thomas Pocock, D.D., Chaplain of Greenwich Hospital. The family of Pocock is one of antiquity in Berkshire, Eng., John Pocock being possessed of the manor of Hampstead Norris, Berks, and there interred in 1493.

Edward Pocock, rector of Childrey, Berks, a learned Orientalist, was brother of the grandfather of the Rev. Thomas.

George Pocock adopted the naval profession under the auspices of his uncle, Lord Torrington, and after advancement to rear admiral in 1755, to the command of a fleet in the East Indies, 1757–1760; obtaining victories over the French, he was invested with the order of the Bath, and made Admiral of the Blue, retiring in 1766. He represented Plymouth in two Parliaments and was a Master of Trinity House. He married Sophia Pitt, youngest daughter of George Drake, second son of Sir Francis Drake, and widow of Commodore Digby Dent. His son, Sir George Pocock, 1st bart., succeeded him on his death, April 3, 1792.

The present head of the family is Sir George Francis Coventry Pocock, a distinguished soldier of the Crimean war.

Number of officers they will be Exemted to morrow By a field officer and the fishon General How Will Send Such as are Able to be there Cores the Quartermaster of the 5th. Brigade are to be With ye. Q: M: G: this Evening in order for to take Quarter for their Respective Regiment the Company of Granidiers Who Have Not joined their Regiments Will be Under ye. Command of Lt. Colo. Agnew Untill their Respective Corps Arrive in town Each Guard to be Sent a Gide to the Grand Parade Every morning at Day Break to Conduct the New Guard the 46th. Regiments takes Lord Albemars Guard one Days fresh Provision to Be Delivered to ye. Corps tomorrow morning at ye Lazero: M: B: Small is Apointed to Do Duty With ye. 3. Brigade.

Head Quarters. ye. 29th. of August 1762.

Parole Devonshire. — Field officer for the Day tomorrow. Lt. Colo. Deling ye. 60th. Regiment takes Lord Albemars Guard tomorrow the Lord Albemar Has Been Pleased to make the following Promise ye. 95th. Regt. Ensn. Warterhouse Linsey to Succeed Lt. mason Bolten Promoted 27 Capt. Lt. Bakey to Succeed Acmoody Desert Lt. Bial Back to be Capt. Lt. Lt. Daniel Stewart of 90th. to Be Lt. Mr. Andrew Abell Skeene to Succeed Killed Mr. William Huchen to Succeed Ensn. . . Promoted 34 Regiment Capt. Ellexander Dundess of ye. 22d. to Succeed Capt Lt. Davenshire Deceasd. one Sergt. of ye. both to Succeed Lt. Shaw Promoted Mr. Parite to Succeed Lt. Ensn. Larens Resin'd Ensn. ford to Succeed Dicke Deceas'd Mr. Benjamin Chapten to Succeed Ensn. ford 42. Ensn. Street and Ensn. Douglass to be 43rd Edward Hull to be Quarter Master 46th Lt. Edward Downs to Succeed Capt. Lt. Hoxen — Promoted. Ensn. Price Butler to Succeed Lt. Downs 48 Capt. Lt. Hoxen of ye. 46 to Succeed Capt. Crofton Deceast. Lt. fraizer Deceast. mr Hopkins to Act as Assistance Physician to the Hospital town Adjuts. Brown 48th. and Ensn. Gamble of the 43d. town Sergt. Crane of ye. 35th and Sergt. Willson 27 the Commanding officers of Corps may Aply to Colo Hail for orders more passes to Supply the Officers of their Respective Corps With Provsns Without the Posts Soldiers or followers of the Armey Bringing Prisoners into town without Proper Passes to Remain Prisoners at the fort Guards ye. Regt. Negroes Under the Care of a Sergt. of Each Corps are to Attend Comissary Willson this After Noon at three o'clock & to morrow morning at ten o'clock at ye Magazine Near ye Parade — the Porto Guard to Consist of one Sub: 1 Sergt. & 18 men Who is to Stop all Ships or Ussells Not Belonging to the King Going out of ye. Harbour Without a Permit Granted Since by Colo. Hail ye. North fort Guard to Consist of 1 Sub. 1 Sergt. 24 men a Return to be given in of the Vacant Commissoners. of Each Corps by What means and Where vacuated 2 Days Provision to be Isued to the troops to morrow morning at ye. Lazero one Days fresh and the Oather Salt Which Will Compleat them to ye. 31st Inclusive.

Head Quarters, Havannah ye 30th. August 1762.

Parole Newcastle. — F. O. Majr. monsell a Capt. to go to Granimico this Day to Examine in Conjuntion With Mr Surgeon Sards the Convelasants

in that Hospital the Capt Will Report the No. of men Able to Join their Regts. to the Adgt. General the Commanding officer of Regts. in town are to Examine in the Subburbs and Hospitals at St. Antony and order Such as are Able to Join their Cares as few men as possible to be Left in those Places With the Sick.

Orders must be Given by the Commanding officer of Cores to Sick officers and Men in the Subburbs Not to Stop Provisions Coming into town. The Officers Commanding Granidiers Companies to Return their Billets to the Qr. Mr. General so Soon as their Cores come to town Agreable to their Orders of ye. 27th. Augt. the town Majr. Will order a boat this Evening for the Captngs. that Vissets the Sick at Granimico ye. 35th. Regt. takes Lord Albemar's Guard tomorrow ye. 90th. Regt. Gives a Capt for the Granimico this Evening. General Lyman orders the fateague Party to turn out at Half an Hour after 4 in the morning and to Work till 9 & at Half after 2 in the After Noon and Work till 6 ye. Drumers at the poro Castle to beat the Pioneers march at ye. above time Which is to be Answered by the Drumer in Camp.

Head Quarters Havanna ye 31st of August 1762

Parole Durham. — F. O. majr. Skey an Exact Return of the Names of the Commissioned & Non Commissioned officers and Drumers & Private Men of Every Regt. and Company to be forthwith made to the Pay master Genell. According to their Rank and Number On 13th Instant a Regalor State of Every Regt. and Company from the times they are Respectively Paid to the 24th. Octr. next Inclusive. It is also Wanted by mr. Grant Who Desires Such Regt. Pay masters as Were Not Able to Attend ye General meeting on ye. 29th Instant Would take the first opertunity of Calling at His Quarters as He may Lay Befor them the Proposals that Were then made for fixing the Sterling Value of ye. Dollars & Oather Coin Prises by order

flower 4 Dollars pr. 100rd. Best Common and 5 for Superfine.

Rice 2 & ½ Do. pr 100rd.	Soap 2 do.
Bread 5 Dollars.	Butter & Cheese 2 do.
Hams 2 Royal	Fish 5 Dollars.
Tallow Candels 3 Do.	

Bottle beer 4 Dollers pr. Dozen. medaira Wine Sturgeon Cagg. Biscake Loaf Sugar Vinegar Spalmacittey Candles upon Reasonable terms Rum Brandy & Spirituous Liquors are Prohibited and ordered to be Sent to the officer of ye Punto to Suffer Boats to pass Which Have a Pass from Sir George Pocock till He Has orders to ye. Contrary Spanyards Coming in or out of town Not to be Stopt by any Guard or Sentry.

2 Days Salt Provision & one Days fresh to be Issued to morrow Which With an Oather Days fresh that Will be Issued ye 3rd. September Will Compleat the Armey to the 4th Inclusive all the Sick Regts. in town Who Have Sick in the Hospital at Granimico Shall Send ten Negroes Each to sd. Hospital Under the Care of a Proper Person Who Shall Receive His orders of the Director of sd. Hospital

The Remainder of the Negroes Shall attend ye Commissary at three o'clock this Evening and at 5 oclock tomorrow morning at y^e. Magazin of Provisions Near the Grand Parade they Will Continue to Attend Evening and morning till further orders the officers may Draw flower in Place of Bread for their own Else 34th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemar's Guard tomorrow the Q^r.master of y^e. 2^d. Brigade may Have their Billets by Applying to Brigadier Carlington (Carleton).

Havannah Head Quarters y^e. 1st. of September 1762

Parole London — Field officer L^t. Col. Provost the 56th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemar Guard tomorrow a Return of all the Negroes taken Since y^e. Landing of y^e. Armey Weather With the General officers or any Oather off^r. of y^e. Army to be Given in to y^e. Adj^t. Genl. Spesifying Whether Taken Prisoners or Deserted from y^e. Enemy as there Slaves are ye Joint Property of y^e. Navy and Armey None of them must be Conceald if Serv^ts. or Usefull to officers they Will Have the Refusal of them When Sold The Provincials: Gorams & y^e. Independance to Send in the Names of their Transports to y^e. Q^r. M^r. G: that they may be Kept for them to Return in to Prevent the Inconveniancy of their being obliged to Remove their Baggage Those Reg^ts. Who Have Amediate Use for Cash may Have What they Want on account by Aplying to the Pay M. G. till Such times as the Acc^ts. Can Be made up y^e. 1st: 4th. 15th. 22nd. 27th. 28th. 34th. 35th. 40th. 43rd. 48th. 56th. 60th. 72nd. 90th. 95th. Reg^ts. are to Send a Non Commisoned off^r. Each to the Water Ports Near Lord Albermarl's Q^rs. to Receive Some Convelisents y^r. Will be there to morrow morning at Day Break y^e. 27th. & 28th. Will Send a Person from their Granidier Companies to Conduct them of their Camp to their Quarters untill their Reg^t. Arrive.

Ye men of y^e. 9th. Reg^t. to Land the Oather Side So Soon as Maj^r. Ogelvie Has Notice he is to Send for them.

All men Confin'd at any town are to be Amediately to the main Guard With their Crimes & by Whom Confined a Report of Such to be Given into the town Maj^r. Every morning in order that they may Give Notice to there Cores to order for them that they may be try^d. by a Reg^tl Court Marshall a Return to be Given in of y^e. N^o. of Days & Names of Each man y^t. was Exemted as Sojiers Fasines Layers & Gabin makers in order that y^e. Bills may be made out that they might Have their money.

After Orders. — Tis the Earl of Albermarle's orders that all Exemptions from Billitting Given by Don Sebastian Penelbar to the Inhabitants may be Respected by y^e. Officers and Soldiers as though Given by His Lordship.

Head Quarters Havannah y^e. 2nd. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Bith. — F. O. tomorrow maj^r. Parmer y^e. 60th Reg^t. takes Lord Albemar's Guard tomorrow. its y^e. Earl of Albemar's orders that When the Convelesents Do join their Reg^ts. they are Not to be Put on Duty Untill ye Surgeon of their Corps Certify them fit for^t.

y^e. Commanding officer of Corps may order Soldiers tents to be Us'd as Beding for them y^e. Q^r. m^rs. that Have Not Received Billet for their Reg^ts. on y^e. moro Side are to Aply Instantly to y^e. Q^r. M^r. G^l. for them.

y^e. 5th Brigade L^t. Col^o. Agnew Detachment and y^e. Oather Corpes that Have Not Sent a Return of their Weekly State agreable to Order are to Send them Amediately for the future they must be Given in at orderly times on Monday.

y^e. accounts of y^e. troops to be made out and y^e. Bills Setled and Paid to y^e. 24th. of June —y^e. Commanding officer of Corps are to Send Patroles and Prevent Spiratous Liquor being Sold in the District of their Reg^ts. Serg^ts. Here of y^e. 48th. Reg^ts. to attend Capt. Dinon ye Ingineer Who Will Receive His Direction.

Camp Near y^e. Mora friday y^e. 3rd. of Sept. 1762

Orders. —A Regimantal Court Marshall to be held this Day in ye first Connetticut Reg^t. to try Such Prisoners as Shall be brought Before them to Consist of 1 Capt. and four Subaltern Officers of s^d. Reg^t.

ye 3rd of September 1762 ye Court Marshall of which Capt. Spaulding was President is Desolved and y^e. judgment of s^d. Court aprov'd and Confirm'd and Henery Gray of Capt. Butler's Company is ordered to be Whipt one Hundred and fifty Lashes With a Cat of Nine Tails Well Laid on His Naked Back According to the Sentance of s^d. Court and Henry Jones Joseph Comstock Jeremiah Whipple of Capt. Butler's Company acquitted l
from Guard be Released

(wanting)

William Oesign uns^n. Mr Steward to Suceede Surgeon Cook 48th. Ens^n. muckelvane to Succede L^t. fraizer Ens^n. Chandler of y^e. 35th. to Succeed L^t. Byrnside Ens^n. malbe Crofton to Succeed L^t. Crofton Ens^n. William Scott to Succeed L^t. Patten 60th. Ens^n. Thomas Bichard to Succeed Lt. forbish Ens^n. David Beny to Succeed L^t. Mekinsey 72^d. Ens^n. John Lockart to Succeed L^t. Riley 77th L^t. Romsey of the free molattoes to Succeed L^t. Linch 90th. Ens^n. Thomas Sankey to Succeed Lt. Daniel Stewart Serg^t. maj^r. James Wiggins to succeed Ens^n. Sankey L^t. Jimperly of y^e. 74th. to Succeed Capt. Crafton of the free molattoes 45th. Maj^r. Boss to Succeed L^t. Col^o. Tisdel Capt. Gorden of ye Royall to Succeed Maj^r. Boss 1st. Reg^t. L^t. Hedges of y^e. 48th to Succeed Capt. Gorden 72^d Lt. Eadins to Succeed Q^r. M^r. Wall Capt. Crofton of y^e. free molattoes to Succeed Capt. Dundan Ens^n. Wallins to Succeed L^t. Gross

Officers that Have Bridles or Saddles Belonging to y^e. Light Dragoons are to Send them Amediately to y^e. Capt. of y^e. Earl of Albemars Guard in y^e. Returns to be given in to mr. Durant Pay master General y^e. missing and taken by y^e. Enemy are to be Included A Return to be Given in of y^e. No. of Negroes Delivered to Each Corps ther Wanting to be Accounting for a

General Court Marshall to Sit tomorrow morning at Eight o'clock to try all Prisoners that may be Brought Before them Maj^{r}. Mackay President Capt mukins B: T: Ad: 5^{d} Burtons 2^{d}. 3^{d} & fifth Brigade, With y^{e}. Attaichment of L^{t}. Col^{o}. Agnew Gives one Corp^{l}. & one Sub Each. All Evedinces to Attend Dates of Comm^{m}. & Names of Evedinces to be Given in this Evening to B. T. Ad. the town maj^{r}. Has Provided a House on y^{e}. Grand Parad for y^{e}. Court marshall.

y^{e}. Commanding officers of Corps to Acquaint y^{e}. Adj^{t}. Genl. Whether they Have Complyed With the order of y^{e}. 31st of August. Relating to the Negroes to be sent to the Sick at gun firing and to y^{e}. Commisary those that Have Not to Send them Amediately agreable to the order.

Head Quarters Havannah y^{e}. 4th. of September 1762.

Parole Worcester. — Field officer L^{t}. Col^{o}. Agnew y^{e}. 34th. Reg^{t}. takes Lord Albemar's Guard tomorrow — any Baggage Belonging to y^{e}. Armey in the Dianney and Allexander transports is to be Imediately taken out as these Ships are to Sail in a few Days. the Detaichment of y^{e}. 95th Reg^{t}. in town is to Go to Guanarocoa to morrow at Day Break Boats Will be Redy to Receive them at ye Port Near the Earl of Albemarl's Quarters. y^{e}. Reg^{ts}. may Draw Every oather Day fresh Beef at y^{e}. fuersa. Magazeen for the Sick at their Regimental Hospital and Quarters at ye Rate of Half a Pound P^{r}. Day P^{r}. Man y^{e}. Sick at Antino and Subburbs Will draw theirs at y^{e}. Lazero.

y^{e}. Armey to Receive 4 Days Salt Provision in town to morrow morning at Day Light to Compleat them to y^{e}. 8th Inclusive.

y^{e}. Quarter masters of y^{e}. 27th. 28th. & 48th. Reg^{ts}. to Attend L^{t}. Gorden Assisting quarter master Genl. tomorrow morning at Head Quarters at orderly time they Will Have Every Return With them Wanting for their Respective Cores the Quarter Master of Goram Rangers to meet L^{t}. Gorden at y^{e}. Quarter master Genl Quarter to morrow at 3 o'clock in the After Non.

All y^{e}. St. Christopher Negroes to be Sent to Commisary Brown Without Loss of time: y^{e}. Reg^{ts}. Will Have Divine Service Performed to-morrow in y^{e}. most Convenient House in their Respective Quarters.

Head Qts. Havannah Sunday ye 5th. of Septem^{r}. 1762.

Parole Salisbury. — F. O. L^{t}. Col^{o}. Ross y^{e}. 35th Reg^{t}. takes the Earl of Albemarle Guard tomorrow: to prevent y^{e}. frequent Complaints made of y^{t}. Quarters from y^{e}. officers and Inhabitants y^{e}. Commanding officers of Corps are to Inspect y^{e}. Quarters of y^{e}. officers and men of their Respective Regiments and Report y^{e}. State of them to y^{e}. Q^{r}. M^{r}. Genl. that they may be Accommodated in y^{e}. Best manner Possable a Return to be given in to y^{e}. Adg^{t}. Genl. of y^{e}. names of y^{e}. officers that Have Acted as Adg^{ts}. and Q^{r}. master to Detaich^{ts}. Corps Specifing y^{e}. time they Were Imploid y^{e}. Earl of Albemarl Has ben Pleased to Appoint Arson Simson of y^{e}. 72^{d} Reg^{t}. to be

a Q^{r}. M^{r}. G^{n}. y^{e}. Reg^{ts}. are to Send men to M^{r}. Dansford to morrow morning to Replace those men that are Sick viz y^{e}. 34th. 35th. 56th. 60th. & 92^{d} to Send a man Each.

Mora Camp 6th. of Septr. 1762.

Regimental Orders. — A Return to be Given in of y^{e}. Dates of Commissions By Which y^{e}. Subalterns Claim Rank in y^{e}. first Connecticutt Reg^{t}.

Head Qts. Havannah ye 6th. of Septr. 1762

Parole Dover. — Field Officer Lt. Col^{o}. Stewart ye 56th Reg^{ts}. takes Lord Albemarl's Guard to morrow.

Maj^{r}. Gorams Rangers to Remain in their Present Quarters Untill further orders.

ye Reg^{tls}. Surgeon that Wants Bark may Apply to Kinson for it at y^{e}. Rate of one Dollar pr. lb.

General Lyman [15] orders that there be No firing Within Hearing of ye Camp.

Head Qts. Havannah. y^{e}. 7th. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Breslaw. F. O. Maj^{r}. Loston. — ye 60th Reg^{t}. takes Lord Albemarl's Guard tomorrow two men from Each Reg^{t}. Without Arms most Proper for Light Dragoons to be Sent to Head Qts. tomorrow morning at orderly times. Capt. Bacon Will Attend to Receive them.

y^{e}. Commanding officers of Corps to Report y^{e}. State of their Arms and Amminition to y^{e}. Adg^{t}. General on friday morning.

A Return to be Given in to y^{e}. Pay master General Spacyfying y^{e}. Names of all Commissoned & Non Commissoned Officers. Corprals, Drumers and

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[15] Gen. Phineas Lyman, baptized in Durham, Conn., March 6, 1715–16, was the son of Noah and Elizabeth Lyman. He was bred to the trade of a weaver, but subsequently prepared for college and graduated at Yale in 1738 and was one of the Berkeley scholars. After three years as a tutor and studying law he settled in Suffield, as a member of the bar, and also kept a law school.

He represented Suffield in the Connecticut Assembly, and was also an assistant. In March, 1755, he was made a major-general and commander-in-chief of the Connecticut troops sent against Crown Point. In 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, and 1761 he headed the Connecticut forces in their campaigns at the northward.

After the Havana expedition he went to England to receive the portion of prize-money due him and his associates; he also formed a company of "Military Aduenturers" who had served in the different wars, whose object was to obtain from the British government a tract of land on the Mississippi and Yazoo rivers. He was detained in England by delays till 1772, when he was brought back by his son, a wreck of his former self, but with a permit to settle a tract twenty miles square, east of the Mississippi and south of the Yazoo. In the winter of 1773 he with a party settled near Natchez, but he only survived till Sept. 10, 1774.

He married, Oct. 7, 1842, Eleanor, aunt of President Dwight, of Yale, and had eight children, the two eldest holding commissions in the English army, which they resigned before the close of the Revolution.

Privates men of Each Corps According to their Rank and Number y^e^. 13th. of August to be made in one Role.

One Days fresh Provision to be Isued tomorrow morning at y^e^. Magazine in town Which Compleats y^e^. troops to y^e^. 10th. Inclusive.

Head Qts. Havannah y^e^. 8th. of Septr. 1762.

Parole Rochester. — F. O. L^t^. Col^o^. Trohase y^e^. 72^d^. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albmarl's Guard to morrow y^e^. St. Christopher Negroes ordered to be Delivered to Commissary Brown are to Be Sent to Capt. Jenkens of y^e^. 65th. Reg^ts^. Will Give a Receipt for them.

Head Qts. Havannah y^e^. 9th. of Septr. 1762.

Parole Coventry. — F. O. Maj^r^. Manswell y^e^. 34th. Reg^t^. takes y^e^. Earl of Albemarl's Guard to morrow (:) an officer Serg^t^. & Corp^ll^. from Each Reg^t^. to Go to Guanimacoo to morrow morning at Day Break Where they are to Remain to take Care of y^e^. Sick in their Respective Reg^ts^. y^e^. officers Will Send Weekly States of y^e^. Sick to ye Commanding officer of y^e^. Reg^ts^.

y^e^. Reg^ts^. to Send Nurses to Attend ye Sick at Guanimacoa to Go from y^e^. Water Ports Near Head Qts on Saturday morning. a non Commission'd officers from Each Corps is to Deliver them over to ye Proveyor of ye Hospital at Guanimacoa and take a Receipt for ye Delivery of them an officer 2 Serg^ts^. 2 Corp^ls^. to Go to ye Suburbs Imediately to Remain With ye Sick there.

General Kippels Guard of one Serg^t^. one Corp^l^. & Nine Privetes to be furnished from ye General Detail.

ye Court Marshall of Which Maj^r^. Mackay Was President is Desolved ye Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to Aprove of y^e^. Several Sentances Has ben Pleas'd to order Serg^t^. Brown of y^e^. 35th. Reg^t^. Who Was tryed for Desertion an Acquitted to be Redus^d^. to y^e^. Rank as Private.

one Day's fresh provision Will be Isued tomorrow morning in town this Compleats ye Armey to ye 11th Inclusive.

y^e^. officers Serv^ts^. are to Do Duty in ye Detail of y^e^. Companyes those Belonging to Sick officers Ixemted.

(missing)

the Convalations from Guanimaco.

the field off^r^. for the Day is to Report to the Earl of Albemare at 11 o'clock in the Morning, the army to Receive from Days Salt Provisions to morrow morning Which Compleats them to the 15th. Inclusive Beginning With the Royal artilery following Royal 4th. 15th. 22^d^. 27th. 28th. 34th. 35th. 40th. 43^d^. 46th. 48th. 56th. 58th. 60th. 65th. 72nd. 90th. & 95th.

Head Quarters Havannah y^e^. 12th. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Richmond. F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Provoust. — ye 60th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarl's Guard tomorrow y^e^. two Companies of the Kings Own Reg^t^ & y^e^.

Granidiers Company of ye 65th. are to be Compleated With 36 Rounds of Amminition & men y^e. Sick of y^e. Companies to Embark tomorrow morning y^e. Baggage on tuesday morning & y^e. Companye's in y^e. Evening.

y^e. Reg^ts. Will Send Nurses to their Sick at Guanimacoo to morrow morning. ye Corps are to give their Damaged Cartridges to y^e. Artillery.

After Gen^ll. Orders. — Each Corps in the Different Districts to Send a Small Party Between 8 & 9 oclock this Evening to Sarch those Suspected of Selling Speritus Lickers any found to be Staved & the Settlor to be Sent to y^e. Guard and Reported in y^e. Morning.

Monday y^e. 13th. of Sept. 1762.

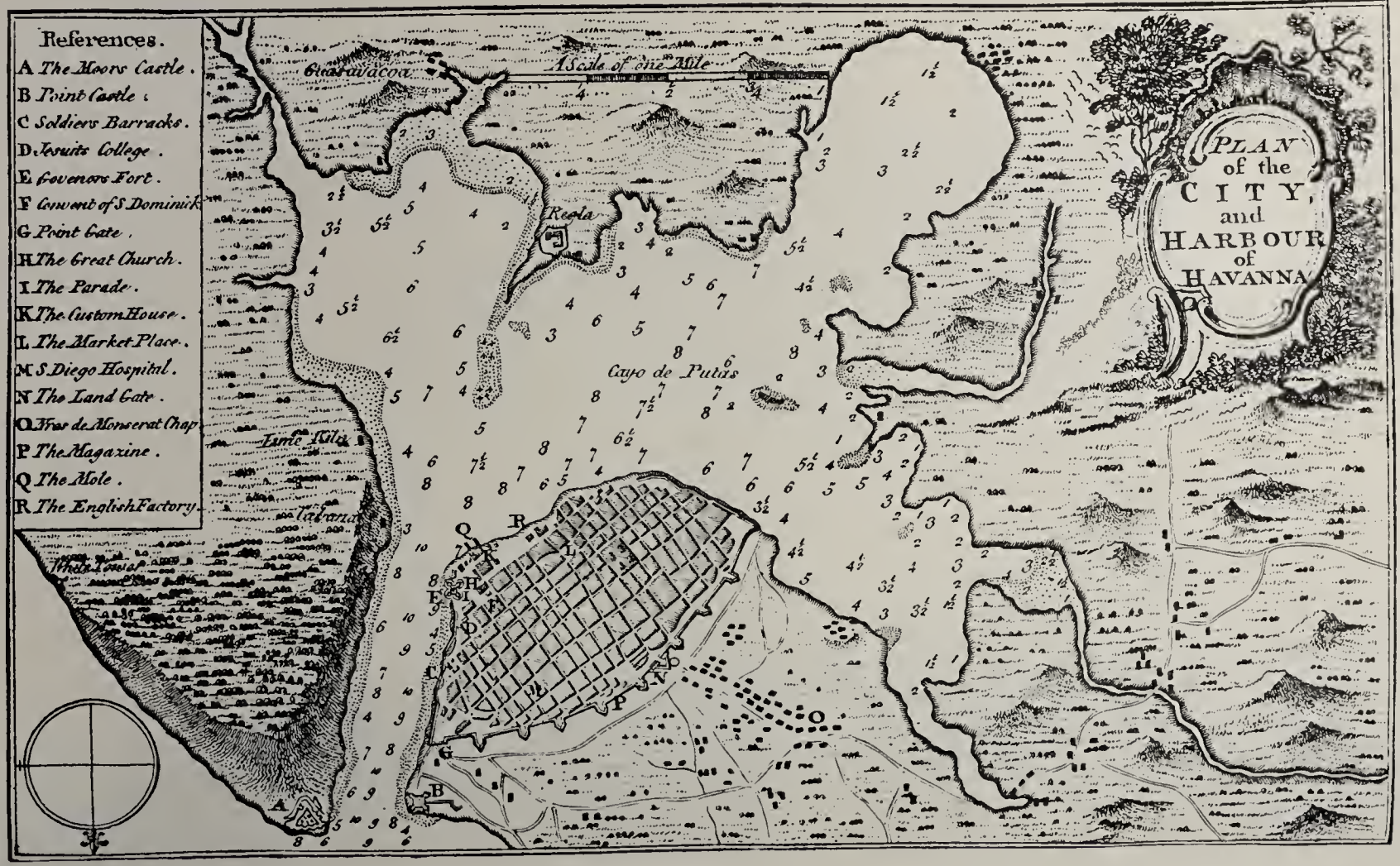
Parole Alsbury. — F. Off^r. Maj^r. Skey y^e. 72nd. Reg^t. takes the Earl of Albemar's Guard to-morrow No Stopage ordered to be made from y^e. Soldiers in y^e. Genl. Hospital.

it is Expected that y^e. Convalasence Give all y^e. Assistance Reg^ts. of them to the Sick that are Unable to take Care of them Selves.

Gen^ll. After Orders — Proclamation Will be made to morrow Declaring that Any Person Whosoever Who Shall After this Day Detain a Soldier or a Sailor Belonging to any of His Majesties Ships of War or a Slave that He Shall upon Being Convicted of y^e. Same Immediately Pay a fine of two thousand two hundred Dollars or Be Imprisoned till y^e. Same be Paid five Hundred Dollars to go to y^e. Informer the Rest to be Paid into His Majesties treasury the Proprieator is Either to Receive His Slave or be Satisfyed for Him no Officer is to Leave ye Island upon His Private Business Until He Gets a Written Pass from ye Secretary office. All Guards to Receive Such Prisoners as Shall be Delivered to them By y^e. Majestrates of the town and Will Give them all y^e. Assistance Required by them takeing Down their Crimes and Giveing Receipts for them these Prisoners are Not to be Relieved Without L^d. Albemar's orders No Convaletience of their Respective Corps under their Care and See they Do their Duty Required of them in Hospatal.

Sentry's are Not to be Suffered to act on their Post, if they find themselves Unabil to Stand they are to Call the Guard to Relieve them, all off^rs. Living on the Island Who Have Not already Entred their Names in the Book of the Pay Master Gen^ll. are Desired to take the first Opertunity of Calling at his office for y^t. purpose & forage Money Will be Paid by the Pay Master of their Respective Corps on thursday Next the 16th. Instant.

Gen^ll. Cort Martial to set tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock at the Cort Room on the Gen^ll. Parade to Try a Spaniard for an aTempt to Murther a Soldier of the 22^d Reg^t. and all other Prisoners that May Be brought before them. Lt. Col^o. Ross Preasident Maj^r. Present Guding advocate the following Reg^t. Gives one Capt. Each. Viz. y^e 15th. 22nd. 27th. 28th. 34th. 35th. 43rd. 48th. 56th. 60th. 72nd. and L^t. Col^o. agnew's Detaichment.


PLAN of the CITY, and HARBOUR of HAVANNA
References.
A The Moors Castle.
B Point Castle.
C Soldiers Barracks.
D Jesuits College.
E Govenors Fort.
F Convent of S. Dominick
G Point Gate.
H The Great Church.
I The Parade.
K The Custom House.
L The Market Place.
M S. Diego Hospital.
N The Land Gate.
O Nras de Monserat Chap.
P The Magazine.
Q The Mole.
R The English Factory.
A Scale of one Mile
Guasavacoa
Regla
Cayo de Putas
Lime Kiln
Cabana
White Tower

Mono Camp. ye 15th. of Septr. 1792.

Regimental Orders. — Capt. Lt. Roger Enos is Appointed a Capt. in y^e. 1st. Conneticut Regiment and to take Command of y^e. Late Capt. Pattersons Company and Lt. Wheetley is Apointed a Capt. in 3^d. Reg^t. and to take Command of ye Late Capt. Stanton's Company. Lt. William Roe Minor is Apointed Capt. L^t. in y^e. 1st. Company in s^d. Reg^t. and all to be Treated and Above Apointed

(wanting)

After Orders — y^e. Earle of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to make the following Promotion y^e. 4th. mr. Christopher Colt Gentlemen to Succeed Ens^n. Linsey 56th. Acloam mill bank of y^e. 28th. to Succeed Maj^r. Haginton Resin'd — any officer that Has Lost a Martinico Negroe is Desired to Send to y^e. main Guard Where one is Confin'd Suppos'd to Have Ran away.

Head Quarters y^e. 15th. of Septr. 1762

Parole Dover — F. O. Lt. Col^o. Agnew y^e. 34th. Reg^t. takes y^e. Earl of Albemars Guard to morrow

y^e. following Assistance Engineers to Be Continued for y^e. Garison of Havannah Lt. Barker of y^e. 35th. Capt. Lt. fazer of y^e. 60th. Ens^n. Strong of y^e. 90th. Lt. Knight of y^e. Royals, L^t. White of y^e. 56th. Lt. Ben of y^e. Royals Lt. Stewart of y^e. 27th. L^t. Pitman of y^e. 15th. & Ens^n. Davis of y^e. 9th. as Assistance Adj^t. Q^r. master all the oather Assistance Engineers to join their Corps and the Whole to Be Paid up to y^e. 31st. of Aug^t.

the officers are Not to Use y^e. Household Goods or furniture in y^e. Quarters unless Permitted So to Do by y^e. Proprietor Nor is any Off^r. to make Use of a Colash that is Not His Own unless Hired or Lent to Him No Soldier is to be Sent in to y^e. Country Without Passes Granted by y^e. Earl of Albemars for Prisoner. y^e. first Sentry found Sleeping on His Post Will be Brought to a General Court Marshall and tried for His Life All Orders Relative to y^e. Men are to Read by an officer at Role Call in y^e. Evening they are Given out and Next morning that y^e. men may Not Plead Ignorance if they Disobey them y^e. two Land Port Gates to be Shut By y^e. town Maj^r. or town Audj^t. a Quarter of an Hour After Sun Set and opened at Revelle Beating the Kees to Be Sent to y^e. main Guard and y^e. Drumers of y^e. Ports are to Beat the Retreat or a Quarter of an Hour over y^e. Rampart Before the Gates are Shut.

y^e. Army Will Receive four Days Salt Provision tomorrow morning to y^e. 19th. Inclusive.

Thursday y^e. 16th of Sept. 1762.

Parole Lancaster. — F. O. Maj^r. Mackey y^e. 56th. Reg^t. takes y^e. Earl of Albemars Guard to morrow.

y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to make the following Promotions in y^e. Armey. 9th. Lt. flaming of fullers to Succeed Lt. Mugent Killed Ens^n. Willson to Succeed Ens^n. Ewer Ens^n. Menamara Davis to Succeed Spara mr

Ellit to Succeed Ens^{n}. Watson Lindsey Promoted mr Sharp to Succeed Cobham M^{r}. Stapapon to Succeed Davis mr Smith to Succeed George Lindsey M^{r}. Hawkins to Succeed Rolestone 28th Reg^{t}. M^{r}. Howit to Succeed Gabbirth Resined mr. Burrit of fullers to Succeed Ens^{n}. Cammaron Capt. L^{t}. tassel Ens^{n}. Johnson to Succeed Brown Lt. Syngetoatingham Adj^{t}. to Succeed tosel 15th Reg^{t}. Q^{r}. Master Babridge to Succeed Lt. Botten 34th. Reg^{t}. Ens^{n}. Peter Cave to Succeed L^{t}. Hamer Deceas'd 40th. Ens^{n}. Pungel of y^{e}. 27th. to to Succeed Lt. Waker Rezin'd 46 Ens^{n}. Chandler of Foollers to Succeed Gordin Ens^{n}. Garrake of D^{o}. to Succeed Butler. Ens^{n}. Cameron of ye 56 to Succeed Bodwin Ens. Benjamin Kabad to Succeed Lt. Hume Deceas'd M^{r}. Wilson to Succeed Ens. Camaron M^{r}. flecher to Suckseed Ens. Ingrom Deceas'd Mr. Decason an Ens. Without Pay 58th. Mr. Milton to Succeed En^{s}. Watson Mr. Agnew to Succeed Ens^{n}. Sinclear 95th. Ens^{n}. Donol McDonol to Succeed L^{t}. Bawton M^{r}. Hug Dick handin to Suckceed Donol McDonol Independent Sargent Sotherland to Suckseed L^{t}. Spering of Capt. Gateses Mr. Lamsdil Vice Lt. Gillin of Capt. Coventry Ens. Painter of Toolers Vice Lt. aire Rangines James Jonson to Be 2^{d}. Lt.

After Orders. — the Earl of Albermarle Has bin Pleased to Appoint Don Gazalo Riches Decondomis Lt. Sale in the Sarvis Departments of this town and Island. A Commanding Off^{rs}. of Guards are to assist Him in the action of His offic When Ever Cald upon and Required So To Do By him and all Complaints against the inhabitance are to be Made to him He Lives in the Square of St. francis. All Comp^{ts}. that Soldiers May have Use the inhabetance are to Make to the off^{r}. first Who Will Go With them to Dona Cando to Git them Re Dressed.

the Earl of Albermarl has ben Pleased to appoint Ens. ——— of the 43rd. in the Room of Lt. Hedges Promoted.

Head Quarters 17th. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Windsor. — F. O. Lt. Col^{o}. Steward y^{e}. 60th. Reg^{t}. takes y^{e}. Earl of Albemars Guard to morrow.

y^{e}. Earl of Albemar Has ben Pleased to Apoint Captn. Lt. Leager of y^{e}. 48th. Reg^{t}. to be Maj^{r}. to y^{e}. 95th. Vice Sparr Resined. the Molattoe that murdered a Serg^{t}. of y^{e}. Royal American is to be Executed to morrow morning. A Capt^{s}. Guard Will be at y^{e}. Gould at 6 o'clock to Attend y^{e}. Execution.

Head Quarters y^{e}. 18th. of Sept. 1762

Parole Plymouth. — F. O. Maj^{r}. Monsell y^{e}. 72^{d}. Reg^{t}. takes y^{e}. Earl of Albermars Guard to morrow. Lord Albemar Has Ben Pleased to Apoint Lt. Henery moor of y^{e}. 48th. to Be a Capt. Vice Lt. Ledger Promoted. A Regimantal Quarter Master to Go to y^{e}. Hospital at St. Antony to morrow morning to See What N^{o}. of Carriges Will Be Nessary to transport y^{e}. Sick of y^{e}. Granidiers and Light infantry from thence to y^{e}. Subburbs. He Will Inquire of y^{e}. Sarg^{ts}. if any of them are in a Condition Not to Be moved and

Reported to y^e^. Adj^t^. General y^e^. Court Marshall of Which L^t^. Ross Was President is Desolved Divine Service in Reg^tl^. Quarter as Usual y^e^. Armey to Receive one Days fresh Provision to morrow Morning.

(Missing.)

Ens^n^. Deeny to Do	Duty	in Lt. Col^o^. Putnams	Company
Ens^n^. Anderson	do	in Maj^r^. Durkees	Company
Ens^n^. Belknap	do	in Capt. Enoes	Company
Ens^n^. Humphry	do	in Gen^ll^. Lymans	Company
Ens^n^. Pinney	do	in Capt. Humphryes	Company
Ens^n^. Chamberlin	do	in Capt. Wheetley's	Company

All y^e^. above Officers to Be treated and obeyed as Such a Reg^tl^. Court Marshall to Be held this Day in y^e^. first Conett^t^. Reg^t^. to Consist of one Capt. 4 Subs to try Such Prisoners as Shall Be Brought Before them and to Be Reported.

Head Quarters y^e^. 20th. Sept. 1762.

Parole Constantinople. — F. O. Maj^r^. Locktus y^e^. 35th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarls Guard to morrow y^e^. E^rl^. of Albemarl Has ben Pleas'd to make y^e^. following Promotion in y^e^. Armey 28th. Reg^t^. M^r^. Peter Graham to Succeed Ens^n^. Henry Johnson Promoted 72^d^. Reg^t^. Lt. Edward Evens to be Capt. Vice Bonset Deceas'd Ensign Wall to Succeed Lt. Evens Ens. fowler to Succeed Lt. Hasack Deceast Lt. Gorden forbs to Be Q. M. Vice Evens Lt. Gorden forbs to be Capt. Lt. Vice Atkinson Resin'd Ens^n^. Jos. Simson to Be Lt. Vice forbes 95th. Ens^n^. Richard tudar to Be L^t^. Vice Brown Removed Serg^t^. Benjamin Dicks of y^e^. 28th. to Succeed Ens. tudar. Gorams Rangers Second Lt. frosbee to Be Lt. Vice How Deceast. Mr. Procter to Succeed Lt. frosbee.

8 Carts to Be in y^e^. Square of St. francis this Day at 3 o clock to Be Inploid in transporting y^e^. Sick from y^e^. Hospital to St. Antony to y^e^. Subburbs a Regimental Q. M. With 2 Serg^ts^. & 2 Corporals to Receive y^e^. Carriage and Attend that Service the Q. M. at His Return to Report to y^e^. Adj^t^. General for this Duty y^e^. Q. M. of y^e^. 28th. y^e^. Armey to Receive 4 Days Salt Provision tomorrow morning to Compleat them to y^e^. 24th. Inclusive.

Head Quarters y^e^. 21st. Sept. 1762

Parole Vienia — F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Delling y^e^. 56th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarles Guard to-morrow y^e^. E^l^. of Albemarle Has ben Pleas'd to make y^e^. following Promotion in y^e^. Armey 27th. Ens^n^. Wm. Linch to Succeed Lt. Blackney Deceast Mr Peck fuller to Succeed Linch 46th. Mr. Charles Jones to Succeed Ens^n^. Robards Promoted. Capt fancourt of y^e^. 56th. Reg^t^. is to Be tryed tomorrow morning By y^e^. General Court Marshall Now Sitting for Disobedience of ye Earl of Albemarls orders

ye Commanding Officers of Corps of y^e^. Granidier and Light Infantry that

Were in Brigadier How's Corps are to Collect the Negroes that Were With y^e^. Sick at St. Antonio and to Give them over to their Respective Commanding officers of Corps the Independance Company to take up their Quarters in y^e^. Village of St. Antonio to morrow morning their Q. M. Will Attend Capt. foster a Q. M. G. at the main Guard this Evening at 5 o clock an officer Will Remain With y^e^. Sick at y^e^. mills Who Cannot Be mov^d^. a Return of Each Corps of y^e^. Camp Equipage fit for Service to Be Sent Imediately to y^e^. A. G. fresh Bread Will Be Delivered Every morning to y^e^. troops at y^e^. Bake House Robart Banks Soldier of y^e^. 48th. Reg^t^. found Guilty of Desertion By y^e^. General Court Marshall Now Sitting is Sentanced to Suffer Death and Daniel Hagerty of y^e^. 43rd. found Guilty of Robing ye King's Stores By s^d^. Court Marshall is Sentanced to Receive a Thousand Lashes.

y^e^. Earl of Albemarle Has ben Pleased to Confirm y^e^. above Sentance and orders that against Robart Banks to Be Put in Execution on Monday next y^e^. 27th. 1 Days fresh provision Will be Delivered to y^e^. troops to morrow morning to y^e^. 25th. Inclusive. Those Reg^ts^. that Have Not Setled their Subsistance Account With y^e^. Pay Master G. to y^e^. 23rd. of this month Inclusive are Desired to make their monthly Return Imediately and Receive their Subsistance to that Period. y^e^. Hundred Days forrage money Paid to y^e^. Generall Staff commenc^d^. y^e^. 25th. December 1761

Head Quarters y^e^. 22^d^. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Berlin. — F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Provoust y^e^. 16th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemars Guard to morrow Capt. francourt Haveing made Proper Submission to y^e^. Spanish Gentleman from Whom He took y^e^. Colash is at His Desire Released from His Confinement Lord Albemarle Has ben Highley Displeased With Capt. francourt for y^e^. Lit. the Attention Paid to His orders and His Lordship Expects they are on all Such Occations Exactly Obeyed Capt. Prindle of y^e^. 27th. is Appointed an Assistant to Colonel Hail in y^e^. Secretary's office.

y^e^. Negroes Belongin to y^e^. Staff and Corps in town & y^e^. Subburbs are to Be Sent to y^e^. fuerzo on Sunday Nex at 6 o'clock in y^e^. morning Where they Will Be mustred By y^e^. Commisary Proper Person to Be Sent With them to Sertify to Whom they Belong.

One Days fresh Provision to be Delivered to y^e^. Armey to-morrow morning to y^e^. 26th. Inclusive.

Head Quarters at y^e^. Havannah ye 23rd. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Londonderry. — Field Officer Maj^r^. Skey y^e^. 72nd. Regiment takes y^e^. Earl of Albemarle Guard tomorrow a Regulation of y^e^. Quantity of Provision and y^e^. Different Species that a Private Soldier is to Have P^r^. Week 7^lb^. of Biscake or 7 lbs of flower to be made in to Bread 7 lb. of fresh meat or 7 lb. of Salt Beef if Pork 4 lb. 6 oz. Butter or Half Pint of oys — 7 oz of Rice one Quart of Pees or Oat meal 7 jills of Rum When y^e^. Soldiers Receive Bread He is to Pay one Penny P^r^. Week for Bakeing — After this Day y^e^. officers

Will Receive the following Nombers of Rations — Pr. Day from ye. Magazine Viz. a Colo. 6 Lt. Colo. or Majr. Commanding a Regt. 6 do. Not Commanding 4 do a Capt. Commanding a Regt. 5 do Not Commanding 3 Do Subs and Staff 2 Do. No Double Commissioned Officer to Draw in But one Rank. any of ye. Regts. that may Have flat Boats in yr. Possession are to Bring them to ye. Warter Ports at Head Quarters and take a Receipt for them from ye. Capt of Lord Albemarle Guard — ye. Soldiers are to Be Paid two Bits pr. Week of yr. Subsistance to Enable them to By Vegitables and Pay for their Washing and their Accompts. are to Be Setled Every muster the Regt. are to be Send to ye. Comisary of Artillery for ye. following Proportion of tools 10 Spaids 10 Shovels 10 Peckaxes and Six Wheelbarrers.

Head Quarters ye. 24th. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Barbados — F. O. Lt. Colo. Browning ye. 34th. Regt. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to-morrow — one Days fresh provision to Be Delivered to ye. Sick of ye. Armey to morrow.

Head Quarters ye. 25th. of Sept. 1762.

Parole Carlisle. — F. O. Lt. Colo. Agnew ye. 35th. Regt. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow ye. Maga Straites Haveing By Proclamation Directed ye. Country People who furnish ye. City With Provisions to Assist in Clearing ye. town and Removeing ye. Rubish in ye. Streets all Horses Going out of town With Emty Pannions are to Be Stoped and Sent Back for a Load of Rubbish.

ye. Corps that Have Sick in ye. Subburbs are to Send Returns to ye. Adjt. General — Soldiers are Not to Kill ye. Carrir Crows ye. Court Marshall of Which Lt. Colo. Stewart Was President is Desolved Sergt. Lye of ye. Royal Americans tried for Strikeing Lt. Lyseigh of ye. 35th. and Attempting of So Doing on Sergt. Mitchel of sd. Regt. is Acquitted of ye. Crime Laid to His Charge Jane Witson tried By ye. Sd. Court Marshall for theft is Acquitted.

ye. Earl of Albermarle Has ben Pleased to order Sergt. Lye and Jane Witson to Be Released from their Confinement.

Divine Service to morrow as Usual.

Head Quarters Sunday ye. 26th. Sept. 1762.

Parole Namure. — F. O. Lt. Colo. Rose ye. 56th. Regt. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow ye. Earl of Albemarle Has ben Pleas'd to make ye. following Promotion Capt Lt. Clcmance of ye. 43rd. to Succeed Capt. Crofton of ye. 72nd Deceast Mr. forbs to Succeed Ensn. Brace Deceast. Lt. Dunbar 48th to Succeed Lt. Clemons Ensn. James Straw of ye. 90th. to Succeed Lt. Stopford Mr. Archibal Campbell to Succeed Ens. Strong ye. Cores are for ye. future to Send Returns Every Evening to Mr. Litchmores ye. Comisary to Include ye. Whole of yr. Cores Excepting officers Women and Men in ye. General Hospital in order Next morning to Receive Provisions, at ye. Rate of ½ lb Pr. man Which they Will Distribute in their Respective Cores to ye. Sick

and Well as they Shall think most Advantageous and Beneficial to their men these Returns to Be Signed By the Commanding officers at this Rate Every Regt. Will Be Provided With ye. full Allowance of fresh Provisions Every Oather Day they are Every 4 Days to Draw for 2 Days Salt Provision Which Will Compleat ye 4 Days this Regulation makes No Alteration in ye. Small Species Which will Be Received for ye. 4 Days Salt Provision — all Colashes that are to Be Set Will Be Numbered and marked With ye. Word Alquiler to Be Let at ye. following Rates ½ Day from Sunrise till 12 o'clock one Dollar ye. Oather Half Day till Sun Set another Dollar one and half Royal Pr Hour ye. Earl of Albemarle Hopes that this Regulation Will Put a Stop to ye. Dayle Complaints He Has Against officers for taking Colashes Belonging to ye. Gentlemen of ye. town.

ye. F. O of ye. Day With the New main Guard that Mounts to morrow to Attend ye. Execution of Robart Banks of ye. 48th ye. troops to Receive two Days Salt Provision to morrow morning to ye. 30th. Inclusive ye. Effects of Lt. Homer of ye. 34th. to Be Sold to morrow morning at 9 o'clock at ye. Oxtion Room also ye. Effects of Lt. Blakeny of ye. 27th. to Be Sold on tuesday morning at 9 o'clock at the Next Room to ye. Oction Room.

Head Quarters — Monday ye. 27th. Sept. 1762

Parole Northingham. — F. O. Lt. Colo. Sewart 56th. Regt. takes Lord Albemarle Guard tomorrow ye. E. of Albemarle Has Ben Pleas'd to make ye. following Promotions in ye. Armey 9th. Regt. Ensn. Biena of 34th. Rest to Succeed Lt. fleming Deceast Ensn. Lee to Succeed Lt. Lumbly Deceas't — ye. Provoust Goes Round Every morning on ye. Road in from ye. Land Port and to take up all Soldiers Bying Provisions Contrary to orders or Committing any Eragularity they are to Be Brought to ye. main Guard and Imediately tried by a Garison Court Marshal Which is to Consist of one Capt & 2 Subs of ye. main Guard and 2 oather Subs Appointed Daily for that Duty and to Continue at ye. Guard Room at one o'clock After Noon the Proceedings of ye. Court Marshall to Be Sent to ye. F. O. of ye. Day for His Approbation Who Will order the Sentences to Be Put in Imediate Execution Lt. Colo. Dalling Haveing the Earl of Albemarle's orders to Inspect in Compleating the Barracks and Works Carrying on at ye. mora is to B taken of all oather Duty.

After Orders. — ye. officer Commanding ye. Mora is Not to Suffer any Inhabitance or Oather Persons officers of Both Services Excepted to Go in to ye. Mora Unless on Duty the Sentrys at Head of Roads Leading from Water Sid to Havannah are Not to Allow ye. Inhabitants to Go Upon Hill Capt. Bacon of ye. 40th. Regt. Having Lord Albemarle's orders to Inspect the Horses Belonging to ye. Provincials troops that those that are Proper may Be Imployed in ye. Light Dragoon Service all Horses so Circumstanced to Be Brought to ye. Head of ye. Conneticutt Incampment to morrow morning at Day Light to the Inspection of Capt. Bacon He Will order Horses in the Place of those that may Be taken for ye. Dragoons.

Head Quarters y^e. 28th. of Sept. 1762

Parole Winchester. — F. O. Lt. Col^o. troghair 72^d. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow y^e. Soldiers are Allowed to Dispose of their Salt Provisions to the Inhabitants to Buy fresh meat milk or Vegitabels: the Severest Punishment Will Be Inflicted on those Who Contrary to y^e. Intention of this order Shall Presume to Sell for Spiratous Liquor.

Head Quarters Wensday 29th. of Septr. 1762

Parole Pembrook. — F. O. Maj^r. Millbank 34th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarles Guard to morrow. y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has ben Pleas'd to make y^e. following Promotion Capt. Lt. fuzer to Succeed Capt. Backy Deceast. Lt. muller to be Capt. Lt. and En^s. Snider to Be Lt Ens^n. Lyson to Succeed Lt. Brown of y^e. 35th Deceast En^s. Parker to Succeed Lt. Simcocks of y^e. 27th. Deceast mr. Gilmon to Succeed Ens. Parker En^s. thomas Gamble of y^e. 43rd. to Succeed Lt. Dewolf of y^e. 15th. Resin'd Lt. Ellis of y^e. 22^d. to Be an Assistance to y^e. Q. M. G. the Reg^t. and Cores Here to take up their Small Receipts from Mr. Comisary Lickmore for Provisions to y^e. 24th. July and Give a General one to that time Sin'd By y^e. Commanding officer of Each Core the Reg^ts. & Staff that Did Not Send their Negroes to Be Mustred Last Sunday are to Send them Next Sunday to y^e. fuarzo Where they Will be Mustred to a Commissary y^e. Martinico Negroes to Be Included.

General Lymans Orders. — a Corpo^ll. & 4 men from y^e. Provincials for a Guard upon the Road Beyound the Hospital tents to Stop y^e. Inhabitants Coming into Camp also 6 men to Be Sent to the mora Guard to Relieve 6 that are Sick.

Head Quarters 30th. Sept. 1762.

Parole Strasbourgh. — F. O. Maj^r. Lustus y^e. 35th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow y^e. Armey to Receive two Days Salt Provision to morrow to y^e. 4th. of October Inclusive.

Memorandon. Colloms Decreast and Increast to Be Left out of y^e. Weekly Returns.

Head Quarters fryday y^e. 1st. Octr. 1762.

Parole Sandwich. — F. O. Maj^r. monsel y^e. 56th Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow the Earl of Albemarle orders that all Deserters from y^e. Cores Here that are Now Servcing in the Provincial troops are to Be Delivered to y^e. Reg^ts. they Properly Belong to and His Lordship is Pleas'd to Grant them his most Gracious Pardon.

y^e. Effects of Lt. Reed and Ens. Thompson of y^e. 40th. Reg^t. to Be Sold By oction at Maj^r. Hambleton Quarters at 8 o'clock to morrow morning y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleas'd to Appoint Serg^t. Hosie of y^e. Royal and Serg^t. Davison of y^e. Eniskilling Reg^t. to Be Port Serg^ts. to y^e. Garison.

Head Quarters y^e. 2^d. of Octr. 1762.

Parole Hamburgh.—F. O. Lt. Col^o. Provoust y^e. 60th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemars Guard to morrow y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleas'd to Appoint Capt. Grant of y^e. 77th. to Be Capt in y^e. 40th. in y^e. Room of Vice Adlem Resin'd Lt. Arwin of y^e. 15th. to Succeed Grant Lt. Lorin to Succeed Arwin Ens^n. Adlin of y^e. 40th. to Succeed Lt. Archable Resin'd. M^r. W^m. Adlin to Succeed Ens^n. Adlen Promoted M^r. John Polten to Be Harbour master Divine Service to morrow in Reg^tl. Q^trs. as Usual

Head Quarters Sunday y^e. 3rd. Octr. 1762.

Parole Dartford.—F. O. Maj^r Precott 72^d. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemars Guard to morrow the Reg^ts. are to Send tomorrow to M^r. Martin Clark of y^e. General Hospital at y^e. Stores at y^e. Provision Wharf Where they Will Receive the Arms Accot^rs. and Cloathing that Belong to their men Who Have Died on board Hospital Ships.

A Return to Be Given in tomorrow morning at orderly time of y^e. Kill'd Dead of Wounds and Sickness Deserted and Missing of y^e. Differant Cores from y^e. 7th. of June.

Head Quarters Monday y^e. 4th. Oct. 1762.

Parole Perth.—F. O. Maj^r. Skey y^e. 34th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarles Guard to morrow y^e. Armey to Receive two Days Salt Provision tomorrow Which Compleats them to y^e. 8th Inclusive.

Returns of y^e. Names of y^e. Commissioned and Non Commissioned officers Serg^ts. Corprols Drums and Private men that Have Died or Left the Island Since y^e. 13th. Augt. Last to Be made on Separate Sheets to y^e. Pay m. G. Such Reg^ts. as Have Drum Majors are Desired to Send in their Names as they Were Not Distinguish^t in y^e. Returns of y^e. 13th. August Last Staff officers Belonging to the Reg^ts. Here that Chuse to Receive their Prize money According to their Ranks in their Respective Corps are Desired to Signify to the Q. M. G. Befor Wensday Evening y^e. 6th. Instant.

Head Quarters Tuesday y^e. 5th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Madrid.—F. O. Maj^r. farmer y^e. 35th. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarle Guard tomorrow Commanding Officers of Corps as Soon as Possible to Provide their Respective Reg^t. With Camp Equipage from North America a Return to Be Given in to the A. G. of the men that are Disabled With Wound Which Renders them Incapable of further Service these men Accompts to Be Made up to y^e. 24th. of this month as they are to Go to England With their Recommendation to His Majesty Royal Bounty of Chelse. officers Who Have Not Received their Bath and forrage money are to Give in their Names to the Q. M. G. the Effects of y^e. late Maj. Span are to Be Sold at Public Ocion at y^e. Village Near y^e. Dock yard on Thursday y^e. 7th. Instant Preformers are Requested to meet the Managers tomorrow Evening at Lord's Coffee House

General Lyman's Orders. — the Effects of y^e^. Late Capt Patterson of y^e^. first Connecticutt Reg^t^. to Be Sold at Publick Oction at Eight oclock tomorrow morning.

Head Quarters y^e^. 6th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Martinico. — F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Agnew. 56 Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow an officer from Each Corps to Send to North America to Provide Camp Equipage.

Head Quarters y^e^. 7th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Warburth. — F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Ross y^e^. 60th Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemars Guard to morrow y^e^. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to Appoint M^r^. Goodwin Dehaney to Be Ens^n^. in y^e^. 43rd Reg^t^. Vice Gamble Promoted 95th. Reg^t^. Ens^n^. Lyon to Be Lt. Vice Waldrope Deceast Adj^t^. Nathaniel Cook to Be Lt. Vice Lyon Maj^r^. Gorams Ranges Mr James tutle to Be 2^d^. Lt. Vice Shipton Deceast

Head Quarters y^e^. 8th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Woodburn. — F. O. Maj^r^. M'Coy 72^d^. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarle Guard to morrow the troops to Receive 2 Days Salt Provision to morrow Which Will Compleat them to y^e^. 12th. Inclusive.

Head Quarters Saturday y^e^. 9th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Quebeck. — F. O. Lt. Col^o^. Stewart y^e^. 34th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarls Guard tomorrow Divine Service Will Be Preformed to-morrow at Reg^tl^. Q^rs^. as Usual.

there Will Be an Oction on Monday morning at 9 o'clock at Maj^r^. Monsell Quarters.

Head Quarters Sunday y^e^. 10th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Carthagena. — F. O. Maj^r^. Milbank y^e^. 35th. Reg^t^. takes Lord Albemarles Guard to morrow Burtons & Grants Reg^ts^. are to Be Draughted for y^e^. Garison that Remains at y^e^. Havannah these Corps that Receives their men are to Give Receipts for them that the Wescoats money or any Oather Charges Directed to be made for them By field Marshall Leganeer may be Paid by the Respective Agents in London y^e^. Officers Serg^ts^. and Drumers are to Go to England transports Will be Provided for them the men are to Be Cleared to y^e^. 24th. Octr. and y^e^. Ballance Dew to them Paid to the Reg^ts^. that Receives them — y^e^. Reg^ts^. are to Send a Capt. and 2 Subs to North America to Raise Recruits for their Corps they Will Go to New York in the first Convoy that Sails and are to Receive their orders from Sir Jeffreys Amherst y^e^. Officer's Imploie'd to Provide Camp Equipage are to go By the Same opertunity.

y^e^. Provincials to Hold them Selves in Rediness to Embark about y^e^. 20th. of this month Col^o^. Lyman to Send a Return to y^e^. Q. M. G. that He may Apply to Admiral for a Proper Number of transports for them. Lt. Col^o^. Campbell Agnew and Stewart to Send Returns to y^e^. Q. M. G. of their Num-

ber that are to Go to England With Sir George Pococks fleet that transports may Be Provided for them. y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to Appoint M^r. David Caldwill to be Surgeon to y^e. 9th. Reg^t. and Lt. Humphry Campbell to Be Adj^t. in y^e. 43rd. Vice Hunt Resin'd Lt. James Strawhorn of y^e. 90th. to Be Lt. in y^e. 56th. Vice White Deceast. Ens^n. Brewhair of y^e. 35th. to Be Lt. in y^e. 56th. Vice Parker Deceast. Ens^n. Hope Luther of y^e. 56th. to be Lt. in y^e. 90th. Vice Strawhorn Removed.

Head Quarter Wensday y^e. 13th. Oct. 1762

Parole Licester. — F. O. Maj^r. Skey y^e. 72^d. Reg^t. takes Lord Albemarles Guard to morrow y^e. Earl of Albemarle Has Ben Pleased to make the following Promotion in y^e. Armey Artillery Mr. John Reives to Be Lt. Vice Psofra Killed 56th. Lt. George Hay to Be Capt. Vice Martin Resin'd 72nd Rev^nd. Mr. Skinner to Be Chaplin Vice Buckner Resin'd 95th Ens^n. Andrew Grant to Be Lt. Vice young Resined mr. Robart Campbell to Be Ens^n. Vice Grant Promoted y^e. Rank and file of y^e. 90th. & 95th. Reg^ts. y^e. 4 Companies of Independants and Gorams Rangers are to Be Draughted to y^e. following Reg^ts. Strength by y^e. Weekly Return y^e. 11th. Octr. Commanding officers of y^e. 95th. and Independants are to Send as Soon as Possible to y^e. A. g. an Alphabaticall Role by Companies of y^r. Respective Corps in order for to Be Drawn for By the Reg^ts. that are to Receive them the Ballance to y^e. 24th. of Octr. Dew to y^e. Commanding officers of y^e. 90th. and Gorams are to make over their men to y^e. Corps they are appointed to as Soon as their Accounts Can Be Settled y^e. Commanding off^rs. of y^e. Royal 9th. 15th. 22nd. Reg^ts. are Desired to attend at y^e. Pay M. G. Tomorrow morning in order to settel their Respective Returns to the 13th. ogust & 5th. oct^r. y^e. Pay masters of Such Reg^ts. as have Not Received their Subsistance to the 24th. Instant are Desired to Send their Pay Lists to Mr. Duranes.

Head Quarters thursday 14th. Octr. 1762.

Parole Somer Set. — field off^r. Maj^r. farmer 34th. Reg^t. takes Lord albermars Guard to morrow y^e. Reg^ts. are to Send their Invaleeds those at Guannemaco Excepted to fuarzo on Saterday Morning at Day brake Where they Will Be Examined By Doc^t. Hopkins.

Maj^r. Hamilton of y^e. 40th. is to Have the Command of the officers and men Going to North America and is to Go With them

y^e. Recover'd men of y^e. 17th. 42nd. & 77th. Reg^ts. are to Go at y^e. Same Time

Maj^r. Small of y^e. 42nd. is to Go With them He Will as Soon as Possible Give a Return of them to y^e. A. G. Spacifying y^e. men of those three Corps Who are Not in a Condition to Be transported Maj^r. Hamilton Will as Soon as Can be had Send a Return to y^e. A. G. of y^e. office^r. Serg^ts. Drums and Private men Going for Camp Equipage and y^e. Recruiting Service any Persons Who Have any Demands on y^e. Late Maj^r. Sparr are Desired to Call on Maj^r. St. Leager to morrow morning their Accompts.

FLEET UNDER SIR GEORGE POCOCK ENTERING HAVANA HARBOUR IN 1762.

(Missing.)

Accounts to Be made up With Maj^r. Gorams Cores & Each of y^e. Companies of Independants for y^e. men they Deliver at y^e. Rate of £5 for Each man Listed for Life these Listed for a time Will be Paid for in Proportion to their time They Have to Serve the Accounts and Money to Be Sent to Mr Moter By Mr. Durant that it may Be Disposed of as Sir Jeffery Amherst Shall think Proper the town Maj^r. to make up their Accounts and Give Mr. Durants to y^e. term of Number of men Received By Each Reg^t. that Hee may Know How to make a Charge of y^e. Whole.

y^e. P. M. G. to Send 25,000 Sterling to Mr. Moter at New york as a fund to Answer the Expences of Recruiting and Camp Equipage for y^e. Garrison of Havannah.

y^e. officers of Recruiting Partys Going to North America With Maj^r. Hamilton are to Embark on y^e. 19th. y^e. Provincials With y^e. Officers Serv^ts. and Drums of y^e. Independants and Maj^r. Gorams Corps are to Embark the Same Day the following transports are Appointed to Carry troops to Europe.

Ships	tons	
York.	487	90th.
Loyalty.	325	
Andulaja	200	
Providence	373	Invalead.

Peggey	213	95th		
William	206			
Constant & John	187			
two Brothers	283		Amitae Success.	233
Speedwell	281		Freedom	248
Providential Rebecca	244			
Friendship	229	Gen^ll. Ellot & Adey Camp.		

The following transports are Appointed to carry troops to North America

Ships	*Tons.* &c.				
Boscowan	167.	Connecticutt	Amety Good Intent	199	N. york.
Resolution	238		free mason	153	
Duke York	160		Hope will for	183	
Royal Duke	176		Neptune	234	
Jane & Elizabeth	276				
Polly	157				

Camp at Havannah y^e. 16th. Octr 1762.

General Lymans Orders

Companies	*transports*	*No. men*
Gene^ll Lymans Lt. Bissel.	Resolution	108

Companies	*transports*	*No. men*
Lt. Col^{o}. Putnam Maj^{r}. Durkee	Jane & Elizabeth	133.
Capt. Wheetly 41 Capt. King 24 Capt. Durkee 66 1 Sub & 8 Capt. Humphrey 9	Boscawen - - - - - - - - - - -	65
	Polly. - - - - - - - - - - - - -	75
Capt. Enos 63 1 Sub. & 6 Capt. King 7	Duke york - - - - - - - - - - -	70
Capt. Spaulding 67 1 Sub & 8 Capt. Wheetley	Royal Duke - - - - - - - - - -	76
Capt Harlekei Capt Butler Capt. Humphry.	Intriped - - - - - - - - - - -	162

CONNECTICUT RECORDS.

This Assembly do appoint Phineas Lyman, Esqr, to be Major-General of the forces ordered to be raised in this Colony for the ensuing campaign, and desire he may be commissioned accordingly.

This Assembly do appoint Phineas Lyman, Esqr, to be Colonel of the first regiment in the forces to be raised in this Colony for the service of the current year.

This Assembly do appoint Israel Putnam, Esqr, to be Lieutenant-Colonel of the first regiment to be raised in this Colony for the service of the current year.

This Assembly do appoint John Durgee, Esqr. to be Major of the first regiment to be raised in this Colony for the service of the current year.

This Assembly do appoint Phineas Lyman, Esqr, Captain, Roger Enno 1st Lieutenant, Elihu Humphry 2^{d} Lieutenant, Ozias Bissell Ensign, of the first company.[16]

Israel Putnam, Esqr, Captain, Solomon Wills 1st Lieutenant, Alexander Chalker 2^{d} Lieutenant, James Pitkin Ensign, of the second company.[17]

John Durkee, Esqr, Captain, John Wheatly 1st Lieutenant, Jehiel 2^{d} Lieutenant, Elihu Hide Ensign, of the third company.[18]

John Patterson Captain, David Andruss 1st Lieutenant, Francis Hollister 2^{d} Lieutenant, Samuel Wright Ensign, of the fourth company.[19]

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[16] Roger Enos was adjutant to August 13, when he was succeeded by Elihu Humphrey. William Roe Minor was captain-lieutenant from September 14 Nathaniel Humphrey was ensign from September 15. In this company were 134 privates, of whom 43 died in the service.

[17] Isaac Dana was ensign. He died December 27. In this company were 106 men, of whom 75 died.

[18] Moses Park was 1st lieutenant from September 13. He was also regimental quartermaster. Jedidiah Hide served as ensign to September 6, and was succeeded by Joseph Anderson. — 93 men, 29 deaths.

[19] Captain Patterson died September 5, and was succeeded by Roger Enos.

John Stanton Captain, William Roe Minor 1st Lieutenant, James Brown 2d Lieutenant, William Dennison junr Ensign, of the fifth company.[20]

Timothy Hierlehy Captain, William Starr 1st Lieutenant, Stephen Scove 2d Lieutenant, Joseph Booth Ensign, of the sixth company.[21]

Noah Humphry Captain, Daniel Griswold 1st Lieutenant, Moses Hall 2d Lieutenant, Stephen Doroner junr Ensign, of the seventh company.[22]

Zebulon Butler Captain, James Chapman junr 1st Lieutenant, Isaac Thomson 2d Lieutenant, Samuel Bishop junr Ensign, of the eighth company.[23]

Giles Wolcott Captain, James Wells 1st Lieutanant, William Thompson 2d Lieutenant, Jacob Ward Ensign, of the ninth company.[24]

Hugh Ledlie Captain, Josiah Smith 1st Lieutenant, Thomas Knolton 2d Lieutenant, Stephen Richardson Ensign of the tenth company.[25]

John Spalding Captain, Samuel Mott 1st Lieutenant, John Smith junr 2d Lieutenant, Penuel Levins Ensign, of the eleventh company.[26]

Seth King Captain, Hezekiah Smith 1st Lieutenant, Moses Park 2d Lieutenant, Orlando Mack junr Ensign, of the twelfth company in the first regiment.[27]

Lieutenant Andrus died November 30. Samuel Wright was promoted lieutenant September 15, in place of Hollister, transferred, and Jesse Belknap appointed ensign. — 91 men, 37 deaths.

[20] Captain Stanton died September 13, and was succeeded by Capt. John Wheatley. Lieutenant Minor was succeeded September 14 by Francis Hollister. Lieutenant Brown died August 31, and was succeeded, September 7, by Jedidiah Hide. John Chamberlain was ensign from September 14. — 90 men, 40 deaths.

[21] David Johnson was ensign of this company. — 80 men, 24 deaths.

[22] James Pitkin was 2d lieutenant. He died November 25. Ensign Downer died August 26. — 59 men, 31 deaths.

[23] Lieutenant Thompson died November 7. — 91 men, 26 deaths.

[24] Robert Durkee served as captain of this company. Lieutenant Thompson died November 3. — 92 men, 37 deaths.

This company did not go to Havana, but served with the 2d regiment at Crown Point. Josiah Smith did not act as lieutenant, but John Avery filled that place for a time.

[25] Captain Spalding died, and the pay-roll of the company is not found. Lieut. John Avery was assigned to this company, but on account of sickness did not arrive in New York in time to sail with the regiment. He was appointed a recruiting officer to raise men to fill up the regular regiments. He joined Colonel Whiting's regiment in September. There were 89 men in this company.

[27] Captain King died December 23. William Barker was 1st lieutenant of this company, and William Denison succeeded Moses Park as 2d lieutenant, September 16. — 76 men, 41 deaths.

The number of men in each company is taken from the accounts of the captains, and the deaths from the pay-rolls preserved in *War*, Vol. X. There were a few deserters, and some, who for various causes did not join the regiment, were assigned to Colonel Whiting's regiment.

GORHAM'S RANGERS.

The following is a return made by General Amherst of the troops voted to be levied, those actually raised, and those to remain in service during the winter for the year 1762 in the colonies:

Province or Colony.	Number Levied.	Number Raised.	Served in Winter.
New Hampshire	534	534	51
Massachusetts	3220	2991	591
Rhode Island	666	653	64
Connecticut	2300	2300	323
New York	1787	1474	173
New Jersey	666	595	64
Pennsylvania	—	—	—
Maryland	—	—	—
Virginia	1000	657	—
North Carolina	—	—	—
South Carolina	—	—	—

By this list we find that nearly 3,000 Massachusetts troops were in service this year. In the "Boston News Letter" of April 23, 1762, under date of April 19:

On Friday last the General Court resolved that 620 Men should be raised, at Seven Pounds Bounty each; which together with the 600 now in the Service, who are to be reinlisted at Three Pounds ten shillings Bounty each, and the 2000 Men voted last Session, which are now compleately raised, amounting in the Whole to 3220 Men, are to be put under the Command of General Sir Jeffery Amherst, to serve until the last Day of October next.

They also resolved that a Bounty of Seven Pounds Lawful Money to each Man should be given for raising Recruits for the Regular Service, not exceeding 893 Men.

Of the three thousand troops of Massachusetts, five hundred were at Cape Breton and New Foundland. Two regiments under Colonels Saltonstall and Ingersoll were made up of the balance of the quota and were destined for service to the westward in Northern New York and Canada.

Those whose residence was at Worcester or to the eastward made that town their rendezvous. Those west of it met at Springfield.

The proclamation of Governor Bernard, dated March

4, 1762, stated the force were to serve only within "the Northern District of North America;" consequently no *provincial troops* from Massachusetts were at the siege of Havana.

Before the provincial troops had left the province an order of the governor, dated April 28, 1762, for recruiting his "Majesty's *Regular* Forces in America,"[28] was published. Among the recruiting officers were those of Maj. Joseph Gorham's Rangers, an independent corps which had previously been recruited largely from the Massachusetts province.

Among the treasures in the manuscript collections of Harvard University there is a collection which may be called the Bourne Manuscripts, dealing with Barnstable County matters.

We are indebted to our fellow-member, Mr. Frank

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[28] PROVINCE OF THE MASSACHUSETTS BAY.

Deserted from Castle WILLIAM, the Five following Soldiers who lately inlisted in this Province, as Recruits for his Majesty's Regular Regiments in NORTH AMERICA, *Ebenezer Nightingale* of *Stoughton*, aged 39 Years, by Trade a Farmer, fairish Complexion, well set, has brown Hair, blue Eyes, has sore Eyes, he is 5 Feet 6 Inches high, — —*Ebenezer Allen*, of *Stoughton* born in Norton, aged 21 years, by Trade a Husbandman, of a dark Complexion, has dark Eyes, and black Hair, he is 5 Feet 5 Inches high, — *Lemuel Kingman*, born in *Bridgewater*, aged 29 Years, by trade a Farmer, brown Complexion, black Eyes, dark brown Hair 5 Feet 9 Inches high, and slim — John Bufington of Dighton, born in Killingly, by Trade a Fisherman, dark Eyes, dark Hair, 5 Feet 7 Inches high — John Young, born in ——, aged 25 Years, by Trade a Barber, dark Complexion, grey Eyes, and has a Cast in his left Eye, black Hair, 5 Feet 6 Inches high.

N.B. *Ebenezer Nightingale* and *Lemuel Kingman* have been heard of in *Johnston Town* in *Rhode Island* Government where they were suspected of Stealing, and got away into *Scituate* in the same Government; and said to have beat the House of one James Perrigrew; they left Perrigrew's House, and went into the Parish of Newent in Connecticut Government early in this Month, and have since been heard of returning from Newent to the said Perrigrews. The said Nightingale calls himself John Spear, and the said Kingman goes by the Name of James Loring.

WHOEVER apprehends any of the said Deserters, and will deliver them to the Commanding Officer of the Troops on Castle Island, or to Lieut ELLIOTT at Mrs *Allens'* near the Town-House in *Boston*, or secure them, in any of His Majesty's Goals, shall receive SIX POUNDS, Lawful Money, Reward, for each Man. June 17, 1762.

William Sprague, for a copy of an interesting account of Major Gorham,[29] and some hitherto unpublished manu-

[29] Major General Joseph Gorham was born May 29, 1725, in the "Old Gorham House," still standing in Barnstable, Mass. He was next to the youngest son of Col. Shubael Gorham and his wife Mary Thatcher. In 1745, at the age of about nineteen, he went with his father and brothers, John and David, to take part in the siege of Louisburg. "His own letter of May 3, 1761 (says Mr. Louis D'Aguilar Jackson, of London, the author of his Memoir), is the authority for the statement that his military service began at this time. He was a lieutenant of Rangers under Governor Cornwallis, in 1749, and served in Gorham's Rangers at the second taking of Louisburg, in 1758. The Rangers, as regular troops, under Joseph, as Major Commandant, dated from Sept. 25, 1761.

"Latterly Gorham had largely increased his men in order to take part in the Great Secret Expedition of Monckton, which eventually conquered and occupied two-thirds of the island of Cuba. The first detachment, under Lord Rollo, included 115 Rangers, with other troops, sailing from New York May 3, 1761. They took Dominico on June 6; but the mass of 6,667 officers and men, including two companies of Rangers, left New York Nov. 19, 1761, under Monckton himself. In June, 1762, about 1,328 men were despatched from New York, as reinforcements, besides four independent companies from New York, and a few men of Gorham's Rangers, under a lieutenant of his. On Aug. 13, 1762, the Massachusetts recruits were the last troops despatched, except, perhaps, some few for maintaining the occupation of Cuba."

The writer believes that Mr. Jackson was mistaken about Massachusetts troops being sent to Havana, as the date of their departure, as given by him, was the date of the capture of Havana. According to the Massachusetts Archives, troops were sent from Boston to Nova Scotia at this time. But we are unable to find among the Archives any record of troops sent to Havana.

On October 19 some troops left Havana for New York, where they arrived on or before Nov. 30, 1762. Before Dec. 16, 1762, Major Gorham and his surviving officers had returned to New York from his successful expedition, but his men, as well as those of other companies, had been drafted into other corps at Havana. His three nephews, Capt. David Gorham (son of Col. David Gorham, of Barnstable), Lieut. Christopher Gorham and Charles Gorham (sons of Col. John Gorham, of Louisburg fame), died at Havana and Grenada. Other Massachusetts men who were with Major Gorham were Capt. Sylvanus Cobb, of Plymouth, Mass., and Lieut. Paine, of Cape Cod.

"Apparently much of the enormous expense of the expedition, due to high prices, or rather famine prices, had fallen on the officers, for they returned in a destitute condition. Such was the war on the English side — a perpetual self-sacrifice, a dilatory officialism, combined with brutal injustice and carping jealousy, spoiling everything but the glory of the achievements." Gorham, however, went to Boston at once to raise recruits in New England for other service.

During the Revolution (in 1776) he defended Fort Cumberland. He was always a loyalist, and lived much of his life in Halifax and in England. He was described as taking the part of a humane, good man in his treatment of the disaffected. His wife, Ann Spry, was an English lady. They had ten children, but so far as is known none of his descendants live in Canada or the United States. On April 28, 1790, he became a major general in the English army, and died soon

HOUSE AT BARNSTABLE, MASS., IN WHICH MAJOR-GENERAL JOSEPH GORHAM WAS BORN. BUILT BEFORE 1716 BY LIEUTENANT-COLONEL JOHN GORHAM.

script relating to the siege of Havana and the part taken by Gorham's Rangers, composed, to a great extent, of Massachusetts men.

A large number of the letters among the "Bourne Papers" are those written by Joseph Gorham to Melatiah Bourne. They show that Gorham's headquarters for recruiting was Boston. One of these papers or letters states that one of Gorham's officers recruited thirty-four men in Nova Scotia, and fourteen in Boston, and that those from Nova Scotia were sent to Boston.

DIARY OF MAJOR JOSEPH GORHAM.

"*His Majesty's Corps of Rangers, Commanded by Major Joseph Gorham, Returns, Occurences, Casualtys, with some extracts of Journal and Remarks from Embarking at N. York, to their return from Havana, to North America, in 1762.*"

Wednesday June 30, 1762, sailed from the Hook, N. York under Convoy of his Majesty's Ships the Lizard, Enterprise, and Porcupine.

Wednesday July 21, Between four and five P.M. was separated by the French Fleet, which fell in with us, consisting 70^{gs}, 4 Frigates, and 5 large armed vessels, took several Transports of the 58th Regiment. The Transports on which the Corps of Rangers were on board, escaped very narrowly and by being only about common shot to the windward, and a little ahead of the enemy with the night to favor us. We were soon a lone ship, and had perplexity of being marroon'd and chased by Privateers, for several days, which to our joy turned out English, however proceeded to our place of Rendezvous and from there for the Havannah,

Wednesday July 28, 1762, saw several wrecks on the Quays, went in the boat and found them to be His Majesty's Ship ye Chesterfield, and 4 large Transports, nigh 1500. Troops on shore, in good fear of wanting water. Next day took on board a company of the 46th Regiment, and proceeded, met again with Privatersmen, proved English, not altering our course, but resolved to board and fight the Enemy,

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after at the age of about sixty-five, having served as a soldier for forty-five years. Many of his letters, dating from 1760 to 1774, to his cousin and life-long friend, Melatiah Bourne, of Boston and Barnstable, are among the "Bourne Papers" at the Harvard College Library and with them is the muster roll of the officers who accompanied him to Havana. On the back of this muster roll is his diary of the expedition. FRANK WILLIAM SPRAGUE.

Friday August 6, 1762,

Landed at the Island of Cuba, and joined the Army, was posted advance of the Army at a place called the English Factory, a large fine building. Alarmed and visited by the Enemy's Light-Horse and Foot, who on the advance of our Officers & 30 or less would retire with 3 or 400 (for men y^{t}. it seems great part understood the use of arms) never any behaved so unmilitary,

Friday August 13, 1762.

On surrender of the Havannah, received orders to march in the country with the Corps, and a reinforcement to see that the Inhabitants kept in subjection, sent in proper supplies &c. was received with great ceremony and grandeur in the different villages by the Magistrates, and, Principal People, who during ye seige had retired in the country, which appeared, extremely pleasant and fertile, the Habitations of the Gentlemen, rather like Palaces, having 10 or 12 rooms on a floor, The better sort of people courteous and civil, but seemingly indolent fond of rich and gaudy furniture and apparel The common people a low cunning, deceitful false and theiving sett, The Spanish joyned indiscriminately in Marriage with Negroes, Mulattos &c, which produces as bad a Mongrel Crew, perhaps as any on Earth, In short the deportment of the inhabitants, their customs, with the climate of the Island rendered it the most disagreeable to the Expedition there, as any part of the world they had ever been in, Though the soil and climate is well adapted for Gardens, could not but remark that very few appeared in the whole country and scarce any thing improved but the Sugar Works and what brings in an immediate gain,

The weather is so hot that all kinds of meat must be cooked the same day it is killed, and one not seasoned to ye country is almost sure of a fit of Illness in case he exposes himself to the sun between 10 O'Clock, and 4 O'Clock,

Wednesday Aug 18, 1762

Returned (to Havana) and was taken very ill with a high fever and in 4 or 5 days there was not an officer or man in the Corps, able to help himself, The Surgeon made one of this number, so we were in a most wretched condition, and had it not been for some Spanish Negroes I got of a Priest, we must some of us perished. The 46th Regiment and several Corps near us was much in the same situation, but they were not all taken down at once, And they were posted close to Headquarters, the stores &c, and a greater chance of assistance, We had the utmost difficulty to get a visit from Surgeons, of other Corps, and sometimes for several days in the height of our Illness without any, At times 2 or 3 days without Provisions from the store. The Army was now served with Fresh Beef. Fowls from ½ dollar to 2 dollars and very difficult to be had. All Poultry price in proportion, we remained in this situation till September 6th.

I was able to wait on Lord Albermarle, who ordered us removed to the

suburbs, about a mile from the town, had all necessaries handy and urgeons directed to attend, but scarce had one prescribed but he was either removed or taken ill, so we had not one a week together, and the Distemper was so settled upon most of the officers and men that some of the Surgeons immediately in seeing them gave them over. In fact provided we had proper assistance at being first taken down, I don't think we should lost above one or two Officers, and not one third of the men that have been lost. From the 18. of August to nigh the 18 of October following, I have never had less than five Officers including the 2 Volunteers sick in the house with me, besides as many Servants all unable to help themselves, and depended on me to provide in this Situation. It cost me not less (upon the nighest calculation) than 12 dollars a day, A Calash, or Chaise, and man must be had for the different exercise other ways, almost a miracle for one to recover and every other thing excessively dear in the housekeeping way.

After my first severe fit of Fever, which brought me very low, I had four relapses at every one so weak, that at the height I could scarce stand alone two of the latter ye Surgeons (almost) give me over, and when I received orders for the Corps, to be draughted and the Officers to return to America, I was in a high fever and in the most weak condition, Yet inevitably obliged to receive orders and give directions (if even life left) having not one officer or Non Commissioned able to do it. It was observed by the Surgeons, attending me that if I had not the most active turn of disposition for riding &c. with ye business I had solely to manage of the Corps, and (which greatly occasioned the relapses) living in the midst of an epedemical fever it would be almost impossible to surmount ye Sickness I went through. that the Patient has the greatest aversion the expedient which chiefly recovers him, viz exercise.

We embarked the 19, Oct. (1762) having only 3 days to prepare ourselves, accounts, &c. No Officer permitted to bring a Servant upon any pretence, therefore we were obliged to take them as nominal Sergeants, or Drummers, which happened to be vacant. Those several young Regiments, that were draughted and the officers sent home to England, were under the same restriction.

Embarked for N. America in the Kitty, and Vulture, Transports of the Corps, under Convoy of his Majesty's Ship Intrepid, John Hale, Commander, having in convoy about 40 Sail.

Arrived contrary to my expectation (we having had a bad vessel) the first of the fleet in 30 days. Had the misfortune to be taken ill again, given over by the Surgeon, on the passage but surprisingly recovered.

"JOSEPH GORHAM."

"19 Nov. 1762,"
"Boston."

Those of the Gorham Rangers who returned to New York

"Commissioned & Staff officers	11 "
"Sergeants & Drummers "	13

"Women of the Corps" } 2
"both died on the passage" }

"Joseph Gorham, Major Commandant and Captain of the first Company."

"died" William Shipton, } 1st. Lieutenant.
" Elisha Waterman, } 1st. Lieutenant.
" Christopher Gorham, } " " and "Paymaster."
" William How. } " "

"Edward Crosby, 2nd Lieutenant, promoted to first Lieutenant, Sept. 15, 1762. (He lived to return to N. York)

"died Oct 10" Charles Proctor, Volunteer, promoted to be 2nd. Lieutenant.

"Second Company,"
Captain Benonia Danks, sold his commission Sept 13, 1762.
"Captain Lieutenant" John Walker,
Thomas Dixon, } 1st. Lieutenant,
Marquis de Compte, }

"died" Samuel Shipton, 2nd. Lieutenant,
Abraham Dupee, Surgeon,
John Watmough, Volunteer, promoted to 2nd. Lieutenant, died 4 Oct., 1762.

"N.B." of the 128 men drafted in the Regiment the Surgeon gave as his opinion that nigh ⅔ would not recover, the distemper being so settled before proper assistance was given.

Total number of Officers and men (of the Gorham Rangers) who arrived at Cuba 253,
Officers died 14,
Men " 88,

"Recruits for life, approved of recd, £4,-10/
" during the war if any 3-10/
Private subsistance per week 3/8
Billiting per day /4

"Letter from Joseph Gorham, to Melatiah Bourne."

"Capt David Gorham, died on board his Majesty's Ship Valiant, August 9, 1762, after a monthe illness and several relapses."

"Sylvanus Cobb, Master of the Sloop York, died on board, in the Havannah Harbor, Sept. 1762, (He was from Plymouth, Mass.)

"Prize Money for the Navy" £258092, — 11-6"

"Melatiah Bourne, in account with Major Joseph Gorham"

"April 3 1762."

"To Cash advanced your Officers for subsistance as per bills Sent to Christopher Gorham, Pay master, with my order to pay you £115, — 10s."

"April 29, 1762"

Lieutenant How's bill £15,
" William Shiptons bill, £25,
" Advanced Officers for Subsistanc,"

"Boston May 5, 1762"

" Lieutent Shipton's, bill for recruiting service 843⅓ dollars"

APPENDIX.

ROSTER OF REGULARS AT THE SIEGE OF HAVANA.

Commander in Chief Lord Albermarle.

Aids, Capts. Fuller and Nugent, Lt Ruyton and Ensign Thomas. Secretary Lt. Col. Hale. Lt. Gen'l Elliot, Maj Gen'l Lafusille, Maj Gen'l Keppel
Aids. Capts Dundas and Suttle, Lt Hamilton
Brigadiers, Haviland, Grant, Reed, Lord Rollo and Welsh
Majors of Brigade, Skeen, Small, Moncrief Neal and Dundas.
Adjt. Gen'l., Col Wm Howe; Deputy, Lt. Col. Ackland.
Qr Mastr Gen'l., Col Carleton; Deputy, Maj. Poole.
Assistants Captains Foster and Temperly
Surg. Gen'l. and Director, Sir Clinton Wintringham,
Deputy Director —— McSandy.
Physician Richard Huck
Commissary Gen'l., Charles Lechmere
Paymaster Gen'l., —— Durant
Royal Artillery, Lt. Col. Leith.
Engineer in Chief. Col. Patrick McKellar.
Capts. Dickson, Williamson, Dornford, and Williamson
Lieuts. Peach, Rumford and Fraser.
Ensigns, Roberts, Welsh, Monemet and Shacan.
Corps of Independents under Maj. Foune.

First Brigade, Gen'l. Havilands.

1st. (Royal) Regiment, 4 companies, Capt Gordon
56th. Keppel's, 9 companies, Lt Col Stewart,
60th. Haviland's, 10 companies, Lt. Col. Provost.
2nd Brigade, Gen Welsh,
9th., Whetmore's, 9 companies,
28th. Townsend's, 10 companies, Capt. Span.
48th. Webb's, Lt Col Teesdale.
27th. Blakeney's, 10 companies, Lt. Col Massey,
3rd Brigade, Gen. Reed
15th, Amherst's, nine companies, Maj. Loftus
43rd, Talbot's, ten companies, Lt Col. Dalling
35th. Otway's, nine companies, Lt Col. Camp.
34th. Effingham's, nine companies.

4th Brigade Gen. Grant.

17th. Monckton's, ten companies, Lt Col Reid.
42nd. Royal Highlanders, 1st. Bat. ten companies, Lt. Col. Graham
" " " 2nd, five companies, Maj Mirrie
77th. Montgomery's, nine companies, Capt Kennedy.
4th. Durore's, two companies,

5th. Brigade, Gen. Lord Rollo.

22nd. Whitmore's, ten companies,
72nd Richmond's nine companies,
90th. Morgan's. five companies, Lt Col. J. Stewart.
40th. Arimger's, ten companies, Lt Col Grant.

Provincial Troops.

Four Independent Companies
Two Companies of Gorham's Rangers.
1st Connecticut Regiment, eleven companies.
Six companies from New York
Two companies from New Jersey
Three companies from Rhode Island
200 men under Lt Col. Christopher Hargill
5300 Negroes from Jamaica, Barbadoes, and the Windward Islands.
(One company commanded by Capt David Gorham)

STATE OF THE GARRISON OF FORT MORO, WHEN TAKEN BY STORM THE 30TH OF JULY, 1762.

Staff. Commander in Chief and Colonel, Don Luis de Velasco, wounded. Second in command and Colonel, Marquis Gonzales, killed. Fort Major, Captain Don Manuel de Cordova. Second Major, Dorenzo de Milla. Fort Adjutant, Don Pedro Minditta, second Lieutenant. Second Adjutant, Don Francisco de la Palma, second Lieutenant. Engineer, Don Antonio Freboso, second Lieutenant.

Regular Troops. 6 Captains, 5 Lieutenants, 6 second lieutenants, 280 Sergeants, Corporals, Drums, and private.

Officers of the marine and seamen. 2 Captains, 2 Lieutenants, and 300 marines.

Officers of the works. 2 Second Lieutenants.

Negroes. 2 Officers, 94 Negroes.

Return of the Spaniards killed, wounded, drowned, or taken, at the assault of the Moro.

Killed,	130
Wounded,	37
Prisoners,	310
Officers ditto,	16
Drowned, or killed in their boats,	213
Total,	706

CHARLES, III.
King of Spain.

Return of the numbers under Lieutenant Colonel Stuart, of the 90th regiment, at the assault of Fort Moro, July 30, 1762.

Royal. 1 Captain, 4 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 5 Serjeants, 102 rank and file.

Marksmen. 1 Major, 3 Captains, 4 Lieutenants, 8 Serjeants, 129 rank and file.

90th regiment. 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Captain, 5 Lieutenants, 1 Ensign, 2 Serjeants, 50 rank and file.

Total. 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Major, 5 Captains, 13 Lieutenants, 2 Ensigns, 15 Serjeants, 281 rank and file.

To sustain them, 35th regiment, 1 Major, 4 Captains, 10 Lieutenants, 2 Ensigns, 14 Serjeants, 150 rank and file.

Total of the whole. 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 2 Majors, 9 Captains, 23 Lieutenants, 4 Ensigns, 29 Serjeants, 431 rank and file.

N.B. 150 Sappers, under the command of a Captain, were at the assault.

Royals. 5 Rank and file, killed. 1 Lieutenant, 2 Serjeants, 19 rank and file, wounded.

Marksmen. 1 Lieutenant, 3 rank and file, killed. 2 Serjeants, 2 rank and file, wounded.

90th regiment. 1 Lieutenant, 4 rank and file, killed. 2 Rank and file, wounded.

Total. 2 Lieutenants, 12 rank and file, killed. 1 Lieutenant, 4 Serjeants, 23 rank and file, wounded.

State of all kind of Officers, serjeants, drummers and soldiers, belonging to the garrison of the Havannah, and which are to be embarked on board his Britannic Majesty's vessels,

Second regiment of Spain. Field and Staff Officers; 1 Aid de Camp, 1 Chaplain, 1 Surgeon. — Officers; 5 Captains, 15 Subalterns. — Troop; 16 Serjeants, 11 Drummers, 317 soldiers. Total 367. — Families; 4 Officers wives, 8 children; 6 soldiers wives, 3 children, Total 21.

Second regiment of Arragon. Field and Staff Officers; 1 Aid de Camp, 1 Chaplain, 1 Surgeon. — Officers; 2 Captains, 3 Subalterns. — Troop; 9 Serjeants, 9 Drummers, 137 soldiers. Total 168.

The Havannah regiment. Field and Staff Officers; 1 Colonel, 1 Serjeant-Major, 1 Aid de Camp, 1 Chaplain. — Officers, 3 Captains, 21 Subalterns. — Troop; 2 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 131 soldiers. Total 163. — Families; 8 Officers wives, 17 children. Total 25.

Companies of the artillery, Officers; 1 Captain, 3 Subalterns. — Troop; 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 10 Soldiers. Total 16. — Families; 2 Officers wives, 2 children. Total 4.

Edinburgh dragoons. Field and Staff Officers; 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel, 1 Serjeant-Major, 1 Aid de Camp, 1 Chaplain, 1 Surgeon. — Officers; 6 Captains, 9 Subalterns. — Troop; 8 Serjeants, 6 Drummers, 130 soldiers. Total 165. — Families; 2 Officers wives, 3 children 1 soldier's wife. Total 6

Havannah dragoons. Field and Staff Officers; 1 Colonel, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel. — Troop; 2 Serjeants, 53 soldiers. Total 57. — Family; 1 Officer's wife.

Total Field and Staff Officers. 3 Colonels, 2 Lieutenant-Colonels, 2 Serjeant Majors, 4 Aid de Camps, 4 Chaplains, 3 Surgeons. — Officers; 17 Captains, 56 Subalterns. — Troop; 38 Serjeants, 29 Drummers, 778 soldiers. Total 936. — Families; 17 Officers wives, 30 children, 7 soldiers wives, 3 children. Total 57.

N.B. The prisoners on board our men of war, and the sick and wounded left in the town, are not included in this return.

Return of guns, mortars, and principal stores, found in the Moro castle, city of Havannah and Punta, the 14th of August 1762.

Brass ordnance. One 42 pounder, four 36 pounders, three 32 pounders, eleven 26 pounders, one 24 pounder, three 20 pounders, eight 18 pounders, fourteen 16 pounders, five 15 pounders, thirty-one 12 pounders, six 10 pounders, three 8 pounders, one 7 pounder, four 6 pounders, three 5 pounders, one 4½ pounder, three 4 pounders. Total brass ordnance, 102.

Iron ordnance. Two 36 pounders, twenty-five 26 pounders, sixty-eight 24 pounders, sixty-seven 18 pounders, forty-seven 16 pounders, sixteen 12 pounders, six 11 pounders, eighteen 8 pounders. Total iron ordnance, 249.

Brass mortars. One 9 inch, one 8 inch, three 5 inch, four 4½ inches.

Iron mortars. One 13 inch, one 12 inch.

Powder. Quintals	537
Muskets of different calibres,	4157
Ditto cartridges filled,	125000
Hand granadoes fixed,	500
Musket ball. Quintals,	30
Empty shells, of forts,	460
Round shot, 24 pounders,	7603
18 ditto,	1613
16 ditto,	5650
12 ditto,	1458
8 ditto,	80

SAM. CLEAVELAND,

Lieutenant Colonel Royal regiment of artillery.

N.B. There are many articles of small stores, the particulars of which at present cannot be ascertained.

Return of the killed, wounded, missing, and dead, since the army landed on the island of Cuba. August 13, 1762.

Staff. Brigadier Carleton, wounded.

1st Regiment, General Sinclair's. Lieut. Cook and Ashe, killed. Captain Balfour, Lieut. Ruth, Ens. Keating, wounded.

4th Regiment, Lieut. Gen. Duroure's. Lieut. Chitty, wounded. Ens. Lindsey, died.

9th Regiment, Lieut. Gen. Whitmore's. Ens. Wood, killed. Lieut. Col. Thomas, Capt. Suttie, Lieut. Surman, died.

15th Regiment, Sir Jeffery Amherst's. Lieut. Skene, killed. Capt. Tyrwhitt, Lieut. Winter, died.

17th Regiment, Major Gen. Monckton's. Lieut. Martin, Ens. M'Grath, wounded.

22d Regiment, Major Gen. Gage's. Lieut. Stannus, wounded. Capt. Shaak, Lieut. Burke, died.

27th Regiment, Lieut. Gen. Warburton's. Ens. Orr, killed. Capt. Morris, wounded. Lieut. Col. Gordon, died.

28th Regiment, Major Gen. Townsend's.

34th Regiment, Lord Frederick Cavendish's. Lieut. Johnston, killed. Lieut. Wyley, Ens. Mortiboys, died. Lieut. Banks, dead of wounds.

35th Regiment, Lieut. Gen. Otway's. Lieut. Widdrington, killed. Lieut. Fitzgerald, Ens. Candler, wounded.

40th Regiment, Major Gen. Armiger's. Lieut. Reid, died.

42d Regiment, Lord John Murray's first battalion. Major McNeill, Capt. M'Donald, Lieut. Mill, and Blair, died.

42d Regiment, Lord John Murray's second battalion. Capt. Menzies Lieut. Grant, Lassby, Farquharson, and Cunnison, died.

43d Regiment, Major Gen. Talbot's. Capt. Spendlove, wounded.

46th Regiment, Lieut. Gen. Murray's.

48th Regiment, Major General Webb's. Capt. Crofton, Lieut. Atkinson and Frazer, died.

56th Regiment, Major General Keppel's. Lieut. White, Ens. Ingram, died.

60th Regiment, third battalion, Colonel Haviland's. Lieut. Sears, Ens. Power, wounded. Ens. M. Dougul, died. Ens. Steward, dead of wounds.

65th Regiment, Lord Malpas's.

72d Regiment, Duke of Richmond's. Lieut. Bruce, wounded. Lieut. Bowers, Quarter-master Wall, died. Ens. Brice, dead of wounds.

77th Regiment, Colonel Montgomery's. Lieut. M'Vicar, killed. Major Marrie, Lieut. Grant, and M'Nabb, died.

90th Regiment, Colonel Grant's. Lieut. Holroyd, killed. Lieut. Wastel, wounded. Capt. Windus, Ens. Kelly, died.

98th Regiment, Colonel Burton's. Ens. Deade, wounded. Lieut. Burton, died. Lieut. Barber, dead of wounds.

Engineers. Cap. Gordon, Ens. Moncrieff, wounded.

Royal artillery. Capt. Strachey, Lieut. Fireworker Bossom, killed. Lieut. Col. Leith, first Lieut. Benjamin, died.

Independants, 1 rank and file, missing.

Provincials, 7 rank and file, missing.

Major Ferron, Capt. Goreham, died.

Total. Officers, 11 killed. 19 wounded. 39 died. 4 dead of wounds.

15 Serjeants, 4 drummers, 260 rank and file, killed. 49 Serjeants, 6 drummers, 576 rank and file, wounded. 1 Serjeant, 4 drummers, 125 rank and file, missing. 14 Serjeants, 11 drummers, 632 rank and file, died. 1 Drummer, 51 rank and file, dead of wounds.

List of the Dead in the Rhode Island Detachment, consisting of 212, Officers included, at the Havannah.

Lieut. Asa Bowditch Lt Thomas Rose 3 sergeants, 5 corporals, 2 drummers, 100 private men, All of whom died by sickness, excepting two, who were killed by the enemy, besides 3 wounded.

Surviving Officers of Gorham's Rangers: Capt Andrew Watson Lt Edward Crosby Lt James Johnston Lt James Tute Lt Joseph Heyland 2nd Lt. Joseph Hiller Surgeon Constantine Doherty.

PRIZE MONEY.

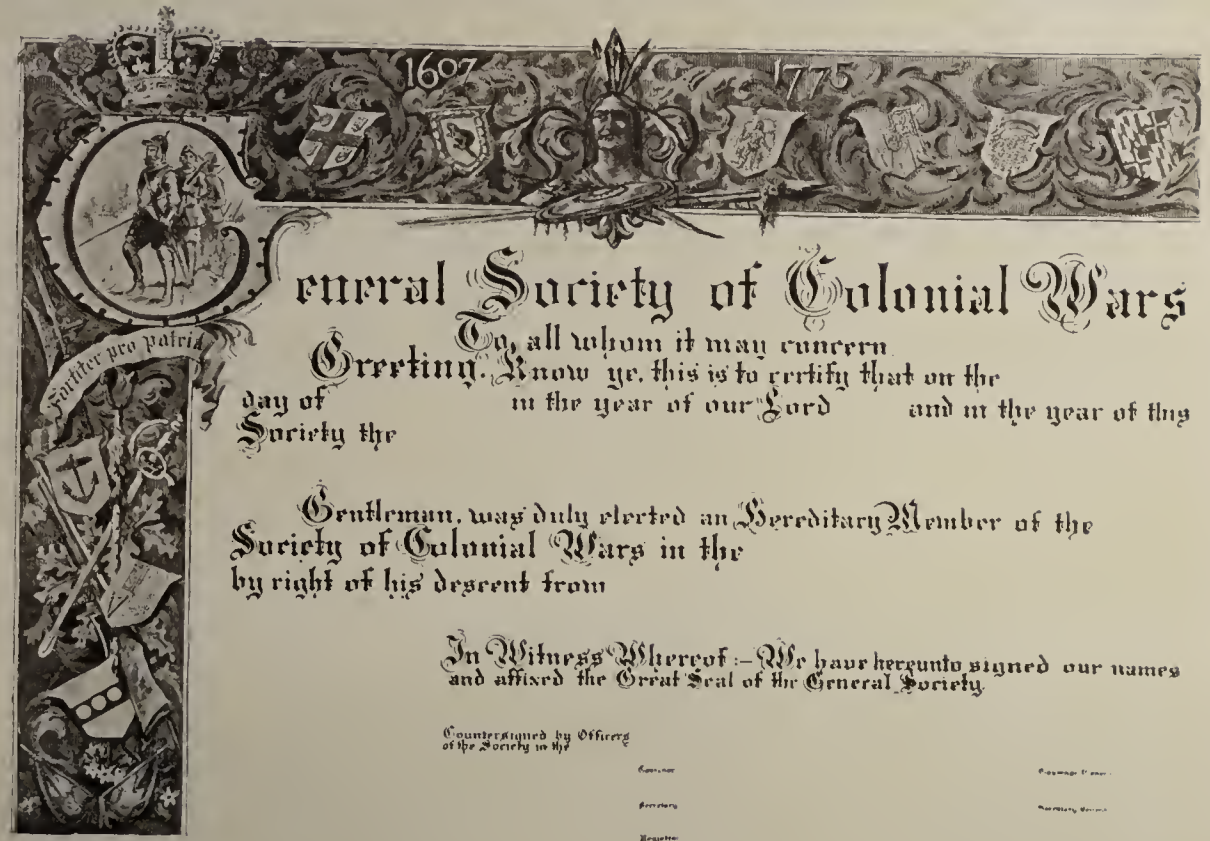
PROPORTION TO THE NAVY £258092–11–6.

Proportions.

Gen'l & Comr in Chief		£86030–17– 2
Lt Gen'l		£17206– 3– 5
Maj Genl.		4839– 4– 8
Brig Gen		1382–12– 9
Field officer		379–10–11
Capt		130–15– 9
subaltern & surg.		80–15– 9
Sergt.	ea	6– 6–10
Corp		4–16–10
private		2–17–11

Those who died before 13 Aug 1762 had no share

Those who died since to obtain by a process in Eng. from Geo. Durant Pay master Gen'l. at the Havanna, the dividends to be paid in London.



General Society of Colonial Wars

To all whom it may concern

Greeting. Know ye, this is to certify that on the day of in the year of our Lord and in the year of this Society the

Gentleman, was duly elected an Hereditary Member of the Society of Colonial Wars in the by right of his descent from

In Witness Whereof:—We have hereunto signed our names and affixed the Great Seal of the General Society.

Countersigned by Officers of the Society in the

Governor

Secretary

Registrar

Governor General

Secretary General

Vicarius Clerici

A CONTEMPORARY MAP SHOWING THE ROUTE OF THE EXPEDITIONS OF 1710 AND 1711.

THE EXPEDITIONS AGAINST PORT ROYAL IN 1710 AND QUEBEC IN 1711.

In the spring of 1709 the Massachusetts General Court sent an address to Queen Anne praying for aid to an expedition — toward which they professed a desire themselves to do their utmost — for the conquest of Nova Scotia and Canada. The proposal was favorably received at Court, and operations on a large scale were resolved upon. Colonel Vetch brought information that it was determined to send from England a sufficient naval force and five regiments of the regular army. Twelve hundred men were to be enlisted and equipped by Massachusetts and Rhode Island. These united forces were to attempt Quebec, while fifteen hundred men from the colonies further south were to make a movement by land against Montreal.

The Massachusetts troops were mustered at Boston before the end of the spring. The southern contingent proceeded towards Lake Champlain, and lay encamped at Wood Creek. After months of waiting for the English fleet, which did not appear, the Colonial forces disbanded.

In October, 1709, the New England governors met at Rehoboth and prepared an address to the Queen urging another attempt.

This was successful, and an expedition was organized under the following instructions:

Instructions for our trusty and well beloved Colonel Francis Nicholson whom we have appointed to be Commander in Chief of our fforces to be employ'd in
ANNE R. *the reduction of Port Royal and other places in Nova Scotia Given at our Court att St James's the 18th of March 1709–10. In the 9th year of Our Reign.*

Whereas upon the several representations which have been made to us by our subjects of New England and other parts of North America of the great Disadvantages they lye under by the French being Masters of Port Royal, We have resolved to fitt out an Expedition under your Command for reducing that place.

You are therefore forthwith to repair on board one of the Men of War appointed to convoy the fforces to be employ'd in this expedition and then make the best of your way with the Transports and fforces on board them to Boston in New England. Upon your Arrival there you are to deliver to the Govr: of New England and New Hampshire a letter from us & immediately to dispatch these to the Govr: of Connecticut & Rhode Island and you shall represent to them in our Name that in regard to the applications which have been made to us by our subjects in these Parts, We have sent under your Command 500. Marines with a Considerable Quantity of warlike stores of all sorts and a Bomb Ketch for reducing Port Royal and that being all could be spared from hence from other Important services, We do expect that what is further necessary for accomplishing this Design shall be without delay furnished by these Provinces and that in such Quotas and by such proportions as they were to have ffurnished last year if the designed expedition on Canada had taken effect, unless it shall be otherwise determined in a Council of War, to consist of yourself the Govrs. Col: Vetch the eldest Coll: of the fforces raised there, the eldest Capt. of the Marines and the four senior sea officers.

You are also to signifie to the said Govrs. Our Pleasure that they doe ffurnish a sufficient number of Transport ships with such a quantity of provisions as shall be ffound necessary for transporting of the fforces and stores from Boston to the place

shall be most proper in order to attacking of Port royal as also with a sufficient number of Able Pilots whereof Capt. Southwick is to be one and to goe in his own Galley & also that they do allow such a number of flat bottomed whale boats which were built last year, to be employ'd in this Expedition, as shall be thought Convenient for landing of the Troops, And you are further to signifie to them, that We expect they will give the same obedience to wt: shall be determined in a Councill of War in relation to the services aforesaid, as they would give to our particular orders and Instructions.

As soon as the Quotas of these Provinces are in readiness you are then to consider in a Council of War of the most proper Way of attacking and reducing Port royal, and whatsoever shall be resolved on, you are without loss of time to putt in Execution.

And to the end nothing may be wanting on our part to encourage the Govrs. aforesaid to act with the utmost Spirit & Vigor in this expedition you shall assure them in our Name, that such of them as contribute to the reduction of Port royal and any of the Country and Places adjacent belonging to the enemy, shall have a preference, both with regard to the soil & Trade of the Country when reduced to any other of our subjects, & when they shall have concerted among themselves any reasonable proposals for securing to their respective Colonies the benefits of the said soil and trade; We shall not be wanting to give the royal sanction for the same. And you are hereby empowered to give all fitting encouragement to any such as shall offer themselves to go Voluntiers on this Expedition Gentlemen or others.

And if it shall please God to give such success to this Enterprise as that Port royal shall be reduced to our obedience. It is our pleasure that Coll: Vetch have the command of it, with such a number of fforces as shall be thought in a Council of war necessary for the security of the place from the designs of the enemy.

And since there may be other preparations necessary for this expedition, then what are contained in these our Instructions, &

which by reason of the distance of Time and Place could not be now foreseen. These are therefore to empower you with the concurrence of the said Govrs. and Coll: Vetch to make any such as you shall judge necessary for carrying on of the Expedition aforesaid.

A. R.

ANNE R. *Additional Instructions for our trusty and well beloved Col: Nicholson, Given at our Court at St. James the 15th April 1710. In the 9th year of Our Reign.*

In case there shall be any plunder taken from the enemy on shore by the land forces imploy'd in the intended expedition under your command as well when the Marine Soldiers or any part of the seamen belonging to our ships shall be imploy'd with the said Land Forces, or otherwise if the same shall consist of such things as are perishable, it is immediately to be disposed of to the best advantage as a Council of War shall think most proper, but you are to take care that no dividend be made of what arises from it, nor of any other plunder taken as aforesaid which can be preserv'd till our further Orders —

A. R.

The following account of the expedition is taken from a journal of the same on file in the Public Record Office in London:

On Saturday the 15th of July in the evening, General Nicholson arrived at Boston in New England, in Her Majesties ship the Falmouth, a Bomb ship and Tender & several transports, with British officers, a Regiment of marines, provisions and stores of War; bringing with him Her Majesties Royal Commands to the Respective Governors of Her Provinces and Colonies of the Massachusetts Bay, New Hampshire, Connecticut and Rhode Island; namely Colonel Dudley of the Massachusetts and New Hampshire; Colonel Saltonstal of Connecticut; and Colonel Cranston of Rhode Island to be assistant in

BOSTON LIGHT AND THE PROVINCE SLOOP, ABOUT 1712.

the Expedition in the manner Colonel Francis Nicholson should propose to them &c.

In obedience to Her Majesty's said commands: the afore named Governors, with all manner of application and diligence forthwith rais'd and furnish'd their respective Quotas of good effective men, well clothed, being armed of Her Majesties Royal Gift; with transports, provisions, stores of War, pilots, chaplains, chyrurgeons, and all necessaries and utensils proper for the service, as proposed by the General: who with unwearied pains and diligence push'd forward the preparations.

And Commadore Martin being joined by Her Majesty's Ships the Loustaffe and Feversham from New York (or ordered to attend the service) on the ninth of September.

Upon Monday the 18th of September the General being embarqued on board the Commadore, set sail with the fleet, and all the Forces on board from Nantasket, Her Majesty's ship the Chester being sent some time before.

Her Majesty's Ship of War the Dragon, Commadore Martin, The Falmouth, Captain Riddel, The Lowstaffe, Captain Gordon, The Feversham, Captain Poston, The Province Gally, Captain Southack, The Star Bomb Capt: Rochfort with her tender.

Transports, Hospital and Store Ships and vessels, about 36 sail, besides a number of open sloops for carrying of lumber and other utensils for the cannon.

Field officers of the land Forces, consisting of Five Regiments of foot.

The Honourable Samuell Vetch, Adjutant General of all Her Majesty's Forces, Colonel Robert Reading, Sir Charles Hobby, Colonel, Colonel William Tailer, Colonel William Whiting, Colonel Shadrach Walton.

The winds proving favourable, with fair weather, the fleet sailed along the Shoar until Thursday the 21st.

We anchored at the entrance of Passamaquoddy Harbour, at a place called the Wolves; where several vessels by the extraordinary currency of the tyde, fogg and bad weather were drove from their Anchors, and several Anchors and Cables lost. Capt. Mathew's Brigt. which we met that day coming to Boston with 4 French Deserters, and one of our Transports, kept on their way. And on the 23rd they arrived at Port Royal River and entering in at the Gutt, a parcel of Indians fired several volleys of small shot at them; and they on the other hand fired their great Guns at them, and fear'd them away, and did us no damage. At the Wolves our Fleet stayed till the Lords-day the 24th at 4 a clock in the morning, then we made sail and past thro' the Bay of Fundy, and about noon came to the mouth of the Port Royal River, where the wind slacking in with a Tide of Ebb, we came to Anchor: Capt Jeremiah Tay in the ship Caesar, essaying first to enter the River ran to near the Shoar as to ground his vessel, to whom help sufficient was tender'd, but he not being apprehensive of any danger, did not think fit to accept of it, and the wind rising with a violent swelling sea bulg'd the ship. In the evening; Lieut Col. Ballantine and his Lieutenant with 7. more got into the Boat and with one paddle thro' great difficulty they got to Land, where the Boat bulg'd against the Rocks; Seventeen others of the Company swam to Land; 26 remaining on Board were drowned, viz Capt. Tay, his Pilot or Sailor and 23. Souldiers. The rest of the Fleet, the wind proving fair, after an hours anchoring set sail again and entered the River, where we found Capt. Mathews in Her Majesty's Ship Chester and his men all in good Health, who informed that they had 8. more French Deserters. The whole Fleet sailed above Goat Island, where we anchored and moored. At our arrival the

French fired their Beacon to call in their Inhabitants to the Fort. The General this night call'd a Council of War; Two Deserters from the Fort came to us, and three Irish and one Dutchman deserted this night from us to the Enemy.

Monday Sept 25. A Council of War being call'd last night: the event of it was, this day being clear fair Weather, That some Gentlemen with some Detachments should go on shoar to view the best places on both sides the River, where to Land our men and pitch our Camp; Accordingly very early in the morning Col: Reading Landed on the South Side where the Fort is; Col: Redknap being with him with a party of 50. Marines, Commanded by Capt Davinson, who having posted them, came on board the Dragon, to give the General account of it; they were very soon supported by another party of 150. Marines, commanded by Major Mullens and Capt. Cochran; and much about the same time Col: Vetch, Col: Walton; Major Brown and Capt. Southack, and Engineer Forbes landed with Col: Waltons Company of Grenadiers, commanded by Capt: Mascarene on the North side of the river, at Spurs Point; Col: Vetch having posted his men, also returned to the General, who upon the report made by the abovesaid Gentlemen officers, he gave immediate orders for landing the whole Army, Col: Tailors Regiment, and the rest of Colonel Waltons landed on the North Side, and were saluted by Monsieur Subercase from the Fort, with three Guns and a shell, without doing us any damage. The General, Col Reading, Sir Charles Hobbey and Col Whiting landed on the South side about one of the Clock & the whole Army at four. Col: Vetch with the two Battalions on the North Side drew up and Marched with Drums beating, and colours flying to the camp they designed to take. The French then began to fire pretty thick. One

of their Cannon shot went pritty near Col. Tailer as he March'd at the head of his Regiment, and passed between his Ranges but did no harm. Upon our landing the other part of our forces on the South Side the Enemy from the Fort fir'd their cannon at us, and beat up the Marsh near us; but did no other damage; the Forces on the South Side Marched up near to the Brick-Kilns in a single file, the way was so bad that in many places they were forc'd to cut their way, and in the Evening we encamped in the adjoining Woods; leaving Capt Pigeon with a party of 60 Men at Petit River Point. This evening our Bomb Ship came up and Saluted the Fort with seven Shells, the Fort answered with both Shot and Shells without Execution.

Tuesday 26. At Break of Day the General Marched with the Army on the South Side; The Marines in the Front, Col: Reading at their Head, Col: Whitings Regiment in the Centre, and Sir Charles Hobby's in the rear. Major Livingston with a party of Indians flanking the Body in their March; after passing several Defiles and cutting the way through the Woods, about ten of the clock, we came to the Hill near Allens Mill; Major Livingston with his Indians being below the Hill was call'd unto by the French and Indians on the other side of the Marsh to come over, upon which the General ordered a small Detachment of Marines to follow Major Livingston who passed safely over the Marsh and were fired upon by two of the Enemy, after they passed the Mill, but received no damage, which occasion'd the General with the whole Body of Grenadiers to march down the Hill and over the Marsh in sight of the Fort with Drums beating, and Colours flying, and immediately on the Generals coming upon the upland, the enemy out of the Woods fired upon Major Livingston and his Men, and they on the other hand fir'd as briskly at the Enemy, who retired into

the Woods, upon the General & Grenadiers coming up to his relief, The Indians were ordered as out centinels. The Grenadiers were drawn up in a Body upon the Hill L'Cap in view of the Fort about a mile distant, here we stayed till the rest of the Army came up, and we dined. After dinner three Marines strayed out of the Camp to hunt for some pray, one of which was kill'd the other two mortally wounded. The French and Indians endeavoured to take our centrys and fir'd upon them whereupon the General ordered a Regiment to march down to their succour, upon which began a hot skirmish, the French firing upon our men from the Fort with their cannon. And from their Houses, Fences and Gardens with their small Arms, in our march for about three quarters of a mile, in which our men shewed agreat deal of bravery and undaunted courage, wherein none were hurt, only two Marines and a Connecticut Soldier kill'd by a great shot. The General ordered Capt Davison and Capt. Bartlet with a party of Grenadiers as an advanced Guard to march on within 400 paces of the Fort, which they did, Capt. Powell being ordered with 60. marines to joy'n them where they Intrench'd; who behaved themselves very well, as likewise did the men under their command, and beat the Enemy into their Fort, and stay'd there 48 hours within Gun shot; in which time there was one Connecticut man killed and 3. marines, other three wounded. This night the Bomb ship threw 11 Shells and one carcass into the Fort, and the Fort saluted them. Lieu. Blackmore, and Capt. Thomson with some of our Boats and Artillery past the Fort. About 12. o'clock at night, Col: Vetch, Col: Tailer and Engineer Forbes went down to Spurs Point over against the Fort, with a Detachment of 100. men, commanded by Capt. Riberton, to try if their Cochorn Morters could reach the Fort. The design was to have had 12 Cochorn Morters play there continu-

ally in the night to cover the passing of our Boats with cannon, &c but this was laid aside, the Ground not allowing our Trenches Morters to play there, and the small ones not being able to carry across the River and up hill, it was resolved to pass with our Boat the next night; & the Detachment returned to the camp.

Wednesday the 27th. The enemy Fired warmly to hinder our unloading the stores of War that came in our Boats the proceeding night; 'twas rainy weather in the morning about noon it cleared up, and the enemy shot violently upon our men from the Fort, a cannon Bullet entered into a House and killed one of Captain Thompson's Saylors as he lay a sleep; after Dinner they fired 16. Great Guns at our boats down the River, but did us no damage. This day we mounted some of our Guns upon their carriages; this day also Colonel Vetch Despatched Captain Forbes the engineer from the north side camp to order the Flat bottom boats to take in the Artillery with the ammunition, &c. Towards evening our Bomb ship came up again and play'd very warmly, and threw 36. shells and one carcass into the Fort. The enemy fired two which fell pretty near the General's camp but did no hurt. As soon as it was dark, Captain Forbes, Captain Mathews and Captain Southack arriv'd at the Generals camp with a train of flat bottom and other boats loaden with Artillery and Stores without having one shot fired at them, & captain Mathews & Captain Southack returned for more.

This night Lieutenant-Colonel Ballantine with his broken company from the Fleet, & Lieutenant-Colonel Goff from Colonel Vetch's camp on the north with four companys came to the General's camp. This day some Indians sent from the Generals camp to fetch provisions from the Fleet were attacked by a superior number of the enemy that came in our Livery, one of ours was mor-

tally wounded and is since dead. A centinal was killed by an Indian that came out of the Fort.

Thursday, 28th. A cloudy dark morning, our men cheerfully making Preparations for further attacks, the day prov'd rainy, the Fort continued to throw their Bombs by day and night, some whereof fell very near our Generals lodgings, the bad weather hinder'd our Bomb ship to play; but did not hinder our boats from coming and going safe to and from our Camp, for 20 of them arriv'd to us with all sorts of Warlike stores, &c.

Friday 29th. The weather wett, the Fort threw some Bombs and fired several Great Guns in the Forenoon but did us no harm, the weather hindered our Bomb ship from doing any service, we had boats coming and going all night. This day some of the Dragon's Saylors went on shore to get some Cabbage on the north side and were fired upon by the enemy, of whom we had one kill'd and two wounded upon which the Dragon fired upon the enemy, cleared, the Dragon, brought off their men and burnt two houses and two Barnes in retaliation. After Dinner two French officers an Ensign and Sergeant with a Drummer came out of the Fort with a Flag of Truce, and brought our General a letter from Monsieur Subercase.

All the Cannon were landed, Capt Davison was relieved by Major Abbot with 200. men Lieut Col. Johnson with 300. men were ordered out to cut Fascines; and 200 more were detached from Col. Vetch's camp to join the Generals, commanded by Lieut Col. Goff, the Fort fired 18. Guns at them in passing the River without any damage.

After two days of diplomatic correspondence between the French and English commanders the following articles of Capitulation were adopted:

Articles of Capitulation agreed upon for the surrender of the Fort of Port Royal &c. Betwixt Francis Nicholson Esq General & Commander in Chief of all the Forces of Her Sacred Majesty Anne, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Queen Defender of the Faith &c. And Monsieur D'e Subercase Kt. of the Military order of St. Lewis and Governor and Commander in Chief of the Fort of Port Royal, Province of La' Accadie, and the Territories thereunto belonging, for his most Sacred Christian Majesty.

1. That the Garrison shall march out with their Arms and Baggage, Drums beating, and Colours flying.

2. That there shall be a sufficient number of Ships and Provisions to Transport the said Garrison to Rochell or Rochford, by the shortest passage when they shall be furnished with Passports for their return.

3. That I may take out six Guns and two Morters, such as I shall think fit.

4. That the officers shall carry out all their effects, of what sort soever. Except they do agree to the selling of them, the payment of which to be upon good Faith.

5. That the Inhabitants with Cannon shot of the Fort of Port Royal, shall remain upon their Estates, with their Corn, Cattle and Furniture, During two years, in case they are not Desirous to go before, they taking the Oaths of Allegiance & Fidelity to Her Sacred Majesty of Great Britain.

6. That a vessel be provided for the Privateers belonging to the Islands in America, for their Transportation thither.

7. That those that are desirous to go for Placentia in Newfoundland, shall have leave by the nearest passage.

8. That the Cannadians, or those that are desirous to go there, may do so, for during the space of one year.

9. That Effects, Ornaments, Utensils of the Chappel and Hospital, shall be delivered to the Almoner.

10. I promise to deliver the Fort of Port Royal into the Hand of Francis Nicholson Esq: for the Queen of Great Britain, &c within three days after the Ratification of this

present Treaty, with all the Effects belonging to the King, as Guns, Mortars, Bombs, Balls, Powder and all other small arms.

11. I will discover upon my Faith all the Mines, Fugasses, and Cassinats.

12. All the Articles of this present Treaty, shall be executed upon good Faith without Difficulty, and signed by each other, at Her Majesty of Great Britain's Camp, before Port Royal Fort this second day of October in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, Annoque Domini 1710.

FRANCIS NICHOLSON.
SUBERCASE.

Memorandum.—The General declared that within Cannon Shot of Port Royal in the fifth Article above-said, is to be understood three English Miles, round the Fort to be Annapolis Royal, and the Inhabitants within the said three miles to have the benefit of that Article. Which Persons Male and Female comprehended in the said Article, according to a list of their names given into the General by Mr. Allen amounts to 487. Persons.

The General ordered Major Abbot with a Detachment of 200. men; 5 Captains and 8. Subalterns to go & take possession of the Fort; Capt. Davison marched first at the head of 50 Grenadiers & Major Abbott, Capt Mascareen, Capt Bartlet, Capt Adams & Capt Lyon, followed each in his proper Station, when we came to the Gate we opened into a Line and the General, with Col: Vetch on his Right and Sir Charles Hobby on his Left hand, with the 2 Hostages Monsieur Bonaventure and Monsieur D'Goutteu, followed by all the Field officers, and a great many others; advanced towards the Fort, The French Governor met them half way on the Bridge, with our two Hostages, the Hon: Col: Reading and Capt: Mathews, attended by his Officers, and complimented the General in these words; Sir, I'm very sorry for the misfortune of the King my master in Losing such a Brave Fort, and the

Territories adjoyining; but count myself happy in falling into the hands of so noble and generous a General, and now deliver up the Keys of the Fort, and all the magazines into your hands, hoping to give you a visit next Spring, which Keys the General immediately delivered to the Hon: Col: Samuel Vetch, according to Her Majesty's Instructions, to be Governor of the Place, for which he had a commission for the same. The Governor his Officers and Troops marched out of the Fort, with Drums beating, Colours flying, and arms shoulder'd & each paying their respects to our General, by saluting him as they past by thro' our Lines, to the Water side, the place appointed for them. Our army marched into the Fort, hoisted the Union Flag, and drank the Queen's Health, firing all the Guns round the Fort, as likewise did the Men of War and other vessels in the River. Capt. Mascarene mounted the first Guard with 60. men in the Fort. The General gave the place the name of Annapolis Royal.

Memorandum. — That the Honourable General Nicholson was pleased to Commissionate the following Gentlemen, before he went from Boston on the Expedition to Port Royal, viz:

Robert Reading Esqr Col: of Foot; Richard Mullins Esqr Major of Foot; Walter Elliot Esq Major of Brigade; John Livingston Esq: Major of the Scouts round the Camp; Charles Brown Esq: Major of the Trenches; Alexander Forbes Esqr: Chief Camp Quarter-Master; John Street Esqr: Secretary of War and Deputy Judge Advocate; Cutts Hassan Esqr Captain of Foot; Samuel Hacket Esqr Captain of Foot; William Sullivane Esqr Captain of Foot; George Steuart, Gent. Chyrurgeon to the Company of Matrases whereof the Hon: Col. Vetch is Captain; Peter Capon Gent Lieut, of the Company of

Mattrasses; Thomas Hesket Gent, Lieut of Foot in Col. Whitings Regiment, whereof Major John Burr is Captain; Isaac Burgois Gent, first Lieut of Foot in the Regiment of Marines, Commanded by Lieut General Holt; James Alexander Gent, Ensign of Foot, in Col. Whiting's Regiment, Robert Scott Gent, Ensign of Foot.

The following gentlemen were also Commissionated at Annapolis Royal, The Hon: Col. SAMUEL VETCH, Adjutant General of all Her Majesties Forces, to be Governor and Commander in Chief of Annapolis Royal &c According to Her Majesties Instructions, Walter Elliot Esq, Major of Foot; Charles Davison Esqr, Major of Foot; Thomas Powell Esqr Major of Foot; Roaland Cochrane Esqr Major of Foot; Robert Handy Esqr Major of Foot; Paul Mascarene Esqr Major of Foot; Alexander Forbes Esq: Major of Foot; John Freeman Esqr Capt of Foot; Alexander Douglass Esq Capt of Foot; William Elliot Gent, Lieut of Foot; Angus Nicholson Gent, Lieut of Foot; John Harrison, Clerk Chaplain to the Garrison of Annapolis Royal.

DOCUMENTS FROM THE MASSACHUSETTS ARCHIVES RELATING TO THE 1710 EXPEDITION.

INSTRUCTIONS OF MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNMENT.

As to the Number of Men, That It Exceed not Nine Hundred (including both English, & Indians) besides Commission Officers

And as to the Terms.-

That the Commission Officers, Sent by her Majesty's especiall ffavour, from Great Britain, to serve in the present Expedition, be Disposed not more than one to a Company,

that they may be the more serviceable in Disciplining the fforces.

And it shall so Please God to Prosper Her Maj^{ties}: Arme^{s}. for the Reducing of the Port-Royall, or the Expedition thither be Determined, all the fforces of this Province, with their officers, Shall be Allowed to Return immediately for the Defence of the Province now extreamly insulted by the Indians throughout our long extended ffrontier, except such as Shall be Volunteers, for any after Service of Garrisoning or otherwise.

That for the Encouragement of Volunteers His Excellency be Requested to Issue forth a Proclamation, that all Such Shall have a Coat, of Thirty Shillings value given them, one months wages Advanced, & Paid to them before their Embarquing. And be exempted from all Impresses, for three years next coming (although not from ordinary musters or Duty of the Militia, in the respective Counties whereto they belong, And none but Such as voluntarily Offer, & enlist themselves for the Service, without being Detached, to be Intituted, or have claim to these Privileges of Coats, Advance Wages, & Exemption from Impresses. And That all such as were in the Service, the last year, be particularly & Especially Invited, to come, & Take up the Army they then had, & Inlist for the present Expedition.

That His Excellency be Desired to give Direction to the Commanders, of the Severall Regiments in the Province to muster them, in whole, or in parts, & Communicate to them the above encouragements to offer themselves voluntarily to the Service.

That the warrants for the Draught of men, Contains the whole Number, the Volunteers, to be accounted part thereof, And that a Direction be therein Inserted, to the comanding Officers, of the militia, to Proceed in their Draught, in the most equell indifferent manner that may be.

That the Names of all the men, both English & Indians, of the Towns they belong to which Shall be inlisted or Impressed, as well Svch as Shall upon any account be Dismiss'd, as those that shall Proceed in the Expedition be

returned by the Commanding officer of every Company of Militia to his Colonel, or first ffield officer & by him laid before his Excellency & their Court at their next Session after the Departure of the fforces.

And that the Indians Wages be paid to such persons as the Govern^r. & Council Shall Direct, to be Imploiod for supply of their ffamilies, in their absence —

In Council

27th July 1710./.

Read and agreed to

Is^A ADDINGTON Secry

July 28th 1710 In the House of Representatives

It being Intimated to the House that the Honble the Council of War have Determined that Two months Provisions is not Sufficient for the fforces for the intended Expedition, advising that twelve weeks Provisions is necessary.

Ordered that Twelve weeks Provisions be furnished for the men belonging to this Province in the s^d. Expedition.

Sent up for Concurrence

JOHN CLARK Speaker

In Council

28 July 1710

Read and concur'd

Is^A ADDINGTON Secry.

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 649–1650.

MUSTER ROLL OF SR. CHARLES HOBBY'S REGIMENT

JOHN WILLIAMS *Chaplain*
ALEXANDR DOUGLAS *Adjutant*
ROBERT ELLIS *Chyrurgion*
WILLIAM RAND
WHEATLEY GOOCH *Assistants* TO ELLIS.

	Capt.	Lieut	Ensigne	Sergt	Corporal	Drummers & Trumpeters	Centinels Whites	Indians	Sick	Absent	Deserter	
Colos. Company	1	1	1	4	4	2 : 2	38	. .	. .	16	2	Brigd Betty
John Ballentine Lt. Colo. . . .	1	1	1	3	4	2 :	41	. .	2	2	–	Ship Cæsar
Gilbert Abbott majr.	1	1	1	3	4	2	41	. .	1	2		Brigd: Henrietta
Joseph Buckminister Capt. Granadiers	1	2	–	3	4	2	38	–	3	8		Ditto
David Pigeon Capt.	1	1	1	3	4	2	43	. .	. .	. .	–	John & Hannah
Matthw: Perkins Capt:	1	1	1	3	4	2	41	. .	. .	1	1	Hopewell
Jas. Abercrombie Capt . . .	1	1	1	3	4	2	41	. .	. .	2	–	John & Hannah
Charles Church Capt Indians .	1	1	1	3	4	2	. .	41	. .	. .	. .	Speedwell
	8	9	7	25	32	18	283	41	6	31	3	

Mass. Archives, Vol. XCI., p. 91.

MUSTER ROLL OF COL. Wm TAYLORS REGIMENT

JOHN WHITING *Chaplain*
ROLAND WYBURNBURY *Adjutant*
JONATHAN PRESCOTT *Chyrurgion*
JOSEPH LEE
NATHAN HALE *Assistants to Prescott.*

		Lieut	Ensigne	Sergts	Corporals	Drumts Trumpts	Centinels Whites	Indians	Sick	Absent	Deserters	
Colo.	1	1	1	3	4	2	37	4	–	–	–	Sloop Speedwell
Edmd: Gosse Lt. Colo.	1	1	1	3	4	2	40	1	1	3	3	
Wm. Dudley Major	1	1	1	3	4	2	41	1	2	2	–	
John Robertson Capt Granadiers .	1	2	0	3	3	2	40	2	2	–	–	Four Friends
Elisha Barker Capt. Indians . .	1	1	1	3	4	2	–	41	1	2	–	Speedwell
Henry Lyon Capt.	1	1	1	3	4	2	37	4	1	–	–	Sarah & Mary
Amos Turner Capt.	1	1	1	3	3	2	36	6	1	7	–	Speedwell
Robert Handy Capt.	1	1	1	3	3	2	40	2	2	3	1	Four Friends
	8	9	7	24	29	16	271	61	10	17	4	

Mass. Archives, Vol. XCI., p. 91.

MUSTER ROLL OF COL°. WM. WHITINGS REGIMENT

JAMES LINDSEY *Adjutant*
JAMES LABOREE *Chyrurgion*
THOMAS BUCKINGHAM *Chaplain*
CHRISTOPHER CHRISTOPHERS *Commissarye*

		Lieut.	Ensign	Sergts	Corporals	Drum^s.	Centinels Whites	Indians	Sick	Absent	Desert^d.	
Col° .	1	2	1	3	1	1	40	–	–	2	–	Mary Galley
Eben^r. Johnson Lt. Col° . . .	1	2	1	3	3	1	40	–	1	7	–	Mary Brig^a
John Burr Maj^r	1	3	–	5	4	1	35	1	–	1	4	Six Friends
Wm Holt Capt.	1	2	–	2	2	2	35	–	–	–	–	Brig^a Mary
—— Newton, Capt	1	2	–	4	4	1	37	–	–	–	–	Eliz^a
John Bartlett Capt Granadiers .	1	2	–	2	2	1	40		–	–	–	Speedwell
	6	13	2	19	16	7	227	1	1	10	4	

Mass. Archives, Vol. XCI., p. 91.

AN ENGLISH FLEET OF THE PERIOD.

MUSTER ROLL OF COL°. SHADRACH WALTONS REGIMT

W^M WINNETT *Adjutant*
GEORGE PEMBERTON *Chyrurgion*

		Lieu^ts.	Ensigns	Sergeants	Corporals	Drummers	Centinels Whites	Indians	Sick	Absent	Desertery	
Col°. .	1	1	1	3	3	1	33	10	. .	6	:	Sloop Hope
John Cranston Lt: Col° . . .	1	1	1	3	3	1	30	10	. .	2	4	Pet^r. & Eliz^a
George Lee Maj^r:	1	1	1	3	3	1	21	18	1	2	. .	
Paul Mascareene Capt. Granadiers	1	2	0	3	3	2	28	11	. .	. .	1	Tryall
Josiah Wingett Capt.	1	1	1	2	3	. .	33	11	. .	. .	2	
Wm Smith Capt.	1	1	1	3	3	1	27	14	. .	3	. .	Mary
Joseph Chandler Capt	1	1	1	3	4	2	35	6	1	. .	3	Sarah & Mary
James Templer Capt	1	1	1	3	4	2	35	5	. .	. .	4	Hannah & Ruth
	8	9	7	23	26	10	242	85	2	13	14	

Armorers SAMUEL LAMB, DAVID CARRUTHEN

Mass. Archives, Vol. XCI., p. 91.

ACCOUNTS OF TRANSPORTS

Commanders Names	Vessels Names	Tonnage	Men	
Nath[l] Jarvis . .	Ship Speedwell . .	90	120	Capt. Cha. Church & Capt. Elisha Barker
John Scott . .	" Mary & Sarah	130	120	Capt. Henry Lyon belongs to Coll. Taylor & Capt. Jos. Chandler, belongs to Col. Walton.
Rich[d] Barrington	Brig Henrietta . .	110	120	Maj[r]. Robt. Spurr & Capt. Joseph Buckminster
Nath[ll] Marston .	Brig Jn[o] & Hannah	110	120	Capt. David Pidgeon & Capt. James Abercrombie
Tho[s]. Fox . .	Sloop Speedwell .	70	60	Col[o]. W[m] Taylor.
Jerem[h] Taye . .	Ship Caesar . . .	76	60	Lt. Col. John Ballentine
John Tompson .	Brig Betty . . .	97	60	S[r]. Charles Hobby
Jõs. Gallop . .	Sloop Anne & Sarah	55	60	Lt. Col. Edmund Gosse.
John Chadwell .	Sloop Hopewell .	55	60	Capt. Mathew Perkins
Mathew Vibert .	Brig fourfriends .	96	120	Capt. Rob[t]. Handy & Capt. John Robertson
W[m]. Walton . .	Sloop Hannah & Ruth	52	60	Capt. Templer. belongs to Col. Walton
Richd Collier . .	Sloop Speedwell .	65	60	Capt. Amos Turner
Zach[a]. Fowle .	Ship Unity . . .	170	20	For an Hospitall
	Province Galley .		100	Maj[r]. W[m] Dudley

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., p. 622.

ROLL OF MILITARY COMMISSIONED OFFICERS FOR THE EXPEDITION TO PORT ROYALL IN AUGUST 1710 — VIZT.

1st Regiment

Charles Hobby Colonel 2
John Ballentine Esqr Lt. Colo.
Robert Spur Esqr. Major.

Colo Compa

John Adams, Capt. Lt.
Pickstock Ensigne

Lt. Colo Compa
—— Harvey — Lt.
Tho: Pearley — Ensigne

Majors Compas
Joseph Butterfield — Lt
—— Pollard — Ensigne

Granadier Compas

Joseph Buckmaster — Capt.
Ebenr Eastman 1st Lt
Phillip Davis —— 2-Lt.

James Abercromby — Captn
Daniel Gilbert — Lt.
John Fowler Ensigne

David Pigeon Capt.
Edward Raymond — Lt.
Eleazer Ward Ensigne.

Capt. Matthew Perkins
Dowling — Lt
George Hart, Ensigne

Charles Church — Captn
Joseph Dimock — Lt.
Jonathn Barnes Ensigne

Lt. Alex Douglas — Adjutant

2d Regiment

William Tailer Esqr Colonel
Edmond Goffe Esqr Lt. Colonel.
William Dudley Esqr Major.

Colo Compa

James Campbell capt. Lt.
Samuel Lamb — Ensigne

Lt. Colo Compa
Rowland Wibenberry Lt.
Charles Little, Ensigne

Major s Compa
Sheer Matthews. Lt.
Thomas Baker, Ensigne

Granadier Compa

John Robertson, Capt.
Ephraim Morton 1st Lt.
Eben. Woodward 2d-Lt.

Robert Handye — Captn
Samuel Gookin. Lt.
Samll Pitts — Ensigne

Amos Turner Captn
Matthias Ellis — Lt
James Erskin — Ensigne

Henry Lyon — Capt.
Noah Peck, Lt.
East Herbert Ensigne

Elisha Barker, Capt.
Francis Spelman, Lt.
Samll Perry Ensigne

Ja. Campbell Capt. Lt. to Col. Tailer
Lt. Rowland Wibenberry Adjutant

3d Regiment — Ma. N.H. & Rd. Islands.

Shadrah Walton Esqr. Colo
Jno Cranston Esqr. Lt. Colonel
George Lee Esqr. Major

Colo Compa

Jno Blower, Capt. Lt.
Stephn Dudley, Ensigne

Lt. Colo Compa
—— —— —— Lt
—— —— —— Ensigne

Majors Compa
—— —— —— Lt.
—— —— —— Ensigne

Samuel Templer, Capt.
Bartho Jackson — Lt.
Edward West Ensigne

Joseph Chandler Capt.
John Andrews — Lt.
Wm Winnet, Ensigne

Joshua Winget — Captn
Nathll Little, Lt.
Robert Scott, Ens.

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 671-677.

ROLL OF PILOTS ON BOARD THE SEVERAL SHIPS AND VESSELS IN THE EXPEDITION TO PORT ROYALL YR^A AND TIME WHEN WARRANTED. VIZ^T.

		Warranta
Richard Tomas	on board Her Ma^tys Ship Dragon Com: Martin	2^d Sept
William Alden	" " " " " Chester Capt. Martin	13th Aug.^t
John Eustice	" " " " " Falmouth Capt. Riddell	15th Aug.^t
Charles Green	" " " " " Lows Soffs — Cap^tn. C	25th Aug^t.
	" " " " " Feversham — Capt. Paston	
John Elwell	" " Brig^a Hope. Tender	9^a Aug^t.
Francis James	" " Ship Mercy & Sarah, Scott Ma^r	9^a Aug^t.
John Webb	" " Brig^a four ffriends — Vibert Ma^r	18th Aug^t.
Nath^a Jarvis Ma^r	of Ship Speedwell made Pilot	8th Sept.
John Green	on board Brig^a Henrietta, Barrington, ma^r	26th Aug^t.
Hugh Isabell	" " Star Bomb Ship	26th Aug^t.
John Sergeant	" " " Caesar, Fay Ma^r	9th Aug^t.
Robert Sanders	" " Dispatch Frigat — Capt. Perkins	8th Sept.
Jacob Row	" " Brig^a Bettey — Tompson Ma^r	9th Aug^t.
Francis Curtice	" " Sloop Speedwell Collyer. Ma^r	17th Aug^t.
John Tucker	" " open Sloop, Reuben Sawyer Ma^r	18th Aug^t.
Tho. Sergeant	" " Sloop Falmouth. West ma^r	6th Sept
Joseph Wakefield	" " " Ruth — Downing, ma^r	6th Sept.

1710

Augt. 8 — Anthony Seers — on board Sloop Speedwell — Tho. Fox — ma^{r}.
31 — Henry Champney — " " " Jno. & Thos — Tho. Veering — ma^{r}.
15. John Phillips — Ship Thistle Nathan Packer ma^{r}
7^{br} 6 — John Shattock — Brig^{a} Jno & Hannah. N^{a} Marston ma^{r}.
2^{d}— John Rowlson — open sloop Endeavo^{r}. Jard Parker ma^{r}.
9 — John Curtice — on board Her Ma^{ty} Ship Falm^{o} Capt. Riddell
8°— Sam^{ll} Chadwell — " " Sloop Hopewell — Sam^{ll} Chadwell, ma^{r}
8°— Wm Water " " " Hannah & Ruth — Wm Waters, ma^{r}
8°— Zech^{o} Fowle, " " Ship Unity, Zech^{a} Fowle, ma^{r}
2^{d}— Richd Thomas " " the Dragon — Captn. — Martyn
8^{a}— Jos. Gallop Pilot of ye Sloop Hanna & Sarah whereof he ye ma^{r}
8^{a}— Sam^{ll} Chadwell " " " " Hopewell, " " is ma^{r}
8^{a}— Wm Waters " " " Hannah & Ruth " " " "

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 724-5, 674-680.

PILOTS AND THEIR RESIDENCES.

John Collings	Salem —
Samuel Lamburt	"
Jonathan "	"
Richard Darbey	"
Samuel Waters	"
John Green	"
John Phillips	Charlestown
Samuel Hill	"
Joseph Gardiner	Cape Ann
Abraham Robertson	"
John Sargent	Boston
Hugh Isabel	"
Edward Ashley	Beverley
Joseph Stephens	"
Itez Ober	"
Peter Wooden	"
John Curtice	Marblehead
John Webb	"
Michael Coombs	"
Mark Haskell.	"

The Valuation & Tunage of one Pink & five Open Sloops Taken in to Her Maj^{ts}. Service by direction of y^{e}: Honour^{ble}: Gen^{ll}: Nicholson & Councill of war, for Transporting Her Maj^{ts}. Stores of war, in the designed Expe: Against the French at Port Royall &c^{a}: at the charge of y^{e}: Governments of y^{e}: Mass^{a}: Bay, New Hampshire, Connecticutt, & Rhoad-Island, in Proportion to their Qvotas directed by her Maj: ^{ty} as follows . . . . . vizt

		Tuns				
The Pink Thistle Nath^{ll}: Packer	M^{r}: —	$103\frac{15}{95}$	Entred 21st Aug	. . .	849	15
The Sloop Jno. & Thomas Thom^{s}. Veening	M^{r}. —	$57\frac{25}{95}$	Entred 15th ditto	. . .	210	
The Sloop Revben Jno. Sawyer	M^{r}: —	$53\frac{65}{95}$	Entred 18th Ditto	. . .	200	
The Sloop Endeavour Jacob Parker	M^{r}: —	$47\frac{14}{95}$	Entred 15th Ditto	. . .	170	10
The Sloop Falmouth Pela^{r}: West	M^{r}: —	$48\frac{31}{95}$	Entred 24th Ditto	. . .	250	10
The Sloop Ruth Jno. Downing.	M^{r}: —	$51\frac{30}{95}$	Entred 28th Ditto	. . .	180	10

Wee The Subscribers, by warrant from his Excellency y^{e}: Governour have viewed the Severall Vessells above Named & The Materialls to them belonging & the Sum's Set against Each Vessells Name is their true Valuation According to the best of. our Judgments Dated in Boston this 9th: Sep^{r}: *1710*

Nath^{ll}: Cary.
Charles Chambers.
Sam^{ll}: Greenwood.

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., p. 772.

HON^BLE S^R. SALEM 4 Sep^t. 1710.

I recede his excellencies warrant Saterday night for Impressing Twenty seamen for the Transports: Itt is an Extraordinary thing to obtaine them here I have with Extraordinary paines and care obtained Eleven able Seamen and have Deliuered five to Capt. Nathaniell Marston and six to Cap^tt. Jack Fowles he has undertaken to Convey and Transport them to Boston this day and haue also deputed each of them to Require Assistance in Case &c: I Request that said Eleven seamen might goe with ffowles and Marston the Remaind^r of the Number of Seamen In his Excellencies warrant I will obtaine If Possible; I am now on my Jorney to notifye the Pilots forthwith to appear; not ells but am yor hon^ble oblidged serv^t to

Comand
WILLIAM GEDNEY

Thomas Ellis
Robert Neell
Thomas Coald
Christopher Battric
Georg Green
} to Cap^tt Nath^a Marston

William Daviss
Jonathan Webb
Joseph Arthur
Joseph Lambert
Thomas Elkins
Jonathan Legro
} to Capt. Fowles

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., p. 717.

A list of ye Souldiers belonging to L^t. Coll. Ballantines Company who were drowned at Port Royall Gutt when The Transport Ship Caesar Jer Tay m^t was lost Sep^t. 24th 1710

* Simon Record — Serg^t Widow *
* Hugh fflatt Corp^l. widow *
John Conoly Drumer
* Samuel Daley
* Thomas Lake widow
* John Shine widow
Richard Blake
* John Woodward widow
Peter Varney
* James Harvill widow
Barnard Dolbeir
* Charles Bristo widow
* John Grant widow

Alexander Lena
* John Man
William Peacock
* Lewis Laise widow
Richard ffreeman
* Walter Allin widow
John Shedd
Isaac Sterns
* John Gill widow
Jonathan Whitten

A List of ye Souldiers that listed Volñteers at Annapolis Royal

Ammiel Weeks
Andrew Walker
Duncan Redland
Samuel Williams
Thomas Phipps Saved his Arms
Deliverance Sparks

A List of those that return'd to Boston

Jno Ballantine L^t. Coll & Capt.
Jno Harvey L^t. in ye Queens Establishm^t.
Thomas Perley Ens:

Joseph Lamson } Sergts
Joshua Cheevor }
Sam^ll Slower }
Thomas ffarmer } Corp^a Thomas Goodhal drumer
Josiah ffassett }
John Dent Saved his Arms
Peter Bolerson
Daniel Whittemore — Saved his arms
John Gallop
Ebenezer Burges
ffreeborn Balch
Peter Sollard. Saved his Arms
William Bushnal
Joseph Birch
John Merrifeild (?)
William Custin
William Ridgell
Samuel Hudson
Joseph Ludlow
Phillip Roberts

Jno Ballantine Junr.

PORTROYALL Septm^R. 24th: 1710

A List of Sundry Men Drownd. Belonging to Co^ll Ballantines Comp^a on bord ye Shipp Caesar

Jeremiah Tay Comand^r

John Gill Left a Widow 3 ch^ld & now bigg poor
Charles Bristoe — Dito 2 ch^ld
Lewis Lays — Dito ——
Peter Verner — Doc^tr Boylstons man
James Harvill — Dito & child^n
John Grant — Dito 3 ch^dn & now bigg v^ry poor
John Shine — Dito 2 chld^n — poore
Alexand^r Lena — Dan^ll man
John Mann
Bernard Dolbier
John Woodward — Dito — 2 Children — poor
Simon Record — Dito — 3 ch^ld & now bigg–poor
Hugh fflatt — Dito a childrn 2
John Conoly — Drum^r
Samm^ll Dailey
Th^os Lake — widow 1 Chl^d very poor
Richd Blake
Wm Peacock
John Sheed
Isaac Sterns
Rich^d ffreeman
Jon^a Whitton
Watt Allen — Dito
Sail^rs
Capt Tay
John Sergent pilot dito abu^t 10 Chld^n
Hugh Taylor Ditto child & bigg

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 754-755.

1710 (Col. Ballantines equipage)

A Scarlet Suit trimd wth gold lace &c . . .	£.30 : 00 : 0
A bleu Suit trimd wth Silver lace . . . . A Stuff Suit a Cloth Cloak & Surtout . . A morning gown & 12 pr worsted stockings	20 : 00 : 0
20 holland Shirts	16 : 00 : 0
2 doz fine diaper Napkins 4 large diaper Table Cloaths & 2 Smal d^o & 9 Towels .	07 : 00 : 0
20 moslin neckloths & 6 Silk hanckercheifs .	07 : 00 : 0
2 Wiggs	7 : 00 : 0
A soild bed bedstead Curtins 2 blanketts a Rugg a p^r of sheets & 2 fine pillow heirs & a pillow,	10 : 00 : 0

2 doz pewter plates & 4 pewter dishes a p^{r}. of brass & a p^{r}. Iron Candlesticks	£05 : 00 : 0
Muggs & glasses	0 : 13 : 0
Tin ware & grid Iron & Spitt & Chafindish .	0 : 9 : 0
6 Silver Spoons a Silver porringer a Silver Cup of a pint & a Silver bason	25 : 00 : 0
an Edged hatt	1 : 14 : 0
an oval table	0 : 10 : 0
a silver hilted Sword	6 : 00 : 0
a brass hilted Sword & an Iron hilted Sword .	1 : 10 : 0
an Edged Skarf	4 : 00 : 0
5 new pair of Shoes & 1 new p^{r} Slippers . .	1 : 19 : 0
a large Trunk & a smal trunk	0 : 16 : 0
a large chest with drawers in ye bottom & a Sealskin port mantle Trunk	1 : 03 : 0
	£135 : 14 : 0

1 pipe fial wine	£10 : 00 : 0
1 quarter Cask D^{o}	2 : 10 : 0
1 hh^{d} Madera	15 : 00 : 0
2 quarter Cask D^{o}	8 : 00 : 0
1 bb Rum	4 : 00 : 0
7 gall^{s}. brandy	3 : 10 : 0
2 bb^{s} beer	– : 16 : 0
4 gall^{s} Cherry brandy	2 : 00 : 0
6 quarts Cinnamon water	1 : 10 : 0
4 Choats	2 : 8 : 0
6 doz fowls	3 : 00 : 0
2 Muscavado Sugar	4 : 00 : 0
90 powder'd white	3 : 00 : 0
a Cheshire Cheese w^{t} 41^{lbs}	2 : 00 : 0
17 bush^{s} Indian Corn	2 : 11 : 0
12 lbs of Chocolate	1 : 10 : 0
	65 : 15 : 0

5 hams of bacon
1 smal sug^{r} loaf
20 lbs Currains & raisons
4 pouns potted beef
a hamper of Rusk
1 d^{o} of biskett

2 bb Salt
3 doz bottles
2 cakes of hard soap
Nuttmeggs & other Spice
70 ^{lbs} butter
a box of Candles

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 752–753.

MUSTER ROLLS OF NEW ENGLAND TROOPS AT ANNAPOLIS ROYAL, IN HER MAJESTIES' SERVICE, FROM THE 10TH OF OCTOBER, 1710, TO THE 10TH OF OCTOBER, 1711.

SIR CHARLES HOBBY, COL.

Serj.	Ebenezer Boltwood	365
	Amiel Weeks — Dec. Nov. 12	33
Corp.	John Stanley — Run Apr. 20	192
	Nathanael Tregowith	365
Drum —	James Carleton	365
	John Bushell	365
	James Wood — Dec. Jan. 22	104
	James Wright	365
	John Morall	365
	Joseph Glasier	365
	Clement Sway	365
	Samuel Williams	365
	Thomas Wyman	365
	Joseph Glazon — Dec. Feb. 20	133
	Andrew Walker	365
	Benjamin Provinder Dec. Jan. 20	102
	Benjamin Worthilake. Run Apr. 20	192
	Samuel Brown — Run Apr. 20	192
	Josiah Cowsins — Dec. Mar. 2	143
	Moses Cutting — Dec. Feb. 20	133
	Joseph Wood — Dec. Jan. 8	90
	John Mansfield	365
	Thomas Phipps	365
	Jeremiah Hugh	365
	Duncan Redland — Run Apr. 20	192
	Joseph Adams — Dec. Feb. 22	135
	Jonathan Provinder	365
	Gershom Wampum — Dec. Feb. 14	127
	Mashon Fisk	365

CAPT. SAMUEL TEMPLER'S COMP.

Serjts.	Christop^r Hall — D^d July 2^d	265
	John Cooke — D^d June 10	243
	Tho. Hunt	365
Corp.	Geo. Cary	365
	Natt. Bragg — D^d Mar. 18th	159
	Wm Freeman — D^d June 27	260

Drum —	Eben Howard	365
	John Gully — D^d Mar. 29	170
	Eben: Watson	365
	John Coleman	365
	Jerim^a: Allen — D^d Feb. 25	128
	John Adams	365
	Isaac Allen, Senr. — D^d Mar. 26	167
	Isaac Allen, Jr — " ffeb^r — 16	129
	John Bloye	365
	Richd Clay	365
	Sam Coomes. — D^d ffeb. 26	139
	Esar Joel — D^d Aug. 24	318
	Zimon Jallen — D^d: Mar: 1	142
	Josiah Kewnomah — D^d Mar. 7th	148
	Benj^a: Piasell — D^d Mar. 4	145
	Robt. Sackcomy — D^d — Mar. 9	150
	Ephraim Signoul — D^d ffeb^y 24	137
	Nich Pickoway — D^d. ffeb^r. 9	122
	Obediah Tocousin — D^d Mar: 9	150
	John Chin — D^d Sep^r: 18 alias Brightman	353
	Elias Upun D^d ffeb^ry: 13	126
	John Sauders	365
	Toby Tocousen — D^d Mar: 9th	150
	John Comforts — D^d Septem^r. 4	329

CAPT. DAVID PIGEON'S COMPANY.

		Days in service.
Serj.	Elisha Johnston	365
"	Nathaniel Johnston — Run. Mar. 26	167
Corporal	John Stockbridge	365
	Moses " — Run — Jan. 24	106
Drum.	Isaac Parker	365
	Joseph Coockery — Dec. Apr. 12	184
	Jonathan Eaton — Dec. Mar. 26	167
	Daniel Patten — Run. May 1	203
	Samuel Woodbury	365
	William Hopkins	365
	Thomas Blancher	365
	Thomas Frost	365
	Robert Vernon. Dec. May 9	211
	Barnabus Cook	365
	William Johnston	365
	Joseph Hill. Dec. Jan. 26	108
	Samuel Speer — Run Mar. 26	157
	Joseph Walker — Dec. Apr. 1	173

MUSTER ROLL MAJOR GILBERT ABBOTS COM.

Serj	David Rice — Dec. April 20	192
Drum	Thomas Woolvin — Run Jan. 8	90
	Nathanael Juell — Dec. Apr. 2	174
	Elias Kyes	365
	Benjamin Notton — Dec. Dec. 3	54
	Henry Parry	365
	William Robins — Run May 1	203
	Thomas Robins — Run Apri 20	192
	Deliverance Sparks — Dec. Mar. 22	163
	John Wheat — Dec — Mar. 17	158

CAPT. JOHN ROBERTSON'S COMP.

Serj.	James Goodman	365
	Matthew Rowley	365
	Thomas White	365
	Peter Stevens. Run Aug. — 6	301
Corp.	Samuel Sheewick. Dec. Apr. 26	199
	Joseph Procter — Run May 1	204
Drum.	Philip Muny	365
	Samuel Montague — Dec. Nov. 3	25
	John Hall — Dec. Jan. 22	105
	Henry Wickett — Dec. Jan. 23	106
	Moses Quickett — Dec — Feb. 2	116
	Peter Lane — Dec. Feb. 4	118
	Thomas Born — Dec. Feb. 6	120
	Thomas Coock — Dec. Feb. 12	126
	Joseph Chehoo — Dec. Feb. 13	127
	Samuel Major — Dec. Feb. 18	132
	James Oliver — Dec. Feb. 13	127
	John Skipper — Dec. Feb. 26	140
	David Peters Senr — Dec. Feb. 18	132
	William Chamlet — Dec. Feb. 15	129
	Hut Blackman — Dec. Feb. 23	137
	Curtis Halloway — Dec — Feb. 22	136
	John Stantom — Dec. Mar. 4	146
	Samuel Pigeon — Dec. Mar. 3	145
	Nathaniel Colliers — Dec. Mar. 3	145
	John Norcott — Dec. Mar. 5	147
	John Wanno — Dec. Feb. 27	141
	Daniel Nutis — Dec — Mar. 9	151
	Ebenezer Sheaves — Dec. Mar. 10	152
	John Suckamugg — Dec. Apr. 9	182
	John Price — Dec. Apr. 6	179

Drum.	Peter Mansele — Dec. Apr. 19	192
	John Michel — Dec. May 9	212
	Peter Wilhomet — Run Nov. 3	25
	Timothy Smith — Dec — May 14	217
	Benjamin Goreley — Tak June 10	244
	Caleb Cunnit — Tak June 10	244
	David Peters. Junr — Kill'd June 10	244
	James Chapman	365
	Samuel Coll	365
	Nicholas Hoskins	365
	William Davis	"
	Joseph Martaile	"
	William Rock	"
	Thomas Gaines	"
	James Webber	"
	Ebenezer Hunter	"
	Thomas Eyres	"

CAPT — JAMES ABERCROMBIES

Serj.	William Adams — Run Mar. 20	161
	Andrew Durgy	365
Drum —	Daniel Dove — Run May 1	203
	Samuel Russel — Dec. Mar. 5	146
	Annan Parker — Dec. Apr. 20	202
	Jasper Wymon	365
	Christopher Mastin	365
	Edwards Stevens	365
	Francis Therold	365
	Benjamin Ireland	365
	John Maddox	365
	Robert Hughs	365
	Samuel Pike	365
	William Cox — Dec. Mar. 25	165
	John West — Dec. Apr. 12	184
	Robert Peirce — Dec. Apri — 1	173
	Thomas Undewood — Dec. Apr. 10	182
	Benjamin Johnson — Dec. Apr. 8	180
	William Ammons — Run Apr. 20	162
	William Chubb — Run Aug. 6	300

MAJOR PAUL MASCARENS COMP

Serj —	Samuel Harrison	365
	Hezekiah Hearington	365
	Eleazer White	365

Corp—	Job Whipple	365
	James Petties — Dec — Mar. 3	144
	Philip Hammon — Dec. Nov. 29	50
Drum.	James Mosman — Dec — Nov. 11	32
	William Gwinn	365
	Cane Mahonny	365
	Robert Piggley — Run Aug. 6	300
	Samuel James — Dec. June 11	244
	Benjamin Stanton	365
	Samuel Sturges — Dec. June 17	250
	Peter Ray	365
	Malachi Edwards	365
	Zachariah Fownes — Dec. Sept. 6	331
	Jonathan Spooner — Dec. Apr. 13	185
	John Rigby	365
	Francis Hearington — Dec. Mar. 14	155
	John Andrews — Dec — Nov. 23	44
	Isaac Solomon — Dec. Jan. 22	104
	William Ellis — Dec — Jan. 28	110
—	Joseph Rogers — Dec. Feb. 28	141
	Peter Champlin — Run Mar. 6	147
	John Sedocks — Run Mar. 6	147
	Isaac Sedocks — Run Mar. 6	147
	Ebenezer Jenkins — Dec. Mar. 17	158
	John Dublin — Dec. Mar. 8	149
	Jacob Anthony — Dec. Mar. 6	141
	Silas Nassion — Dec. Mar. 23	164
	Daniel Downing — Dec. Mar. 29	170
	Jeremiah Colgrove — Dec. Mar. 18	159
	Hezekiah Slocum — Dec. Feb. 21	134

Mass. Archives, Vol. XCI., pp. 2-25.

A LIST OF THE NAMES OF THE MEN, BELONGING TO THE NORTH REGIMENT IN ESSEX OPOINTD TO KEEP SNOWSHOES & MOGGINSONS — ARE AS FOLOETH

Lieut. Coll Saltonstal Snowshoo *men are as foloeth* ——

Thomas Whittier	Anthony Colby
John Eaton	Nathaniel Dutton
Joseph Emeson	Samuel Dow
Christopher Bartlet Jr	Ephraim Davis
Joseph Bond	Jonathan Eaton

Job Eaton
John Ela
Peter green sen[r]
Ephraim Gile
Mathew Harriman Jn
Josiah Heath Sen[r]
John Heseltine Jr
Andrew michel
John marsh
John page Jr
Nathan Simons
John Webster
Daniell Lad Jr
Jonathan Eastman
Samuel Robards
James Ayr
Edward Ordway
Elisha Davis
William Davis
Abraham Whittaker
Jonathan Simons
Robart Hunkins
Joseph Brodby
Ephraim Robards
John Heath Sen[r]
Benjamin page jr
John Shephard
Nathaniel Smith
Stephen Emeson
Stephen Johnson
Jonathan Hendrick
Samuel Huchins
Adam Draper
Richard Whittier
John Watts
Stephen Davis
Robart Peasly
Joshua pudington
Samuel Ayer
William Whittaker Jr
John Heseltine
William Johnson
Abraham Bradley
Samuel Davis
Thomas Johnson
John Stevens

56

major Henry *Sumarsby* snowshoo men *are as* FOLOETH

Richard Knight
Stephen Sayer
Edmund greenleafe
william Dole
John march
John pike
Richard Dumer
Geo Thurlo
Collin Fraizer
Henry Short
John Hale
Joseph gerish
Richard Jackman
Richard Bartlet
Samuel Bartlet
John Merrill
John Kely
Fran Clemons
peter Coffin
Thomas Hale

Cap[t] Heseltine of Bradford His snowshoo men are as foloeth

Nathaniell gage
Robert Heseltine
phillip Atwood
John gage Jr
Daniel gage
Eliazer Burbank
Joseph Hall
Thomas green
Ichobod Boynton
Joseph West
Samuel Kimbal
gershum Haseltine

Nathaniel griffing
Robart Heseltine
Richard Heseltine
Nathaniell Walker
Nathaniel Haseltine
Jonathan Woodman
Samuel Tenny
Samuel Stickny
Thomas Carlton
Moses Day
Richard Baily
Caleb Hopkinson jr
Francis Juit
Francis Westen
Daniel Hardy
Benieman Hardy
Nathan webster
John pemurton
Samuel Hardy

Thes men setified under wants their alouance for snow shoos —

Soloman wood
John green
Zechariah Simones
william west
Joseph Hardy jr
56

my particular company

Richard Brown
William Salmon jr
Anthony Sumerby
James Smith
Joshua Moody
Nathaniell Coffin
James Coffin
Edward Richardson
John Woodbridge
Benjamin woodbridge
Abraham Lunt
John weed
Henry Hale
Thomas Moody
Edward Sergant
William Noyes
Benayah Titcomb
Joseph greenleafe
penuell Titcomb
Joseph Seuell
James Ordway
Abraham Rowell
John Kent
Edward poore
Jonathan woodman
Cutting Moody
Samuel poore
Joseph poore
James Freez
Jacob Toppam
Joshua Bayly
Isaack Bayly
John Bartlet
John Ordway
Richard Bartlet
William molton
Thomas Cheess
Joshua Browne jr
Archelause Woodman
Robart Rogers
Samuel Sawyer
Enoch Litle
John Brown
Nathan merrill
Daniell merrill
Aquilla chees
Daniell pilsbury
Caleb pilsbury
John Sewell
Abraham Toppan
Archelaus Addams
peter goodfrey
Abial Sumarby
william Titcomb
Bejamin mars jr

The men opointed in the room of those that are ded or removed which wants their alouanc:

Icobod woodman
John worth
John stickney
John ordway
Timothy merrick
The end of my company
61

Capt. John Wadleigh His snowshoo men

moses morrill
John Clough
william Smith
william carr
John Davis
Samuel Joy
William Hook
phillip greely
Zacariah Eastman
Daniel moody
Abraham Brown
Thomas morrell
phillip Colby
Joseph Colby
Ezekiel watkin
Henry Lankester

Capt. Hugh March his Snow shoo men

Liu^{nt} Caleb moody
Ensign moses Chase
Joseph pike
Tristram greenleafe
Joseph Richardson
Thomas Huse
Joseph Browne
John Emary Jr
Abell Huse
Stephen Emary
Abell merrill
Richard Bartlet Jr
Hananiah Ordway
Thomas williams
Daniell Chayny
Abraham merrill Jr
James Browne
John Kelly Jr
Samuell Sayer
Daniell morrison
Nathaniell Hill
Abial Kelly
Isaack Annis
Ezrah Rolf
Daniell Chase
Thomas ffolingsby
42

Capt Thomas Harvey snowshoo men

Joseph Davis
William Fowler
Thomas Sargent
Robart Hoyt
John Hunt
geoug watkin
samuell huntenton
Samuell Clough
Samuell goodwing
John martin
John Challis
William Currier
John Bagley
Ephraim weed
John Kimball
Thomas Colby Jr
Benony Tucker
Roger Stevens
Tristram Barnard
Samuel gold
Samuell Barnerd
Samuel Stephens
Charles Sargent
Francis gorge

Samuell Colbey
Ephraim Blasdell
John° nickels
Henry Trusell
Joseph Sargent
Henry Blasdell
william Harvey
william presley
Thomas colby jr
Isaac colby jr
Richard goodwing — o
Joseph Busell
Ebinezer Blasdell
John Colby
Richard Currier
Nathaniel weed
Thomas weed — o
Joseph Kimbal
Thomas Chales
Jeremiah ffowler
Jacob Rowell
Thomas Hoyt
Samuell Silver — o
Samuell Hadley — o
Joseph prichet
John ffoot
Thomas Harvey

The men that have an o at the end of their name are new snowshoo men and want their alouance for their snowshoos & moggingsons — 51

Capt. Richard Kimbull his snowshoo men

James Bridges
John whichen
Nathaniell peasly
John Sanders
John Swon
Abiel Mason
Benjamin Emerson
Thomas Haines
John Simons
Samuel Clemons
Henry Heseltine
william Seurey
John Hardy
Robart Kimbull
William Hardy

New snowshoo men are as foloeth and they want their alouance for them

Jonathan Kimball
Samuell Kimball
Richard palmer
John wood
Thomas Kimball
20

Capt. John Chandler

Thomas Astin
Josiah Johnson
John wilson
Abraham Foster
William wardell
Josiah Chandler
Hezekiah Ballard
Stephen Abott
Ephraim Abbott
Daniel Abbott
Jonathan Abbott
Henry Loueioy
Hambrough Blunt
James Johnson
Ebinezer Louejoy
John Loujoy
william Foster
Jonathan Blanchard
Samuell phelps
Francis Dane

phileman Chandler
Benianin Johnson
Thomas Hagit
Joseph preston

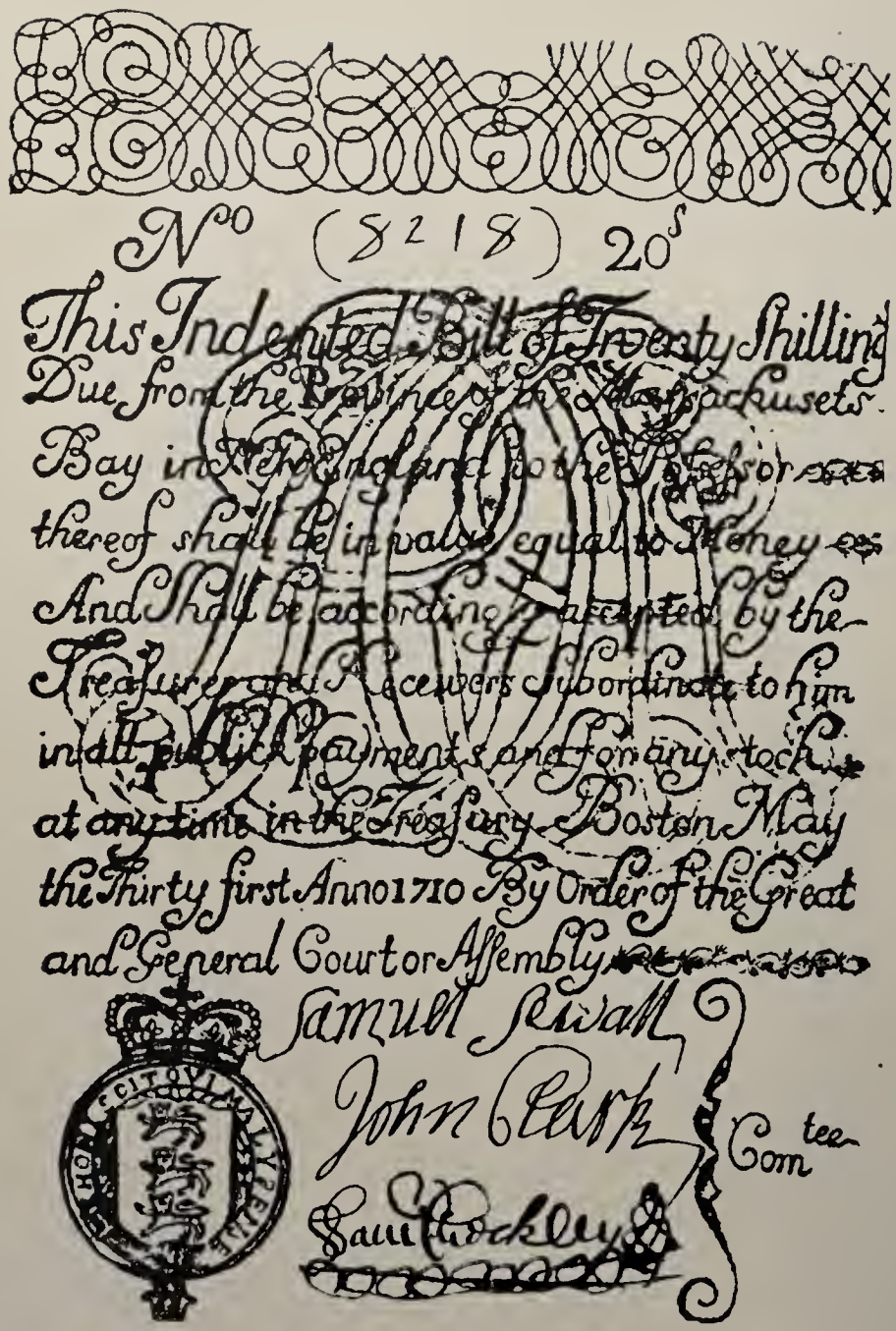
——

Capt John Barker
John Carlton
John Mastin
Joseph robison
Ephrim Lacy
Samuell Sessions
Ephraim Foster — o
Abial Stephens
Edward Farington
Danill Dane
John poore — o
Daniell grainger
Edmun Folkner — o
Samuell Barker
Josiah Holt — o
Timothy Johnson
Paul Holt — o
John Holt — o
Ezecael Abbit
Henry Bodwell
Nathan Boker jr — o
John Carlton
Henry Ingals — o
John Barker
Ebenezer Abbott — o
Nathan parker — o
Nathan Barker Jr — o
Daniell folkner
John Russell
Samuell Marsh
Thomas Holt
Ephraim farnum
Henry farnum — o
Ebenezer osgood
moses Ingals
Joseph foster
John foster
Joseph Holt
Thomas Russell
John Barker
Daniell poor
Ebinezer stephens
67

The men that have an o at the end of their name are new snowshoo men & wants their money for them

Capt. Noyes His Company of snowshoo men

Joseph Woodbridge
Joseph —— (?)
Daniell thurston
James Jackman
Samuel moody
Thomas Clarke
Cutting Noyes Jr
moses loker
Richard Kelly
John Calfe
Jonathan poore
James Knight
Jonathan Emary Jr
Joseph goodridg jr
Joseph Mayo
John Dole
Joshua Boyenton Jr
John Smith Jr
John pettingall
moses stickny
stephen Sweet Jr
Robart Adams
James Noyes Jr
Joseph Downer Jr
John Cheyny
Beniamin person
Nathaniell Adkinson
Nathaniell Rolf
Samuell Toppan
Joseph Hale
Tristram Litle
Thomas pike


No (8218) 20s
This Indented Bill of Twenty Shilling
Due from the Province of the Massachusets
Bay in New England to the Possessor
thereof shall be in value equal to Money
And Shall be accordingly accepted by the
Treasurer and Receivers Subordinate to him
in all publick payments and for any stock
at any time in the Treasury Boston May
the Thirty first Anno 1710 By Order of the Great
and General Court or Assembly
Samuell Sewall
John Clark
Sam Cockley
Comtee

FAC-SIMILE OF MONEY PAID TO NEW ENGLAND TROOPS,
1710 AND 1711

mathew pettingal Jr
Joshua peirce
Ensi Joseph Knight
John Noyes jr
John Rolf
Daniel Noyes
John Dumar
Henry Jaquis
Joseph Noyes
Joseph Chayni
Jonathan plumar
Nathan wheeler
Henry Rolf
Nathaniell Badger
Joseph Knight

New snow shoo men wants their alouance

Thomas Hale
Richard Kent
Anthony mors
Abner Dole
John Noyes Jr
Josiah Smith
Stephen Dole
54

Capt. Henry True his snowshoo men

Nathaniel Browne
Joseph Eaton
Joseph True
Samuell gill
Thomas Brdbury
William osgood
Simon french
Sanders Carr
Timothy ffrench jr
Abraham Morrell
Jonathan greeley
Henry yong
william Hacket jr
John webster
william True
John Carter
John True
William Buswell
Henry True
Nathaniel Whicher
onesiphirus page
philip fflanders
Isaac morrell jr
Nathaniell Eastman jr
John morrell
philip Brown
Benjamin Herd
Edward ffrench jr
Joseph stockman
Isaac Buswell
Samuell Eastman
Beniamin Stephens
Jabiz True
Samuel ffowler
Jacob Hooke
Rodger Eastman
Ephraim seuerine
John fflanders
Jeremiah Stephens
John Eastman jr.
Bniamin Eastman
Thomas ffellows
John Stockman
Steven morrill
Jacob morrell
Robert carr
Ephraim Browne

A True Account of the names of the men as they were returned to me

as attest

50

Thomas Noyes

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., pp. 495-498.

ROLL OF ENGLISH PRISONERS IN THE HANDS OF THE FRENCH AND INDIANS AT CANADA — 1710 —

James Hovey — Malden
Benj[a] Mussey — Cambridge
Zech[a] Tarbal
John Tarbal
Sarah Tarbal
Matt. Farnworth
Lydia Longley
— Groton
Elisha Sarle — Northampton
Abraham Haseltine
Benj.[a] Savery
Jonathan Kimball
Bradford
Zech[a] Shed
Hannah Dunkin
Samuel Whiteing
Daniel Rogers
Sarah Levistone
Marcy Rogers
Bilrica
Timothy Rice
Adonijah Rice
Silas Rice
Elisha Ward
Marlboro:
Mary Sergeant
Matthew Sergeant
John Sergeant
Moma Sergeant
Merry Sergeant Jun[r]
James Sergeant
Wooster
Samuel Beniythen — Saco
Samuel Stevens — Pemaq[d]
Elizabeth Wallis
Josiah Lovett
Perpuduck
Edward Cole
Mary Cole
Blackpoint
Zech[a] Davis
Joshua Davis
Grace Davis
Mary Davis
Casco
—— Williams the minister's Daughter
— Deerfield

Johnson Herman	York
Charles Trafton	
Hannah Heard	
Mary Sawyerd	
Herster Saywerd	
Mary Oten	
Wm Moore	
Jabeth Simpson	
Obediah Preble	
Benj.^a Preble	
Abiall Bragdon	
Marcy Parsons	
Joseph Molton	
Joseph Fry	Kittery
James Ffrethy	
Abigail Key	
Abigail Coursin?	
William Hutchins	
Patience Hammons	
Aaron Littlefield	Wells
Ruth Littlefield	
Mary Storer	
Rachel Storer	
Precilla Storer	
Robert Islington	
Hannah Parsons	
Titus Jones negro	
Joseph Cloyes	
Thomas Russell	
Hester Wheelwright	
Thomas Dean	
Benjamin Dudy	Cape porpus
Rachel Dudy	
Sarah Dudy	
Jourdains	Casco
Jourdain	
Elizabeth Webber	
Nathan Webber	
Webber	
Slew	
William Tayler	Exeter
Andrew Gillman	
Samuel Stevens	
John Wedgwood	
Joshua Hilton	

Sarah Dolhoofs
Margaret Dolhoofs
Mary Dolhoofs
John Dolhoofs } Exeter
Benj[a] Dendy
Rachel Dendy
Phillip Huntone } Kingston
Jacob Gillman
Mary Silver — Haverhill
James Huchins
Thomas Huchins
Mary Huchins
Joseph Watson
Joseph Thomas
Azariah Jenkins } Oyster River
Remembrance Rand
Sarah Davis
Nathan[l]. Tibbetts
Lydia Drew
Elizabeth Lumox
John Ricor — Cocheck
Sergeant
Sergeant
William Lucas
Samuel Benighting } Saco
Cole
Cole
Cole

Besides the Garrison taken from S[t]. Johns at Newfound-Land and Such others whose names I could not Come at

Sign'd J Dudley

Mass. Archives, Vol. LXXI., p. 765.

During the winter of 1710 General Nicholson returned to England, and his representations, seconded by those of Jeremiah Dummer, who against his wishes had been appointed as the agent of Massachusetts to succeed Sir Henry Ashurst, lately deceased, prevailed on Robert Harley, Earl of Oxford and Mortimer, and Henry St. John, Viscount Bolingbroke, to favor another expedition for the year 1711.

Sir Hovenden Walker, made an admiral in 1710 and created a knight by Queen Anne in 1711, under date of 6 April, 1711, in his journal writes: "This Morning a Messenger from the Admiralty Office, brought me a Packet with a letter from Mr J Burchett, and a Commission for commanding in Chief a Squadron of Her Majesty's Ships designed upon a secret expedition, with Orders and Instructions and a Warrant for holding Courts martial:" The commission was issued to "Hovenden Walker, Esq., Rear Admiral of the White Squadron of Her Majesty's Fleet," and was dated 3 Apr., 1711. The ships of the squadron were the "Torbay," "Edgar," "Monmouth," "Swiftsure," "Dunkirk," "Kingston," "Mountague," and "Sunderland," and the bomb vessels "Basilisk" and "Granadoe."

On the 7th, 10th, and 11th of April Admiral Walker waited on Mr. Secretary St. John for particular instructions as to the expedition, and on the last date met Brig.-Gen. John Hill (brother of Abigail, Mrs. Masham, the Queen's favorite) to whom was intrusted the command of the land forces. At seven o'clock the same day, in the evening, the two commanders waited on the Queen at St. James Palace, and received her instructions.

On the morning of April 16 the Admiral proceeded to Portsmouth, and on the 24th sailed to the naval rendezvous at St. Helen's, Isle of Wight. It was not, however, till ten o'clock on the morning of May 4 that the signal was given off Plymouth for the fleet to weigh anchor, and by twelve o'clock the fleet of sixty-four vessels was under sail.

At seven in the morning of May 8 the fleet was one hundred and twelve miles from Scilly, and the next day sealed orders were distributed for a rendezvous at Boston, the first official intimation that the expedition was for an American destination.

On June 5 the weather became changeable and very cold, and ice was encountered frequently; soundings gave forty fathoms, with shells and fine sand; and foggy weather continuing, a code of fog signals was adopted by firing guns at intervals.

At four o'clock on the morning of the 14th soundings gave twenty-four fathoms, and at eleven it cleared and Cape Sable Island was discerned three leagues to the north-east. Standing to the southward, on the 19th Acadia was sighted, and clearing weather showed but thirty-three sail in the fleet.

On the 24th of June Cape Ann was sighted.

The fleet at the start was composed of the following warships and complement:

Ship.		Commander.	Men.	Guns.
Torbay	Capt.	Moody	500	80
Monmouth	"	John Mitchell	400	70
Sunderland	"	Henry Gore	365	60
Diamond	"	Lisle	190	40
Devonshire	"	Robert Arris	520	80
Edgar	"	Joseph Soans	440	70
Humber	"	Richard Culliford	520	80
Mountague	"	George Walton	365	60
Kingston	"	Winder	365	60
Swiftsure	"	John Cooper	400	70
Dunkirk	"	Thomas Butler	365	60

Bedford galley, "Experiment," and bomb vessels "Basilisk" and "Granada."

The transports and store-ships, etc., with their complement and tonnage were:

Ship.	Master.	Men.	Tonnage.
Recovery	John Lewis	165	224¾
Delight	Stephen Thomas	156	234¼
Eagle	William Clinton	195	294
Fortune	John Jones	185	282½
George	Isaac Dove	225	334¾
Isabella Anne Katherine	Richard Bayley	220	362½

Ship.	Master.	Men.	Tonnage.
Blenheim	Tho. Simmons	153	229
Chatham	John Alexander	102	150
Resolution	Matth. Gelien	210	315¾
Marlborough	James Taylor	150	218¾
Samuel	John Bluck	160	238½
Pheasant	John Mason	180	268¼
Three Martins	Rob. Thompson	225	335¼
Smyrna Merchant	Henry Vernon	246	368¼
Globe	Michael King	164	246
Samuel	Sam. Ferrier	65	96¾
Colchester	Jos. Henning	354	530¾
Nath. and Elizabeth	Magnus Howson	198	297¾
Sam. and Anne	Tho. Walkup	150	225
Loyal Merchant	Tho. Fareless	313	466½
Willing Mind	John Mackmath	159	235½
Rose	Henry Foster	147	218
Lisle	Greg. Shipton	81	121
Blessing	Tho. Clark	210	312¾
Rebecca	Sam. Adams	114	170¾
Two Sheriffs	Luke Rogers	212	304
Sarah	George Story	182	265
Mary	Ambrose Wade	82	119
Anna	Edw. Rotherford	66	99¾
John and Sarah	John Laurence	87	129
Margaret	John Dunn	147	220¾
Reward	Matt. Lowth		399
Mary	Tho. Lewis		150

TRAIN SHIPS.

Rebecca Ann Blessing	Rich Harman	Ordnance Stores.
Prince Eugene	Charles Davies	Ammunition.
Dolphin	Nenyon Masters	Ditto.
Mary	Cheeseman Pearcy	Ditto.
Harbin, Galley	John Weston	Ditto.
Friends Increase	Cornel. Martin	Bomb Shells.
Marlborough	Edward Friend	Ditto.
Success, Pink Tender	Matth. Kent	Gen. Hill's Provision.

Judge Samuel Sewall, in his diary, under date of June 8, states that while a hearing was in progress about a new precinct for Reading to the northward of Ipswich River "drums put us to silence and oblig'd the Govr

to break off. At dinner at Holme's in the lower room, one comes in, and says that Col. Nicholson was come; Two Men of War, two Transports, eight Weeks passage. Comes up in a Barge and Lands at Butler's Wharf, where the Govr receives him with the Council. Enters the Council Chamber between 5 and 6 P.M. Lays the Orders for the Canada Expedition before the Govr and Council."

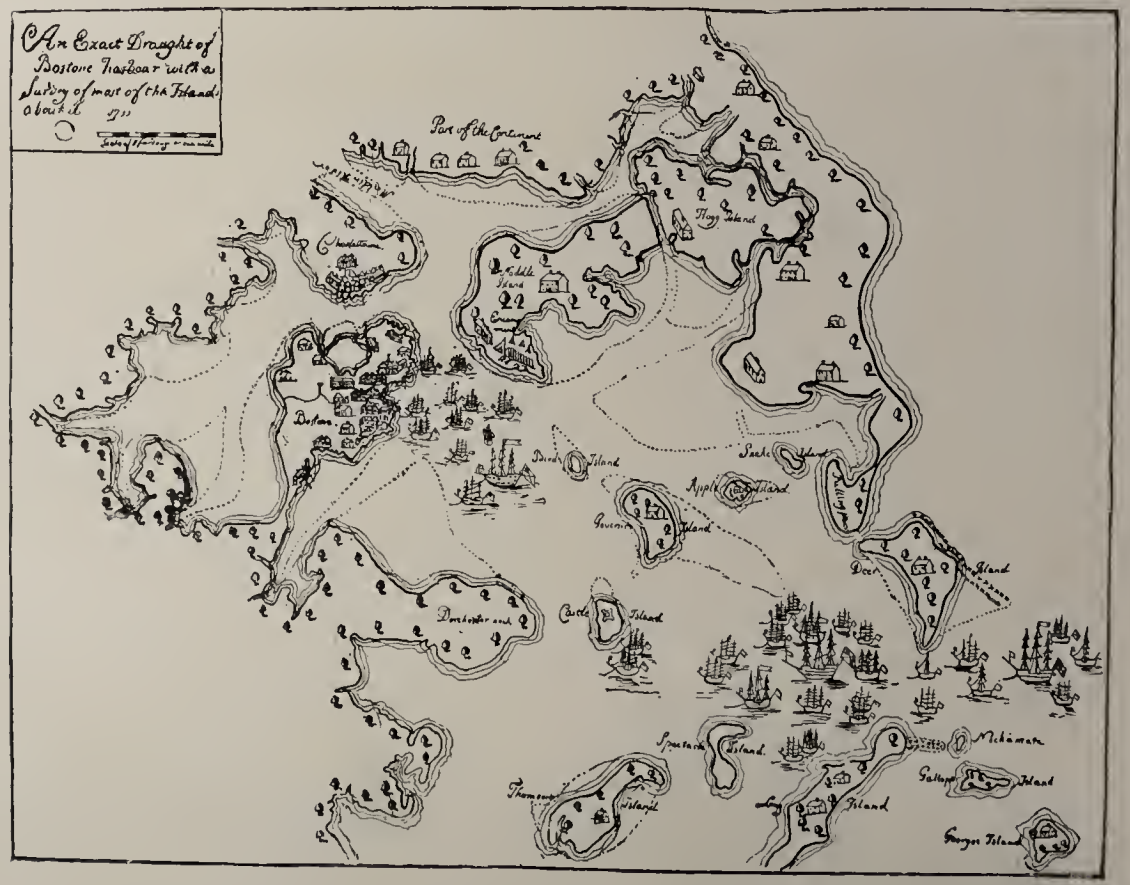
June 12. "This day the Proclamation for the War is pass'd. I carried it to the Printer at Noon."

On 18 June the "Monmouth" and "Swiftsure" of the fleet arrived at Nantasket.

On the 23d the "Dunkirk" arrived, followed by two transports and later others of the fleet. Sewall, being one of a committee to receive the commanding officers of the expedition, gives the following account of their reception:

"June 25, 1711. Went down again; Mr. Secretary, Mr. Comissary, Borland, Sewall; Mr. Maryon. At the Castle sent for Capt. Tuthil, who told us the Devonshire and Dunkirk were arrived. we saw a Boat going up in which was Col. King, Hail'd him: He came to us, who told us he was going from the Genl to the Senat; we told him we were sent by them; then he came into our Boat and sent up his own. Went on Board the Devonshire, saluted and wellcom'd the Genl. Gave us Bread and Sack. After awhile came off Genl and Flagg in one Pinace; we in our own. Finding the Tide not made, we Land at the Castle; eat Rusk and drank. Saluted at Landing and Returning with 21. Guns. By Capt. Tuthill. Landed at Scarlets Wharf, went into Town, Turn'd by the Dock, and went up King-street in the Front of the Regiment to the Council-chamber."

In entering the harbor, though a buoy had been placed on a rock at the entrance by Captain Cooper of the



"AN EXACT DRAUGHT OF BOSTON HARBOUR, WITH A SURVEY OF MOST OF THE ISLANDS ABOUT IT, 1711."

"Swiftsure" and he assisted in the piloting of the "Humber," she ran on the rock and rested from seven to eleven in the evening, till the flood tide floated her, sustaining no apparent damage.

The fleet found at Boston the "Sapphire" and "Leopard," which vessels brought Colonel Nicholson, and the "Windsor" and "Weymouth," with a rich prize, a French man-of-war, of 42 guns and 300 men, captured off Cuba.

On the 26th the soldiers disembarked and encamped on Noddle's Island; and a court-martial was held on Captain Soanes of the "Edgar" and Captain Butler of the "Dunkirk," for leaving the fleet during the voyage, without orders, to chase the enemy. The former lost three months' pay; the latter was dismissed from his command.

General Hill on landing took up his quarters at the house of Mr. John Borland, while Admiral Walker lodged at Capt. Cyprian Southack's, the commander of the Province Galley, a noted pilot, some of whose charts of the North American coast are still preserved.

At Plymouth, England, there had been transferred from the "Medway" a French sailor, at his own desire, to the Admiral's ship, as the seaman had professed a knowledge of the St. Lawrence River, but he was told the destination of the expedition was the French coast; on the arrival at Boston, however, he was brought in consultation with Captain Southack, who pronounced him a better pilot than could be obtained in Boston. He was therefore ordered to be placed in some French Protestant's house and well entertained.

The first matter that engrossed the attention of the leaders of the expedition, on its arrival, was the obtaining provisions for the several thousand men in the fleet. Andrew Belcher, of Cambridge, father of Governor Belcher, held the position of commissary from 1703 to

1708, and had become one of the most wealthy merchants in the Province. He refused to continue furnishing to the men-of-war as formerly, presumably as they were paid in bills on the Victualling Board of the British Navy instead of cash; as did others, who refused to furnish meat unless paid ready money.

The provisions desired were for the supply of 9,385 soldiers and seamen for four months, and estimated as follows:

Bread, 1,051,120 pounds, and pints of wine or half-pints of rum.

Beef, 150,160 four-pound pieces.

Pork, 150,160 two-pound pieces.

Peas, 4,692 bushels, four gallons.

Oatmeal, 7,044 bushels, or half that in rice.

Butter, 56,310 pounds, or pints of oil.

Cheese, 112,620 pounds, or half-pints of oil.

The amount of provisions available was summed up in the following estimate: 180 barrels of flour, 7,000 of bread, and 900 bushels of wheat, on board Mr. Boucher's brigantine of 70 tons; 2,600 bushels of wheat, 800 of rye, on Mr. Belcher's brigantine of 90 tons. Mr. Newbury had 150 barrels of pork. The ship "Taunton," Captain Merchant, laden with wheat and flour. Five hundred and ten barrels of rice in Mr. David Jeffrey's hands. The brigantine "Barbadoes," Captain Rawlin, laden with grain and Indian corn.

Mr. Belcher explained that he was obliged to furnish provisions for the New England forces, and if they did not take part in the expedition the supplies could be used by the forces from England.

The Secretary of the Province, Isaac Addington, furnished the information that owing to the heat of the season they were unable to kill and save beef and pork, and that the greater part of the bread, flesh, and peas

provided for sea service was brought from Connecticut, New York, and Pennsylvania, and shipped in the months of March, April, and May to the West Indies, and that shipment might have been prevented if the Province had been directed to procure stores for the expedition. To aid in procuring provisions Gov. Joseph Dudley issued an order for a search and purchase by Belcher of the supplies needed, and Capts. Samuel Gookin and Samuel Phips were appointed to attend the camp and oversee their purchase.

At a meeting of the Boston selectmen July 9, 1711:

"*Ordered*. That his Excel^{cys} order for ye Bringing in Provissions for Supply of ye Camp at Noddles Iseland be posted up at Winisimit."

One merchant offered to furnish rum for the fleet and take bill according to the rate of exchange to be settled by the government. On the Admiral's stating that the people of New England should be glad to pay by exchange their debts in Great Britain, he was answered there was no need of such opportunity, for New Englanders owed nothing to the Britains, the balance being due from them to New England, since they had more effects in Britain than the returns from thence answered.

On the 5th of July General Hill reviewed the marines on Noddle's Island, of whom there were about six hundred, the majority of whom were assigned to the ships before Admiral Walker assumed command; thirty had been drafted from Brigadier Borr's regiment in the Isle of Wight, but failed to embark; seventy from the Queen's Own regiment, commanded by Lieut.-Gen. Henry Holt, at Chichester; seventy from Colonel Churchill's regiment, at Plymouth.

About this date the leaders of the expedition drew up a manifesto to be distributed among the people of Canada, which claimed rights in certain lands and terri-

tories by priority of discovery and possession, and the intention of the Queen to recover such; that all inhabitants of those parts who should place themselves under the laws and government of Great Britain would be kindly treated, and others who might so desire could return peaceably to France. Those, however, who took up arms would be treated as enemies.

This was translated by the French Protestant minister at Boston, Rev. Pierre Daillé, who obtained the Governor's order for its being printed, and on July 6 also presented to Admiral Walker Sir William Phips' original journal of the Quebec expedition of 1690. Unfortunately this manuscript with other papers was lost on the return to England by the blowing-up at Portsmouth of the Admiral's ship "Edgar."

Next the matter of provisions, the need of pilots for the several vessels was the next question to be settled.

Capt. John Bonner, known in these times through his plan of Boston, had the reputation of being the best pilot and best acquainted with the St. Lawrence River, but had never been there except in a sloop, and would not venture charge of a man-of-war or large ship, and desired to be excused from going with the expedition and pleaded his age; but the Admiral insisted, and assigned him to the flagship "Edgar."

Other pilots for the expedition were summoned by warrants from the Governor to the constables of the towns where they dwelt, and the ships to which they were assigned are given:

Ship.	Guns.	Pilot.	Dwelling-place.
Swiftsure	70	Capt. Thomas Gilbert	Boston.
Leopard	50	" Richard Harris	"
Mountague	60	" Cowley	Marblehead.
Sapphire	40	" Abraham Miller	Charlestown.
Loestoff		" John Leech	Boston.
Windsor	60	" Jeffery Bedgood	"

Ship.	Guns.		Pilot.	Dwelling-place.
Monmouth	70	Capt.	Fowles	Salem.
Sunderland	60	"	Carlisle	Boston.
Granada } bomb vessels	.	"	John Jenkins	"
Basilisk } bomb vessels	.	"	Joseph Grant	"
Kingston	60	"	James Hill	Charlestown.
Dunkirk	60	"	John Mayhew	New London.
Enterprize	42	"	William Hyndes	Marblehead.
Triton's prize	30	"	Nicholas Merritt	"
Chester		"	Joseph Wallis	Beverley.
		"	Smithson	100 miles off.
		"	Samuel Williams	Piscataqua.
		"	John Harridan	Gloucester.
		"	Archibald Ferguson	Marblehead.
		"	James Ross	Salem.
		"	Joseph Harward	Marblehead.
		"	Joseph Hilliard	Salem.

As the time drew near for the departure of the fleet the desertion of the seamen and marines became more frequent. It became necessary for Governor Dudley, at the request of the Admiral, to publish an order, on July 16, 1711, to enforce an act passed in the previous May against desertions.* For the enforcement of the same the military companies of Hull, Hingham, Weymouth, Braintree, Milton, Dorchester, Roxbury, Dedham, Medfield, Billings', Cambridge, Charlestown, Malden, Lynn, Marblehead, Salem, Bristol, and Pocasset were raised and formed into four divisions, and kept guard for twenty-four hours, while the troops were embarking, thus preventing any from leaving Boston, and to send all strangers into the town for examination.

At that period the naval and merchant marine of Great Britain was large as now, and the frequent naval expeditions required the enlistment of many seamen, which was sometimes irregularly accomplished by the press-gang, and many landsmen fell victims to that method of recruiting. Thus many on the expedition had been forced from their homes, families, and occupations to enter an uncertain expedition, and early

* See page 142.

opportunity was eagerly looked for to escape and return to England or enter a new life on shore in the New World.

It might be of interest, therefore, to present the names of deserters not as a black list, but rather the record of men who felt they were forced into an illegal imprisonment or restraint, and carried into a dangerous and uncertain existence against their will, and that they were justified in escaping at an early opportunity. No doubt many of the names represent the emigrant ancestors of many citizens of this republic now living.

The deserters from the ships were:

MOUNTAGUE.

William Lee,
Thomas Derrham, marine.

SWIFTSURE.

Nicholas Power,
Samuel Carpenter,
John Russell.

SUNDERLAND.

William Nicholson,
Robert Harris,
Francis Wallis,
David MacDaniel.

MONMOUTH.

Roger Tubb,
Lamk. Diver,
John Ferm,
Henry Burbit,
Richard Ferrar,
Thomas Jones,
corporal of marines,
John Francisco, drummer.

BASILISK (Bomb).

Richard Felton, carpenter.

HUMBER.

Griffin Williams,
Thomas Brooks,
Thomas Jennings,
George Powell,
Richard Power,
James Fenilsan,
John Pylot.

DUNKIRK.

John Tinson,
Thomas Wright,
Nathaniel Pike,
David Reed,
William Marshall,
John Carroll,
Daniel Leonard,
John Wheatly,
Thomas Leopard,
William Whealey,
Thomas Sheppard,
John Lawler,
John Fowler,
Titty Coachman,
William Munrowe,
John Strickland,
John Parlow,
Robert Gainsby,
Mordecai Millet.

EDGAR.

Thomas Parker,
John Stephenson,
William Carnall,
Edward Nichols,
Jeremiah Tomlinson,
William Howlet.

DEVONSHIRE.

Richard Still,
Dennis Mahony,
David Matthew,
William Spiers,
John Frevill,
George Beck,
William Turin,
Francis Kaine,
Francis Baker,
Samuel Sparks,
Samuel Row,
John Chapman,
William Johnson,
John Browne,
Hugh Browne,
John Griffith,
Edward Jones,
Robert Williams,
Roger Perry,
John Watson,
Thomas Whitmore.

WINDSOR.

Ralph Hook,
Henry Verin,
John Fletcher,
Patrick Flynn,
Charles Headspeath,
William Skinner,
Thomas Northgate,
William Fennimore,
Robert Palmer,
John Cherry,
Daniel Bing,
John Hewet,
Joseph Hewby,
John Wooddard,
Alexander Noling,
Thomas Baker,
Edward Hogbin.

The fleet sailed from Boston in the following order:

EDGAR, WINDSOR, and MOUNTAGUE.

TRANSPORTS.

General Hill's Regiment.

SHIPS.	MASTERS.
Recovery	John Lewis.
Delight	Stephen Thomas.
Eagle	Thomas Clifton.
Fortune	John Jones.
Revard, Hospital	Mathew Lowth.
Success, Pink Tender	Matthew Kent.

Colonel Kirk's Regiment.

Willing Mind	John Macmath.
Rose	Henry Foster, Agent.
Lisle	George Shipton.
Happy Union	Christopher Redshaw.
Queen Anne	George Tucker.

Colonel Clayton's Regiment.

Ships.	Masters.
Resolution	Matthew Gillien.
Marlborough	James Taylour.
Samuel	J. Whibbeau.
Pheasant	J. Mason.

Swiftsure, Sunderland.

Colonel Kain's Regiment.

Three Martins	Robert Thompson.
Smyrna Merchant	Henry Vernon.
Globe	Michael King.
Samuel	Samuel Ferrier.

Lt.-Gen. William Seymour's Regiment.

Colchester	Joseph Hurring
Nathaniel & Elizabeth	Magnus Howson
Samuel & Anne	Thomas Walkup.

Colonel Windresse's Regiment.

George	Isaac Dove.
Isabella Anne Katharine	Richard Bayley.
Blenheim	Thomas Simmons.
Chatham	J. Alexander.

Monmouth, Dunkirk.

Colonel Disney's Regiment.

Blessing	Thomas Clarke.
Rebecca	Samuel Adams.
Two Sheriffs	Luke Rogers.
Sarah	George Story.

Train Ships.

Rebecca Anne Blessing	Richard Harman.
Prince Eugene	Charles Davis.
Dolphin	Nenyon Masters.
Mary	Cheeseman Pearcy.
Herbin Galley	J. Weston.
Friends Increase	Cornelius Martin.
Marlborough	Edward Friend.

New England Transports.

Ships.	Masters.
Anna	Edward Smith.
Jeremiah and Thomas	John Jenkins.
Barbadoes	J. Rawlins.
Anchor & Hope	J. Brewer.
Adventure	George Philips.
Content	William Hutton.

Tenders for the General.

John and Mary	John Stephens.
Speedwell	Henry Davis.

Tenders for the Admiral.

Dolphin	Samuel Erns.
Elizabeth	John Welsh, Jr.
Samuel	William English.
Mary	William Webber.
Basilisk } Bombs.	
Grenada } Bombs.	

Tender to Colonel Vetch.

Goodwill, Sloop.

Recruits.

Anna	Edward Rotherford.
John & Sarah	John Lawrence.
Margaret	John Dunn.

New England Transports.

Dispatch	Beamsly Perkins.
Four Friends	Matthew Vybert.
Francis	Walter Goodridge.
John & Hannah	Nathaniel Marston.
Henrietta	Richard Barrington.
Blessing	Samuel Long.
Antelope	John Anderson.
Hannah & Elizabeth	John Venternan.
Friends Adventure	Henry Few.
Rebecca	Henry Richards.
Martha & Hannah	Francis Norris.
Johannah	John Vincale.
Unity, Hospital	John Richards.
Newcastle	Clemens Deering.

Humber, Devonshire.

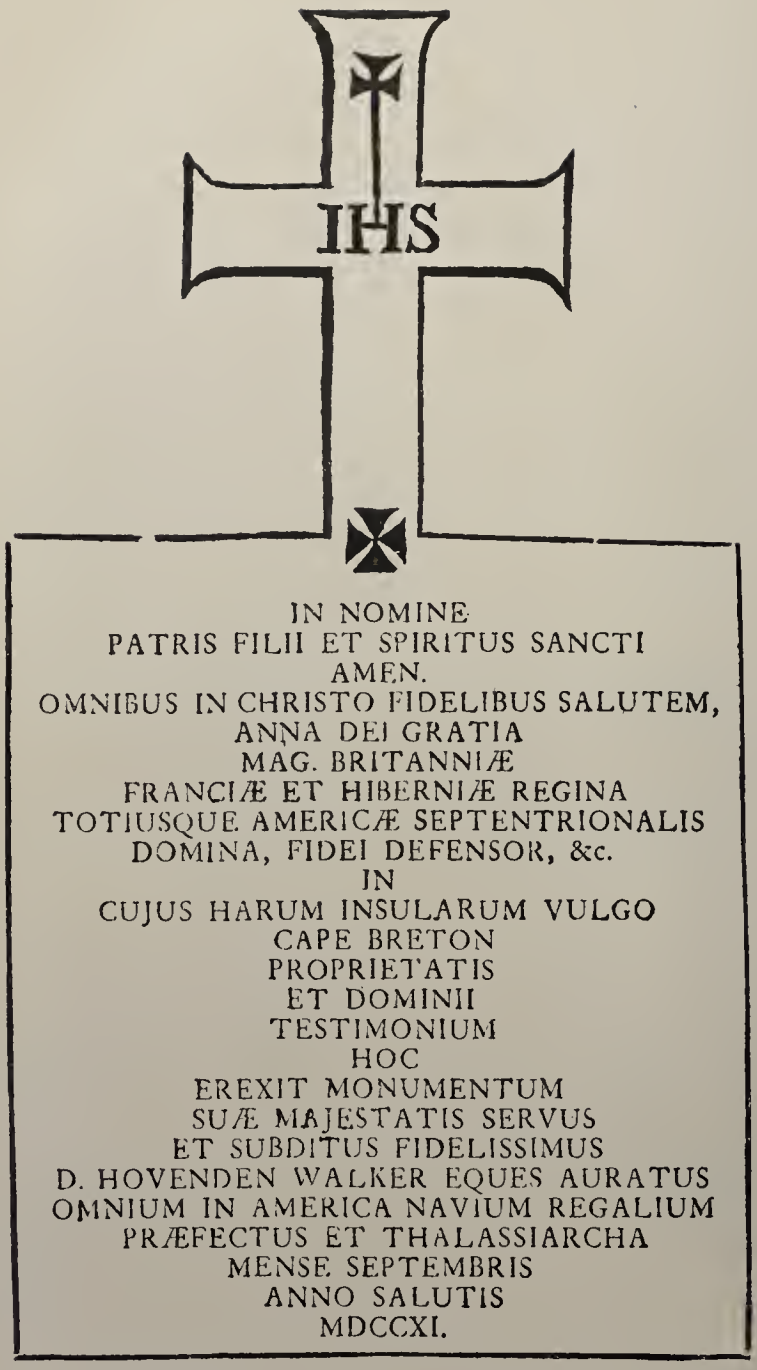
On the evening of 23d August the fleet leaving Gaspee Bay at Isle aux Oeufs, at the mouth of the St. Lawrence River, encountered one of the heavy fogs common to that locality, and mistaking the north for the south shore, 8 vessels were lost and 884 men:

Ships and transports lost.	Masters.	Men lost.	Saved.	Regt.
Isabella Anne Katherine	Richard Bayly, drowned	192	7 or 8	Col. Windresse
Smyrna Merchant	Henry Vernon, drowned	200	30	Col. Kaine
Samuel and Anne	Thos. Walkup, drowned	142	7 or 8	Lt. Gen. Seymour
Nath. & Elizabeth	Magnus Howson	10	188	Lt. Gen. Seymour
Marlborough	James Taylor	130	30	Col. Clayton
Chatham	Jo. Alexander	60	40	Col. Windresse
Colchester	Jos. Hinning	150	180	Lt. Gen. Seymour
Content, victualler a N.E. ship men all saved			15	

After this disaster, a consultation being held between the leaders and the captains of the war vessels and colonels of the regiments, it was deemed inexpedient, by reason of the ignorance of the pilots and the uncertainty and rapidity of the currents, to attempt the passage of the St. Lawrence River as far as Quebec.

After cruising in the neighborhood for a fortnight and debating the advisability of attacking Placentia and other strongholds of the French in those parts, at a council of war on the 8th September it was unanimously agreed that no attempts be made against Placentia, and that the ships and forces that came from Great Britain return there, and the New England troops and vessels return to Boston.

On September 16, after having taken down a cross placed by the French and substituting a board with an in-



CROSS WITH INSCRIPTION SET UP BY SIR HOVENDEN WALKER IN 1711.

scription, the fleet sailed to their destinations, and at 2 P.M. on 9 Oct., 1711, the English squadron came to anchor at St. Helen's, Isle of Wight, after an absence of six months, without accomplishing its object. A week after, on October 16, news was received by Sir Hovenden Walker that the "Edgar" had blown up in Portsmouth Harbor with the loss of his household effects and papers, and the accounts of the expedition relating to supplies furnished, etc. Every person on the vessel at the time lost his life, not one being saved.

Attempts were made in England to throw the blame on New England for the failure of the expedition, inasmuch as the Provinces were backward in furnishing supplies. These charges were refuted by Jeremiah Dummer, agent in England, in pamphlets written by him.

There were others and among those in authority who were inclined to place its failure on the admiral in command, and he was ordered to furnish papers or an explanation of his conduct of the expedition. This resulted in his placing before the public a journal of the expedition, which was printed in 1720.

Disappointed in not being assigned to active service, and reduced to half pay, which was later discontinued, ill-treated by the government of Carolina, where he attempted to settle, and forced to remove to Barbadoes, Admiral Walker died broken hearted in Dublin, January, 1726.

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